#### Assessment Schedule - 2013

# Latin: Analyse authentic Latin text demonstrating understanding (91507)

### **Evidence Statement**

Question part	Sample Evidence	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(a)	Sample translation (with indications of responses at Achievement, Merit, and Excellence level):  When the nourishing day had again dimmed the stars, she began to look for her daughter from the setting of the sun to the rising of the sun.  Tired from the effort she had developed a thirst, and no fountains had wet her mouth(s) when by chance she saw a house / cottage covered / thatched with straw and she knocked on / struck [its] little doors.	Correctly translates some of the straightforward sections.	Correctly translates some of the more difficult sections.	Correctly translates most of the most difficult sections.
(b)	<ul> <li>(i) The old woman gives Ceres something sweet, which she had sprinkled with roasted pearl barley.</li> <li>(ii) The little boy: <ul> <li>stands in front of the goddess</li> <li>laughs at her</li> <li>calls her greedy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(iii) Ceres pours her drink (which she had not yet drunk) over the boy as he speaks – offensa.</li> </ul>	The response includes basic information.	The response includes information with some detail.	The response includes information containing most of the detail.
(c)	<ul> <li>(i) Physical changes that happen to the boy: <ul> <li>his face breaks out in spots</li> <li>what were once his arms become legs</li> <li>a tail is added to his (changed) limbs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(ii) She does this so that he has no great power to (cause) harm.</li> <li>(iii) He is now smaller than a little lizard.</li> </ul>	The response includes basic information.	The response includes information with some detail.	The response includes information containing most of the detail.

Question part	Sample Evidence	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(d)	(i) Scansion:  • Line 452:  cōnstĭtĭt   āntĕ dĕ ām    rī sīt(que) ăvĭ dāmquĕ vŏ cāvĭt. (ddsd)  • Line 453:  ōffēns (a) ēst nĕ(que) ăd hūc    ē pōtā   pārtĕ lŏ quēntĕm (sdss)	Correctly scans the first four feet of BOTH lines	Correctly scans the first four feet of BOTH lines	Correctly scans the first four feet of BOTH lines, including ONE principal caesura
	<ul> <li>(ii) Possible reasons that the metre enhances the meaning of the lines:</li> <li>the strongly dactylic line 452 emphasises the light-hearted high spirits of the boy as he cheekily mocks Ceres</li> <li>this contrasts sharply with the more spondaic line 453, which emphasises how Ceres is completely unamused by his behaviour</li> <li>the jerky double elision underlines her shock and disbelief.</li> <li>Other responses possible.</li> </ul>	OR Correctly scans the first four feet of ONE line AND makes a relevant comment on that scansion.	AND Makes a relevant comment on the scansion of ONE line.	AND Makes a detailed, relevant comment on the scansion of BOTH lines.
(e)	<ul> <li>(i) roganti – dative singular. It refers to Ceres.</li> <li>(ii) epota – ablative singular. It is ablative because the phrase epota parte is ablative absolute.</li> <li>(iii) sit – present subjunctive. It is subjunctive because it is a negative purpose clause.</li> </ul>	Correctly parses ONE word, and explains its grammar  OR  Correctly parses TWO words.	Correctly parses TWO words, and explains the grammar of ONE of the words     OR     Correctly parses THREE words.	Correctly parses     THREE words, and     explains the grammar     of TWO of the words.
(f)	Possible examples of linguistic, stylistic, and poetic devices, and how their use enhances the meaning of the passage include:  • repetition of the solis in the parallel phrase solis ab occasu solis ad ortus emphasises that Ceres is searching far and wide / all day long.  • emphatic word order: the verb conbibit is brought to the beginning of the line in emphatic position to bring out the sudden transformation of the boy into a lizard  • the metaphor of 'imbibing' spots makes the change seem even more vivid  • the personification of alma dies reinforces the length of time that Ceres is spending vainly searching for her daughter  • the alliteration of mutatis membris and minor mensura draws attention to the rapidity of the transformation and the boy's dramatic reduction in size.  Other responses possible.	Identifies and explains the use of TWO literary devices.	Identifies and expands on the use of TWO literary devices.	Identifies and fully expands on the use of THREE literary devices.

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N1	N2	А3	A4	M5	M6	E7	E8
Partially interprets particular points in the text, but does not demonstrate understanding.	Interprets particular points in the text, but does not demonstrate understanding.	Demonstrates understanding of THREE <b>A</b> bullet points.	Demonstrates understanding of FOUR <b>A</b> bullet points.	Demonstrates clear understanding of THREE <b>M</b> bullet points.	Demonstrates clear understanding of FOUR <b>M</b> bullet points.	Demonstrates thorough understanding of THREE <b>E</b> bullet points, giving appropriate and unambiguous evidence.	Demonstrates thorough understanding of FOUR E bullet points, giving appropriate and unambiguous evidence.

**N0** = No response; no relevant evidence.

# **Judgement Statement**

	Not Achieved	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Score range	0 – 2	3 – 4	5 – 6	7 – 8