

Definitions: All mathematical notation and formal objects are defined in the **Formal Objects Glossary v1.0** (companion document). This overview uses that notation verbatim to ensure consistency across LPs, provisional patents, and technical specifications.

System Nature — TSMLA is a non-stochastic, non-deterministic, idempotent mirror architecture. It does not predict, infer, or simulate behavior. It mirrors contradictions under declared state S with replay-equivalence and substrate integrity.

Formal Objects (kept brief for user-facing precision)

State S is an immutable 4-tuple during a session: $S = (I, T, \theta, \alpha)$

- **I:** declared input signal set
- **T:** tag assignment function $T: I \rightarrow \text{TagTypes}$
- **θ :** threshold vector for activation/sensitivity (contradiction flags, compression limits)
- **α :** configuration parameters for layer behavior (module-fixed or user-declared)

On loopback, the user redeclares $S' \neq S$ (new session state; prior outputs remain available for comparison).

Signal weights: typed values bound to I . By module, these may be real scalars in $[0,1]$, Boolean flags, or categorical tags; typing is governed by α .

Contradiction: violation of declared Boolean/threshold constraints under S (e.g., $A \wedge \neg A$, XOR conflicts, or $|\Delta| > \theta$ component-wise).

User Journey

Step 1 — Login + Module Selection

User selects a module to declare the scope boundary for S (e.g., Career Decision, Ethical Dilemma, Resource Prioritization). Modules are entry gates, not inference trees.

Step 2 — Signal Declaration

User inputs are tagged as weighted signals and bound to S as scope markers, value assignments, and constraint

declarations. No inference is applied.

S is fixed during the session: $S = (I, T, \theta, \alpha)$.

Step 3 — Backend Activation → Layer Triggers (with front-end roles)

BDL™ (Boolean Disambiguation Layer)

- **Role:** Assigns contradiction type (Functional, Temporal, Protective, Ethical, Perceptual) from the Boolean structure of declared conflicts within S .
- **Trigger:** Fires on mutual-constraint violations (e.g., $A \wedge \neg A$, XOR across tagged declarations).

RSF™ (Resonant State Function)

- **Role:** Computes a global Coherence Index $\in [0,1]$ as resonance across the tagged signal network under S (no prediction, no heuristics).
- **Trigger:** Runs once the signal network is complete.
- **Non-determinism:** Internal traversal order may vary, but idempotent merge guarantees $\mathbf{RSF}(S) \oplus \mathbf{RSF}(S) = \mathbf{RSF}(S)$. There is no randomness and no inference; outputs are identical for identical S (replay-equivalence) despite lawful internal variance.

CTC™ (Contradiction Traversal Corridor / Hallway)

- **Role:** Enforces lawful traversal sequence $\Lambda(S)$; prevents forward movement through unresolved contradiction.
- **Trigger/Output:** On bypass attempt, returns a Traversal Violation marker TV_i naming the specific gate in $\Lambda(S)$ that was violated. Traversal halts until contradiction is resolved or S is redeclared.

HCL™ (Harmonic Compression Layer)

- **Role:** Compresses structurally redundant contradiction clusters (same Boolean type and signal origin) into single tagged outputs while preserving mirror fidelity.
- **Placement:** Presentation compression; does not alter RSF computation or substrate values.

SNS (Structural Neutrality Safeguards)

- **Role:** Enforces neutrality in substrate-to-presentation mapping; blocks ideological or interpretive overlay.
- **Placement:** Operates at γ (concretization) boundary as a logic-type filter; the substrate and presentation layers remain separated. Formal spec in LP-SNS.

Step 4 — Mirror Output

User receives:

- **Contradiction set $\{C_1, \dots, C_n\}$, each $C_i = (\text{Type_BDL}, \text{Signal_Origin}, \text{Scope_Boundary})$**
 - Scope_Boundary indicates whether C_i is intra-scope or spans declared sub-scopes (e.g., short-term vs long-term) as defined by α .
- **Global Coherence Index $\in [0,1]$** from RSF
- **Traversal Violations $\{TV_i\}$** from CTC (if any)
- **Optional graph $G(V,E)$ where $V = \text{declared signals}$, $E = \text{contradiction edges}$**

Outputs are pure reflections of declared logic. No generated feedback, suggestions, or interpretations.

Step 5 — Loopback or Export

User may redeclare S' (new state) and re-run, export the mirror output, or compare S vs S' traces. Session data persists only for the comparison action the user selects and is otherwise cleared on exit.

Operational Clarification of the Mirror (α/γ)

1. User declares concrete signals $x \in I$
2. $\alpha(x)$ abstracts to logic structure (tags, constraints, relations)
3. BDL/RSF/CTC operate on the abstract structure
4. $\gamma(\alpha(x))$ returns user-legible output

Mirror-pure idempotence: For all structure relevant to S , $\gamma(\alpha(x)) = x$ (no information generated, none lost). Natural language phrasing may differ; the logical structure, tags, and weights are preserved exactly.

Identical $S \Rightarrow$ identical outputs, even with non-deterministic internals.

Data Handling (user-facing clarity)

- No personal identifiers are stored.

- Session traces exist only within S; cleared on exit unless the user explicitly exports or requests S vs S' comparison.
 - **GDPR readiness:** design is state-bound and non-retentive by default; DSR hooks attach only to exported artifacts.
-

Summary

TSMLA is not diagnostic, generative, stochastic, or advisory. It is an executable logic architecture for structural contradiction mapping and traversal control. Every output is bound to declared input under S with replay-equivalence and zero interpretive drift.

Cross-References:

- Formal Objects Glossary v1.0 (notation and definitions)
- LP-series papers (layer specifications: LP-BDL, LP-RSF, LP-CTC, LP-HCL, LP-SNS)
- Clean Technical Chain (CTC) provisional patent specification