Assessment Schedule - 2015

Japanese: Demonstrate understanding of a variety of spoken Japanese texts on familiar matters (91133)

Assessment Criteria

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
, ,	Demonstrating clear understanding involves selecting relevant information, ideas and / or opinions from the texts and communicating them unambiguously.	Demonstrating thorough understanding involves expanding on relevant information, ideas and / or opinions from the texts with supporting detail.

Evidence

Not Achieved		Achiev	rement	Merit Excelle		ence	
Demonstrates limited or no understanding of the spoken texts.		Demonstrates understanding and is able to make meaning of the relevant information, ideas and / or opinions from the spoken texts.		Demonstrates clear understanding by selecting relevant information, ideas and / or opinions from the spoken texts and communicating them unambiguously.		Demonstrates thorough understanding of the implied meanings or conclusions within the spoken texts.	
Some information is correct. The candidate has not understood the general meaning (gist) of the spoken texts. The response is logically inconsistent, indicating misunderstanding.		Information is largely correct. The candidate has understood the general meaning of the spoken texts. The response is consistent .		Information correctly includes relevant detail from the spoken texts. The candidate communicates implied meanings without fully understanding every nuance.		Relevant information, ideas and opinions, with supporting detail, are selected and expanded on. The response shows understanding of nuance and meanings not obviously stated in the spoken texts.	
N1	N2	A3	A4	M5	M6	E7	E8
Shows very little understanding and does not convey the general meaning of the spoken texts.	Shows little understanding and does not convey the general meaning of the spoken texts.	Demonstrates some understanding of the spoken texts, and conveys some of the general meaning.	Demonstrates understanding of the spoken texts and conveys the general meaning.	Demonstrates clear understanding and unambiguously communicates some of the meaning by selecting relevant information, ideas and opinions from the spoken texts.	Demonstrates clear understanding and unambiguously communicates most of the meaning by selecting relevant information, ideas and opinions from the spoken texts.	Demonstrates thorough understanding and communicates some of the implied meanings by providing some supporting detail from the spoken texts which justifies conclusions.	Demonstrates thorough understanding and communicates most of the implied meanings by providing supporting detail from the spoken texts which fully justifies
NØ No response; no relevant evidence							conclusions.

Question ONE	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(a) Possible evidence showing understanding of Sayuri's difficulties.	 English was a difficulty. Living in a dormitory wasn't easy, either. It became easier after making friends. English and Biology are difficult subjects for her. 	English was a difficulty to begin with.	
(b) Possible evidence showing understanding of differences between the schools.	 New Zealand doesn't have an entrance and graduation ceremony. New Zealand schools do have a sports day and culture day, but they are different from Japanese ones. New Zealand schools don't have school trips. 	 At her New Zealand school, there were students from various countries and they did dances / sang songs. New Zealand schools don't have school trips but she went on a trip to an amusement park for physics. 	 The students from various countries did dances / sang songs from different countries at a concert during cultural week / festival day. New Zealand schools don't have school trips like Japanese schools, but she went on a trip to an amusement park for physics.
(c) Possible evidence showing understanding of whether the teacher understands how Sayuri feels.	The teacher appears to be sympathetic, because he says it is hard.	He says it is hard but she is a good student, so she should be OK.	He says it is hard to study in a different country in a new language.

Possible evidence is not limited to these examples.

Question TWO	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(a) Possible evidence showing understanding of what the PE teacher says about kendo.	It is popular both in Japan and overseas.		
	You can probably do it in New Zealand as well.		
	The sport started about 300 years ago.		
	It is good for you.		
	It is a sport for both boys and girls.		
(b) Possible evidence showing understanding of why the school would be a good place to learn kendo.		Because the school team is the strongest in Hiroshima city and has never lost.	The school team is the strongest in Hiroshima city and has never lost (so they would be good at kendo).
			The team members can show you the safe way to do kendo, and you probably won't get injured.
(c) Possible evidence showing understanding of what the students	Come to the small gym next to the library at 4.00 on Tuesday.		
hould do if they're interested in learning endo.	Bring a friend, too.		

Possible evidence is not limited to these examples.

Question THREE	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(a) Possible evidence showing understanding of how Sayuri and Lisa know each other.	Sayuri lived with Lisa's family.	Sayuri lived with Lisa's family for 10 months.	
(b) Possible evidence showing understanding of what benefits Lisa has had from their friendship.	anding of what benefits Lisa has Japanese.		
(c) Possible evidence showing understanding of what Lisa heard on the radio.	 Japan played 3 games at the Soccer World Cup. They had 1 draw and 2 losses. 	 At the Soccer World Cup last year, Japanese people who'd gone to cheer on their team / supporters cleaned the stadium after the last game. They took the rubbish away / home. 	
(d) Possible evidence showing understanding of why Lisa was surprised by the spectators' behaviour, and Sayuri's reasons for it.	 In Japan, community is important. For example, they clean their schools. 		 People always clean up after games in Japan. She thinks that perhaps Japanese people like things clean. Children are taught from a young age to clean up public places / places everyone uses. They want to keep the places they live, play, work and study in and use clean.

Possible evidence is not limited to these examples.

Cut Scores

Not Achieved Achievement		Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
0 – 6	7 – 13	14 – 18	19 – 24