

Homework 7

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Part I: Written Exercises

1.

Answer:

For each v , we can calculate the result of $v^T Dv$.

$$v_1^T Dv_1 = 157$$

$$v_2^T Dv_2 = 84.1437$$

$$v_3^T Dv_3 = 44.25$$

So $v = [1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]^T$ will maximize $v^T Dv$. There is no better unit vector v .

2.

Answer:

$$V^T v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.999 \\ -0.001 \\ -0.001 \\ 0.000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V^T v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.001 \\ 0.999 \\ 0.000 \\ 0.000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V^T v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.001 \\ 0.000 \\ 1.001 \\ 0.000 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V^T v_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.000 \\ 0.000 \\ 0.000 \\ 1.001 \end{bmatrix}$$

3.

Answer:

Based on the Question-1 result, if we want to maximize the of $v^T Av$, we need to let the first element

of v maximize. So $v = \begin{bmatrix} -0.477 \\ 0.476 \\ 0.561 \\ -0.480 \end{bmatrix}$ can maximize $v^T Av$.

4.

Answer:

Multiple constants only scale results without changing results relationship. So still $v = \begin{bmatrix} -0.477 \\ 0.476 \\ 0.561 \\ -0.480 \end{bmatrix}$ can maximize $v^T A v$.

5.

Answer:

Based on the previous discussion, We will choose $v = \begin{bmatrix} -0.477 \\ 0.476 \\ 0.561 \\ -0.480 \end{bmatrix}$ to maximize variance. So the variance should be:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{variance}_1 &= \frac{1}{N} |x^T v_1|^2 \\ &= 39.2283 \end{aligned}$$

We can't find a better line. I choose the second column of V , and the variance is:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{variance}_2 &= \frac{1}{N} |x^T v_2|^2 \\ &= 3.9888 \end{aligned}$$

The first feature can make the examples have the highest variance. We should choose the first feature.

6.

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{proportion} &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^2 \lambda_i}{\sum_{j=1}^4 \lambda_j} \\ &= \frac{157 + 16}{157 + 16 + 4 + 0} \\ &= 0.9774 \end{aligned}$$

So **0.9774** original variance we retain have after projecting onto the top two principle components.