Assessment Schedule - 2020

Geography: Apply concepts and basic geographic skills to demonstrate understanding of a given environment (91010)

Assessment Criteria

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Applying concepts and basic geographic skills to demonstrate understanding of a given environment involves:	Applying concepts and basic geographic skills to demonstrate in-depth understanding of a given environment involves:	Applying concepts and geographic skills to demonstrate comprehensive understanding of a given environment involves:
 using basic skills and geographic conventions in the presentation and / or interpretation of information (B) 	 using basic skills and geographic conventions with precision in the presentation and / or interpretation of information (P) 	using basic skills and geographic conventions with consistent precision in the presentation and / or interpretation of information
 showing understanding of geography concepts (U). 	showing an in-depth understanding of geography concepts (D).	showing a full understanding of geography concepts using geographic terminology and showing insight (C).

Cut Scores

Not Achieved	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence	
0 – 2	3 – 4	5 – 6	7 – 8	

Evidence

Q	Evidence	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(a)	Identifies two reasons why scientists do not carry out research in winter: • 24-hour darkness • Cold temperatures	(B) Two reasons identified.		
(b)	Fully describes the location of Hut Point Peninsula. See Appendix A.	(U) Shows an understanding of the concept of location.	(D) Shows an in-depth understanding of the concept of <u>location</u> , using specific supporting evidence.	(C) Shows a comprehensive understanding of the concept of location, integrating specific supporting evidence and geographic terminology, with insight.
(c)	Identifies three natural and three cultural features of Hut Point Peninsula. Natural features include: • Crater Hill • Fortress Rocks • Cliffs • Observation Hill Cultural features include: • Scott Base • Wind turbines • Memorial Cross • McMurdo Station	(B) Identifies FOUR features to show an understanding of the natural and cultural features of the environment.	(P) Identifies SIX features to show an understanding of the natural and cultural features of the environment.	

Q	Evidence	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(d)	On the précis map, locates and labels the following areas:	Uses basic conventions to show an understanding of the environment. • Title Uses conventions with precision to show a clear understanding of the environment.		
	This task is marked in two separate parts. Conventions (in terms of presentation) AND accuracy (in terms of interpretation of the resources). The two marks are not dependent on each other.	Allow for some inaccuracy, error, or omission. (B) Locates features, showing an understanding of the environment. Allow for some inaccuracy, error, or omission.	(P) Locates features with precision, showing a clear understanding of the environment. Allow for minor inaccuracy.	
(e) (i)	Contour interval is 20m.	(B) ONE correct.	(P) TWO correct.	
(ii)	Circles the correct response: • The relief gets steeper as altitude increases			
(f) (i)	Identifies: • Direction from Scott Base to McMurdo Station: West	(B) TWO correct.	(P) THREE correct.	
(ii) (iii)	Type of road that connects Scott Base to McMurdo Station: Metalled Number of diesel tanks: 4			

Q	Evidence	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
(g)	Completes the diagram to show the months that the wind farm can operate (using average wind speeds).	(B) Uses basic conventions to show an understanding of the environment.	(P) Uses conventions with precision to show a clear understanding of the environment.	
	See Appendix C .	TitleAppropriate shading techniqueLabels	environment.	
	This task is marked in two separate	• Key		
	parts. Conventions (in terms of presentation) AND accuracy (in terms of interpretation of the resources). The	Allow for some inaccuracy, error, or omission.	Allow for minor inaccuracy.	
	two marks are not dependent on each	(B)	(P)	
	other.	Completes diagram to show an understanding of the environment.	Completes diagram with precision to show an understanding of the environment.	
		Allow for some inaccuracy, error, or omission.		
(h)	Explains why the Antarctic environment is suited to wind farms. See Appendix D.	(U) Shows an understanding of the concept of environments.	(D) Shows an in-depth understanding of the concept of environments, using specific supporting evidence.	(C) Shows a comprehensive understanding of the concept of environments, integrating specific supporting evidence and geographic terminology, with insight.
(i)	Explains how the sustainability of Hut Point Peninsula will be maintained.	(U) Shows an understanding of the concept of <u>sustainability</u> .	(SD) Shows an in-depth understanding of the concept of sustainability, using specific supporting evidence.	(SC) Shows a comprehensive understanding of the concept of sustainability, integrating specific supporting evidence and geographic
	See Appendix E.			terminology, with insight, consistently throughout.

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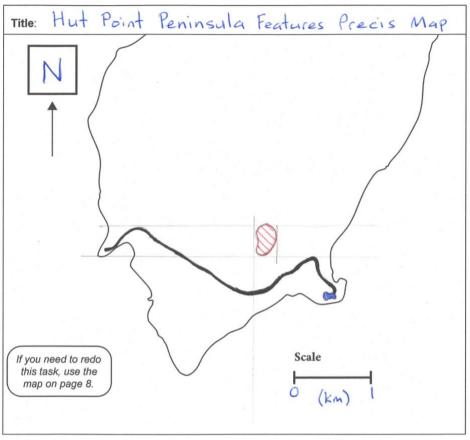
N1	N2	А3	A4	M5	M6	E7	E8
2 B or 1 U	2 B + 1 U	3 B + 2 U	4 B + 2 U	2 B + 2 P + 2D	2B + 3P +2D + 1SD	2 B + 3 P + 2 C	2B + 4P + 1C + 1SC
A limited use of basic skills and geographic conventions in the presentation of information.	A limited use of basic skills and geographic conventions in the presentation of information.	Uses basic skills and geographic conventions in the presentation of information, in most instances.	Uses basic skills and geographic conventions in the presentation of information.	Uses basic skills and geographic conventions with precision in the presentation of information.	Uses basic skills and geographic conventions with precision in the presentation of information.	Uses geographic conventions with consistent precision in most instances.	Uses geographic conventions with consistent precision.
OR	AND	AND	AND	AND	AND	AND	AND
Shows some understanding of ONE of the geographic concepts of:	Shows some understanding of ONE of the geographic concepts of:	Shows an understanding of TWO of the geographic concepts of:	Shows an understanding of TWO of the geographic concepts of:	Shows an in-depth understanding of TWO of the geographic concepts of:	Shows an in-depth understanding of TWO of the geographic concepts (one of which MUST be sustainability) of:	Shows a comprehensive understanding of TWO of the geographic concepts of:	Shows a comprehensive understanding of TWO of the geographic concepts (one of which MUST be sustainability) of:
• <u>location</u>	• <u>location</u>	• <u>location</u>	• <u>location</u>	• <u>location</u>	• location	• <u>location</u>	• <u>location</u>
• environments	• environments	• environments	• environments	• environments	• environments	• environments	• environments
sustainability.	sustainability.	sustainability.	sustainability.	sustainability.	sustainability.	sustainability.	sustainability.
		Makes a general reference to the Hut Point Peninsula environment.	Uses some supporting evidence.	Uses some detailed supporting evidence.	Uses a range of detailed supporting evidence.	Integrates a range of detailed supporting evidence and geographic terminology, with insight.	Integrates a wide range of detailed supporting evidence and geographic terminology, with insight, consistently throughout.

N0 = No response; no relevant evidence.

Appendix A: Location of Hut Point Peninsula

U	D	С
Hut Point Peninsula is found in Antarctica on an island called Ross Island.	Hut Point Peninsula is located south of New Zealand in Antarctica. It is found at the southern end of Ross Island, which is in the Ross Sea.	EITHER Hut Point Peninsula is located at latitude 78°S and longitude 165°E (accept minor variance) OR Hut Point Peninsula is located in Antarctica in the southern hemisphere. Relative to New Zealand, it is directly south, in an area called the Ross Dependency. Here it sits at the southern tip of Ross Island, which borders the Ross Sea and the Ross Ice Shelf.

Appendix B: Précis map

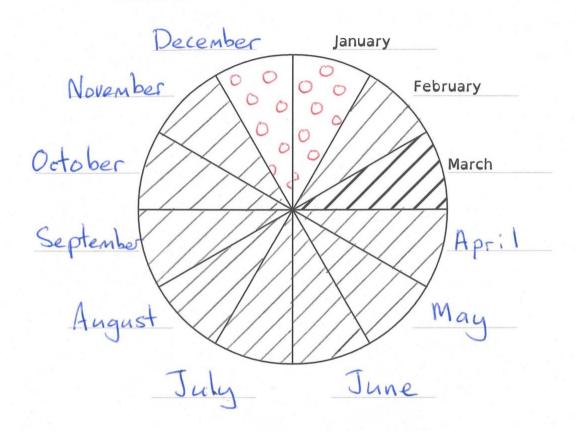


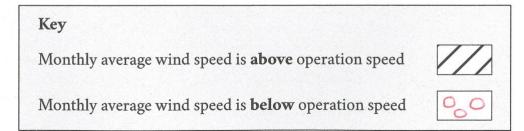
Key

Scott Base	
Wind farm	
Road from Scott Base to Hut Point	<u></u>

Appendix C: Wind diagram

Title: Turbine Operation Speed 2018





Appendix D: Why Antarctica is suited to wind power

U	D	С
Antarctica is suited for wind power because most of the months have a wind speed that will operate the wind turbines. This means it can get power for most of the year using wind.	The environment of Antarctica is suited to wind power because of its wind speed. The wind farm near Scott base can only generate power when the wind speed is greater than 4 m s ⁻¹ . Wind speeds at Scott Base exceed 4 m s ⁻¹ 10 months of the year. This means Scott Base is able to use wind to generate power for a large part of the year.	The <u>environment</u> of Antarctica is suited to wind power because of the <u>natural characteristic</u> of wind speed. The 3 wind turbines near Scott base can only generate power when the wind speed is greater than 4 m s ⁻¹ . Wind speeds at Scott Base exceed 4 m s ⁻¹ 10 months of the year (February through to November). There are many elevated areas near Scott Base, so wind speed will not be affected by obstacles. This means Scott Base is able to use wind to generate power for a large part of the year.

Appendix E: Sustainability

U	D	С
The redevelopment of Scott Base will help Antarctica NZ to be sustainable. The new buildings will stop the effects of wind and snowdrift. The present buildings are old, and maintenance is an ongoing problem. Waste will be returned to NZ and water will be treated before it is returned to the ocean.	The redevelopment of Scott Base will help Antarctica NZ to improve its sustainability. The base has been designed to take into account the cold climate. By elevating the buildings and making them a curved shape, the effects of wind and snowdrift will decrease the need for maintenance in the future. The present buildings date back to the 1970s, and maintenance is an ongoing problem. Waste will be returned to NZ for incineration and water will be treated before it is returned to the ocean, which will decrease pollution.	The redevelopment of Scott Base will help Antarctica NZ to improve its <u>sustainability</u> in the <u>future</u> . The base has been designed to take into account the cold climate and <u>limit</u> its effects. By elevating the buildings and making them a curved shape the effects of 180 kph winds and snowdrift will be reduced and decrease the need for maintenance. The present buildings date back to the 1970's and maintenance is an ongoing problem that needs to be <u>minimised</u> . The new base will also <u>limit</u> damage to the <u>natural environment</u> . Waste will be returned to NZ for incineration and water will be treated before it is returned to the ocean. Finally, more scientists will be able to travel to Scott Base. The new base will also enable NZ to <u>maintain</u> its relationship with the USA McMurdo Station. This will enable the two bases to <u>continue</u> to share resources and carry out research well into the <u>future</u> .