Axel Rönnberg axero912, Eskil Brännerud eskbr129 Assignment 3

Task 1

A)

$$\{C\} \rightarrow \{B\}$$

We use transitivity and decomposition rules.

As $\{C\} \rightarrow \{A\}$ (FD2 Decomposition)

and $\{A\} \rightarrow \{B\}$ (FD1 Transitivity and Decomposition)

Therefore $\{C\} \rightarrow \{B\}$ is true

B)

 $\{A,E\} \to \{F\}$

Our steps

 $\{A\} \rightarrow \{C\}$ (FD1 Decomposition)

 $\{C\} \rightarrow \{D\}$ (FD2 Decomposition)

therefore by transitivity

 $\{A\} \rightarrow \{D\}$

 $\{A,E\} \rightarrow \{F\}$ (FD3 Transitivity with FD2 and FD1)

 $\{A,E\} \rightarrow \{F\}$ therefore is true

Task 2

- A) $\{A,B,C,D\}$
- B) {A,B,C,D,E}

Task 3

- A) Candidate keys are: {A, B} and {A, D} as they both are the smallest super keys
- B) We can see that FD2, and FD3 violate BCNF as {A,B} and {A, D} are the only minimal super keys
- C) Since FD 2 and 3 violate BCNF we have decomposed these FDs.

For FD2 we make a new relation R2(E,F) with primary key {E}.

Then the rest is R1(A, B, E, D).

This is not BCNF so we split it to R1(A, E) with primary key {A} and R3(D, B) with primary key {D}.

Task 4

A) FD3 does not comply with BCNF.

This because, $X = \{C\}, X + = \{C, D\}$ which is not in R

B) Splitting the schema into R2(C, D) with primary key {C}

Then the rest of the attributes form R1(A, B, C, E)