

Ejercicios HTML

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xcrise_elements1

W3 schools

Exercise: HTML Elements

True or False. Empty elements must have a close tag.

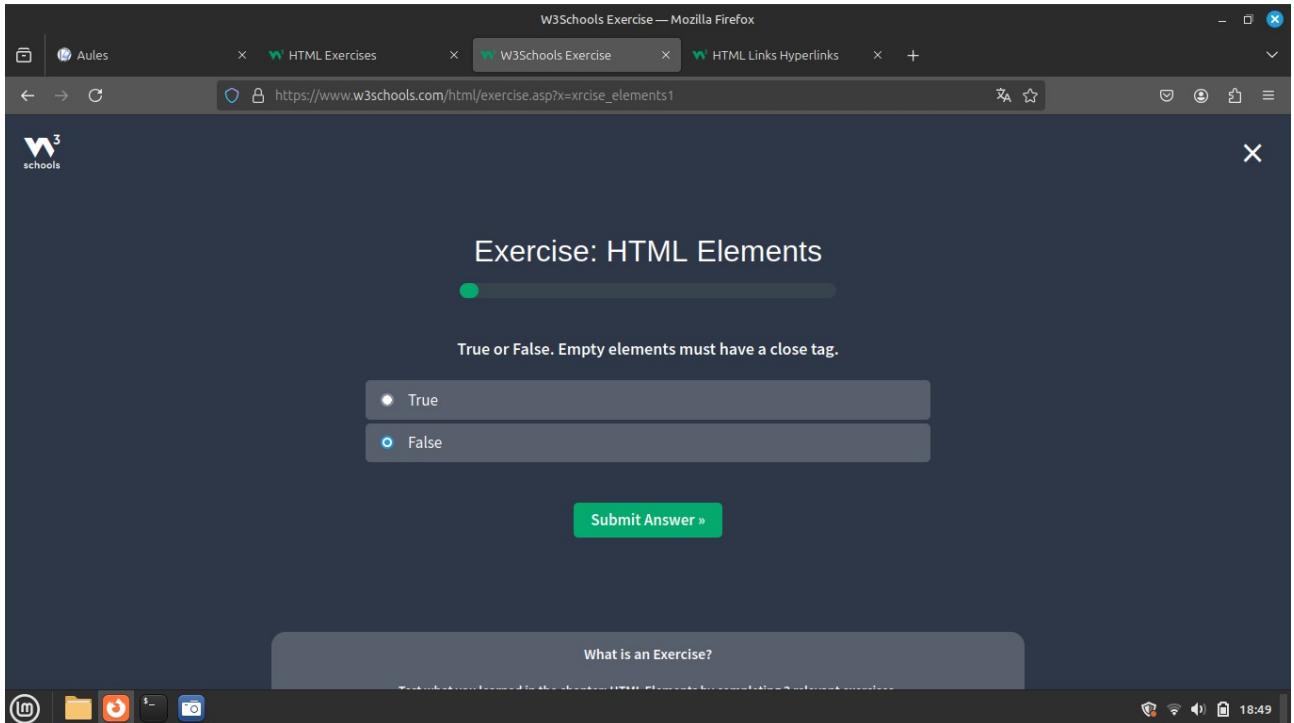
True

False

Submit Answer »

What is an Exercise?

18:49



W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xcrise_elements2

W3 schools

Exercise: HTML Elements

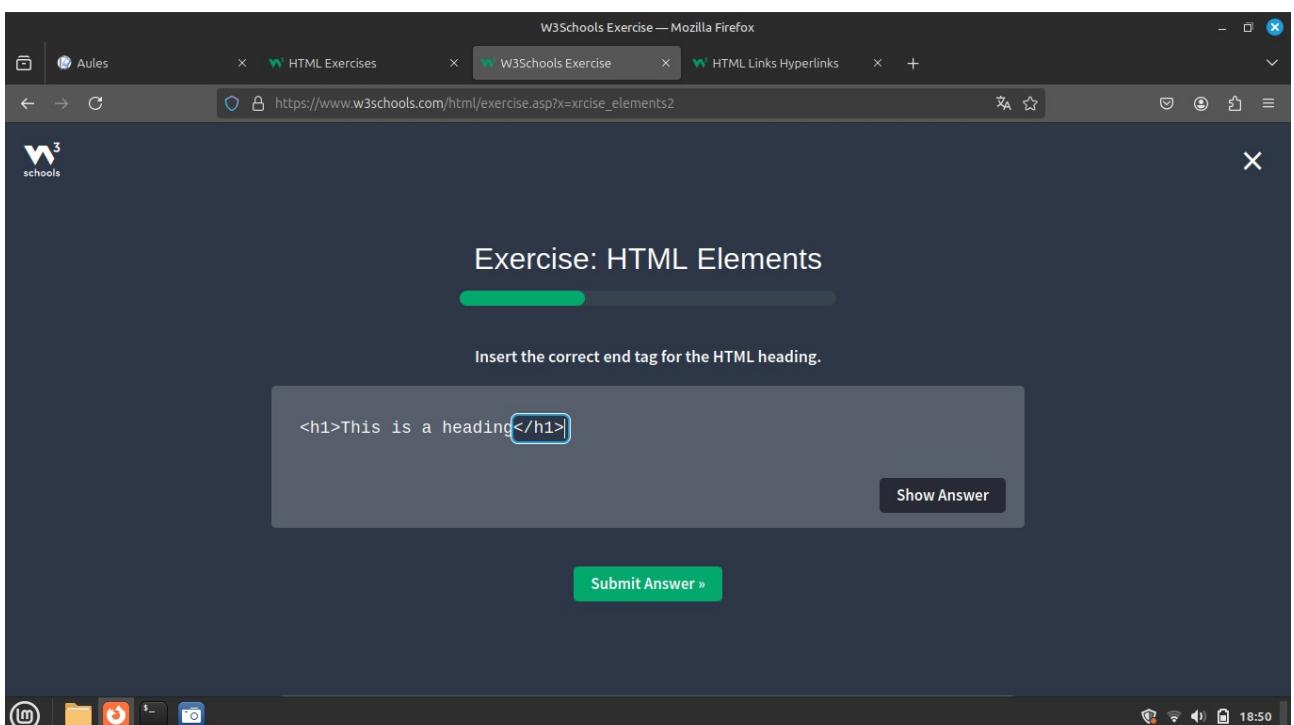
Insert the correct end tag for the HTML heading.

```
<h1>This is a heading</h1>|
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer »

18:50



W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_intro1

W3 schools

Exercise: HTML Introduction

What does HTML stand for?

- Hot Typing Markup Language
- Home Typing Modern Language
- Hyper Text Markup Language
- Home Testing Mixed Language

Submit Answer »

18:50

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_intro2

W3 schools

Exercise: HTML Introduction

Which one of the following headers has the correct HTML syntax?

- <h1>Welcome</h1>
- {{h1}}Welcome{{:h1}}
- {h1:Welcome}

Submit Answer »

18:51

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_elements1

Exercise: HTML Elements

True or False. Empty elements must have a close tag.

True

False

Submit Answer »

What is an Exercise?

18:51

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_elements3

Insert the correct end tags in this HTML document:

```
<html>
<body>
<h4>This is a heading</h4>
<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Show Answer

18:52

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Attributes

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_attributes1

Exercise: HTML Attributes

Which of the following is a correct syntax for using an HTML attribute?

-
-
-

[Submit Answer »](#)

18:54

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Attributes

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_attributes2

Exercise: HTML Attributes

Add a "tooltip" to the paragraph below with the text "About W3Schools".

```
<p title="About W3Schools">W3Schools is a web developer's site.</p>
```

[Show Answer](#)

[Submit Answer »](#)

18:57

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Attributes

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_headings1

Exercise: HTML Headings

Which of the following headers is the largest and most important header?

- <h1>
- <h2>
- <h3>
- <h4>
- <h5>
- <h6>

18:57

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Attributes

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_headings2

Exercise: HTML Headings

Use the correct HTML tag to add a heading with the text "London".

```
<h1>London</h1>
```

<p>London is the capital city of England.
It is the most populous city in the United Kingdom,
with a metropolitan area of over 13 million inhabitants.</p>

Show Answer

18:58

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Paragraphs

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_paragraphs1

Exercise: HTML Paragraphs

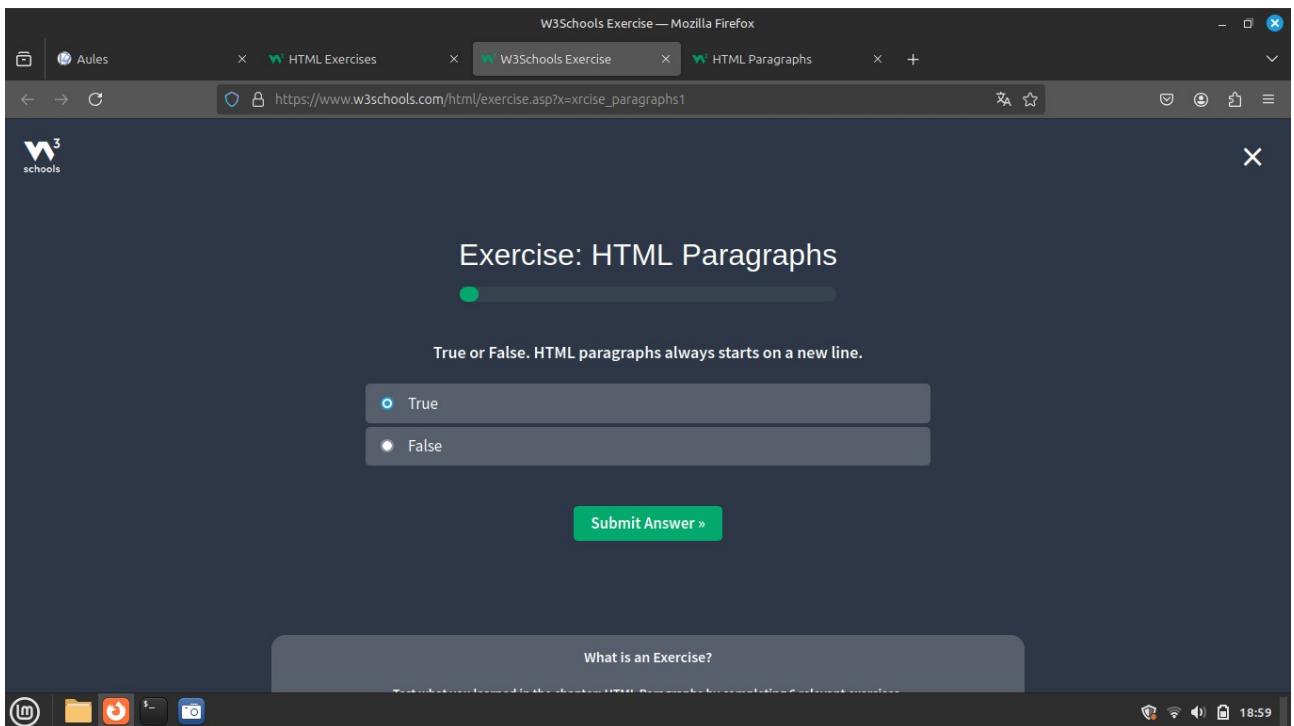
True or False. HTML paragraphs always starts on a new line.

True
 False

Submit Answer »

What is an Exercise?

18:59



This screenshot shows a True/False exercise from W3Schools. The question is "True or False. HTML paragraphs always starts on a new line." Two options are provided: "True" (selected) and "False". A "Submit Answer" button is at the bottom. A tooltip "What is an Exercise?" is visible. The browser title bar shows "W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox" and the URL "https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_paragraphs1". The system tray at the bottom right shows icons for battery, signal, and time (18:59).

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Paragraphs

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_paragraphs2

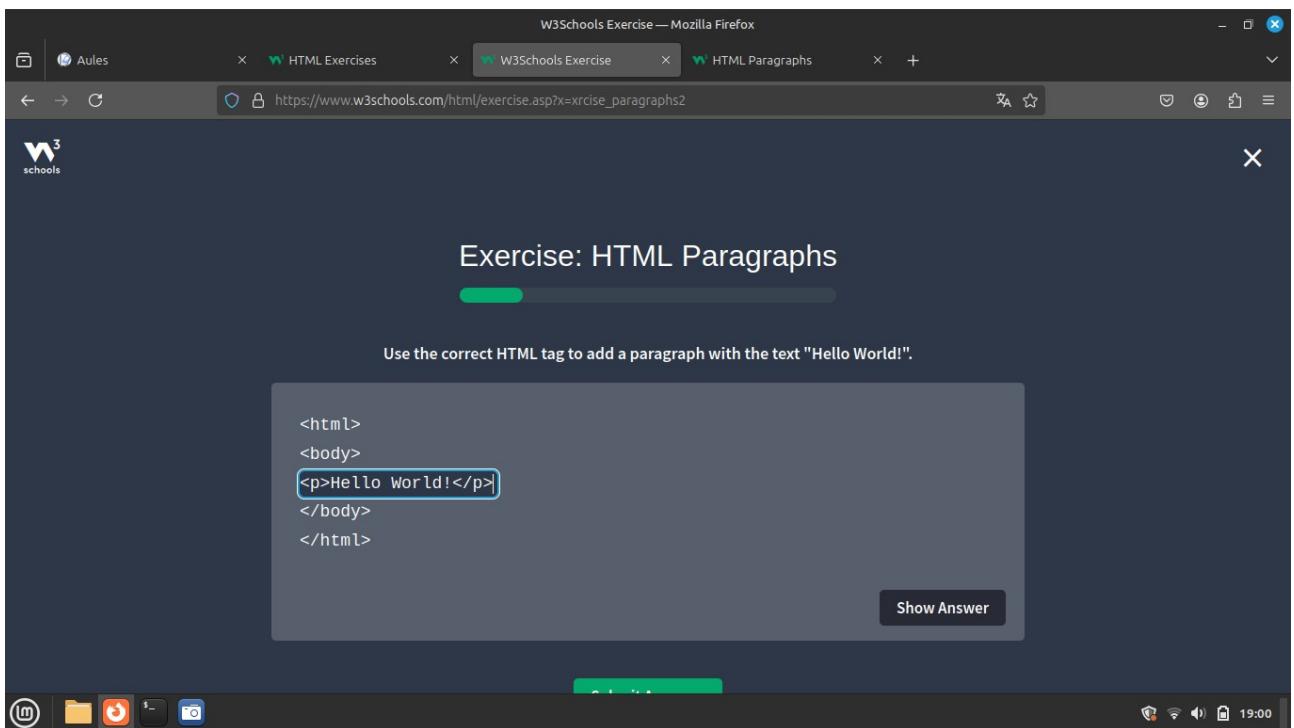
Exercise: HTML Paragraphs

Use the correct HTML tag to add a paragraph with the text "Hello World!".

```
<html>
<body>
<p>Hello World!</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Show Answer

19:00



This screenshot shows a code completion exercise. The task is to use the correct HTML tag to add a paragraph with the text "Hello World!". A code editor window displays the following HTML code:
<html>
<body>
<p>Hello World!</p>
</body>
</html>
The line "<p>Hello World!</p>" is highlighted with a blue selection bar. A "Show Answer" button is located at the bottom right of the code editor. The browser title bar shows "W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox" and the URL "https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_paragraphs2". The system tray at the bottom right shows icons for battery, signal, and time (19:00).

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Styles

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_styles1

Exercise: HTML Styles

What is a correct way to add a background color to an HTML document?

- <body style='background-color:pink;'>
- <body background-color='pink;'>
- <body style='bgcolor:pink;'>

[Submit Answer »](#)

W3 schools

19:01

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Styles

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_styles2

Exercise: HTML Styles

Use the correct HTML attribute, and CSS, to set the color of the paragraph to "blue".

```
<p style="color:blue;">This is a paragraph.</p>
```

[Show Answer](#)

[Submit Answer »](#)

W3 schools

19:03

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Text Formatting

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xcise_formatting1

Exercise: HTML Formatting

Two of the following HTML elements makes the text bold, which two?

- `` and ``
- `` and ``
- `<big>` and ``
- `<mark>` and ``

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:06

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Text Formatting

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xcise_formatting2

Exercise: HTML Formatting

Add extra importance to the word "degradation" in the paragraph below.

```
<p>
WWF's mission is to stop the
<strong>degradation</strong> of our
planet's natural environment.
</p>
```

[Show Answer](#)

19:07

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Quotation Elements

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_quotation_elements1

Exercise: HTML Quotations

Which of the following is NOT a quotation element (in fact, not an HTML element at all)?

- <q>
- <quote>
- <blockquote>

Submit Answer »

19:08

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Quotation Elements

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_quotation_elements2

Exercise: HTML Quotations

- Oh, it's

Use an HTML element to add quotation marks around the "cool" letters.

Oh, ye.
I am so<q>Coo</q>. -/p.

Show Answer

Submit Answer

19:12

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Comments

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_comments1

Exercise: HTML Comments

What is the correct syntax for adding a comment in HTML?

- <-- This is a comment -->
- <## This is a comment ##>
- <--> This is a comment </-->
- <!-- This is a comment -->

Submit Answer »

W3 schools

19:15

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Comments

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_comments2

Exercise: HTML Comments

Use the HTML comment tag to make a comment out of the "This is a comment" text.

```
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
<!-- This is a comment -->
<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer »

W3 schools

19:16

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML RGB and RGBA Colors

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_colors_rgb1

Exercise: HTML RGB Colors

What is the color of the following text:

Hello

color:rgb(0, 255, 0)
 color:rgb(255, 0, 0)
 color:rgb(0, 255, 255)

Submit Answer »

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML HEX Colors

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_colors_hex1

Exercise: HTML Hex Colors

What is the highest HEX number of the following:

#44
 #AA
 #BB

Submit Answer »

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML HSL and HSLA Colors

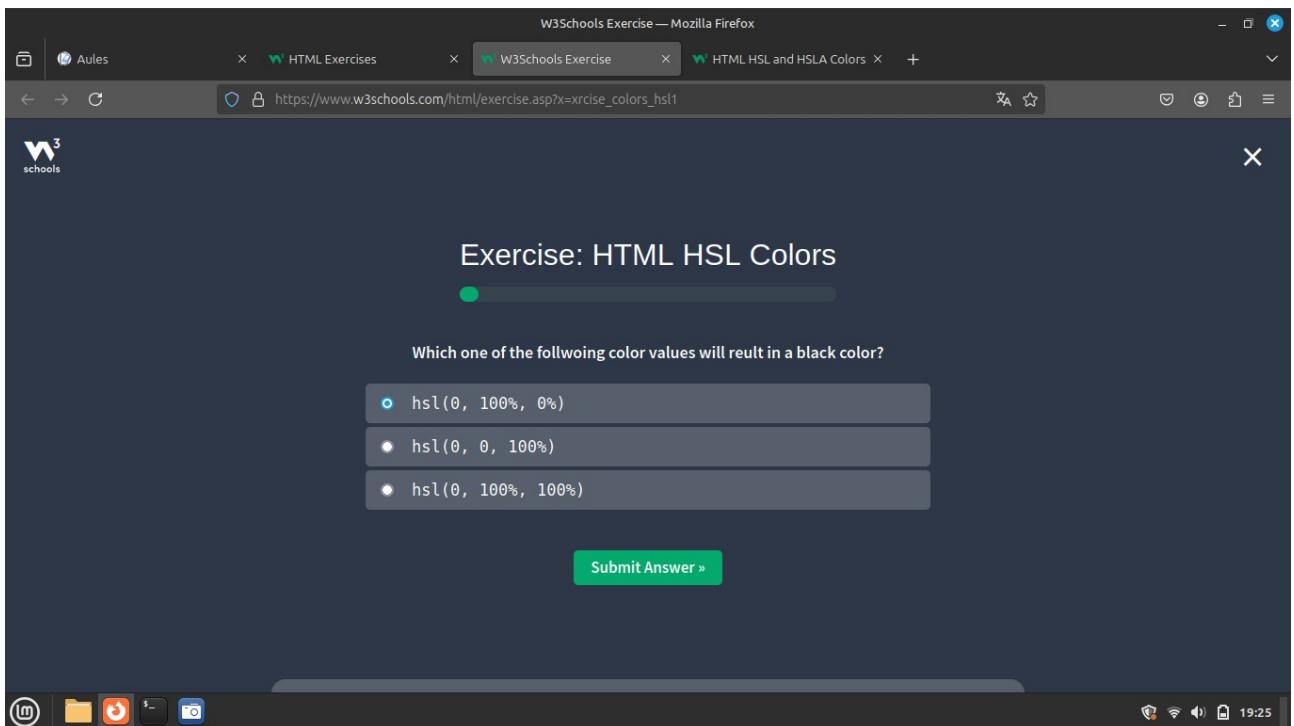
https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_colors_hsl1

Exercise: HTML HSL Colors

Which one of the following color values will result in a black color?

hsl(0, 100%, 0%)
 hsl(0, 0, 100%)
 hsl(0, 100%, 100%)

Submit Answer »



W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML HSL and HSLA Colors

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_colors_hsl2

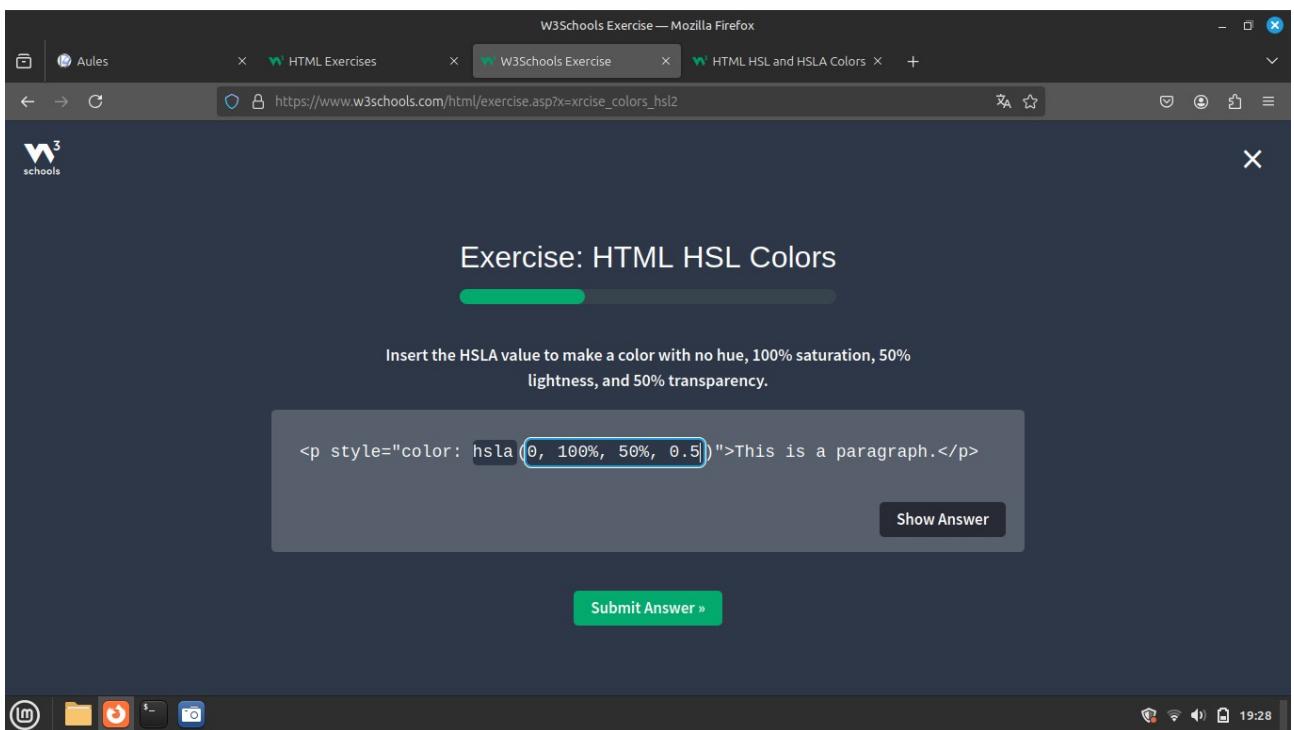
Exercise: HTML HSL Colors

Insert the HSLA value to make a color with no hue, 100% saturation, 50% lightness, and 50% transparency.

<p style="color: hsla(0, 100%, 50%, 0.5)">This is a paragraph.</p>

Show Answer

Submit Answer »



W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Styles CSS

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_css1

Exercise: HTML CSS

What is a correct syntax for linking to an external stylesheet?

- <style rel='stylesheet' href='styles.css'>
- <link rel='stylesheet' href='styles.css'>
-

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:30

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Styles CSS

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_css2

Exercise: HTML CSS

Use CSS to set the background color of the document (body) to yellow.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
body {
    background-color :yellow;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>My Home Page</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

[Show Answer](#)

19:30

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_links1

Exercise: HTML Links

What is a correct syntax for an HTML hyperlink?

- Visit W3Schools.com!
- <link href='/home.htm'>Visit W3Schools.com!</link>
- <alink href='/home.htm'>Visit W3Schools.com!</alink>

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:34

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links Hyperlinks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=xrcise_links2

Exercise: HTML Links

Use the correct HTML to make the text below into a link to "default.html".

```
<a href="default.html">Visit our HTML tutorial.</a>
```

[Show Answer](#)

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:40

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Link Colors

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_links_colors1

W3 schools

Exercise: HTML Link Colors

True or False. By default all hyperlinks are underlined.

True
 False

Submit Answer »

What is an Exercise?

19:41

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise Colores de enlace HTML

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_links_colors2

W3 schools

Exercise: HTML Link Colors

Use CSS to remove the underline from the link.

```
<a href="html_images.asp" style="text-decoration:none;">HTML Images</a>
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer »

19:48

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links - Create Bookmarks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_links_bookmarks1

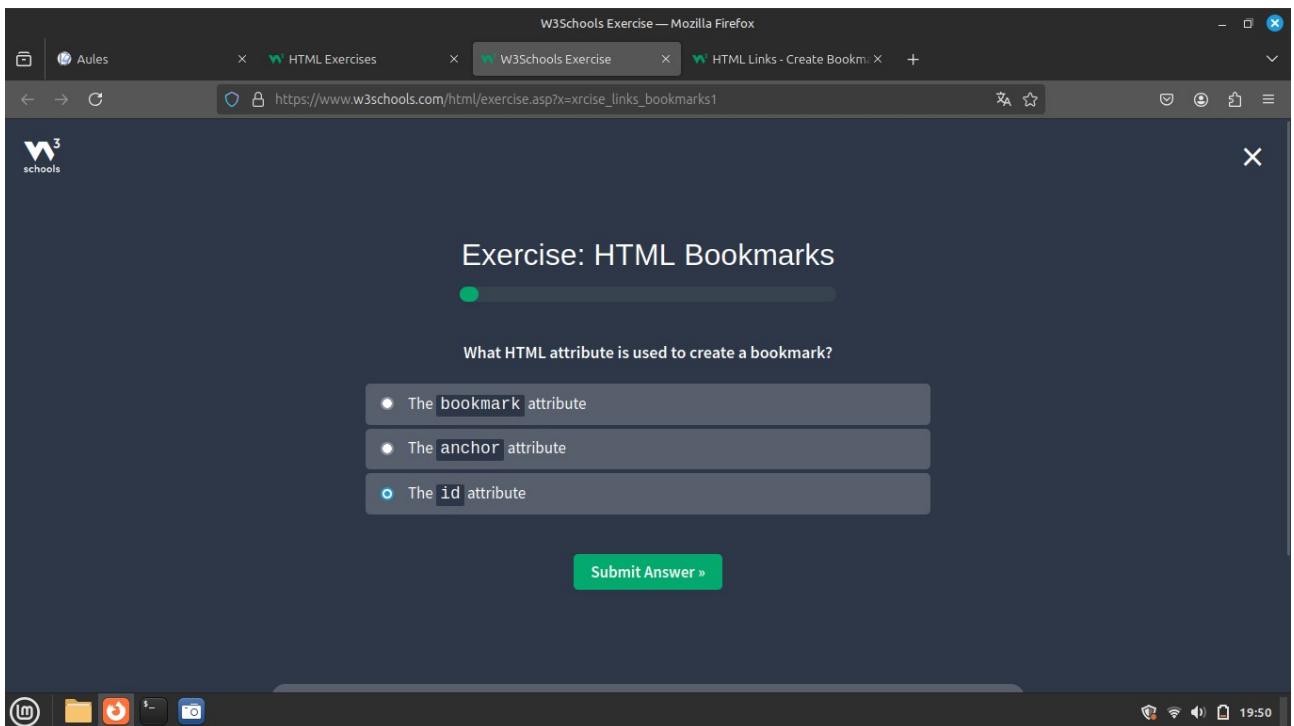
Exercise: HTML Bookmarks

What HTML attribute is used to create a bookmark?

- The `bookmark` attribute
- The `anchor` attribute
- The `id` attribute

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:50



W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Links - Create Bookmarks

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_links_bookmarks2

Exercise: HTML Bookmarks

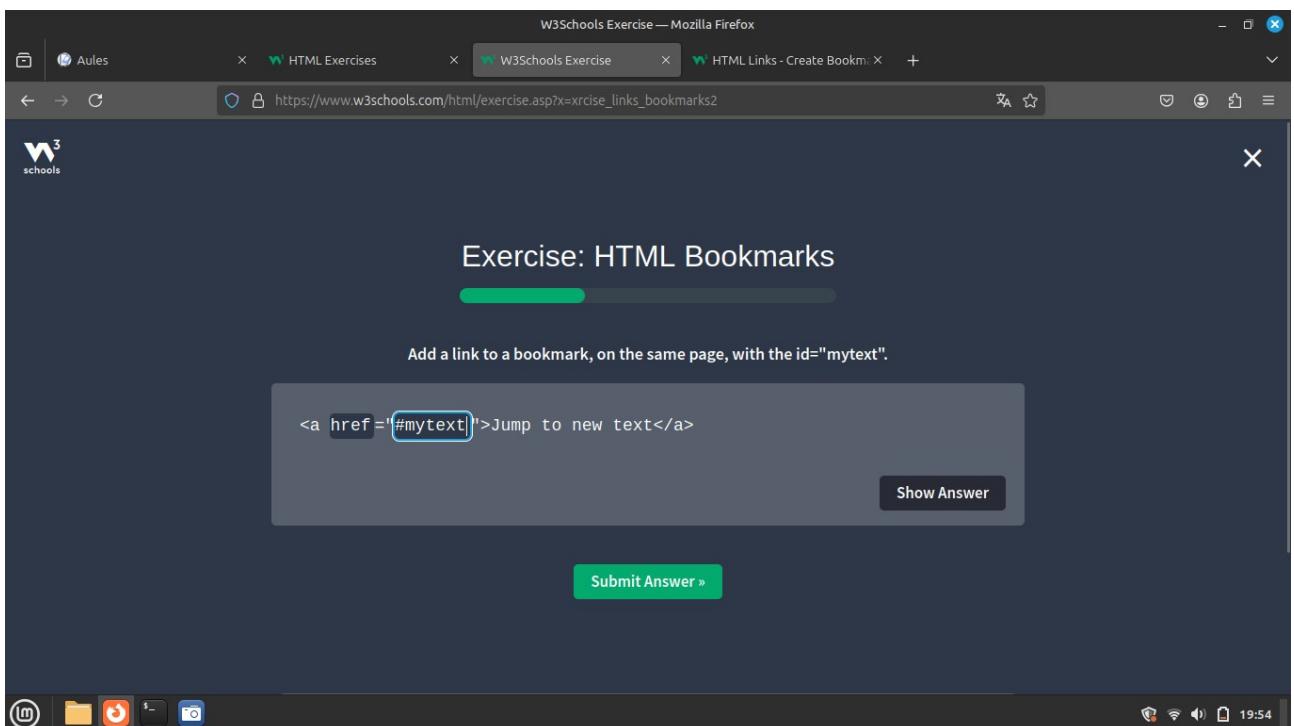
Add a link to a bookmark, on the same page, with the `id="mytext"`.

```
<a href="#mytext">Jump to new text</a>
```

[Show Answer](#)

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:54



W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Images

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images1

Exercise: HTML Images

What is a correct HTML element for adding an image?

- The <image> element
- The element
- The <media> element

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:54

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Images

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images2

Exercise: HTML Images

Use the HTML image attributes to set the size of the image to 250 pixels wide and 400 pixels tall.

```

```

[Show Answer](#)

[Submit Answer »](#)

19:56

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

Aules HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Images

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images3

Exercise: HTML Images

Use CSS to set the size of the image to 250 pixels wide and 400 pixels tall.

```

```

Show Answer

Submit Answer »

W3schools

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Image Maps

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images_imagemap1

Exercise: HTML Image Map

What is a correct HTML element for defining an image map?

- The `<imagemap>` element
- The `<imgmap>` element
- The `<map>` element

Submit Answer »

W3schools

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Image Maps

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images_imagemap2

W schools X

Exercise: HTML Image Map

What is another HTML element used when defining image maps?

- The `<area>` element
- The `<content>` element
- The `<shape>` element

Submit Answer »

18:13

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Background Images

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images_background1

W schools X

Exercise: HTML Background Images

What is a correct CSS property for defining background images?

- The `bg` property
- The `image` property
- The `background-image` property

Submit Answer »

18:14

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Background Images

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images_background2

Exercise: HTML Background Images

To add a background image on an entire HTML page, on which element should you specify the background image?

- The <document> element
- The <html> element
- The <body> element

[Submit Answer »](#)

18:16

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Picture Element

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_images_picture1

Exercise: HTML Picture

One of these elements is NOT a legal HTML element, which one?

- The <image> element
- The <picture> element
- The <source> element

[Submit Answer »](#)

18:18

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Picture Element +

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_picture2

X

Exercise: HTML Picture

Consider the following code:

```
<picture>
  <source srcset='avatar.png'>
  <source srcset='mustang.jpg'>
</picture>
```

What will be the result if the browser supports both images?

Only the first image will be displayed

Only the last image will be displayed

Both images will be displayed

W3schools

18:19

W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Favicon +

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_favicon

X

Exercise: HTML Favicon

In which HTML element is the Favicon defined?

The `` element

The `<body>` element

The `<link>` element

The `<style>` element

Submit Answer »

W3schools

18:22

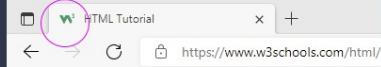
W3Schools Exercise — Mozilla Firefox

HTML Exercises W3Schools Exercise HTML Favicon

https://www.w3schools.com/html/exercise.asp?x=exercise_favicon2

Exercise: HTML Favicon

Which HTML tag is used to handle the favicon (the little image to the left in the browser tab):



```
<link rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="/images/favicon.ico">
```

Show Answer

W3schools | HTML Tutorial | https://www.w3schools.com/html/

Ejercicios CSS:

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox window with the title "Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays the URL <https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp>. The main content area is titled "Exercise:" and contains the following text: "Set the text color to red, for all <p> elements." Below this is a code editor with the following CSS code:

```
<style>
p {
    color: red;
}
</style>
```

At the bottom of the code editor is a green "Submit Answer" button. To the right of the code editor is a dark button labeled "Show Answer". On the left side of the page, there is a sidebar with the following navigation links: "Completed 0 of 138 Exercises:", "CSS Selectors", "Exercise 1" (which is highlighted in green), "Exercise 2", "Exercise 3", "Exercise 4", "Go to CSS Selectors Tutorial", "CSS How To...", "CSS Background", "CSS Border", and "CSS Margin". At the bottom of the sidebar are icons for "Sign Up" and "Log in". The browser's status bar at the bottom right shows the time as 18:27.

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox window with the title "Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays the URL https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_howto1. The main content area is titled "Exercise:" and contains the following text: "Add an external style sheet with the URL: \"mystyle.css\"." Below this is a code editor with the following HTML and CSS code:

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="mystyle.css">
</head>

<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

At the bottom of the code editor is a dark "Show Answer" button. On the left side of the page, there is a sidebar with the following navigation links: "Completed 1 of 138 Exercises:", "CSS Selectors", "CSS How To...", "Exercise 1" (which is highlighted in green), "Exercise 2", "Exercise 3", "Exercise 4", "Go to CSS How To... Tutorial", "CSS Background", "CSS Border", and "CSS Margin". At the bottom of the sidebar are icons for "Sign Up" and "Log in". The browser's status bar at the bottom right shows the time as 18:30.

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Backgrounds https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_background1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 2 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Selectors
- CSS How To...
- CSS Background
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5

Go to CSS Background Tutorial

CSS Border

Show Answer

Exercise:

Set the background color of the <h1> element to "lightblue".

```
<style>
h1 {
    background-color: lightblue;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

```
<style>
h1 {
    background-color: lightblue;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Borders - Shorthand Pre https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_border1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 3 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Selectors
- CSS How To...
- CSS Background
- CSS Border
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to CSS Border Tutorial

CSS Margin

Show Answer

Exercise:

Use the border shorthand property to set a "4px", "dotted", "red" border for the <p> elements.

```
<style>
p {
    border: 4px dotted red;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

```
<style>
p {
    border: 4px dotted red;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Margin https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_margin1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 4 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Selectors
- CSS How To...
- CSS Background
- CSS Border
- CSS Margin
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to CSS Margin Tutorial

Exercise:

Add a 20 pixels left margin to the <h1> element.

```
<style>
h1 {
    margin-left: 20px;
}
</style>

<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer

18:37

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Padding https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_padding1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 5 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Selectors
- CSS How To...
- CSS Background
- CSS Border
- CSS Margin
- CSS Padding
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3

Go to CSS Padding Tutorial

Exercise:

Set the top padding of the <h1> element to 30 pixels.

```
<style>
h1 {
    padding-top: 30px;
}
</style>

<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer

18:38

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Height, Width and Max- Mozilla Firefox https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_dimension1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 6 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Selectors
- CSS How To...
- CSS Background
- CSS Border
- CSS Margin
- CSS Padding
- CSS Height/Width
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2

Exercise:

Set the height of the <h1> element to "100px".

```
<style>
h1 {
    height: 100px;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer

18:40

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Box Model Mozilla Firefox https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_boxmodel1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 7 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Selectors
- CSS How To...
- CSS Background
- CSS Border
- CSS Margin
- CSS Padding
- CSS Height/Width
- CSS Box Model
- Exercise 1**

Exercise:

Set the width of the <div> element to "200px".

```
<style>
div {
    width: 200px;
}
</style>

<body>
    <div>
        Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
        consectetur adipiscing elit,
        sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt
        ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.
    </div>
</body>
```

18:43

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Outline Properties + https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_outline1

Exercise:

Set a solid, 5px *outline* border for the <div> element.

```
<style>
div {
    outline-style: solid;
    outline-width: 5px;
}
</style>

<body>

<div>
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
    consectetur adipiscing elit,
    sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt
    ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.
</div>
```

Completed 9 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Padding
- CSS Height/Width
- CSS Box Model
- CSS Outline
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3

[Go to CSS Outline Tutorial](#)

CSS Text

CSS Font

Sign Up Log In

00:28

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Outline Properties + https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_text1

Exercise:

Change the text color of all <p> elements to "red".

```
<style>
p {
    color: red;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer

Completed 9 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Height/Width
- CSS Box Model
- CSS Outline
- CSS Text
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5

[Go to CSS Text Tutorial](#)

Sign Up Log In

00:29

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Fonts https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_font1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 10 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Box Model
- CSS Outline
- CSS Text
- CSS Font
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5

Go to CSS Font Tutorial

Exercise:

Set the font for `<h1>` to "Verdana".

```
<style>
h1 {
    font-family: Verdana;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Styling Links https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_link1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 11 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Outline
- CSS Text
- CSS Font
- CSS Links
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to CSS Links Tutorial

Exercise:

Set the color of links to "red".

```
<style>
a {
    color: red;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <a href="http://w3schools.com">This is a link</a>
</body>
```

Show Answer

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Styling Lists https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_list1

Exercise:

Set the list style for unordered lists to "square".

```
<style>
ul {
    list-style-type: square;
}
</style>

<body>
<ul>
    <li>Coffee</li>
    <li>Tea</li>
    <li>Coca Cola</li>
</ul>
</body>
```

Completed 12 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Text
- CSS Font
- CSS Links
- CSS Lists
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

[Go to CSS Lists Tutorial](#)

Sign Up Log in

Show Answer

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Styling Tables https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_table1

Exercise:

Set the border to "2px solid green" for table, th and td elements.

```
<style>
table, th, td {
    border: 2px solid green;
}
</style>

<body>
<table>
    <tr>
        <th>Firstname</th>
        <th>Lastname</th>
    </tr>
    <tr>
```

Completed 13 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Font
- CSS Links
- CSS Lists
- CSS Tables
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5
- Exercise 6

Sign Up Log in

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Layout - The display Pro traductor at DuckDuckGo https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_display_visibility1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 14 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Links
- CSS Lists
- CSS Tables
- CSS Display/Visibility
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to CSS Display/Visibility Tutorial

CSS Positioning

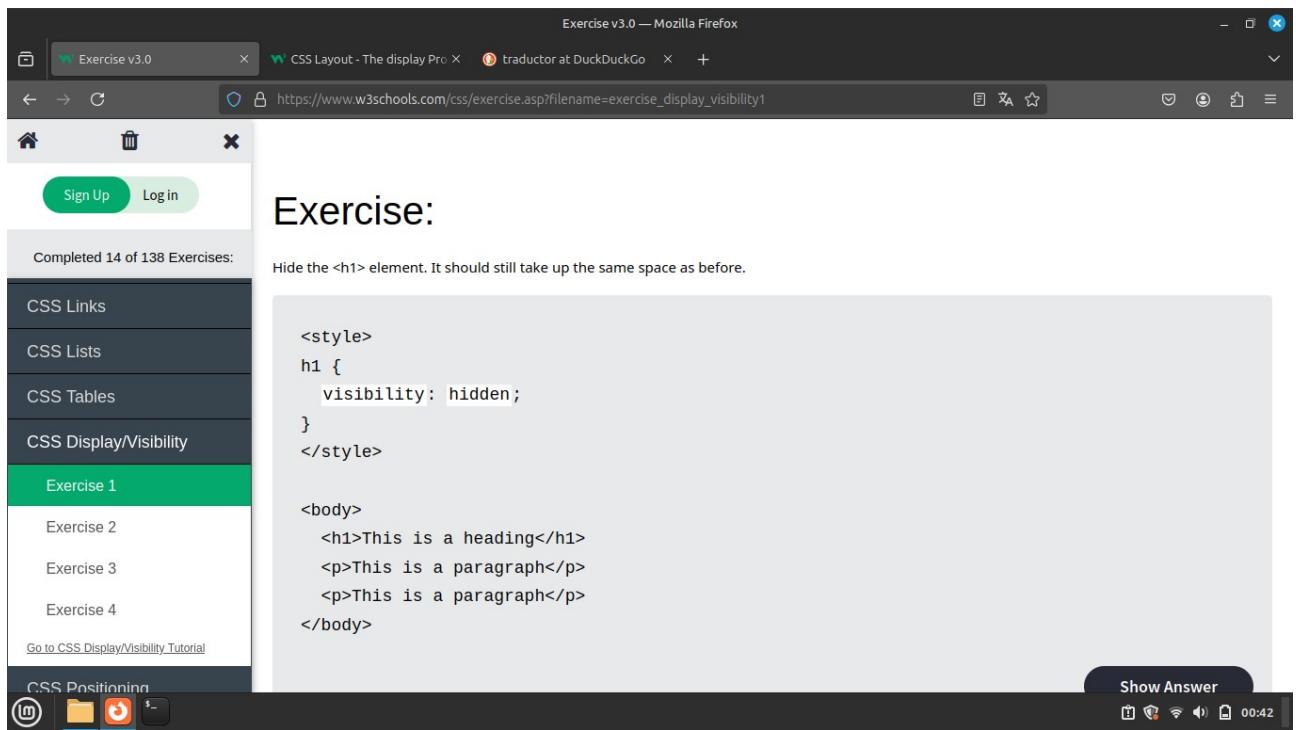
Exercise:

Hide the <h1> element. It should still take up the same space as before.

```
<style>
h1 {
    visibility: hidden;
}
</style>

<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer



Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Layout - The position Pr traductor at DuckDuckGo https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_positioning1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 15 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Lists
- CSS Tables
- CSS Display/Visibility
- CSS Positioning
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to CSS Positioning Tutorial

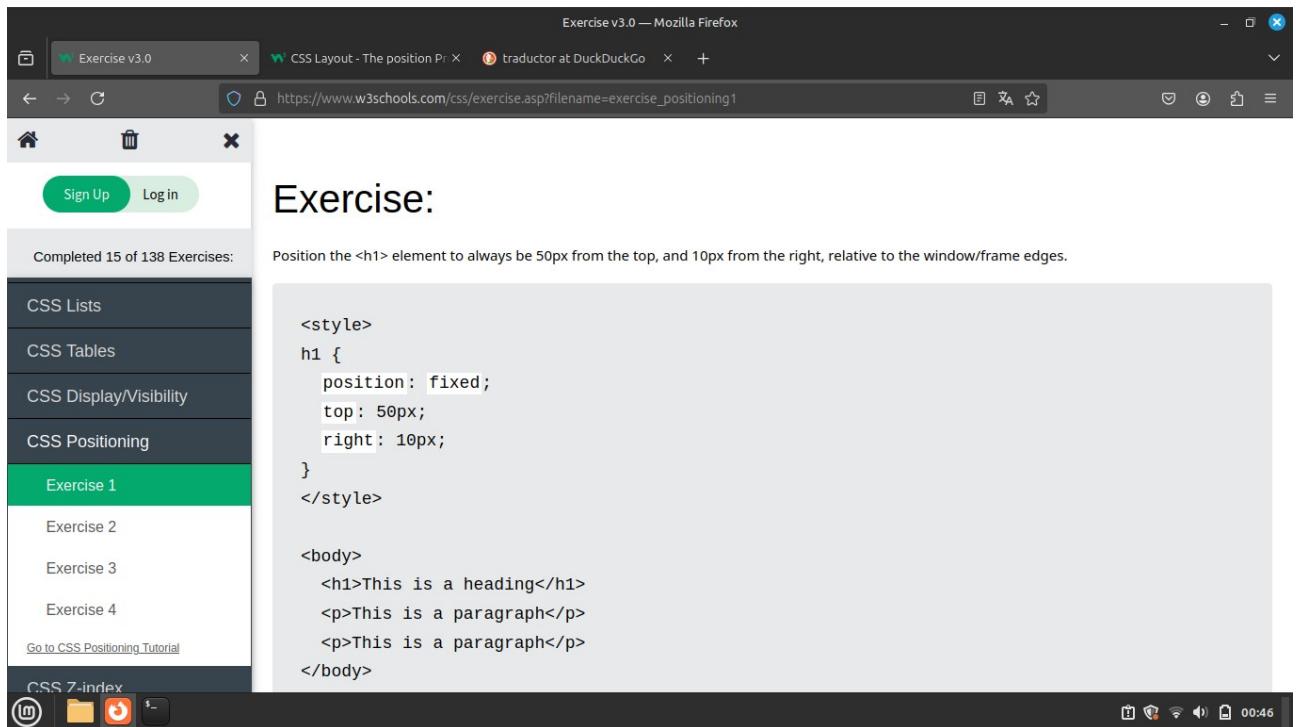
CSS 7-index

Exercise:

Position the <h1> element to always be 50px from the top, and 10px from the right, relative to the window/frame edges.

```
<style>
h1 {
    position: fixed;
    top: 50px;
    right: 10px;
}
</style>

<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
<p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```



Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Layout - The z-index Property traductor at DuckDuckGo

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_z-index1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 16 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Tables
- CSS Display/Visibility
- CSS Positioning
- CSS Z-index
- Exercise 1

Go to CSS Z-index Tutorial

- CSS Overflow
- CSS Align
- CSS Combinators

Exercise:

Both the header and the paragraph are positioned at the top of the page.

Make sure that the header is placed on top of the paragraph.

```
<style>
#mytitle {
    position: absolute;
    top: 0;
    z-index: 1;
}
#myintro {
    position: absolute;
    top: 0;
    z-index: 0;
}
</style>
```

0:54

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Overflow traductor at DuckDuckGo

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_overflow1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 18 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Display/Visibility
- CSS Positioning
- CSS Z-index ✓
- CSS Overflow
- Exercise 1

Exercise 2

Exercise 3

Go to CSS Overflow Tutorial

- CSS Align
- CSS Combinators

Exercise:

Force a scroll bar to the <div> element with class="intro".

```
<style>
.intro {
    width: 200px;
    height: 70px;
    overflow: scroll;
}
</style>

<body>

<div class="intro">
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
    consectetur adipiscing elit.
</div>
```

01:01

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Layout - Horizontal & Vertical Alignment traductor at DuckDuckGo

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_align1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 19 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Positioning
- CSS Z-index ✓
- CSS Overflow
- CSS Align
- ✓ Exercise 1
- Exercise 2

[Go to CSS Align Tutorial](#)

- CSS Combinators
- CSS Pseudo-classes

Exercise:

Use the margin property to make sure that the `<div>` element is center aligned according to its parent element.

```
<style>
.intro {
    width: 200px;
    margin: auto;
}
</style>

<body>

<div class="intro">
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
    consectetur adipiscing elit.
    Phasellus imperdiet, nulla et dictum interdum,
```

01:07

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Combinators traductor at DuckDuckGo

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_combinators1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 20 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Z-index ✓
- CSS Overflow
- CSS Align
- CSS Combinators
- ✓ Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

[Go to CSS Combinators Tutorial](#)

- CSS Pseudo-classes

Exercise:

Change the color of all `<p>` elements, that are descendants of `<div>` elements, to "red".

```
<style>
div p {
    color: red;
}
</style>

<body>

<div>
    <p>This is a paragraph.</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph.</p>
</div>
<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
```

01:07

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Pseudo-classes traductor at DuckDuckGo

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_pseudo_classes1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 21 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Overflow
- CSS Align
- CSS Combinators
- CSS Pseudo-classes
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to CSS Pseudo-classes Tutorial

CSS Pseudo-elements

Exercise:

Set the background-color to red, when you mouse over a link.

```
<style>
a:hover {
    background-color: red;
}
</style>

<body>

<h1>This is a header.</h1>
<p>This is a paragraph.</p>
<a href="https://w3schools.com">This is a link.</a>

</body>
```

01:12

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Pseudo-elements traductor at DuckDuckGo

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_pseudo_elements1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 21 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Align
- CSS Combinators
- CSS Pseudo-classes
- CSS Pseudo-elements
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3

Go to CSS Pseudo-elements Tutorial

CSS Opacity

Attribute Selectors

Exercise:

Set the background-color to red, of the first line of the paragraph.

```
<style>
.intro::first-line {
    background-color: red;
}
</style>

<body>

<p class="intro">
    In my younger and more vulnerable years
    my father gave me some advice that I've
    been turning over in my mind ever since.
    'Whenever you feel like criticizing anyone,' he told me,

```

01:17

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Image Opacity / Transparency

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_image_transparency1

Completed 22 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Combinators
- CSS Pseudo-classes
- CSS Pseudo-elements
- CSS Opacity
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- [Go to CSS Opacity Tutorial](#)
- CSS Attribute Selectors
- CSS Rounded Corners

Exercise:

Use CSS to set the transparency of the image to 50%.

```
<style>
img {
    opacity: 0.5;
}
</style>

<body>

</body>
```

Show Answer

11:45

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Attribute Selector

https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_attribute_selectors1

Completed 23 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Pseudo-classes
- CSS Pseudo-elements
- CSS Opacity
- CSS Attribute Selectors
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5
- Exercise 6

Exercise:

Set the background color to "red" for <a> elements that have a `target` attribute.

```
<style>
a[target] {
    background-color: red;
}
</style>

<body>
w3schools.com
Disney.com
wikipedia.org
</body>
```

Show Answer

11:47

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Rounded Corners https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_borders1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 24 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Pseudo-elements
- CSS Opacity
- CSS Attribute Selectors
- CSS Rounded Corners
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- [Go to CSS Rounded Corners Tutorial](#)
- CSS Border Images
- CSS Backgrounds

Exercise:

Give the div element rounded corners.

```
<style>
div {
    background: red;
    border-radius: 10px;
}
</style>

<body>
    <div>This is a div element. It has some text.</div>
</body>
```

Show Answer

11:49

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Border Images https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_border_images1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 25 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Opacity
- CSS Attribute Selectors
- CSS Rounded Corners
- CSS Border Images**
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- [Go to CSS Border Images Tutorial](#)
- CSS Backgrounds
- CSS Colors

Exercise:

Give the div element an image border. Use the short hand property to define the details of the image border.

```
<style>
div {
    border: 10px solid transparent;
    border-image: url(border.png) 30 round;
}
</style>

<body>
    <div>This is a div element. It has some text.</div>
</body>
```

Show Answer

11:51

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Multiple Backgrounds + https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_backgrounds1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 26 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Attribute Selectors
- CSS Rounded Corners
- CSS Border Images
- CSS Backgrounds
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5

Go to CSS Backgrounds Tutorial

Exercise:

Add two background images to the <body> element.
img1.gif and img2.gif.

Make sure that img2.gif is displayed on top of img1.gif.

```
<style>
body {
    background-image: url('img2.gif'), url('img1.gif');
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

12:01

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Colors + https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_colors1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 28 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Rounded Corners
- CSS Border Images
- CSS Backgrounds
- CSS Colors**
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to CSS Colors Tutorial

CSS Gradients

Exercise:

Insert the RGBA color value for a full red background color of the <h1> element, with no transparency.

```
<style>
h1 {
    background-color: rgba(255, 0, 0, 1.0);
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer

12:05

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Gradients https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_gradients1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 28 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Border Images
- CSS Backgrounds
- CSS Colors
- CSS Gradients
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5
- Exercise 6

Exercise:

Set a linear gradient background for the <div> element, going from the top to bottom, transitioning from "white" to "green".

```
<style>
div {
    background-image: linear-gradient(white, green);
}
</style>

<body>
    <div style="height:200px"></div>
</body>
```

Show Answer

12:10

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Shadow Effects https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_shadows1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 29 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Backgrounds
- CSS Colors
- CSS Gradients
- CSS Shadow Effects
- Exercise 1**
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5

Go to CSS Shadow Effects Tutorial

Exercise:

Set a "2px" horizontal, and "2px" vertical, text shadow for the <h1> element.

```
<style>
h1 {
    text-shadow: 2px 2px;
}
</style>

<body>
    <h1>This is a heading</h1>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
    <p>This is a paragraph</p>
</body>
```

Show Answer

12:12

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Text Effects https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_text_effects1

Exercise:

Specify that the overflowed content for the <p> element should be signaled with an ellipsis (...).

```
<style>
p {
    white-space: nowrap;
    width: 200px;
    border: 1px solid #000000;
    overflow: hidden;
    text-overflow: ellipsis;
}
</style>

<body>
<p>
    This paragraph contains a very long word: supercalifragilisticexpialidocious.
</p>
</body>
```

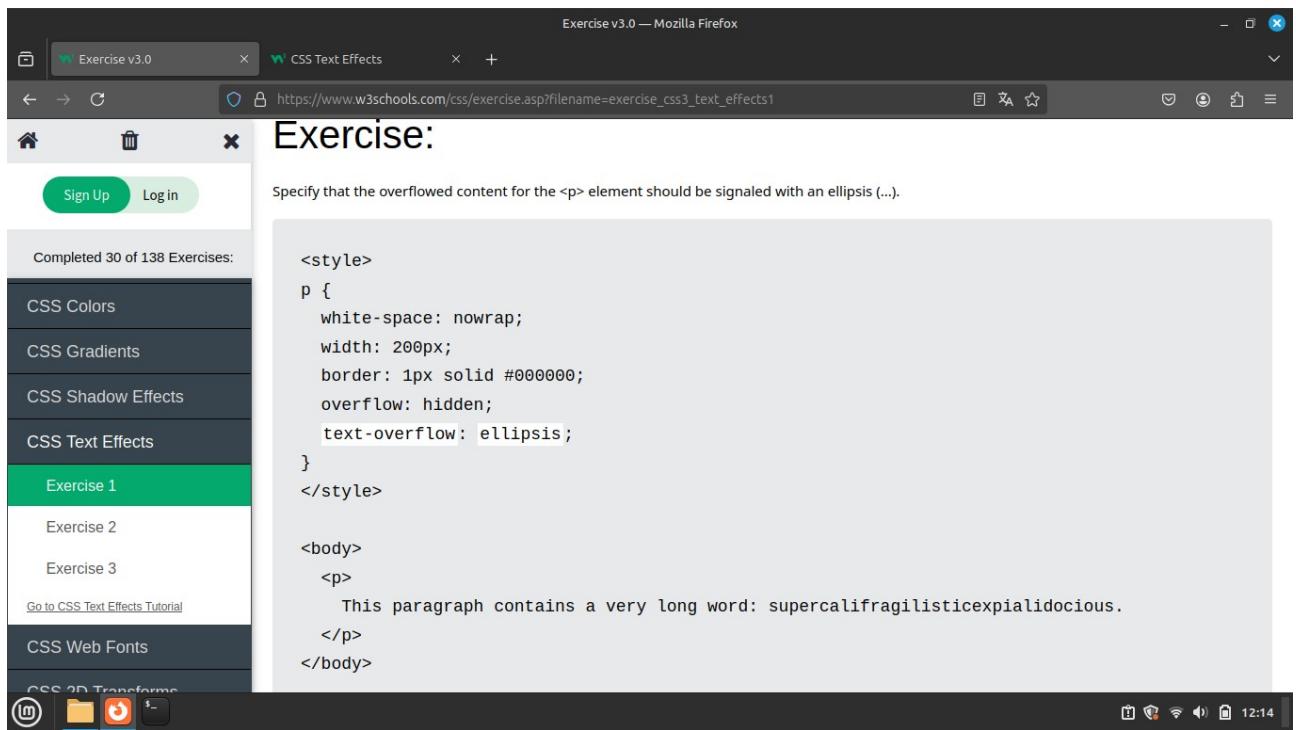
Completed 30 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Colors
- CSS Gradients
- CSS Shadow Effects
- CSS Text Effects
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3

[Go to CSS Text Effects Tutorial](#)

- CSS Web Fonts
- CSS 2D Transforms

Sign Up Log In



Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 CSS Web Fonts https://www.w3schools.com/css/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_css3_fonts1

Exercise:

Add a web font with the name "sansation" and the URL "sansation_light.woff".

```
<style>
@font-face {
    font-family: sansation;
    src: url('sansation_light.woff');
}

body {
    font-family: sansation;
}
</style>

<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
```

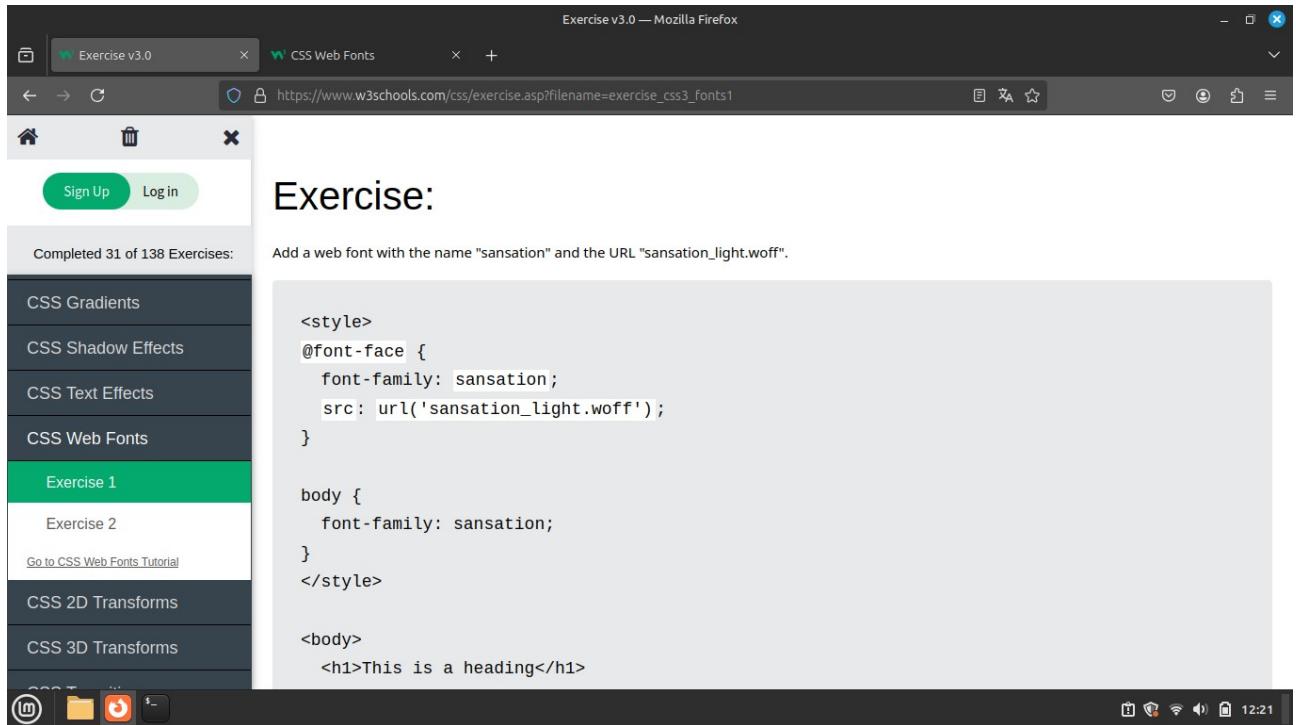
Completed 31 of 138 Exercises:

- CSS Gradients
- CSS Shadow Effects
- CSS Text Effects
- CSS Web Fonts
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2

[Go to CSS Web Fonts Tutorial](#)

- CSS 2D Transforms
- CSS 3D Transforms

Sign Up Log In



Ejercicios JAVASCRIPT:

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox window with the title "Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays the URL https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_variables1. The main content area is titled "Exercise:" and contains the following text: "Create a variable called `carName`, assign the value `Volvo` to it." Below this is a code editor with the following code:

```
let carName = "Volvo";
```

 To the right of the code editor is a "Show Answer" button. On the left side of the page, there is a sidebar with navigation links: "Sign Up", "Log in", "Completed 0 of 67 Exercises:", "JS Variables", "Exercise 1" (which is highlighted in green), "Exercise 2", "Exercise 3", "Exercise 4", "Exercise 5", "Go to JS Variables Tutorial", "JS Operators", "JS Data Types", and "JS Functions". At the bottom of the sidebar are icons for "Home", "Search", "Refresh", and "Stop". The status bar at the bottom of the browser window shows system icons and the time "12:28".

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox window with the title "Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays the URL https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_operators1. The main content area is titled "Exercise:" and contains the following text: "Multiply `10` with `5`, and alert the result:". Below this is a code editor with the following code:

```
alert(10 * 5);
```

 To the right of the code editor is a "Show Answer" button. On the left side of the page, there is a sidebar with navigation links: "Sign Up", "Log in", "Completed 1 of 67 Exercises:", "JS Variables", "JS Operators", "Exercise 1" (which is highlighted in green), "Exercise 2", "Exercise 3", "Exercise 4", "Exercise 5", "Go to JS Operators Tutorial", "JS Data Types", and "JS Functions". At the bottom of the sidebar are icons for "Home", "Search", "Refresh", and "Stop". The status bar at the bottom of the browser window shows system icons and the time "12:30".

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Data Types https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_datatypes1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 3 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Variables
- JS Operators
- JS Data Types ✓
- ✓ Exercise 1
- [Go to JS Data Types Tutorial](#)
- JS Functions
- JS Objects
- JS Events
- JS Strings

Exercise:

Use comments to describe the correct data type of the following variables:

```
let length = 16;           // Number
let lastName = "Johnson"; // String
const x = {
  firstName: "John",
  lastName: "Doe"
};                           // Object
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer

100% Complete & Correct

12:36

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Functions https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_functions1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 4 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Variables
- JS Operators
- JS Data Types ✓
- JS Functions
- ✓ Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- [Go to JS Functions Tutorial](#)
- JS Objects

Exercise:

Execute the function named `myFunction`.

```
function myFunction() {
  alert("Hello World!");
}
myFunction();
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer ➔

12:45

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Objects https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_objects1

Completed 4 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Variables
- JS Operators
- JS Data Types ✓
- JS Functions
- JS Objects

Exercise 1

Exercise 2

Exercise 3

Go to JS Objects Tutorial

JS Events

Sign Up Log in

Exercise:

Alert "John" by extracting information from the person object.

```
const person = {  
    firstName: "John",  
    lastName: "Doe"  
};  
  
alert(person.firstName);
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer

12:52

const person = {
 firstName: "John",
 lastName: "Doe"
};

alert(person.firstName);A 'Show Answer' button is visible. At the bottom are 'Submit Answer' and '12:52' buttons."/>

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Events https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_events1

Completed 5 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Variables
- JS Operators
- JS Data Types ✓
- JS Functions
- JS Objects
- JS Events

Exercise 1

Exercise 2

Exercise 3

Go to JS Events Tutorial

Sign Up Log in

Exercise:

The <button> element should do something when someone clicks on it. Try to fix it!

```
<button onclick="alert('Hello')">Click me.</button>
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer

12:57

A 'Show Answer' button is visible. At the bottom are 'Submit Answer' and '12:57' buttons."/>

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Strings https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_strings1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 7 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Variables
- JS Operators
- JS Data Types ✓
- JS Functions
- JS Objects
- JS Events
- JS Strings
- ✓ Exercise 1
- Exercise 2

Exercise:

Use the length property to alert the length of txt .

```
let txt = "Hello World!";
let x = txt.length;
alert(x);
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer >

13:02

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript String Methods https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_string_methods1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 8 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Variables
- JS Operators
- JS Data Types ✓
- JS Functions
- JS Objects
- JS Events
- JS Strings
- JS String Methods
- ✓ Exercise 1

Exercise:

Convert the text into an UPPERCASE text:

```
let txt = "Hello World!";
txt = txt.toUpperCase();
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer >

13:08

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Arrays https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_arrays1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 9 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Events
- JS Strings
- JS String Methods
- JS Arrays
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3

[Go to JS Arrays Tutorial](#)

JS Array Methods

JS Array Sort

Submit Answer

Show Answer

const cars = ["Saab", "Volvo", "BMW"];
let x = cars[1];

Exercise:

Get the value "Volvo" from the `cars` array.

13:11

This screenshot shows a Firefox browser window with a dark theme. The address bar shows the URL for a JavaScript arrays exercise on W3Schools. The left sidebar has a navigation menu with 'Exercise 1' highlighted in green. The main content area contains a code snippet for extracting the second element from an array named 'cars'. Below the code are 'Submit Answer' and 'Show Answer' buttons. The title 'Exercise:' is displayed above the task description.

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Arrays https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_array_methods1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 9 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Strings
- JS String Methods
- JS Arrays
- JS Array Methods
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3

[Go to JS Array Methods Tutorial](#)

JS Array Sort

Submit Answer

Show Answer

const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple"];
fruits.pop();

Exercise:

Use the correct Array method to remove the last item of the `fruits` array.

13:21

This screenshot shows a Firefox browser window with a dark theme. The address bar shows the URL for a JavaScript array methods exercise on W3Schools. The left sidebar has a navigation menu with 'Exercise 1' highlighted in green. The main content area contains a code snippet using the 'pop()' method on an array named 'fruits'. Below the code are 'Submit Answer' and 'Show Answer' buttons. The title 'Exercise:' is displayed above the task description.

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Array Sort https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_array_sort1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 11 of 67 Exercises:

- JS String Methods
- JS Arrays
- JS Array Methods
- JS Array Sort ✓
- Exercise 1
- [Go to JS Array Sort Tutorial](#)
- JS Dates
- JS Math
- JS Comparisons

Exercise:

Use the correct Array method to sort the fruits array alphabetically.

```
const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Kiwi"];
fruits.sort();
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer >

13:28

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Date Objects https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_dates1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 12 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Arrays
- JS Array Methods
- JS Array Sort ✓
- JS Dates
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- [Go to JS Dates Tutorial](#)
- JS Math

Exercise:

Create a Date object and alert the current date and time.

```
const d = new Date();
alert(d);
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer >

13:30

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Math Object https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_math1

Completed 13 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Array Methods
- JS Array Sort ✓
- JS Dates
- JS Math
- Exercise 1 ✓
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to JS Math Tutorial

JS Comparisons

Exercise:

Use the correct Math method to create a random number.

```
let r = Math.random();
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer

13:33

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Comparison and Conditions https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_comparisons1

Completed 14 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Array Sort ✓
- JS Dates
- JS Math
- JS Comparisons
- Exercise 1 ✓
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4

Go to JS Comparisons Tutorial

JS Conditions

Exercise:

Choose the correct comparison operator to alert `true`, when `x` is greater than `y`.

```
x = 10;  
y = 5;  
alert(x > y);
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer

13:35

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Comparison and Conditions

https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_conditions1

Completed 15 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Dates
- JS Math
- JS Comparisons
- JS Conditions
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- [Go to JS Conditions Tutorial](#)
- JS Switch
- JS For Loops

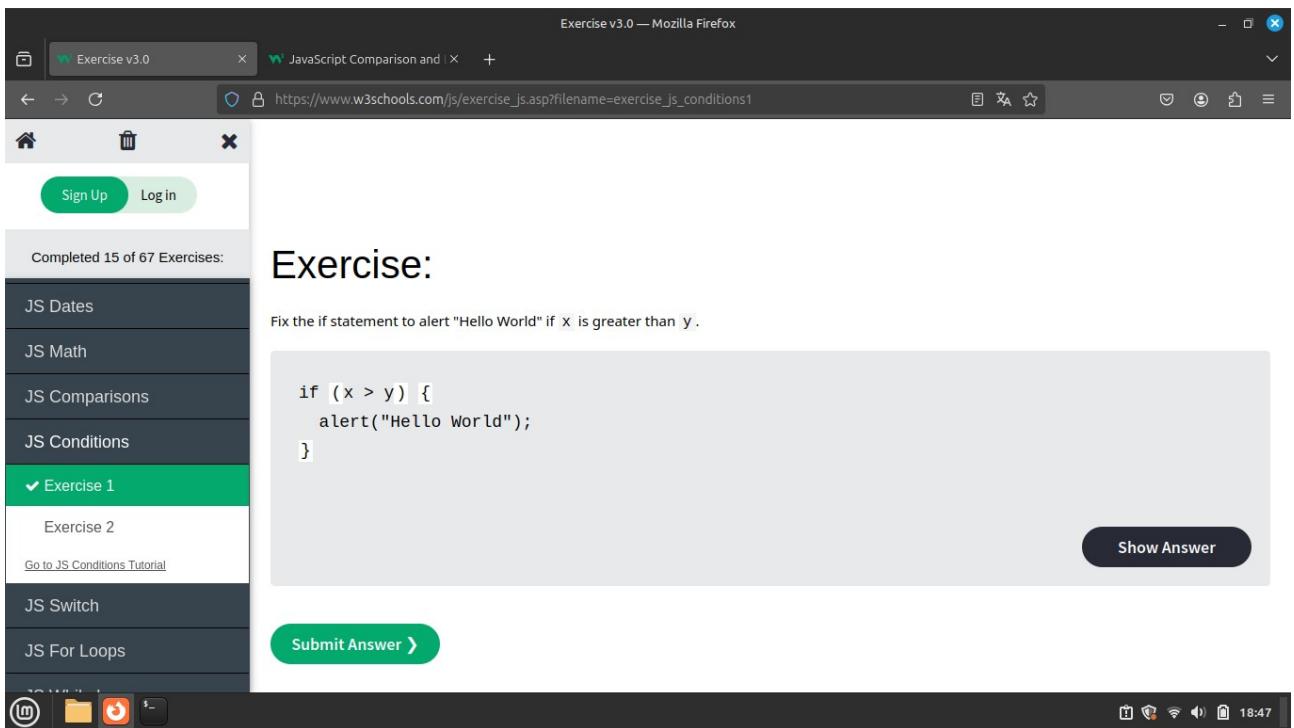
Exercise:

Fix the if statement to alert "Hello World" if `x` is greater than `y`.

```
if (x > y) {  
    alert("Hello World");  
}
```

[Show Answer](#)

[Submit Answer](#)



Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript Switch Statement

https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_switch1

Completed 16 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Math
- JS Comparisons
- JS Conditions
- JS Switch
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- [Go to JS Switch Tutorial](#)
- JS For Loops
- JS While Loops

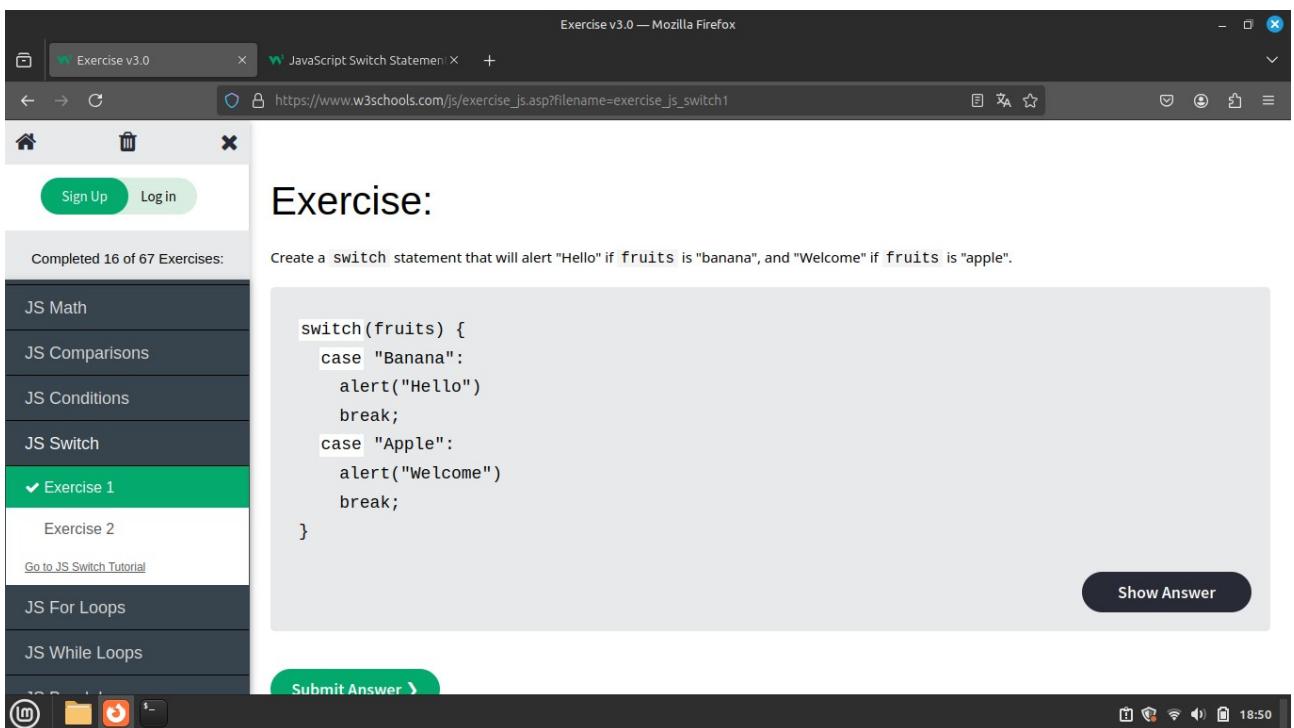
Exercise:

Create a switch statement that will alert "Hello" if `fruits` is "banana", and "Welcome" if `fruits` is "apple".

```
switch(fruits) {  
    case "Banana":  
        alert("Hello")  
        break;  
    case "Apple":  
        alert("Welcome")  
        break;  
}
```

[Show Answer](#)

[Submit Answer](#)



Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript for Loop https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_loops1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 17 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Comparisons
- JS Conditions
- JS Switch
- JS For Loops
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- [Go to JS For Loops Tutorial](#)
- JS While Loops
- JS Break Loops

Exercise:

Create a loop that runs from 0 to 9.

```
let i;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    console.log(i);
}
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer

18:54

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript for Loop https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_loop_while1

Sign Up Log In

Completed 18 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Conditions
- JS Switch
- JS For Loops
- JS While Loops
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- [Go to JS While Loops Tutorial](#)
- JS Break Loops

Exercise:

Create a loop that runs as long as `i` is less than 10.

```
let i = 0;
while (i < 10) {
    console.log(i);
    i++
}
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer

18:55

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript for Loop https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_break1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 19 of 67 Exercises:

- JS Switch
- JS For Loops
- JS While Loops
- JS Break Loops
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- [Go to JS Break Loops Tutorial](#)
- JS HTML DOM

Exercise:

Make the loop stop when `i` is 5.

```
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    console.log(i);
    if (i == 5) {
        break;
    }
}
```

Show Answer

18:56

Exercise v3.0 — Mozilla Firefox

Exercise v3.0 JavaScript DOM Methods https://www.w3schools.com/js/exercise_js.asp?filename=exercise_js_dom_html1

Sign Up Log in

Completed 20 of 67 Exercises:

- JS For Loops
- JS While Loops
- JS Break Loops
- JS HTML DOM
- Exercise 1
- Exercise 2
- Exercise 3
- Exercise 4
- Exercise 5
- Exercise 6

Exercise:

Use the `getElementById` method to find the `<p>` element, and change its text to "Hello".

```
<p id="demo"></p>

<script>
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = "Hello";
</script>
```

Show Answer

Submit Answer >

19:01