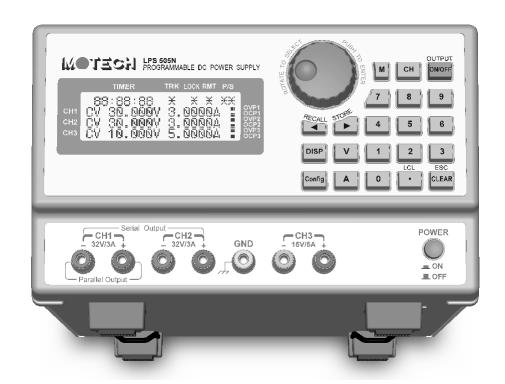
# LPS 505N Programmable DC Power Supply User's Manual





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### \*\* Storage. Freight. Maintenance. Disposal \*\*

### Storage

When don't use the device, please pack it properly and store under a good environment.

(The packing is no needed when the device under appropriate environment.)

### **Freight**

Please use the original packing material when move the device. If the packing material is missing, please use the equivalent buffer material to pack and mark it fragile and waterproof to avoid the device damage during movement. The device is precision equipment, please use qualified transportation as possible. And, please avoid heavy hitting to damage the device.

### Maintenance

There is no maintenance operation for the general user (except for the note in the manual). Please contact our company or agent when the device occurred the user judgment abnormal. Don't maintain by yourself to avoid occurred unnecessary danger and serious damage to the device.

### Disposal

When the device in badly condition and can't be used or repaired, please discard it according to your company disposal procedures or local legal procedures. Don't discard arbitrary to avoid polluting environment.

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# 1. Introduction

### 1.1 An Overview of the Product

Motech LPS 505N is a programmable DC power supply with three (3) outputs that channel 1 and channel 2 are linear power supply and channel 3 is a switching mode power supply. LPS 505N comes with 12 bits resolution. The maximum total output power is 222 watts with both channel 1 and channel 2 providing 96 watts each (0 ~ 32V/3A) and channel 3 providing 30 watts (0 ~ 15V/5A). For the channel 3, the maximum output power is 30 watts. When the output voltage is set to 6 volts or less, the output current can be up to 5A. If the output voltage is set above 6 volts then the maximum output current depends on the output voltage setting and the maximum output power of 30 watts. This is a unique feature and it differs from other traditional power supplies. For the channel 1 and channel 2, they can be put in parallel mode if the output current is required to drive more than 3A. Also, they can be put in serial mode if the output voltage is required to provide more than 32V. Tracking function is a convenient feature that is also provided to meet general applications. The LPS 505N has a rotary and numeric keypads for user to manipulate this electronic instrument easily. The LPS 505N provides a memory space enough to store 100 configurations that can be recalled later after saving. This feature offers an easy way to restore the application setting. There is a build-in timer (1 sec~100 hrs) that can be used to control when to switch off the output power. This feature provides an extra safety for burning room and electroplating applications. The LPS 505N also provides over voltage protection (OVP) and over current protection (OCP) features used to keep the output voltage and current within the safety level preventing the target from the damage caused by the over current. The key lock feature is added to avoid accidentally wrong setting to the LPS 505N. When the input power and the load change, the LPS 505N provides a stable output with the load and line regulation within 0.01% and the transient time less than 50 us. When in remote mode, the LPS 505N may output a new setting in 50 ms after receive a command. This quick response time may increase the throughput on the mass production lines.

# 1.2 Features

### 1. Triple output:

Voltage Ranges :  $0 \sim 32V$  (CH1&CH2) /  $0 \sim 15V$  (CH3) Current Ranges :  $0 \sim 3A$  (CH1&CH2) /  $0 \sim 5A$  (CH3)

### Power Ranges : 0 ~ 96W (CH1&CH2) / 0 ~ 30W (CH3)

The maximum output current of channel 3 basically depends on the output voltage setting and the maximum output power of 30 watts. However, it is limited to 5A maximum. For example, if the output voltage of the channel 3 is set to 15V, then the maximum output current is 2A. If the output voltage is set to 6V, then the output current could be up to 5A. However, if the output voltage is set to 3V, the output current will still keep within 5A because of the maximum output current limit.

### 2. Digital rotary, number key, function key setting:

The rotary can be used to change the output voltage rapidly. Simulate the surge of the voltage output. It provides the solution for the trigger circuit testing. User can set up output voltage by numeric keypads too. It differs from original VR adjusting. Function keys provide users operation more friendly and easily.

### 3. Precious measurement on voltage & current:

In addition to the precise outputs, LPS 505N provides voltage and current measurements (read back). Users can reduce the measurement equipment budget and space.

### 4. Memory and timer function:

LPS 505N provides a memory space to store 100 settings that can be easily recalled. This feature makes the restoration of the previous settings quickly and friendly. The LPS 505N has two (2) timers with resolution of 1 second and 1 millisecond respectively. The timers are used to time the outputs. When the timer counts down to zero the LPS 505N will automatically turn the output off. This feature is useful when the LPS 505N is providing the power to the targets in the burning room. Also it can be used to precisely control the output current down to millisecond duties for electroplate applications.

### 5. OVP, OCP & lock protection function:

The over voltage protection (OVP) and over current protection (OCP) features limit the maximum output current and voltage to avoid damages to the target when doing experimentations in a laboratory. The key lock feature disables all keys except the CLR key. It prevents the LPS 505N from the accidentally wrong setting and then avoids the damages to the target.

### 6. Series, parallel mode:

In serial mode, CH1/CH2 can output maximum 64V with positive/negative output. It can be used for OP circuit design. In parallel mode, CH1/CH2 can output 6A maximum.

### 7. Dual tracking:

Users only needs to setup CH1 output voltage and current, LPS 505N will output the same voltage/current at CH2. This is convenient to test two samples at the same time.

# 2. Specification

	505N		
CH1 & CH2	CH3		
0~32V	0~15V		
0~3A	0~5A		
06///	30W		
9000	3000		
+ offset)			
0.01%	+ 2mV		
0.01% +	- 300uA		
: + offset)			
≤3mV	≤5mV		
0.01% +	- 300uA		
Hz)			
700uVrms / 7mVpp	1mVrms / 20mVpp		
<1mA	<5mA		
10mV / 1mA	10mV / 2mA		
10mV / 1mA	3mV / 2mA		
Programming Accuracy ±(% of output + offset)			
0.05% + 20mV	0.05% + 6mV		
0.05% + 3mA	0.05% + 4mA		
tput + offset)			
0.05% + 20mV	0.05% + 6mV		
0.05% + 3mA	0.05% + 4mA		
±(% of output + offset)			
<0.1%	+ 3mV		
<0.2% + 2mA			
out + offset)			
0.1% +	· 40mV		
<50uS			
mperature ±(% of output	+ offset) , 8hrs		
<0.2%	+ 2mV		
<0.1%	+ 1mA		
	0~32V 0~3A 96W  + offset)  0.01% 0.01% + 4 + offset)  ≤3mV 0.01% + 1z)  700uVrms / 7mVpp <1mA  10mV / 1mA 10mV / 1mA 10mV / 1mA 10mV / 1mA 2 output + offset) 0.05% + 20mV 0.05% + 3mA 2 put + offset) 0.05% + 3mA 3 ±(% of output + offset) <0.1% <0.2% 0ut + offset) 0.1% + <50 mperature ±(% of output <0.2%		

Voltage Programming Speed		
Rising Time at Full Load	3mSec	
Rising Time at No Load	3mSec	
Falling Time at Full Load	8mSec	
Falling Time at No Load	250mSec	
General		
AC Line Input Voltage Ranges	115/220 VAC ± 10% (50/60Hz)	
Temperature Ratings	Operating( 0°C~40°C) , Storage (-10°C~70°C)	
Common-Mode Voltage	±240Vdc	
Dimensions ( W×H×D )mm	(216 × 135 × 432)	
Weight	6.5 kg	

### LPS 505N Features:

- LCD display, triple independent output and display on LCD
- CH3 auto-ranging output
- Low Ripple, Low Noise
- Number and function key
- Store and recall settings (100)
- Timer (1 sec ~ 100 hours)
- Precise voltage and current measurement
- OVP, OCP and key lock
- Serial and parallel mode
- Dual Tracking Mode
- Average measurement time 50m sec
- Standard RS232, USB interface
- Optional Interface: GPIB, LAN, and I/O Port

# 3. Notices before Using

# 3.1 Confirm Attachment before Using

Please follows the below items to protect your rights as you receive this instrument.

- 1. If there is ruin or scratch bad condition on product overlook.
- 2. The standard attachment as table 7-1, please confirm if there is any missing.
- If above conditions, please inform us for prompt service.

# 3.2 The Description of Using

The tester is an accurate instrument. Please read through this manual to prevent improper operation and arbitrary using from causing this instrument damaged. Please calibrate once a year for keeping accuracy.

### 3.3 Ambient Environment

- 1. Do not use this instrument in an environment with dusts, vibrating, and corrosive gas and do not explore this machine directly to the sunlight. Please use this instrument in an environment that the ambient temperature is in 0~40°C and the relative humidity is in 20%~80%. If the temperature is over 40°C, please don't use temporary until the temperature is back to normal to avoid the unit damaged caused by the over temperature.
- 2. The tester is equipped with a cooling fan on the rear panel to keep the internal temperature down, so adequate ventilation should be ensured. The tester should be located at least 10cm from any object or wall behind it. Do not block the ventilation holes to keep the tester in good precision.
- 3. The tester has been carefully designed to prevent the noise from the AC power source. However, it should be used in the noise-free environment as low as possible. If noise is inevitable, please install a power filter.

# 3.4 Storage

The tester should be stored within the temperature range -10°C~70°C, the relative humidity 80% RH. If the unit is not to be in use for a long time, please store it in the original or similar package and keep it from direct sunlight and humidity.

# 3.5 Power-Line Voltage

The tester is an instrument which uses AC power 115V/220V 50Hz/60Hz. Before plugging in the power cord, make sure the power switch is in the off position and the voltage of the rear panel is the same as the required voltage.

### 3.6 Fuse

There is one fuse installed in the rear panel. When replacing the fuse, please notice the following:

- 1. Please turn off the power and disconnect the AC power cord and all the other connections to the power supply.
- 2. The checking of fuse can't sure with the eyes, the testing value under  $15\Omega$  is normal.
- 3. When replacing the fuse, the cap jut out the rear panel on fuse stand using flat type screwdriver or pressing softly by hand.

Mark	Center Voltage	Range	Fuse
115	115V	100V~125V	Slow
220	220V	200V~250V	Slow

### Warning:

For continues protection against fire hazard, replace only with the same type and rating of fuse as specified.

# 3.7 Warming Up

This tester activates at power on. However, in order to meet the accuracy in the specification, please warm it up for 30 minutes or longer.

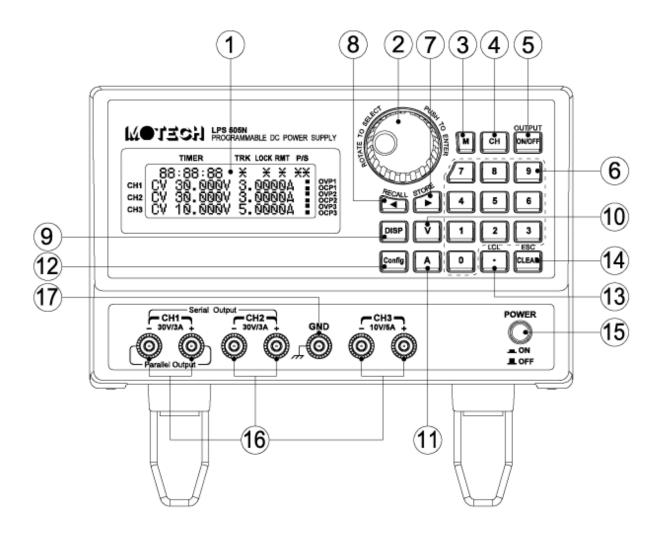
### 3.8 End Test

When tests are done and the tester is not in use or need to leave for a while during usage, make sure to turn off the power switch.

# 4. Panel Description

# 4.1 LPS 505N Panel Description

### **4.1.1 Front Panel Description**



(1) Display:

Display is a 20x4 yellow green backlight LCD

(2) Rotary(ENTER):

Rotary can adjust voltage and current. Users can press it as ENTER function.

(3) M:

Press M key to enter the memory function. Users can then select one (1) from the 100 memories to store or recall the configuration by pressing the STORE or RECALL key.

(4) CH:

Selecting CH1/CH2/CH3

(5) ON/OFF:

This keypad is used to turn the output power on or off.

(6) Number Key:

Input number by number key. To set the voltage or current, press the "V" or "A" key after the number input.

(7) ►(STORE):

This keypad has two (2) functions. When the output is on, this key is used to move the cursor to select the digit to be adjusted. Users then adjust the digit by turning the rotary. When in memory function, this keypad is used to store the current configuration into the memory simply by pressing it.

(8) **◄**(RECALL):

This keypad has two (2) functions also. When the output is on, press this key to move the cursor to the selected digit and then turning the rotary to adjust the value of the digit. When in memory function, by pressing this key to recall a stored configuration from the memory.

(9) DISP:

Press this key to select the display to show the voltage/current or power/resistance readout.

(10) V(Voltage):

Press this key to set voltage after number input.

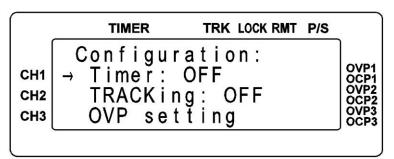
(11) A(Current):

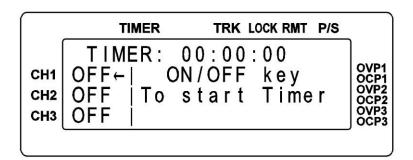
Press this key to set current after number input.

(12) Config:

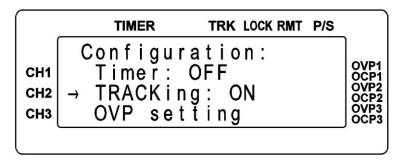
Press this key to enter the configuration setting. There 16 items to be set in this mode.

1. Timer: The initial value is OFF. Press the rotary to enter timer configuration.

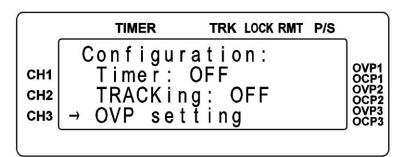


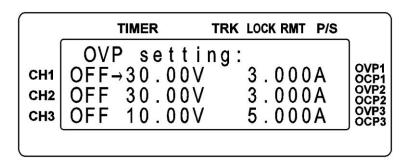


- A. Using rotary or **◄** ► to move the cursor onto the digit and input the number. Timer: 00:00:00 (HH:MM:SS)
- B. Switching CH1/CH2/CH3 by press CH key. Then press rotary to switch ON/OFF
- C. Start Timer when press ON/OFF key
- D. Press rotary + CLEAR to pause the timer. Restart by repeating the same step
- 2. TRACKING: The initial value is OFF, switch to ON by pressing the rotary. The CH2 will have the same voltage and current setting as the CH1.

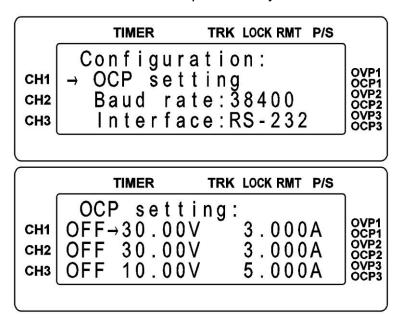


3. OVP setting: Over voltage protection. Press the rotary to enter OVP Configuration. Press "CH" to select CH1/CH2/CH3. Users can press ON/OFF to enable or disable OVP and input the voltage value via the number keys. Please remember to press rotary to save the settings.

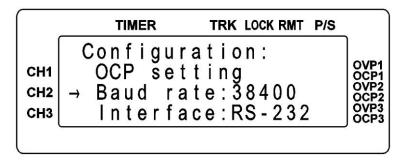




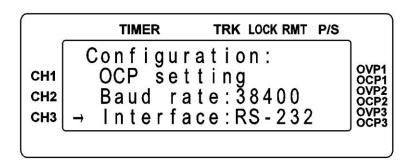
4. OCP setting: Over current protection. Press rotary to enter OCP Configuration. Press "CH" to select CH1/CH2/CH3. Users can press ON/OFF to enable or disable OCP and input current value via the number keys. Please remember to press rotary to save the settings.



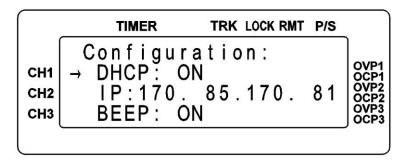
5. Baud rate: Transmission speed. Users can select baud rate for 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 by rotary.



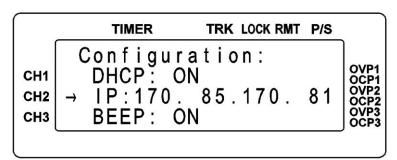
6. Interface: Transmission interface. Users can select RS232, USB, GPIB (Optional), LAN Port (Optional) by using rotary.



7. DHCP: This parameter is for LAN port setting. The default value is "OFF" mode. You may change the mode by press the rotary. At DHCP "ON" mode, a dynamic IP address can be obtained from the server.

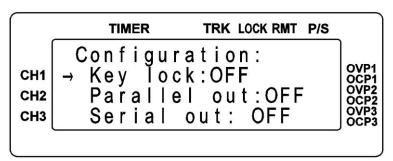


8. IP\*\*\*.\*\*\*.\*\*\*: When the DHCP is off, it needs to set an IP address for the LPS 505N if LAN is selected. Users may use the ◀▶ keypads to locate the cursor and then use the number keypads to key-in the right IP address.

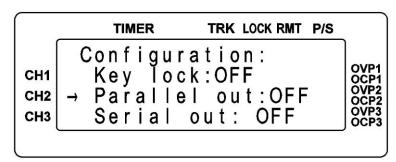


9. BEEP: Buzzer. Press rotary to switch the buzzer on or off.

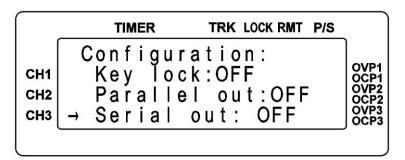
10. Key lock: Key lock function. The initial value is OFF. Press rotary to turn on key lock function. All keys are disabled except Rotary + CLEAR can disable the key lock.



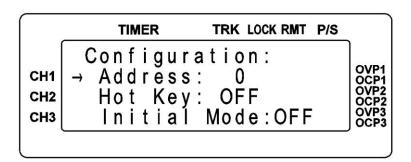
11. Parallel out: Parallel output. The initial value is OFF. Press rotary to turn on parallel output. The total output current is 6A because the CH1 and CH2 are connected parallelized.



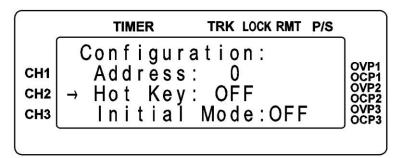
12. Serial out: Serial output. The initial value is OFF. Press rotary to turn on serial output. The total output voltage is 64V because the CH1 and CH2 are connected serialized.



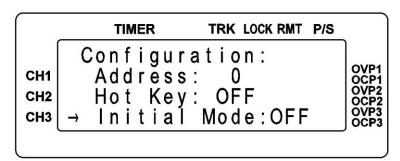
13. Address: GPIB address setting. Acceptable range is 00~31. Users can input the number and press rotary to save the settings.



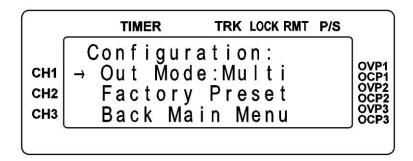
14. Hot Key: Express function key. The initial value is OFF. Press rotary to turn on hot key. The users can recall the correspondent settings from the memory via input 0~9.



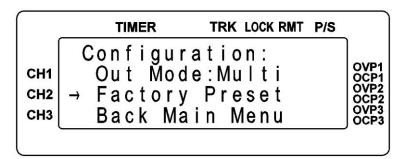
15. Initial Mode: Memorize the settings before the instrument shutdown. The initial value is OFF. Press rotary to turn on the function. When the function is enable, all setting will be saved before the instrument shutdown and recalled after the instrument power on.



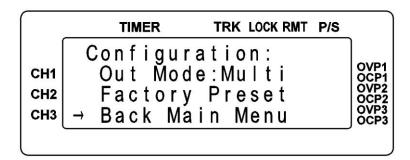
16.Out Mode: Output mode. The initial value is single. Press rotary to switch to multi mode. In the multi mode, CH1/CH2/CH3 output on or off will synchronize by press the ON/OFF key.



17. Factory Preset: Reset to default settings



18. Back Main Menu: Quit configuration and save the settings



PS: Setting will be saved, after the last item (16. Back Main Menu) is entered.

### (13) . (LCL):

Use as a decimal point. Or, users can press the key to reset to LOCAL mode when in REMOTE connection.

(14) CLEAR(ESC):

Clear the number input. Or, back to the previous display.

(15) Power Switch(POWER ON/OFF)

Power switch, **■** is OFF, **■** is ON. Please read **Notices before Using** before power on.

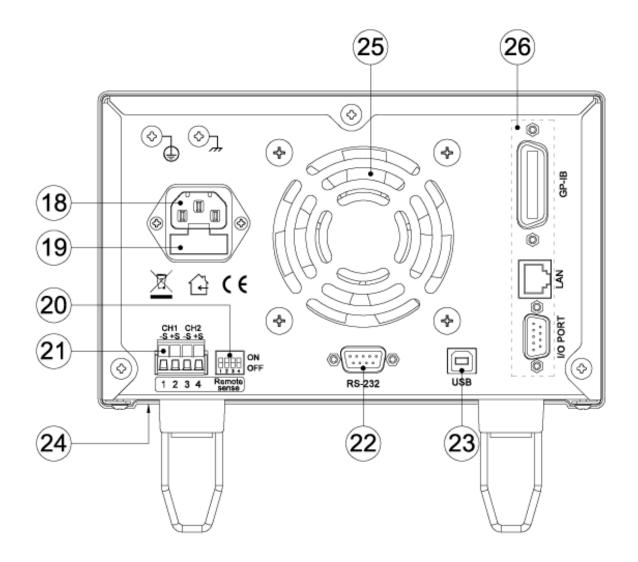
(16) CH1/CH2/CH3 Power Output:

Please recognize the mark on front panel and notice the positive and negative pole.

(17) GND:

Connected to the ground. Please note that the power core has the third pin, or it will not work.

### 4.1.2 Rear Panel Description



### (18) AC Power Input:

The plug connected to the AC source. It uses for 115V/220V.

### (19) Fuse:

The fuse used for power source. When the switch set to 115V, using 5A slow fuse; set to 220V, using 2.5A slow fuse.

(20) Remote Sense/Local Sense dip switch: (PPS 3210 only)
When the switch set to ON, it becomes to local sense mode, which means positive pole connect to +Sense, negative pole connect to

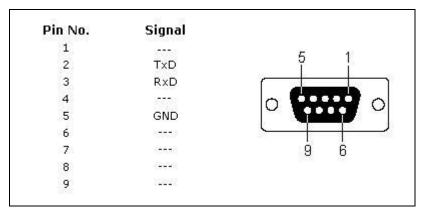
-Sense. When the switch set to OFF, it becomes to remote sense mode. It has voltage compensation when it collaborate with ±Sense.

### (21) CH1 ±S / CH2 ± S: (PPS 3210 only)

When the switch set to OFF, it becomes to local sense mode. It has voltage compensation when it collaborates with ±Sense. CH1 +Sense and positive pole connect to DUT positive pole. CH1 -Sense and negative pole connect to DUT negative pole.

### (22) RS232 Interface

Using pin-to-pin cable to connect with PC, the pin defination as follow:



### (23) USB Interface

(24) 115V/220V Power switch (At the bottom of the instrument near the front panel)

### (25) Cooling Fan:

Depends on the current of the load, it will adjust the rotation speed of the fan. It is a fuzzy fan.

### (26) Optional Interface:

There are GPIB, LAN, I/O port.

# 5. Operation Setting

# 5.1 Voltage Setting

Press "CH" to select channel, there are CH1/CH2/CH3 to choose. (Please follow the \* sign in the left side of the LCD) Use the number key to input the voltage. And, press "V" to finish the setting. The voltage will be set immediately.

-	TIMER	TRK LOCK RMT P/S	
CH1	30V OFF*30.00V	3.000A	OVP1
CH2 CH3	OFF 10.01V OFF 5.00V	3.000A 3.000A	OVP2 OCP2 OVP3 OCP3

# 5.2 Current Setting

Press "CH" to select Channel, there are CH1/CH2/CH3 to choose. (Please follow the \* sign in the left side of the LCD) Use the number key to input the current. And, press "A" to finish the setting. The current will be set immediately.

	TIMER	TRK LOCK RMT P/S	
CH1	3A OFF*30 00V	3.000A	OVP1
CH2 CH3	OFF *30.00V OFF 10.01V OFF 5.00V	3.000A 3.000A	OVP2 OCP2 OVP3
Ono	011 3.000	3.000A	OCP3

# 5.3 **OVP**

Press "Config" to enter Configuration display, adjust rotary or ◀▶ to move the cursor to OVP setting. Press rotary to enter OVP setting display. Users can press "CH" to select channel of setting. (Please follow the \* sign in the left side of the LCD) Press the ON/OFF key to choose enable or disable. Use the number key to input the voltage. Please remember to press rotary to finish the setting.

# 5.4 OCP

Press "Config" to enter Configuration display, adjust rotary or ◀▶ to move the

cursor to OCP setting. Press rotary to enter OCP setting display. Users can press "CH" to select channel of setting. (Please follow the  $\rightarrow$  sign in the left side of the LCD) Press the ON/OFF key to choose enable or disable. Use the number key to input the current. Please remember to press rotary to finish the setting.

# 5.5 Rotary Controller (output on)

When output is on, users can adjust the voltage by rotary. Press ◀ or ▶ key to adjust the cursor position. Adjust the voltage by rotary. If users want to change channel, just press "CH". This provides a convenient testing tool when users are observing the variation of the voltage.

TIMER	TRK LOCK RMT P/S	
СН1 СН2 СН2 СН3 СН3 СН3 СН3 СН3 СН3 СН3 СН3 СН4 СН5 СН5 СН5 ОFF 10.01V	0.000A 3.000A 3.000A	OVP1 OCP1 OVP2 OCP2 OVP3 OCP3

# 6. Remote Interface Protocol and Package Mode

Communication protocol includes MOTECH and SCPI instructions Protocol.

### 6.1 Preface

SCPI interface provides users to operate the power supply by connecting to PC via IEEE-488.2 or RS-232 interface. It also allows users to control and monitor the instrument remotely. SCPI IEEE-488 supports multiple power supply to control. (Max. 32 set)

### 6.2 Definition of Parameters

Туре	Valid arguments
<boolean></boolean>	"ON" or 1, "OFF" or 0
<nr1></nr1>	The data format <nr1> is defined in IEEE-488.2 for integers.</nr1>
	Zero, positive and negative integer numeric values are valid data.
<nrf></nrf>	The data format <nrf> is defined in IEEE-488.2 for flexible</nrf>
	Numeric Representation. Zero, positive and negative floating point numeric values are some examples of valid data.
<string></string>	Characters enclosed by single or double quotes
<nl></nl>	New line, Hex code is 0x0Ah
<rtn></rtn>	Return, Hex code is 0x0Dh
<end></end>	End or identify

**Note:** All commands shall be ended with the <NL> and <Rtn>. And there shall be a space between the command and the parameter.

For example, to set the GPIB address of 10 to a PPS 3210. The command line is as follows:

### ADDR 10<NL><Rtn>

**Note:** The <NL> and <Rtn> are not presented in the following examples and command descriptions. However, users shall add them to the end of each command when doing the coding.

# 6.3 Error/Event Queue

The SCPI maintains an Error/Event Queue as defined by SCPI. The queue holds up to 10 errors and events. It is queried by using the system: error? command which reads in a First In/First Out (FIFO) manner. The read operation removes the entry from the queue. The \*CLS command will clear all entries from the queue.

### **Error Description** -000 No error -002 **GET** not allowed -003 Parameter not allowed -005 Command Header Error -010 Numeric data error -011 Invalid character in number -013 Too many digits -014 Numeric data not allowed -016 Invalid suffix -020 Invalid character data -030 Invalid expression -035 Macro parameter error -056 Timer currently running -058 Timer syntax error -059 Cannot create timer -060 Password error -088 Media protected **Expression Error** -089 -100 Program error -101 Cannot create program Program currently running -104 -105 Program syntax error -106 Program runtime error -108 Syntax error -109 Data type error -110 Input voltage overwrite error -111 Input current overwrite error

# **6.4 Compatible MOTECH LPS and PPS Protocol**

Command	Description
ADDRess	set the address of the machine
ADDRess?	return the address current setting
BEEP	set beep on(1) or off(0)
CALi?	calibration procedure
CURR[1]	channel 1 current setting
CURR[1]?	return channel 1 current setting
CURR2	channel 2 current setting
CURR2?	return channel 2 current setting
CURR3	channel 3 current setting
CURR3?	return channel 3 current setting
CURRENT[1]	channel 1 current setting
CURRENT[1]?	return channel 1 current setting
CURRENT2	channel 2 current setting
CURRENT2?	return channel 2 current setting
CURRENT3	channel 3 current setting
CURRENT3?	return channel 3 current setting
HOTKey	set hot key function, on(1) or off(0)
IOUT[1][?]	channel 1 current readback
IOUT2[?]	channel 2 current readback
IOUT3[?]	channel 3 current readback
ISET[1]	channel 1 current setting
ISET[1][?]	return channel 1 current setting
ISET2	channel 2 current setting
ISET2?	return channel 2 current setting
ISET3	channel 3 current setting
ISET3?	return channel 3 current setting
LOCK	set rotary and keypad lock on(1) or off(0)
MODEL?	display model number.
OCP[1]	set channel 1 current protect to off(0) or on(1)
OCP2	set channel 2 current protect to off(0) or on(1)
OCP3	set channel 3 current protect to off(0) or on(1)
OISET[1]	set channel 1 overcurrent protect
OISET[1]?	return channel 1 overcurrent value
OISET2	set channel 2 overcurrent protect
0.0212	ost officialion 2 ovoroditorit protoot

OISET2? return channel 2 overcurrent value
OISET3 set channel 3 overcurrent protect
OISET3? return channel 3 overcurrent value
OUT[1] set channel 1 output on(1) or off(0)
OUT2 set channel 2 output on(1) or off(0)
OUT3 set channel 3 output on(1) or off(0)

OVP[1] set channel 1 voltage protect to off(0) or on(1)
OVP2 set channel 2 voltage protect to off(0) or on(1)
OVP3 set channel 3 voltage protect to off(0) or on(1)

OVSET[1] set channel 1 overvoltage protect OVSET[1]? return channel 1 overvoltage value OVSET2 set channel 2 overcurrent protect OVSET2? return channel 2 overcurrent value OVSET3 set channel 3 overcurrent protect OVSET3? return channel 3 overcurrent value **PARAllel** set parallel output on(1) or off(0) **SERial** set seial output on(1) or off(0) STATUS? current NLPS working status

TRACK set CH2=CH1

VERSION? display version NO.

VOLT[1] channel 1 voltage setting

VOLT[1]? return channel 1 voltage setting

VOLT2 channel 2 voltage setting

VOLT2? return channel 2 voltage setting

VOLT3 channel 3 voltage setting

VOLT3? return channel 3 voltage setting

VOLTAGE[1] channel 1 voltage setting

VOLTAGE[1]? return channel 1 voltage setting

VOLTAGE2 channel 2 voltage setting

VOLTAGE2? return channel 2 voltage setting

VOLTAGE3 channel 3 voltage setting

VOLTAGE3? return channel 3 voltage setting
VOUT[1][?] channel 1 voltage readback
VOUT2[?] channel 2 voltage readback
VOUT3[?] channel 3 voltage readback
VSET[1] channel 1 voltage setting

VSET[1]? return channel 1 voltage setting

VSET2 channel 2 voltage setting

VSET2? return channel 2 voltage setting

VSET3 channel 3 voltage setting

VSET3? return channel 3 voltage setting

### example:

### Q1. How to set the GPIB address?

ADDR 10 ==> address is 10 ADDRESS 5 ==> address is 5

ADDR 70 ==> address is out of maximum value, refer

to error code

Q2. How to set beep?

BEEP 1 ==> set beep to on BEEP off ==> set beep to off

### Q3. How to set voltage?

VSET 10 ==> set channel 1 voltage to 10V VSET2 5.123 ==> set channel 2 voltage to 5.123V VOLT3 3.3V ==> set channel 3 voltage to 3.3V

VOLTAGE1 35 ==> set channel 1 voltage to 35V is fail,

because out of range

### Q4. How to read the voltage setting value?

VSET? ==> return channel 1 voltage setting
VSET2? ==> return channel 2 voltage setting

### Q5. How to set current?

ISET 1.1 ==> set channel 1 current to 1.1A
ISET2 2.1A ==> set channel 2 current to 2.1A
CURR3 4.3022 ==> set channel 3 current to 4.3022A
CURRENT1 0.250 ==> set channel 1 current to 250mA

### Q6. How to read the current setting value?

ISET? ==> return channel 1 current setting ISET2? ==> return channel 2 current setting

### Q7. How to read the voltage output value?

VOLT3? ==> return channel 3 voltage output
VOLTAGE1? ==> return channel 1 voltage output
VOUT2? ==> return channel 2 voltage output
vOUT? ==> return channel 1 voltage output

### Q8. How to read the current output value?

CURR3? ==> return channel 3 current output
CURRENT1? ==> return channel 1 current output
IOUT2? ==> return channel 2 current output
==> return channel 1 current output

### Q9. How to set the tracking mode?

TRACK 1 ==> CH2 = CH1
TRACK ON ==> CH2 = CH1
TRACK 0 ==> tracking off
TRACK OFF ==> tracking off

### Q10. How to set the parallel output mode?

PARA 1 ==> parallel on
PARALLEL ON ==> parallel on
PARA 0 ==> parallel off
PARALLEL OFF ==> parallel off

### Q11. How to set the serial output mode?

SER 1 ==> serial on
SERIAL ON ==> serial on
SER 0 ==> serial off
SERIAL OFF ==> serial off

### Q12. How to read back calibration parameter?

CAL? ==> return the calibration data CALI? ==> return the calibration data

### Q13. How to lock keypad and knob?

LOCK 1 ==> lock the keypad and knob LOCK ON ==> lock the keypad and knob

### Q14. How to read back address number?

ADDR?

ADDRESS?

# 6.5 SCPI Compatiable Information

The SCPI conforms to all specifications for devices as defined in IEEE-488.2 and complies with SCPI command syntax version 1995.0. Confirmed Commands are those commands which are approved commands in the SCPI 1995 Specification, Volume 2: Command Reference.

### **6.5.1 SCPI Frequent Command**

Command	Description				
*CLS	Clear status (include error code)				
*CAL?	As same as CALi? command, return calibration parameter				
*IDN?	Response: <manufacturer>, <model>, <serial number="">,</serial></model></manufacturer>				
	<pre><firmware &="" type,="" version=""></firmware></pre>				
*RCL	Recalls settings from memory. Memory numbers from 0 to 99 are				
	valid.				
*RST	Resets the power supply to its power on state.				
*SAV	1. Saves defined parameters				
	2. Saves current settings to memory. Memory numbers from 0 to				
	99 are valid.				
*WAI	Sets the device to wait until all previous commands and queries				
	are complete before executing commands following the *WAI				
	command.				

### example:

### Q15. How to save V/I to memory?

*SAV 15	==>	Saves	current	settings	to	memory
		numbei	<sup>-</sup> 15			
SAV 0	==>	Saves	current	settings	to	memory
		number 0				

### Q16. How to recall memory V/I variable to output?

\*RCL 3 ==> recall setting from memory location 3 RCL 120 ==> the data value is invalid

### Q17. How to save configuration parameters?

SAV

\*SAV

Q18. How to do the software reset procedure?

\*RST RST

Q19. How to return the device identification?

\*IDN?

### 6.5.2 SCPI Command for Subsystem

OUT[n] on/off subsystem for channel n: 1 - 3

[ state/bool] ON/1 (enable) or OFF/0 (disable) output

action

:ALL[ state/bool] ON/1 (enable) or OFF/0 (disable) output

action for all channels

:TRACK enable track mode :PARAllel enable parallel mode :SERial enable serial mode :NORMal resume normal mode

STATus status subsystem

[?] read back machine status
:ERRor[?] read back machine error code
:CCP[?] read back Iset DAC value
:CVP[?] read back Vset DAC value
:MONV[?] read back Vout DAC value
:MONI[?] read back lout DAC value

PROGram program subsystem

[ state/bool] ON/1 (enable) or OFF/0 (disable) program

action

[ n] select [n] as the program number, n range

from 0 ~ 99

:VSET[n] volt setting for channel n: 1 - 3

[ level] voltage level: 0 – 32V for ch1 and ch2, 0 –

15V for ch3

:ISET[n] current setting for channel n: 1 - 3

[ level] current level: 0 – 3A for ch1 and ch2, 0 – 5A

for ch3

:TIMER return or set up timer

[?/ hh:mm:ss]

:FASTimer set up timer for fast action

[ level] unit is millisecond, range from 4~65535ms

:NEXT next step

[?] return the next program number

:END end current program

:NEXT next program number = current program

number + 1

:JUMP[ n] jump to program number n: 0 ~ 99

:SAVe save programmable 0 ~ programmable 99

value

TIMer timer subsystem

[?] return timer setting
[ON/OFF] enable/disable timer

[ hh:mm:ss] set up timer

:TIMER? Respone current timer parameter

:PAUSE stop running the timer

MEMory memory subsystem

[ n] select [n] page memory number, n range

from 0 ~ 99

[?] read back memory page[n] parameters

:VSET[n] volt setting for channel n: 1 - 3

[ level] voltage level: 0 – 32V for ch1 and ch2, 0 –

15V for ch3

:ISET[n] current setting for channel n

[level] current level: 0 - 3A for ch1 and ch2, 0 - 5A

for ch3

:SERial? read back serial number

:PWD set up password

:PASSword

[ string] the string must be less than 15 characters

:PWD? return password

:PASSword?

:SAVE store memory subsystem parameters

CONTrol control subsystem

:LCD

[ state/bool] turn ON (1) or OFF (0) the LCD backlight :FASTREQ ON/1 (enable) or OFF/0 (disable) fast output

mode

[state/bool]

:HOTKey enable/disable hotkey mode

[state/bool]

:LOCK enable/disable keypad and rotary lock

[ state/bool]

:MONItor enable/disable monitor to send "status" & V/I

message(GPIB & LAN not support )

[state/bool]

:DHCP select DHCP command

[ state/bool] enables/disables DHCP mode

:IP select IP command

[?/ xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx] return IP address or set IP address

:CHannel select channel

[ n] channel number n: 1 - 3

:ADDRess set up GPIB address for PPS3210 [?/ n] return or set GPIB address n: 1 - 31

:DEFault resume factory preset(password protected)

:PWD enter password to verify

:PASSword

[ string] the string must be less than 15 characters :LOCAL ON disable remote mode and back to local

mode

:GPIO this command is valid when optional card

exists

[?/ level] read or set up level of GPIO pins, level: 0 -

255

:DIRection n set GPIO pins as input or output (0-input,

1-output), n: 0 - 255

GPIO	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1
Bit	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	GND	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit1	Bit 0
Value	128	64	32	16	Χ	8	4	2	1

MEASure measure subsystem for channel n: 1 - 3

:CURRent[n]? Return the floating point value of the DC

output current in amps for channel n: 1 - 3. Return the floating point value of the DC

:VOLTage[n]? Return the floating point value of the DC

output voltage in volts for channel n: 1 - 3.

:POWer[n]? Return DC output power in watts.

:RESistance[n]? Return DC output impedance in ohms.

SOURce source subsystem

:CURRent[n] Set the floating point value of the DC output

current in amps for channel n: 1 - 3.

[ level] current level: 0 – 3A for ch1 and ch2, 0 – 5A

for ch3

:PROTection over current protection (OCP)

[?/ level] return or set the over current in amps

:TRIGger trigger current protection

[ state/bool] ON/1 (enable) or OFF/0 (disable) OCP

:VOLTage[n] Sets the floating point value of the DC

output voltage in volts for channel n: 1 - 3.

[ level] voltage level: 0 – 32V for ch1 and ch2, 0 –

15V for ch3

:PROTection over voltage protection (OVP)

[?/ level] return or set the over voltage in volts

:TRIGger trigger voltage protection

[ state/bool] ON/1 (enable) or OFF/0 (disable) OVP

## example:

Q20. How to set tracking mode?

**OUT:TRACK** 

Q21. How to set serial output mode?

OUT:SER

**OUT:SERIAL** 

Q22. How to set parallel output mode?

**OUT:PARA** 

**OUT:PARALLEL** 

Q23. How to resume normal output mode?

**OUT:NORM** 

**OUT:NORMAL** 

Q24. How to read back machine status?

STATUS?

Q25. How to read back machine error code?

STAT:ERR? STATUS:ERR?

STATUS.LINIX:

STATUS:ERROR?

#### STAT: ERROR?

## Q26. How to read voltage setting DAC value?

STATUS:CVP? ==> read CVP DAC value

## Q27. How to read current setting DAC value?

STATUS:CCP? ==> read CCP DAC value

## Q28. How to read voltage DAC value?

STATUS:MONV? ==> read MONV DAC value

#### Q29. How to read current DAC value?

STATUS:MONI? ==> read MONI DAC value

## Q30. How to set all channels to synchronously output?

OUT:ALL 1 ==> tri-channel output is ON
OUT:ALL OFF ==> tri-channel output is OFF

## Q31. How to set up timer?

TIMER 00:10:00 ==> set up the timer to run for 10 minutes

TIM 99:59:59 ==> set up timer to run 99 hours 59 minutes 59

seconds and then stop

#### Q32. How to start the timer?

TIMER ON TIM ON

## Q33. How to stop the timer?

TIMER OFF

## Q34. How to read timer parameter?

TIMER? TIM?

## Q35. How to set up a program (example)?

step 1: PROG 10 ==> select program number 10, program

number shall be in 0 ~ 99.

step 2: PROG:VSET1 16V ==> set output voltage to 16v for ch1 step 3: PROG:VSET2 25V ==> set output voltage to 25v for ch2 step 4: PROG:VSET3 3.3V ==> set output voltage to 3.3v for ch3

step 5: PROG:ISET1 1A ==> set output current up to 1A for ch1
step 6: PROG:ISET2 2A ==> set output current up to 2A for ch2
step 7: PROG:ISET3 3.3A ==> set output current up to 3.3A for ch3
step 8: PROG:TIMER:00:05:00 ==> set up the run-time to 5 minutes

step 6. PROG. HIVER.00.05.00 ==> Set up the full-time to 5 minutes

step 9: PROG:NEXT:NEXT ==> next step is the next program, program number 11 in this example

:

## Q36. How to save program?

PROGRAM:SAV PROG:SAVE

## Q37. How to start program?

PROG n ==> select the program number n: 0 - 99

PROGRAM ON ==> start running the program selected in the

above command

## Q38. How to stop program?

PROG OFF

## Q39. How to read program parameter?

PROGRAM? ==> Return program parameter
PROGRAM:TIMER? ==> Return timer parameter

## Q40. How to set memory?

step 1: MEM:1 ==> select memory number which is 1 in this

example

step 2: MEM:VSET 1.5 ==> set channel 1 output voltage to 1.5 V. step 3: MEM:ISET3 5 ==> set channel 3 ouput current up to 5 A.

## Q41. How to read memory parameter?

step 1: MEM 2 ==> select memory number is 2

step 2: MEM? ==> read back memory NO.2 parameter

## Q42. How to set up GPIO direction?

GPIO	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1
Bit	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	GND	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit1	Bit 0
Value	128	64	32	16	Х	8	4	2	1

Direction: 0 – input; 1 – output

CONT:GPIO:DIRECTION 15 ==> set GPIO pin 1 ~ pin 4 as the outputs

and the pin 6 ~ pin 9 as the inputs

CONT:GPIO:DIR 16 ==> set GPIO pin 6 as the output and other

pins as the inputs

## Q43. How to read back and set up GPIO levels?

CONT:GPIO 3 ==> set GPIO pin 1 and pin 2 to output a

high level

CONT:GPIO? ==> if return a value of 96, it means the input

pin 7 and pin 8 are high and other input

pins are low

#### Q44. How to read back serial number?

MEM:SERIAL? MEMORY:SER?

## Q45. How to modify machine ID (address)?

CONTROL:ADDR 23 ==> modify id to 23 CONT:ADDRESS 09 ==> modify id to 9

## Q46. How to check password?

CONT:PASSWORD 12345 ==> enter password to verify

## Q47. How to enter or leave the monitor mode? (GPIB & LAN not support)

CONT:MONITOR ON ==> enter the monitor mode CONTROL:MONI OFF ==> exit the monitor mode

## Q48. How to change channel?

CONT:CHANNEL 1 ==> change to channel 1
CONT:CH 1 ==> change to channel 1
CONTROL:CH 2 ==> change to channel 2

## Q49. How to enter or leave lock status?

CONT:LOCK ON ==> enter lock mode CONTROL:LOCK OFF ==> exit lock mode

## Q50. How to enter or leave hotkey status?

CONT:HOTK ON ==> enter hotkey mode CONTROL:HOTKEY OFF ==> exit hotkey mode

#### Q51. How to measure current?

MEASURE:CURR1? ==> read back current 1 result
MEAS:CURRENT3? ==> read back current 3 result
MEAS:CURR3? ==> read back current 3 result
CURR1? ==> read back current 1 result
CURRENT2? ==> read back current 2 result
IOUT1? ==> read back current 1 result
read back current 2 result

#### Q52. How to measure voltage?

MEASURE:VOLT1? ==> read back voltage 1 result
MEAS:VOLTAGE3? ==> read back voltage 3 result
MEAS:VOLT3? ==> read back voltage 3 result
VOLT1? ==> read back voltage 1 result
VOLTAGE2? ==> read back voltage 2 result
VOUT1? ==> read back voltage 1 result
==> read back voltage 2 result

#### Q53. How to measure power?

MEASURE:POW1? ==> read back power for ch1
MEAS:POWER3? ==> read back power for ch3
MEAS:POW3? ==> read back power for ch3

## Q54. How to measure resistance?

MEASURE:RES1? ==> read back resistance for ch1t
MEAS:RESISTANCE3? ==> read back resistance for ch3
MEAS:RES3? ==> read back resistance for ch3

## Q55. How to set output voltage?

SOUR:VOLTAGE2 12 ==> set output voltage to 12V for channel 2. SOURCE:VOLT1 30 ==> set voltage to 30V for channel 1.

VOLT3 10 ==> set voltage to 10V for channel 3.

VOLTAGE3 5 ==> set voltage to 5V for channel 3.

VSET2 15 ==> set voltage to 15V for channel 2.

## Q56. How to set output current?

SOUR:CURRENT2 1 ==> set current to 1A for channel 2.

SOURCE:CURR1 3 ==> set current to 3A for channel 1.

CURR3 1.2 ==> set current to 1.2A for channel 3.

CURRENT3 5 ==> set current to 5A for channel 3.

ISET2 1.5 ==> set current to 1.5A for channel 2.

## Q57. How to define over voltage protection?

SOUR:VOLTAGE3:PROT 12 ==> set over voltage to 12V for channel 3. SOURCE:VOLT1:PROT 30 ==> set over voltage to 30V for channel 1. SOUR:VOLT2:PROTECTION 10 ==> set over voltage to 10V for channel 2. VOLT3:PROT 18 ==> set over voltage to 7V for channel 3. ==> set over voltage to 18V for channel 2. VOLT1:PROTECTION 27 ==> set over voltage to 27V for channel 1. VOLT:PROTECTION 25 ==> set over voltage to 25V for channel 1. OVSET2 19 ==> set over voltage to 19V for channel 2.

## Q58. How to define over current protection?

SOUR:CURRENT3:PROT 1.2 ==> set over current to 1.2A for channel 3
SOURCE:CURR1:PROT 3 ==> set over current to 3A for channel 1
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2 ==> set over current to 2A for channel 2
CURRENT3:PROT 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 3
CURR2:PROT 1.8 <NL> ==> set over current to 1.8A for channel 2
CURR1:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 1
CURR:PROTECTION 2.5 ==> set over current to 2.5A for channel 1
SOUR:CURR1:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 1
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 2.7A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 1.8A for channel 2
SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION 2.7 ==> set over current to 1.9A for channel 2

## Q59. How to read back over voltage parameter?

SOUR: VOLTAGE 3: PROT? ==> return over voltage for channel 3 SOURCE: VOLT1: PROT? ==> return over voltage for channel 1 SOUR: VOLT2: PROTECTION? ==> return over voltage for channel 2 VOLTAGE3:PROT? ==> return over voltage for channel 3 VOLT2:PROT? ==> return over voltage for channel 2 VOLT1:PROTECTION? ==> return over voltage for channel 1 VOLT:PROTECTION? ==> return over voltage for channel 1 OVSET2? ==> return over voltage for channel 2

#### Q60. How to read back over current parameter?

SOUR:CURRENT3:PROT? ==> return over current for channel 3 SOURCE:CURR1:PROT? ==> return over current for channel 1 SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION? ==> return over current for channel 2 CURRENT3:PROT? ==> return over current for channel 3 CURR2:PROT? ==> return over current for channel 2 CURR1:PROTECTION? ==> return over current for channel 1 CURR:PROTECTION? ==> return over current for channel 1 OISET2? ==> return over current for channel 2

## Q61. How to enable or disable over voltage protection (OVP)?

SOUR:VOLTAGE3:PROT:TRIG ON ==> enable OVP for channel 3. SOURCE:VOLT1:PROT:TRIG OFF =>> disable OVP for channel 1.

SOUR:VOLT2:PROTECTION:TRIG OFF

VOLTAGE3:PROT:TRIG ON

VOLT2:PROT:TRIGGER ON

VOLT1:PROTECTION:TRIG OFF

VOLT:PROTECTION:TRIG OFF

VOLT:PROTECTION:TRIG OFF

OVP2 ON

OVP3 OFF

==> disable OVP for channel 2.

==> disable OVP for channel 3.

==> disable OVP for channel 1.

==> disable OVP for channel 1.

==> disable OVP for channel 2.

==> disable OVP for channel 2.

==> disable OVP for channel 3.

## Q62. How to enable or disable over current protection (OCP)?

SOUR:CURRENT3:PROT:TRIG ON ==> enable OCP for channel 3. SOURCE:CURR1:PROT:TRIG OFF ==> disable OCP for channel 1. SOUR:CURR2:PROTECTION:TRIG OFF ==> disable OCP for channel 2. ==> enable OCP for channel 3. CURRENT3:PROT:TRIG ON **CURR2:PROT:TRIGGER ON** ==> enable OCP for channel 2. CURR1:PROTECTION:TRIG OFF ==> disable OCP for channel 1. CURR:PROTECTION:TRIG OFF ==> disable OCP for channel 1. OCP2 ON ==> enable OCP for channel 2. OCP3 OFF ==> disable OCP for channel 3.

## Q63. How to set up a program (example)?

PROG 10 ==> define program 10 PROG: ISET11 ==> set max. output current of 1A for ch1 PROG: ISET2 1 ==> set max. output current of 1A for ch2 PROG: ISET3 1 ==> set max. output current of 1A for ch3 PROG:VSET1 1 ==> set output voltage of 1V for ch1 PROG:VSET2 1 ==> set output voltage of 1V for ch2 PROG:VSET3 1 ==> set output voltage of 1V for ch3 PROG:FAST 4 ==> output above setting for 4 ms PROG:NEXT:NEXT ==> go on to program 11 PROG? ==> read back the setting of program 10 for verification PROG 11 ==> define program 11 PROG: ISET11 ==> ch1 output up to 1 A PROG: ISET2 1 ==> ch2 output up to 1 A PROG: ISET3 1 ==> ch3 output up to 1 A PROG:VSET13 ==> ch1 output 3V PROG:VSET23 ==> ch2 output 3V PROG: VSET3 3 ==> ch3 output 3V PROG:FAST 100 ==> output above seeting for 100 ms PROG:NEXT:JUMP 13 ==> jump to program 13

PROG 12 ==> define program 12

PROG:ISET1 1 ==> ch1 output up to 1 A
PROG:ISET2 1 ==> ch2 output up to 1 A
PROG:ISET3 1 ==> ch3 output up to 1 A

PROC:ISET1 5 ch3 output 5\( \)

PROG:VSET1 5 ==> ch1 output 5V PROG:VSET2 5 ==> ch2 output 5V PROG:VSET3 5 ==> ch3 output 5V

PROG:FAST 500 ==> output above setting for 500 ms

PROG:NEXT:END ==> end the program

PROG 13 ==> define program 13
PROG:ISET1 1 ==> ch1 output up to 1 A
PROG:ISET2 1 ==> ch2 output up to 1 A
PROG:ISET3 1 ==> ch3 output up to 1 A

PROG:VSET1 7 ==> ch1 output 7V PROG:VSET2 7 ==> ch2 output 7V PROG:VSET3 7 ==> ch3 output 7V

PROG:FAST 1000 ==> output the setting of program 13 for 1

second

PROG:NEXT:JUMP 12 ==> jump to program 12

#### Q64. How to enable or disable DHCP?

CONT:DHCP ON ==> enable DHCP
CONTROL:DHCP 1 ==> disable DHCP
CONT:DHCP 0 ==> disable DHCP
CONTROL:DHCP OFF ==> disable DHCP

## Q65. How to get the IP address?

CONT:IP? ==> return the IP address
CONTROL:IP? ==> return the IP address

#### Q66. How to set the IP address?

CONT:IP 192.168.10.1 ==> set up the IP address for PPS3210

CONTROL:IP 192.168.10.1 ==> set up the IP address

## 6.6 Rules of Status Definition

byte 0: bit 7 channel 3 on/off status

bit 6 channel 2 on/off status bit 5 channel 1 on/off status bit 4 channel 3 OVP setting flag

bit 3 channel 2 OVP setting flag

	bit 2	channel 1 OVP setting flag
	bit 1	channel 3 OCP setting flag
	bit 0	channel 2 OCP setting flag
byte 1:	bit 7	channel 1 OCP setting flag
•	bit 6	output mode status; 0: single output 1: multi-output
	bit 5	power on status,0:output off,1: rember pre-setting
		status
	bit 4	hot-key flag
	bit 3	serial output mode
	bit 2	parallel output mode
	bit 1	track output mode
	bit 0	beep trigger flag
byte 2:	bit 7	disable remote mode, inhib communication
	bit 6	programmable flag
	bit 5	remote flag
	bit 4	keypad between push and pop status
	bit 3	machine running at time mode
	bit 2	machine running at sub-menu mode
	bit 1	machine running at configuration sub-menu mode
	bit 0	machine running at memory item mode
byte 3:	bit 7	machine running at power on status
	bit 6	keypad & Rotary lock flag
	bit 5	machine running at EPROM write or read mode
	bit 4	machine running at synchize mode
	bit 3	display I/V or W/ohm flag
	bit 2	machine running at LCD process mode
	bit 1	detect double- key flag
	bit 0	machine running at key-pad process mode
byte 4:	bit 7	reserved
	bit 6	reserved
	bit 5	reserved
	bit 4	channel 3 OVP is occur flag
	bit 3	channel 2 OVP is occur flag

	bit 2	channel 1 OVP is occur flag
	bit 1	channel 3 OCP is occur flag
	bit 0	channel 2 OCP is occur flag
byte 5:	bit 7	channel 1 OCP is occur flag
	bit 6	relay switch flag
	bit 5	in line system program flag
	bit 4	password is correct flag
	bit 3	machine running at DAC read-back mode
	bit 2	timer pasue flag
	bit 1	machine running at calibration mode
	bit 0	reserved
byte 6:	bit 7	display lock message flag
	bit 6	continue to send "V/I,status" message flag
	bit 5	reserved
	bit 4	reserved
	bit 3	DHCP on or off flag
	bit 2	when the bit is on,LCD to display minus('-') signal
	bit 1	fast-output flag
	bit 0	when the machine is OEM version, the flag must on

byte 7: fan PWM value.

# 7. Accessories

Model :LPS 505N

Serial number:

Accessories Date:

No	Description	P/N	Q'ty	Selection
1.	Power cord	ZPO-640MI	1	□Yes □No
2.	Black & Red Test Lead	ZTP-LPSMI-1	3	□Yes □No
3.	User's manual	ZOM-505ME-1	1	□Yes □No

Version: 1.1



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