

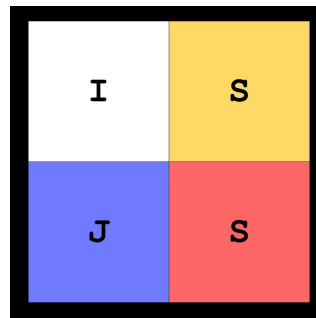
Computer Music Practice Examples

ISJS

Step-by-step process

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[Step 1. Make S\(iPlayBack\)](#)

[Step 2. Duplicate S\(iPlayBack\)](#)

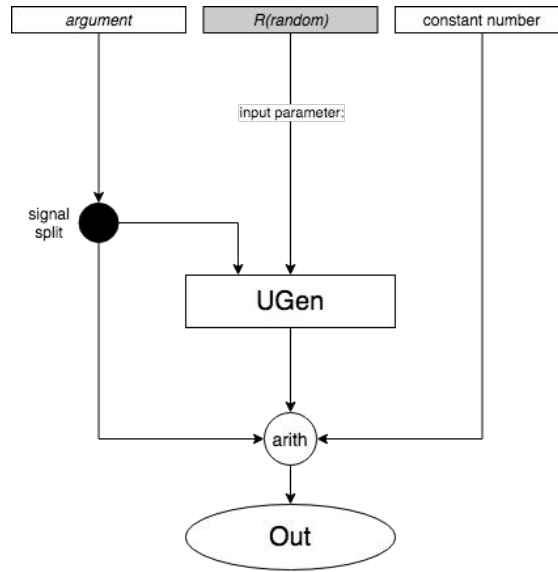
[Step 3. Make a Score](#)

[Step 4. Make a GUI](#)

[Link to Music and App](#)

[Link to .scd files](#)

Block Diagram Legends



UGen:

Unite Generator.
Processes audio or data

arrow:

Shows the direction of signal
The text in the line (input parameter:) shows the name of the input parameter of an input in the connected UGen

argument:

Controllable arguments
Written in *italics*
Can be a list in [arg,arg,arg] format

constant number:

Discrete numeric value

signal splitter:

Used when one signal is connected to multiple inputs

Arith:

Arithmetics.
Incoming signals are added(+), subtracted(-), multiplied(x), or divided(/).

Out:

Audible audio output

S(synthdef)

S(synthdef) : SynthDef. Includes OSCFunc

L(loop)

L(loop): loops including do{} and Routine

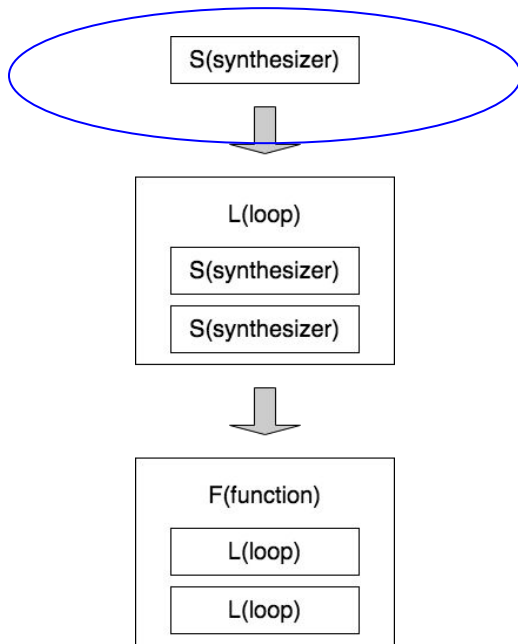
F(function)

F(function): custom function.

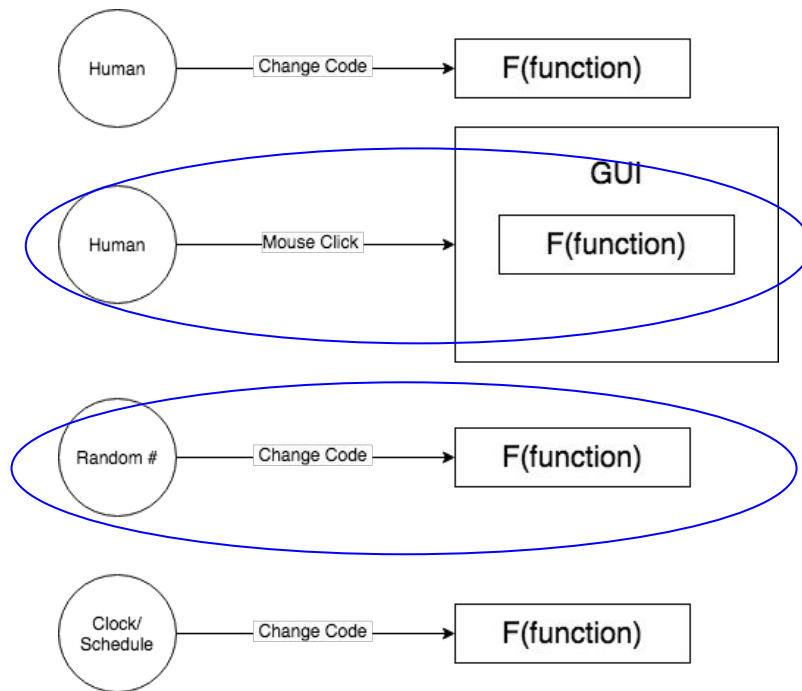
[CMPE - Introduction](#)

Design and Creative Process Overview

Instrument Design Process



Presentation/Performance Methods



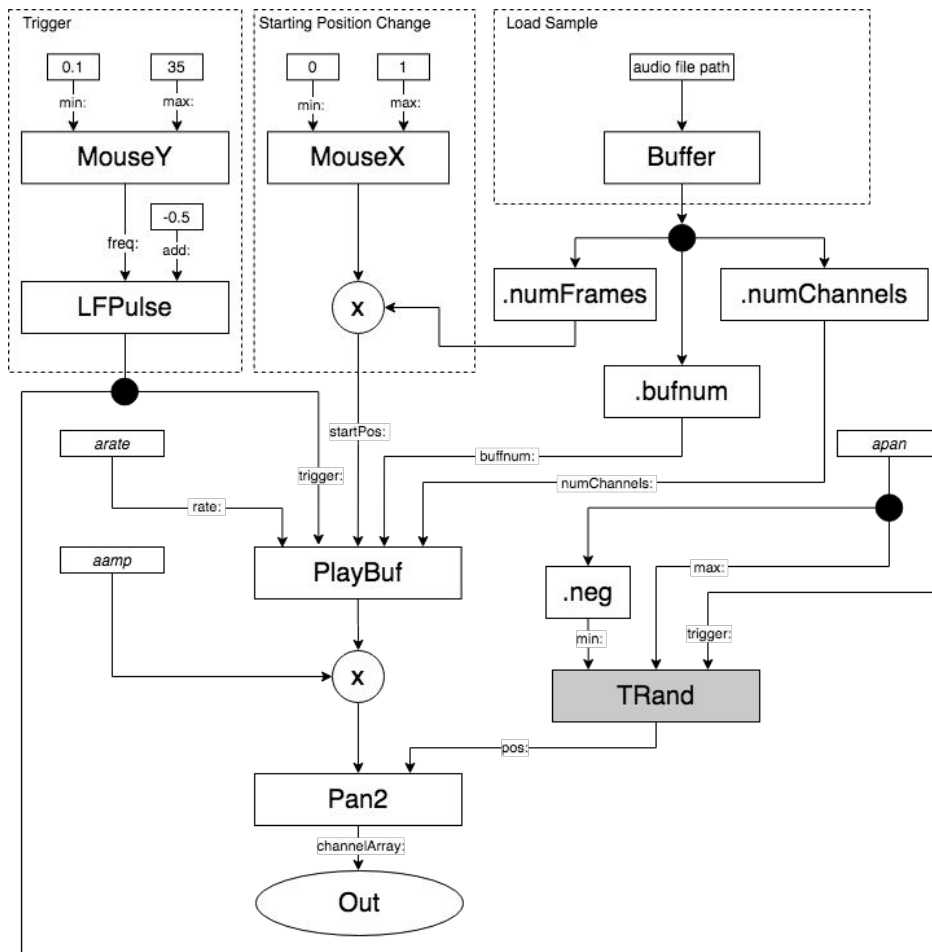
Step 1. Make S(iPlayBack)

- Load a sample into a buffer
- Make a SynthDef that plays back a specific buffer.
- Map the mouse position to sample playback position and looping frequency

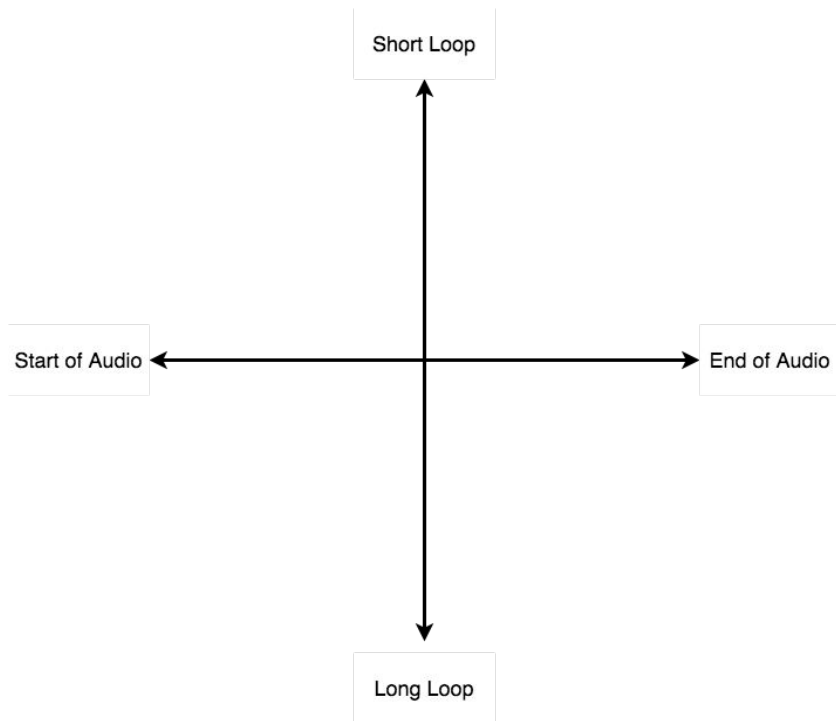


Step 1 Audio Example (scd file)

S(iPlayBack)



Step 1. Make S(iPlayBack)



Mouse Position Mapping

S(iPlayBack)

```
//load a sample to a buffer;
~buff=Buffer.read(s,"/Users/muaadmin/Desktop/samples/beatbox.aif");

SynthDef("iPlayBack",{
  arg aamp,arate,apan;
  var source,trigger,startposition,triggerrate,mix;

  //starting position change
  startposition=MouseX.kr(0,1);

  //trigger
  triggerrate=MouseY.kr(0.1,35);
  trigger=LFPulse.kr(triggerrate,add:-0.5);

  //play sample
  source=PlayBuf.ar(~buff.numChannels,~buff.bufnum,arate,trigger,
    ~buff.numFrames*startposition,1)*aamp;

  mix=Pan2.ar(source,TRand.kr(apan.neg,apan,trigger));
  Out.ar(0,mix);

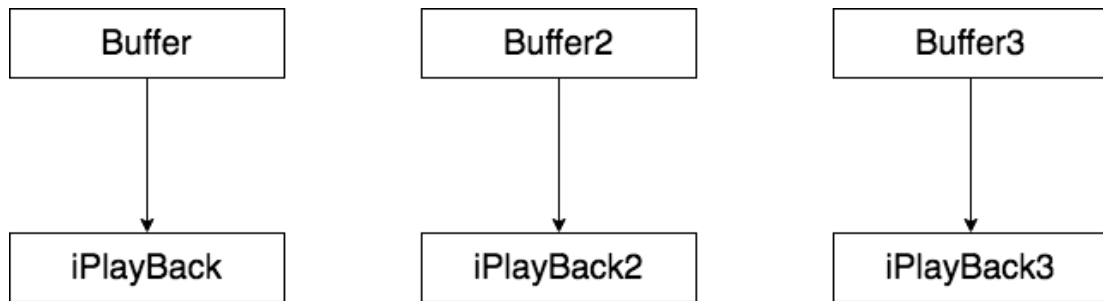
}).add;

Synth("iPlayBack",[\aamp,0.8,\arate,1,\apan,0]);
```

Step 2. Duplicate S(iPlayBack)

Make three playback SynthDefs.

Each SynthDef plays a different audio file.



```
Synth("iPlayBack",[\aamp,0.5,\arate,1,\apan,1]);  
Synth("iPlayBack2",[\aamp,0.5,\arate,1.5,\apan,0.5]);  
Synth("iPlayBack3",[\aamp,0.5,\arate,1,\apan,0.5]);
```



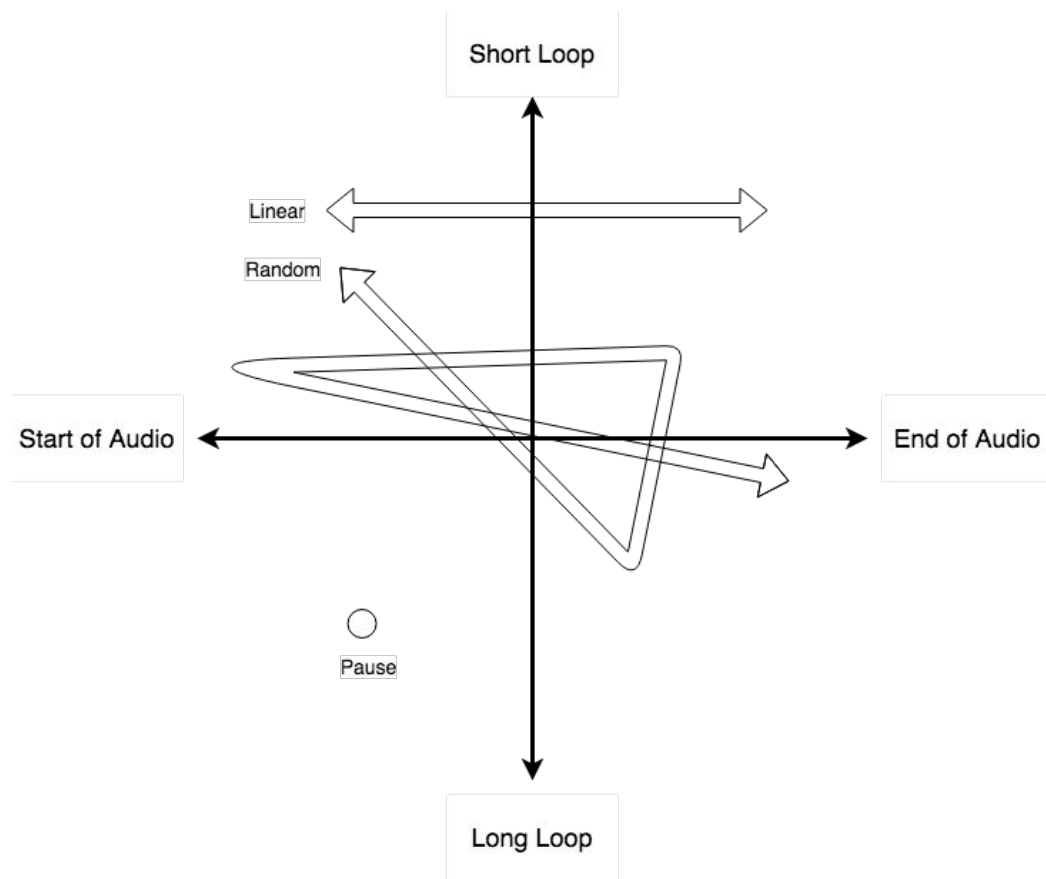
Step 2 Audio Example

Step 3. Make a Score

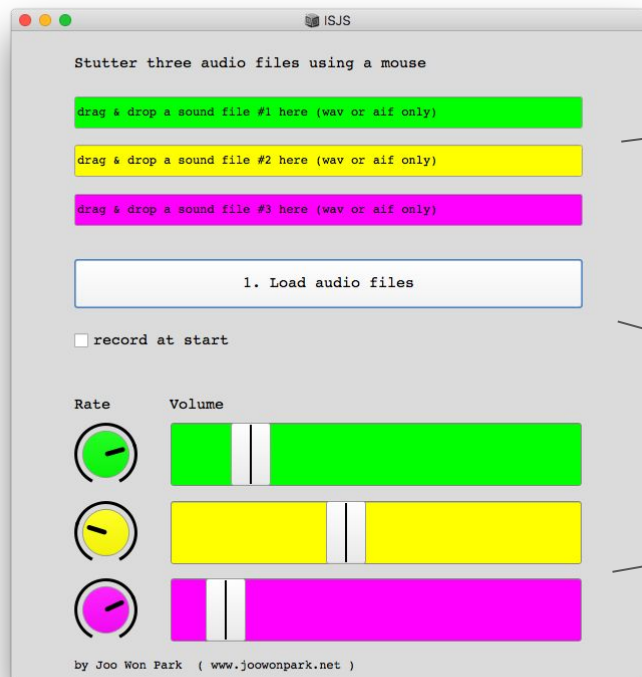
A mouse is a sole instrument for ISJS. Improvise the mouse cursor position in three different types of motions for rehearsal and performance.

1. **Pause:** Stay in one position. Focus on presenting a recognizable rhythmic pattern
2. **Linear:** Move from one point to another in a straight line. Focus on presenting a single predictable change, such as change of timbre or increase in loop duration
3. **Random:** Move randomly. Focus on presenting unpredictable, abrupt gestures

Take freedom in the speed of the movement. Find coordinates of the Pauses that would work well. End in a Pause position



Step 4. Make a GUI



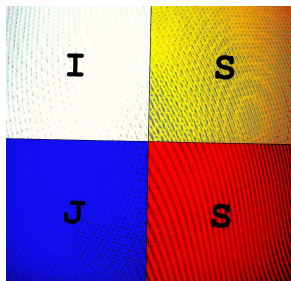
`~buff=Buffer.read(s,"drag-dropped file path");
~buff2=Buffer.read(s,"drag-dropped file path");
~buff3=Buffer.read(s,"drag-dropped file path");`

`Synth("iPlayBack",[aamp,Volume,\arate,Rate,\apan,R(-1,1)]);
Synth("iPlayBack2",[aamp,Volume,\arate,Rate,\apan,R(-1,1)]);
Synth("iPlayBack3",[aamp,Volume,\arate,Rate,\apan,R(-1,1)]);`

Inspiration & Albums

Modell 5

by [Granular Synthesis](#) & [Akemi Takeya](#)



What's Before/Next

[RMHS : Ambient Sound Generator](#)

[SIOE: Sample Supercut Remixer](#)

[APG: Audio Palindrome Generator](#)

Contact joowon@joowonpark.net if you have questions or see errors.