计算机网络实验 6

傅申 PB20000051

1. Capturing and analyzing Ethernet frames

```
Frame 19: 578 bytes on wire (4624 bits), 578 bytes captured (4624 bits) on interface enp0s20f0u1u4c2, id
 ▼-Ethernet II, Src: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b), Dst: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
   ▼-Destination: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
        -Address: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
       -......0. .... (factory default)
        .... ...0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
   ▼-Source: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
       -Address: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
       _......0. .... (factory default)
       L.... ...0 .... : IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
    Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
  0000
        5c dd 70 91 72 e2 08 26 ae 3a 5b 9b 08 00 45
  0010
        02  34  d6  b7  40  00  40  06   cd  82  de  c3  40  42
f5  0c  98  80  00  50  cb  2f   9d  5c  d4  c5  84  13
                                                                    ··@·@· ···
···P·/ ·\·
              98 80 00 50 cb 2f

0b f7 00 00 01 01

47 45 54 20 2f 77

61 62 73 2f 48 54

6c 2d 6c 61 62 2d

20 48 54 50 2f

20 67 61 69 61 2e

64 75 0d 0a 43 6f

65 2d 43 6f 66 74
  0030
  0040
  0050
  0060
  0070
  0090
  00a0
 00b0
Show packet bytes
                                                                                                  关闭
                                                                                                                帮助
```

- 1. 我的电脑的地址为 08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b.
- 2. 目的地址为 5c:dd:70:91:72:e2 , 它不是 gaia.cs.umass.edu 的地址. 这个地址属于我的主机连接到的路由器的接口.
- 3. 类型字段为 0x0800, 它对应 IP 协议.
- 4. "GET"中的 "G"是报文中的第 67 字节.

```
Frame 23: 1514 bytes on wire (12112 bits), 1514 bytes captured (12112 bits) on interface enp0s20f0u1u4c2,
 √-Ethernet II, Src: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2), Dst: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
  ▼-Destination: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
     -Address: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
     -.... ..0. .... (factory default)
     _.... ...0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
  ▼-Source: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
     -Address: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
     .... ...0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
   Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
      08 26 ae 3a 5b 9b 5c dd 70 91 72 e2 08 00 45
 0000
      0020
 0030
 0040
 0050
 0060
 0070
 0080
 0090
 00a0
 00b0
 00c0
Show packet bytes
                                                                     关闭
```

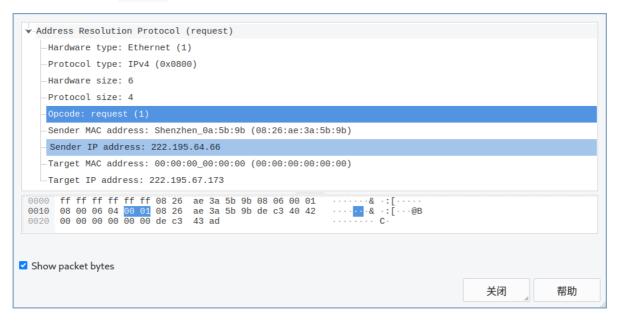
- 5. 源地址为 <mark>5c:dd:70:91:72:e2</mark>, 它不是我的电脑地址或 gaia.cs.umass.edu 的地址. 这个地址属于我的主机连接到的路由器的接口.
- 6. 目的地址为 08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b, 它是我的电脑地址.
- 7. 类型字段为 0x0800, 它对应 IP 协议.
- 8. "OK"中的"O"是报文中的第80字节.

2. The Address Resolution Protocol

9. ARP 缓存内容如上图. Address 栏为 IP 地址, HWtype 为硬件类型, HWaddress 为 MAC 地址, Flags Mask 指示表项的来源 (C : dynamically learned by arp protocol; M : manually entered/added in the memory; P : publish), Iface 为网络接口.

```
Frame 76: 42 bytes on wire (336 bits), 42 bytes captured (336 bits) on interface enp0s20f0u1u4c2, id 0
 ▼-Ethernet II, Src: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
   -Address: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
      -.... ..1. .... .... .... = LG bit: Locally administered address (this is NOT the factory default
      .... ...1 .... .... = IG bit: Group address (multicast/broadcast)
   ▼-Source: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
      -Address: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
      -.... ..0. .... (factory default)
       -.... ...0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
   Type: ARP (0x0806)
 Address Resolution Protocol (request)
                                                     .....& ::[...@B
 0000 ff ff ff ff ff ff 08 26 ae 3a 5b 9b 08 06 00 01 0010 08 00 06 04 00 01 08 26 ae 3a 5b 9b de c3 40 42 0020 00 00 00 00 00 de c3 43 ad
Show packet bytes
                                                                                  关闭
                                                                                               帮助
```

- 10. 源地址为 08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b,目的地址为 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff.
- 11. 类型字段为 0x0806, 它对应 ARP 协议.



- 12. a. opcode 开始于第 21 字节.
 - b. opcode 字段的值为 0x0001.
 - c. ARP 报文包含了发送方的 IP 地址.
 - d. "问题" 出现在 Target MAC address, 它被设为了 00:00:00:00:00:00.

```
Frame 77: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface enp0s20f0u1u4c2, id 0
 -Ethernet II, Src: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2), Dst: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
   ▼-Destination: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
     -Address: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
      -.... ..0. .... (factory default)
     _.... ...0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
  ▼-Source: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
     -Address: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
     -.... ..0. .... (factory default)
      .... ...0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
    -Type: ARP (0x0806)
   -Trailer: 00000000000000000007a25f27500000000
 ▼-Address Resolution Protocol (reply)
    -Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
    Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
    -Hardware size: 6
    -Protocol size: 4
    Opcode: reply (2)
    -Sender MAC address: Hangzhou_91:72:e2 (5c:dd:70:91:72:e2)
   —Sender IP address: 222.195.67.173
   Target MAC address: Shenzhen_0a:5b:9b (08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b)
   Target IP address: 222.195.64.66
 Show packet bytes
                                                                          关闭
                                                                                     帮助
```

- 13. a. opcode 开始于第 21 字节.
 - b. opcode 字段的值为 0x0002.
 - c. "回答" 出现在 Sender MAC address.
- 14. 源地址为 5c:dd:70:91:72:e2,目的地址为 08:26:ae:3a:5b:9b.
- 15. 因为查询报文是在广播帧中发送的,子网中所有主机都能收到,但是响应报文只有发送查询报文的主机能收到,而运行 Wireshark 的主机不是发送查询报文的主机.

Extra Credit

下面的部分内容引用自 StackOverflow.

EX-2. 我使用的操作系统为 Manjaro Linux, 一个新的表项会被设置一个随机的 TTL ($\frac{base_reachable_time}{2}$ 和 $\frac{3 \times base_reachable_time}{2}$ 之间), 当超过 TTL 后, 表项会被标记为 STALE 状态并失效. 如果一个表项在 gc_stale_time 内处于 STALE 状态且没有被使用,则其会被标记为可以删除,并且会在下次 garbage collector 运行时被删除 (通常在 gc_interval 秒之后).

```
v took 18ms
> cat /proc/sys/net/ipv4/neigh/enp0s20f0u1u4c2/base_reachable_time
30
v took 30ms
> cat /proc/sys/net/ipv4/neigh/enp0s20f0u1u4c2/gc_stale_time
60
v took 23ms
> cat /proc/sys/net/ipv4/neigh/default/gc_interval
30
v took 22ms
> look 22ms
> look 22ms
> look 22ms
> look 22ms
```

由上图可知, 表项会在 $(15\sim45)+60+30$ 秒, 也就是 105 ~ 135 秒内被删除.