数理逻辑基础 作业 1

习题 1. 列出以下复合命题的真值表. (其中支命题 p,q,r,s 视为问题变元.)

- (a) $(\neg p \land q) \to (\neg q \land r)$
- (b) $(p \to q) \to (p \to r)$
- (c) $\neg (p \lor (q \land r)) \leftrightarrow ((p \lor q) \land (p \lor r))$

解: (a)

(¬	p	\wedge	q)	\rightarrow	(¬	q	\wedge	r)
1	0	0	0	l	1			
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	1			1
0	1	0	1	1	0		0	0
0	1	0	1	1	0		0	1

(b)

(p	\rightarrow	q)	\rightarrow	(p	\rightarrow	r)
0	1	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1

(c)

数理逻辑基础 作业 1 傅申 PB20000051

\neg	(p	V	(q	\wedge	r))	\leftrightarrow	((p	V	q)	\wedge	(p	V	r))
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

习题 2. 写出由 $X_2 = \{x_1, x_2\}$ 生成的公式集 $L(X_2)$ 的三个层次: L_0 , L_1 和 L_2 .

解:

$$L_{0} = X_{2} = \{x_{1}, x_{2}\}$$

$$L_{1} = \{\neg x_{1}, \neg x_{2}, x_{1} \to x_{1}, x_{1} \to x_{2}, x_{2} \to x_{1}, x_{2} \to x_{2}\}$$

$$L_{2} = \{\neg(\neg x_{1}), \neg(\neg x_{2}), \\ \neg(x_{1} \to x_{1}), \neg(x_{1} \to x_{2}), \neg(x_{2} \to x_{1}), \neg(x_{2} \to x_{2}), \\ x_{1} \to (\neg x_{1}), x_{1} \to (\neg x_{2}), x_{2} \to (\neg x_{1}), x_{2} \to (\neg x_{2}), \\ (\neg x_{1}) \to x_{1}, (\neg x_{1}) \to x_{2}, (\neg x_{2}) \to x_{1}, (\neg x_{2}) \to x_{2}, \\ x_{1} \to (x_{1} \to x_{1}), x_{1} \to (x_{1} \to x_{2}), x_{1} \to (x_{2} \to x_{1}), x_{1} \to (x_{2} \to x_{2}), \\ x_{2} \to (x_{1} \to x_{1}), x_{2} \to (x_{1} \to x_{2}), x_{2} \to (x_{2} \to x_{1}), x_{2} \to (x_{2} \to x_{2}), \\ (x_{1} \to x_{1}) \to x_{1}, (x_{1} \to x_{2}) \to x_{1}, (x_{2} \to x_{1}) \to x_{1}, (x_{2} \to x_{2}) \to x_{1},$$

$$(2.2)$$

 $(x_1 \to x_1) \to x_2, (x_1 \to x_2) \to x_2, (x_2 \to x_1) \to x_2, (x_2 \to x_2) \to x_2$