

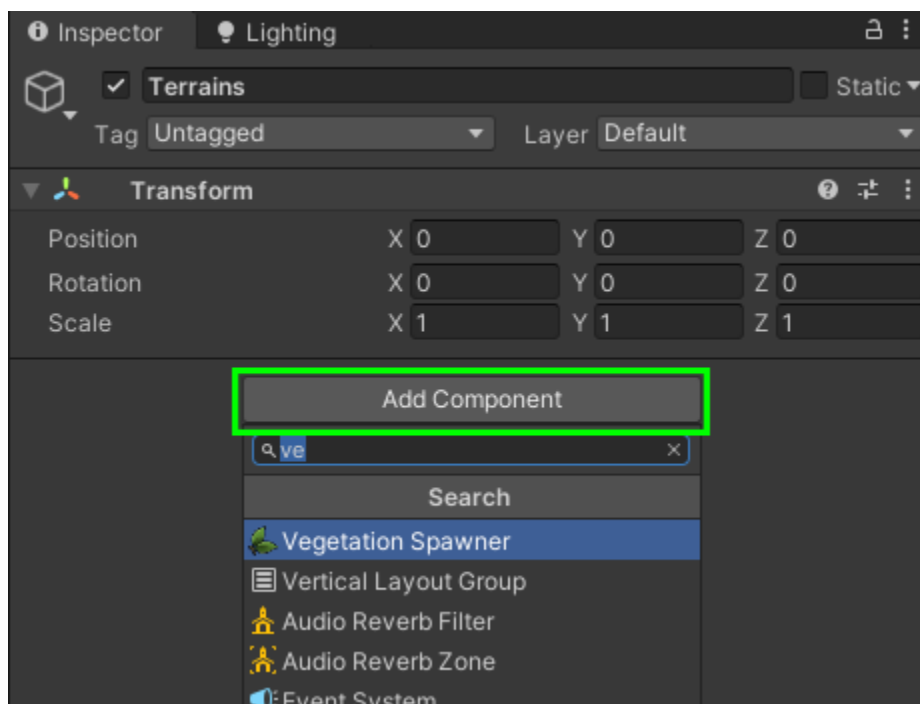
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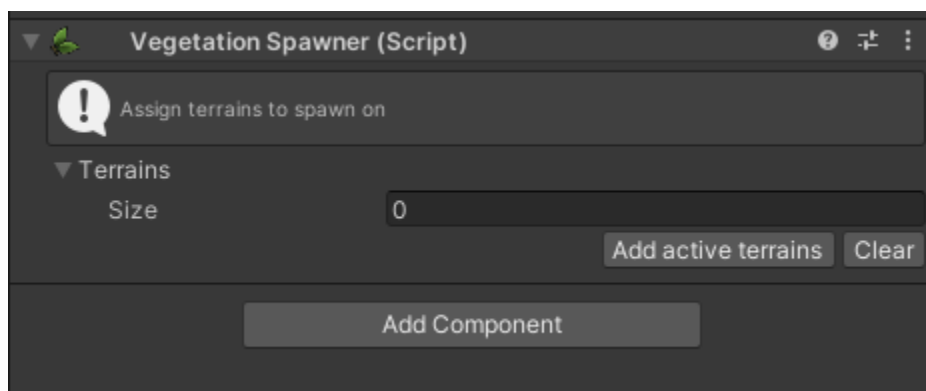
**Thank you for downloading this package, it is something I created for personal use, so hope it also proves useful to you! If you are familiar with it, please consider leaving a review!**

## FIRST STEPS

1: Create an empty GameObject and add the “Vegetation Spawner” component



2: Add your terrain objects to the list, or choose “Add active terrains” to add any enabled terrains.

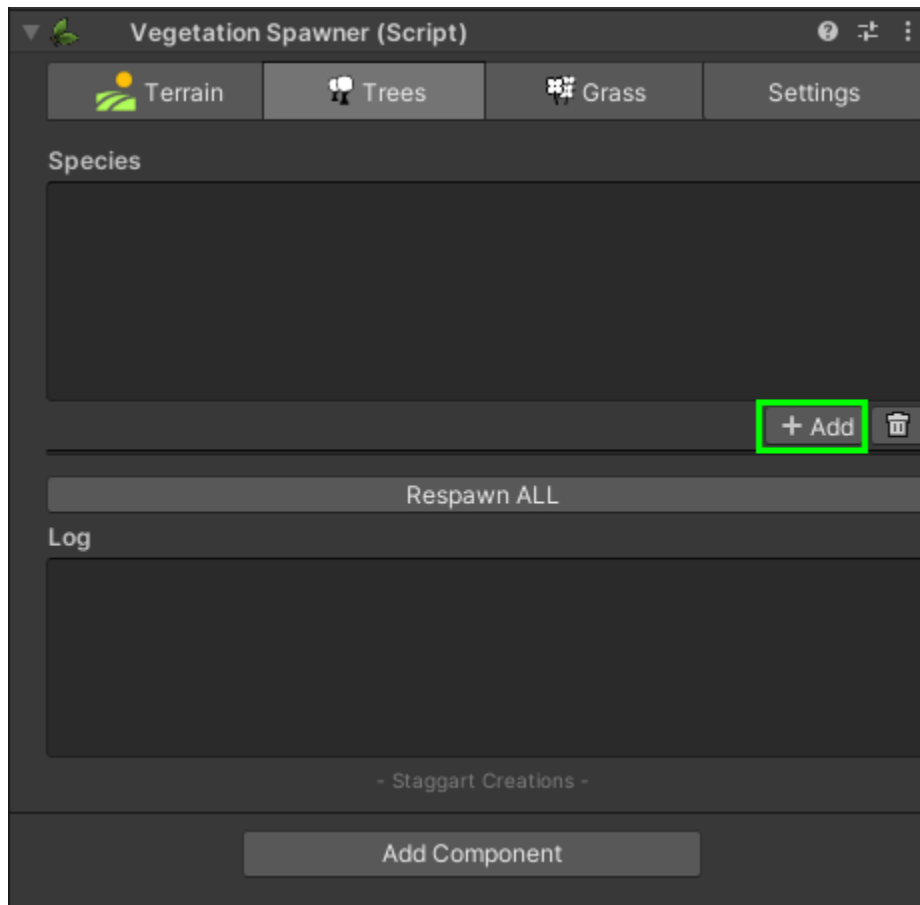


Note that the spawner should now be used to control vegetation. This means that any vegetation currently painted on the terrain is going to be cleared! This is also the case for any vegetation manually painted after running the vegetation spawner. There is unfortunately no layered vegetation system in Unity, that separates manually painted vegetation from procedural.

The component can safely be removed, without affecting the vegetation, but all settings will be lost.

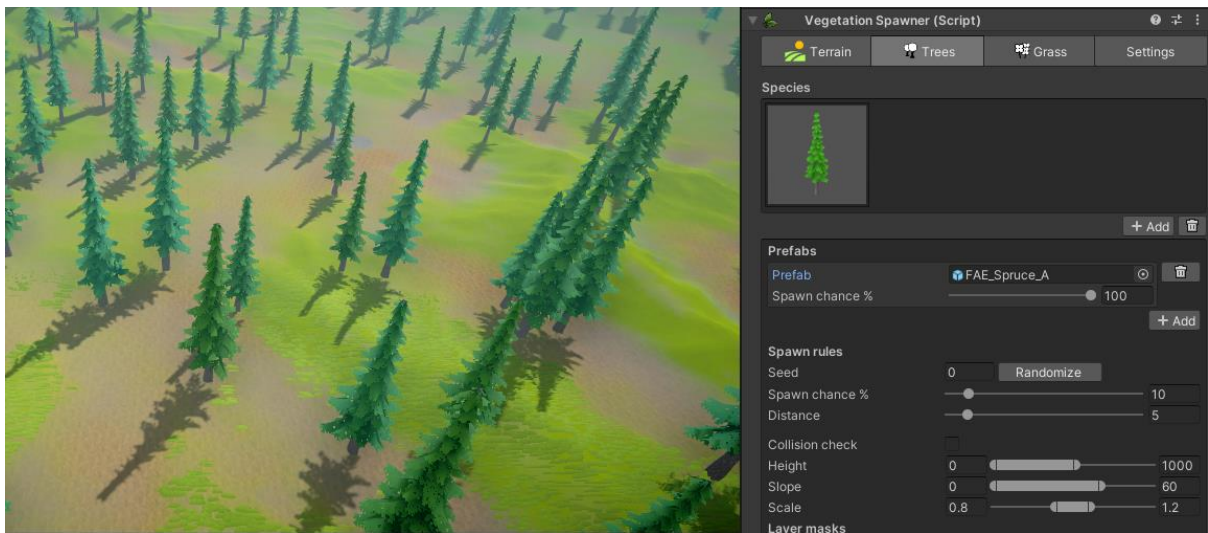
## SPAWNING TREES

In the “Trees” tab you’ll be able to add tree prefabs to the spawning list. These are specified as species (eg. Spruce, birch, pine, oak, etc)

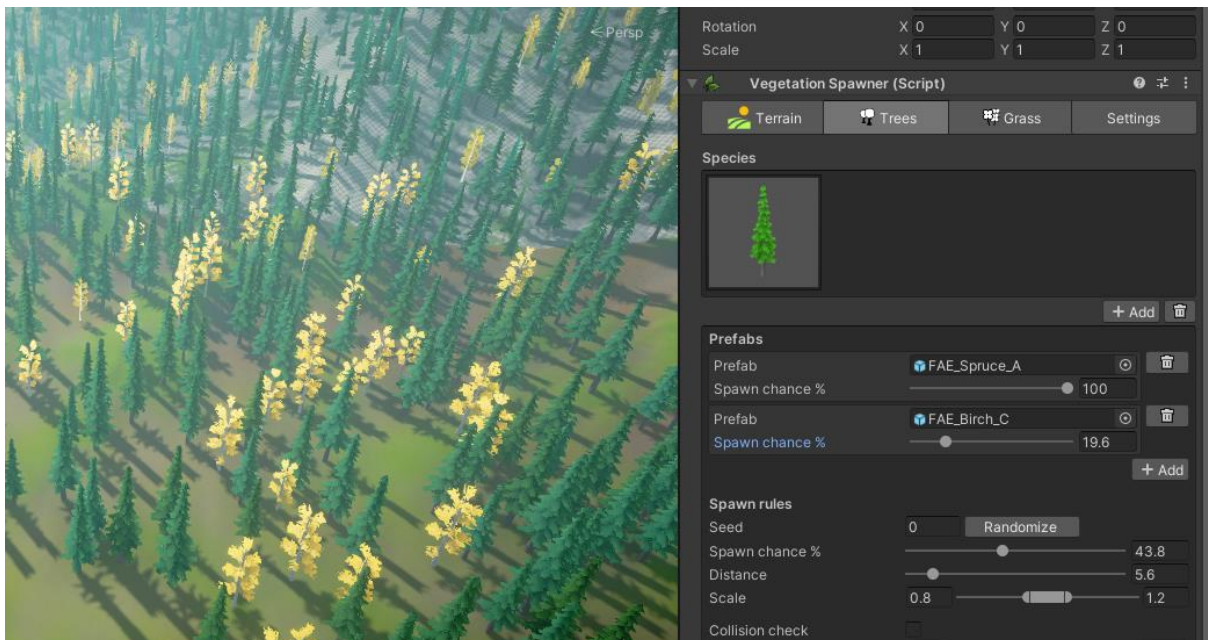


Click the “Add” button to add a first item, and assign a prefab.

You’ll notice it will immediately be spawned using the default settings.

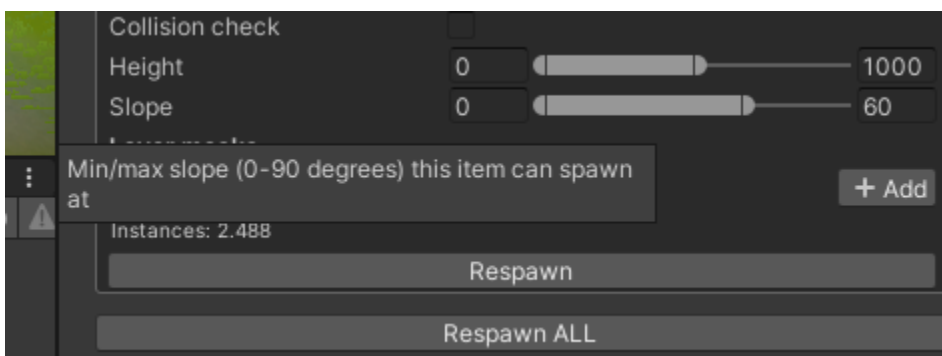


You can add an additional prefab to the species, and specify a spawn chance for it. This way it's possible to spawn certain variants with a lower frequency (eg. dead or broken trees). Spawn point for a species will never overlap!



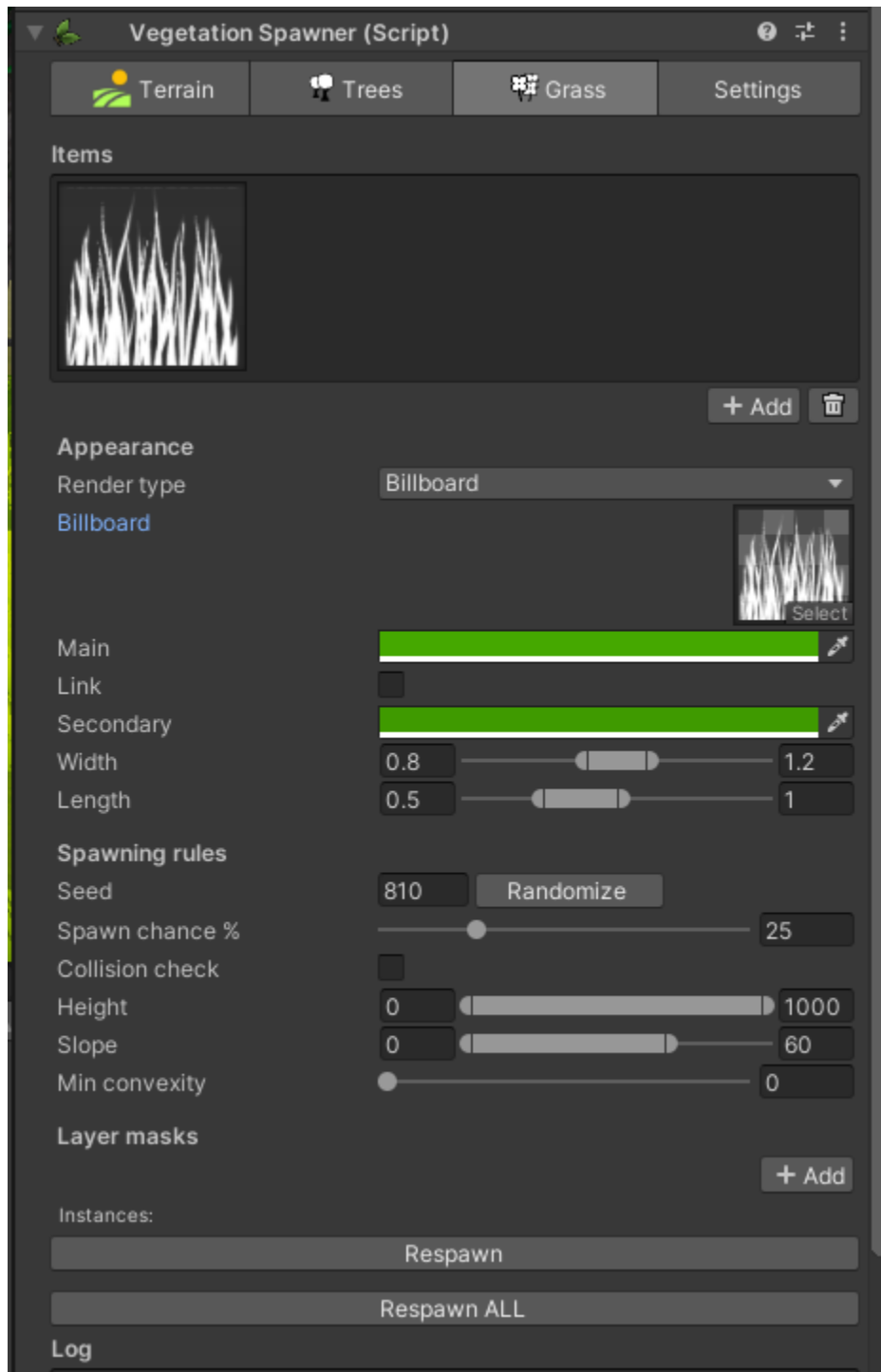
Changing most spawn rule parameters triggers an immediate respawn for the tree, this usually takes about ~0,2 seconds to process. If you have a large terrain, you can disable "Auto tree respawn" under the settings tab, after which a manual respawn button will be displayed.

Each parameter (when not obvious) has a tooltip description, mouse over to view it.



## SPAWNING GRASS/PLANTS

This works in the same way as it does for trees



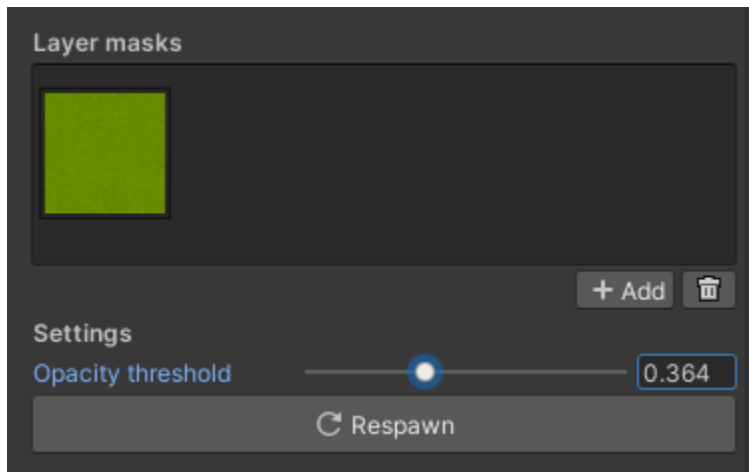
Note that spawning grass takes a lot longer than it does for trees (example: 6 seconds for 1 million instances on a 1x1km terrain made up of 4 tiles). Because of this, changing spawning rules isn't immediately reflected and requires to hit the "Respawn" button.

The terrain system forces you to use the built-in grass shader. If you want to use a prefab with a custom shader, add it as a tree instead. Unfortunately, the tree rendering isn't optimized for dense spawning, so game performance will likely tank if you spawn items too close to each other. Using [Nature Renderer](#) is highly recommended for modern performance levels!

## TERRAIN LAYER MASKS

This is an option available for both trees and grass, and specifies on which terrain material the item should spawn.

You can add a mask at the bottom of the inspector:



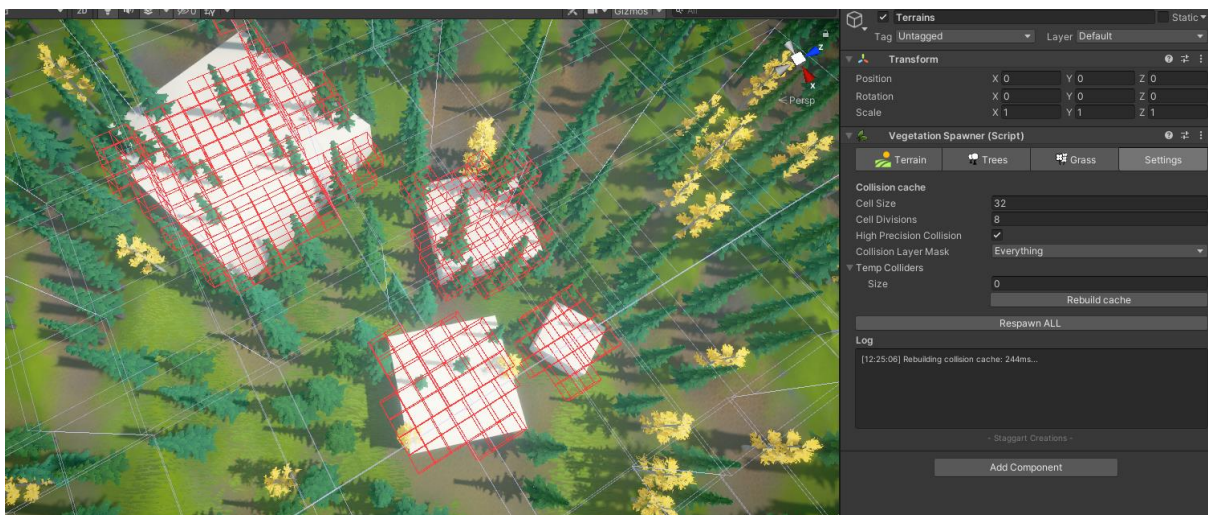
An item will only spawn on the materials added to this list, so is automatically excluded from other materials.

## COLLISION DETECTION

In the Settings tab, you'll find the settings related to the "collision cache". This functionality checks the terrains for any colliders that are placed on it, and marks cell as occupied (red). If the "Collision check" option is enabled under an item's spawning rules, it will never be spawned inside a red/occupied cell.

This system is in place because its orders of magnitude faster than checking for collision on a per-item basis.

Increasing the amount cell divisions will make this more accurate, but it will take longer to rebuild the cache.



Note that this information cannot be serialized, this means the cache is rebuild if empty and called for. If you're looking to spawn vegetation at runtime/build, take into account that the first spawning

job may take longer. You can also manually do this through the `sc.terrain.vegetationspawner.VegetationSpawner(Instance).RebuildCollisionCache()` function.

## SCRIPTING

There are callbacks which trigger when a grass or tree item respawns. Custom scripts can subscribe to them to perform custom post-processing actions (eg recalculating navmeshes, spawning prefabs, etc).

Example:

```
using UnityEngine;
using sc.terrain.vegetationspawner;

[ExecuteInEditMode]
public class EventTest : MonoBehaviour
{
    private void OnEnable()
    {
        VegetationSpawner.onTreeRespawn += OnTreeRespawn;
        VegetationSpawner.onGrassRespawn += OnGrassRespawn;
    }

    private void OnDisable()
    {
        VegetationSpawner.onTreeRespawn -= OnTreeRespawn;
        VegetationSpawner.onGrassRespawn -= OnGrassRespawn;
    }

    public void OnTreeRespawn(SpawnerBase.TreePrefab item)
    {
        Debug.Log(item.prefab + " Tree respawned");
    }

    private void OnGrassRespawn(SpawnerBase.GrassPrefab item)
    {
        if(item.type == SpawnerBase.GrassType.Mesh) Debug.Log(item.prefab.name + "
grass respawned");
        if(item.type == SpawnerBase.GrassType.Texture)
Debug.Log(item.billboard.name + " grass billboard respawned");
    }
}
```

**Grass isn't visible when using HDRP**

Grass rendering isn't supported in some older versions of HDRP

**Grass isn't dense enough, even with a 100% spawn chance**

Grass density is determined by the terrain's detail map resolution. You can increase the resolution under the Settings tab.

**Grass prefab shows as a red gradient or entirely black**

Using prefabs that use a custom shader isn't supported by the terrain system, it is designed to be used with the built-in grass shader.

To get around this, add the prefab as a tree instead. Though, performance will be negatively affected. I recommend to use [Nature Renderer](#), which removes this restriction entirely.

**Grass only spawns in a strip or in patches**

This is an indication that the terrain is unable to create the grass meshes. At this point you'll notice the following warning in the console: *"The combined number of detail object vertices in one single patch is exceeding the limit (65536). Try decreasing detail density or detail resolution per patch."*

To remedy this, decrease the "Grass path size" under the Settings tab.

**Random tree rotation and sink amount isn't working**

Tree prefabs require a [LOD Group](#) setup for this functionality to work

**Console warning: *The tree DemoTree must use the Nature/Soft Occlusion shader. Otherwise billboard/lighting will not work correctly.***

Join the club! Unity's vegetation system was designed for the dinosaur that is the Tree Creator tool. Instead, create a prefab with a LOD group:



