# nomis official labour market statistics

## QS406EW - Household size

## Overview

Table population All household spaces with at least one usual resident

Reference QS406EW Source Census 2011

Keywords Household, Household size, Household space

Coverage England and Wales Units Household spaces

Latest data 2011

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### Dataset metadata

This dataset provides 2011 estimates that classify household spaces with at least one usual resident in England and Wales by household size. The estimates are as at census day, 27 March 2011.

This information is used to help central and local government assess changes in overcrowding. It provides data to help identify households in unsuitable accommodation, to tackle deprivation, develop appropriate housing policies, plan future housing provision and allocate resources

Similar estimates from the 2001 Census were provided in table UV51.

#### Statistical Disclosure Control

In order to protect against disclosure of personal information from the 2011 Census, there has been swapping of records in the Census database between different geographic areas, and so some counts will be affected. In the main, the greatest effects will be at the lowest geographies, since the record swapping is targeted towards those households with unusual characteristics in small areas.

More details on the ONS Census disclosure control strategy may be found on the Statistical Disclosure Control page on the ONS web site.

#### Variables

## geography

There is no further information about geography.

#### Rural Urban

This classification can only be used with the following geographies:

- 1 Country
- 1 Region
- Local Authority: District / UnitaryLocal Authority: County / Unitary

2011 Rural-Urban Classification (England and Wales)

This classification allows summary outputs to be produced by rural-urban type at local authority, region and country level (it will not work with other geography types).

The outputs are based on a rural-urban classification of output areas. The 2011 classification is a revised version of the one created after the 2001 Census with additional detail in the urban domain.

Output areas are treated as *urban* if they were allocated to a 2011 built-up area with a population of 10,000 or more people. The urban domain is sub-divided into three broad morphological types based on the predominant settlement component. As with the previous version of the classification, the remaining *rural* output areas are grouped into three broad morphological types based on the predominant settlement component.

The classification also categorises output areas based on context - i.e. whether the wider surrounding area of a given output area is sparsely populated or less sparsely populated.

The classification of output areas and a User Guide which provides further details about the methodology can be downloaded from the Open ONS Geography Portal under the Download Products tab.

#### Household Size

The size of a household is equal to the number of usual residents in the household. Visitors staying at an address do not contribute to that household's size because they are counted in the household of their place of usual residence.