```
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# License: BSD Style.
# TP Cours ML Telecom ParisTech MDI343
import os
import os.path as op
import numpy as np
import nltk
import re
import operator
from glob import glob
from nltk import word_tokenize
from nltk import pos tag
from nltk import SnowballStemmer
from sklearn.base import BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger')
stemmer = SnowballStemmer("english")
cwd = os.getcwd()
os.chdir("data")
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /Users/famat/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
[nltk_data] /Users/famat/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] date!
```

```
texts_neg = [open(f).read() for f in filenames_neg]
texts_pos = [open(f).read() for f in filenames_pos]
texts = texts_neg + texts_pos
y = np.ones(len(texts), dtype=np.int)
y[:len(texts_neg)] = 0.
if(Verbose):
    print("%d documents" % len(texts))
return texts, y

texts, y = loadData()
```

```
# Count_words
def count_words(texts):
   """Vectorize text : return count of each word in the text snippets
   Parameters
    _____
   texts: list of str
       The texts
   Returns
   vocabulary : dict
       A dictionary that points to an index in counts for each word.
   counts : ndarray, shape (n_samples, n_features)
       The counts of each word in each text.
       n_samples == number of documents.
       n features == number of words in vocabulary.
   words = \{\}
   for text in texts:
       for word in re.findall(r'\w+', text):
           if word not in words.keys():
              words[word] = 1
           words [word] += 1
   #print(words.keys())
   ## creation de la table de correspondance
   conv = words.keys()
   dictConv = {}
   counter = 0
   for el in conv :
       dictConv[el] = counter
       counter += 1
   n_features = len(words.keys())
   n_samples = len(texts)
   counts = np.zeros((n_samples,n_features))
```

```
for i in range(len(texts)):
    tabTmp = re.findall(r'\w+', texts[i])
    for j in range(len(tabTmp)):
        counts[i][dictConv[tabTmp[j]]] += 1

vocabulary = dictConv
return vocabulary, counts
```

```
# Count words in text
vocabulary, X = count_words(texts)
```

```
class NB(BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin):

    def __init__(self):
        """

        texts_neg, texts_pos, y = loadData()
        texts = texts_neg + texts_pos
        vocabulary, counts = count_words(texts)
        Classes = [0, 1]
        prior = {}
        condprob = None
        """

        pass

    def fit(self, X, y):
        return self

    def predict(self, X):
        return (np.random.randn(len(X)) > 0).astype(np.int)

    def score(self, X, y):
        return np.mean(self.predict(X) == y)
```

```
# Try to fit, predict and score
nb = NB()
nb.fit(X[::2], y[::2])
print(nb.score(X[1::2], y[1::2]))
```

Explain how positive and negative classes have been assigned to movie reviews

The positive and negative classes have been assigned from scraping webpages. Only the explicit rating have been kept.

The positive and negative classes are determined from the rating system that the website have used.

If the score of the movie is above 80%, 3.5/5, 3/4 or B or plus, the review is considered as positive.

If the score of the movie is below 2/5, 1.5/4 or c- or below, the review is considered as negative.

```
def loadDataWithClass(Verbose=False):
   if(Verbose):
        print("Loading dataset")
    filenames_neg = sorted(glob(op.join('..', 'data', 'imdb1', 'neg', '*.txt')))
    filenames_pos = sorted(glob(op.join('..', 'data', 'imdb1', 'pos', '*.txt')))
   #class_neg = 0
   \#class\_pos = 1
   texts_neg = [[open(f).read(),0] for f in filenames_neg]
   texts_pos = [[open(f).read(),1] for f in filenames_pos]
   if(Verbose):
        print(len(texts_neg),"longueur text neg")
        print(len(texts_pos),"longueur text pos")
   texts = texts_neg + texts_pos
   y = np.ones(len(texts), dtype=np.int)
   y[:len(texts_neg)] = 0.
    if(Verbose):
       print("%d documents" % len(texts))
    return texts, y
```

```
texts_withClass , y = loadDataWithClass()
```

```
class NB(BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin):

def __init__(self):
    C = None
    V = None
    CondProb = None
    prior = None
```

```
def fit(self, X, y):
    texts = []
    EnsembleDesClasses = [0,1]
    for i in range(len(X)):
        texts.append((X[i],y[i]))
    #for i in range(len(y)):
    # if y[i] not in EnsembleDesClasses:
            EnsembleDesClasses.append(y[i])
    return self.trainMulti(texts, EnsembleDesClasses)
def predict(self, X):
    return self.applyMulti(X)
def score(self, X, y):
    score = 0
    for i in range(len(X)):
        if(self.predict(X[i]) == y[i]):
            score += 1
    return score / len(X)
def applyMulti(self,d):
    C, V, prior, condProb = self.C, self.V, self.prior, self.condProb
    W = self.ExtractTokensFromDoc(V,d)
    score = {}
    for classe in C :
        score[classe] = np.log(prior[classe])
        for t in W:
            score[classe] += np.log(condProb[t][classe])
    return max(score.items(), key=operator.itemgetter(1))[0]
def trainMulti(self,texts,EnsembleDesClasses):
    C = EnsembleDesClasses
    D = texts
    V, X = count_words([t[0] for t in texts])
    N = self.CountDocs(D)
    prior = {}
    terme_freq = {}
    condProb = \{\}
    for classe in C:
        N_C = self.CountDocsInClass(D,classe)
        prior[classe] = (N_C * 1.0) / N
        text c = self.ConcatenateTextOfAllDocsInClass(D,classe)
        SUM_T_C = 0
        for t in V:
            if t not in terme_freq.keys():
                terme_freq[t] = {}
            terme_freq[t][classe] = self.CountTokensOfTerm(text_c, t)
            SUM_T_C += terme_freq[t][classe] + 1
        for t in V :
            if t not in condProb.keys():
                condProb[t] = \{\}
            condProb[t][classe] = 1.0*(terme_freq[t][classe] + 1) / SUM_T_C
    self.C, self.V, self.prior, self.condProb = C, V, prior, condProb
    return C, V, prior, condProb
```

```
def CountDocs(self,D):
    return len(D)
def CountDocsInClass(self,D,classe):
    counter = 0
    for i in range(len(D)):
        if(D[i][1] == classe):
            counter += 1
    return counter
def ConcatenateTextOfAllDocsInClass(self,D,classe):
    textsToReturn = []
    for i in range(len(D)):
        if(D[i][1] == classe):
            textsToReturn.append(D[i][0])
    return textsToReturn
def CountTokensOfTerm(self,text,t):
    count = 0
    newText = [t[0] for t in text]
    for text in newText:
        listOfWord = re.findall(r'\w+', text)
        for el in listOfWord:
            if el == t:
                count += 1
    return count
def ExtractTokensFromDoc(self, V, d):
    tokens = []
    listOfWord = re.findall(r'\w+', d)
    for el in listOfWord:
        if el in V:
            tokens.append(el)
    return tokens
```

```
#nb_with_all_word = NB()
#EnsembleDesClasses = [0,1]
#text_neg = [t[0] for t in texts_withClass if t[1] == 0 ]
#C, V, prior, condProb = nb_with_all_word.trainMulti(texts_withClass,EnsembleDesCla
#C, V, prior, condProb = nb_with_all_word.trainMulti(text_neg,EnsembleDesClasses)
texts_data = [t[0] for t in texts_withClass]
```

```
nb_cross_val = NB()
```

texts_target = [t[1] for t in texts_withClass]

```
scores_NB_all_text = cross_val_score(nb_cross_val, texts_data , texts_target, cv=5)
print(max(scores_NB_all_text))
```

0.52

```
def count_words(texts):
   """Vectorize text : return count of each word in the text snippets
    Parameters
    texts : list of str
       The texts
   Returns
    vocabulary : dict
       A dictionary that points to an index in counts for each word.
    counts : ndarray, shape (n_samples, n_features)
        The counts of each word in each text.
        n samples == number of documents.
        n_features == number of words in vocabulary.
   words = \{\}
    stop\_word = []
   with open('english.stop', 'r') as f:
        for line in f :
            stop_word.append(line.rstrip('\n'))
    for text in texts:
        for word in re.findall(r'\w+', text):
            if word not in stop_word :
                if word not in words.keys():
                    words[word] = 1
                words[word] += 1
   #print(words.keys())
   ## creation de la table de correspondance
    conv = words.keys()
   dictConv = {}
    counter = 0
    for el in conv :
        dictConv[el] = counter
        counter += 1
    n_features = len(words.keys())
    n_samples = len(texts)
    counts = np.zeros((n_samples,n_features))
```

```
for i in range(len(texts)):
    tabTmp = re.findall(r'\w+', texts[i])
    for j in range(len(tabTmp)):
        if tabTmp[j] not in stop_word:
            counts[i][dictConv[tabTmp[j]]] += 1

vocabulary = dictConv
return vocabulary, counts
```

```
class NB(BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin):
   def __init__(self):
       C = None
       V = None
       CondProb = None
        prior = None
   def fit(self, X, y):
       texts = []
        EnsembleDesClasses = [0,1]
        for i in range(len(X)):
           texts.append((X[i],y[i]))
       #for i in range(len(y)):
       # if y[i] not in EnsembleDesClasses:
                EnsembleDesClasses.append(y[i])
        return self.trainMulti(texts, EnsembleDesClasses)
   def predict(self, X):
        return self.applyMulti(X)
   def score(self, X, y):
        score = 0
        for i in range(len(X)):
            if(self.predict(X[i]) == y[i]):
               score += 1
        return score / len(X)
   def applyMulti(self,d):
        C, V, prior, condProb = self.C, self.V, self.prior, self.condProb
       W = self.ExtractTokensFromDoc(V,d)
        #print("prior", prior)
        score = {}
        for classe in C :
            score[classe] = np.log(prior[classe])
            for t in W:
                score[classe] += np.log(condProb[t][classe])
        #print( "neg:", score[0], "pos:", score[1])
        return max(score.items(), key=operator.itemgetter(1))[0]
   def trainMulti(self,texts,EnsembleDesClasses):
        C = EnsembleDesClasses
```

```
D = texts
    V, X = count_words([t[0] for t in texts])
    N = self.CountDocs(D)
    prior = {}
    terme_freq = {}
    condProb = \{\}
    for classe in C:
        #print(classe)
        N_C = self.CountDocsInClass(D, classe)
        prior[classe] = (N_C * 1.0) / N
        text_c = self.ConcatenateTextOfAllDocsInClass(D,classe)
        SUM_T_C = 0
        for t in V:
            if t not in terme_freq.keys():
                terme_freq[t] = {}
            terme_freq[t][classe] = self.CountTokensOfTerm(text_c, t)
            SUM_T_C += terme_freq[t][classe] + 1
        for t in V:
            if t not in condProb.keys():
                condProb[t] = \{\}
            condProb[t][classe] = 1.0*(terme_freq[t][classe] + 1) / SUM_T_C
    self.C, self.V, self.prior, self.condProb = C, V, prior, condProb
    return C, V, prior, condProb
def CountDocs(self,D):
    return len(D)
def CountDocsInClass(self,D,classe):
    counter = 0
    for i in range(len(D)):
        if(D[i][1] == classe):
            counter += 1
    return counter
def ConcatenateTextOfAllDocsInClass(self,D,classe):
    textsToReturn = []
    for i in range(len(D)):
        if(D[i][1] == classe):
            textsToReturn.append(D[i][0])
    return textsToReturn
def CountTokensOfTerm(self,text,t):
    count = 0
    newText = [t[0] for t in text]
    for text in newText:
        listOfWord = re.findall(r'\w+', text)
        for el in listOfWord:
            if el == t:
                count += 1
    return count
def ExtractTokensFromDoc(self, V, d):
    tokens = []
```

```
listOfWord = re.findall(r'\w+', d)
        for el in listOfWord:
            if el in V:
                tokens.append(el)
        return tokens
texts_data = [t[0] for t in texts_withClass]
texts_target = [t[1] for t in texts_withClass]
nb = NB()
scores_with_prepro = cross_val_score(nb, texts_data , texts_target, cv=5)
print("score sans les stop words :" ,max(scores_with_prepro))
print("score avec les stop words:" ,max(scores_NB_all_text))
score sans les stop words : 0.5275
score avec les stop words: 0.52
text_clf = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                     ('clf', MultinomialNB()),
1)
text_SVC = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                    ('SVC', LinearSVC()),
1)
text_LR = Pipeline([('vect', CountVectorizer()),
                     ('LR', LogisticRegression()),
1)
def stemmerDIY(texts):
    textsSTEMMED = []
    for text in texts:
        textTMP = ""
        for word in re.findall(r'\w+',text):
           textTMP += " " + stemmer.stem(word)
        textsSTEMMED.append(textTMP)
```

return textsSTEMMED

```
texts_data_stemmed = stemmerDIY(texts_data)
texts_data_treated = []
for text in texts_data:
   tokenized = word_tokenize(text)
   tagged = pos_tag(tokenized)
   texttmp = ""
   for word, tag in tagged:
       if tag in ('NN', 'VB', 'ADJ', 'ADV'):
           texttmp += " "
           texttmp += word
   texts_data_treated.append(texttmp)
texts data stemmed and pos = stemmerDIY(texts data treated)
scores_sklearn_SVC = cross_val_score(text_SVC, texts_data , texts_target, cv=5)
scores_sklearn_LR = cross_val_score(text_LR , texts_data , texts_target, cv=5)
scores_sklearn = cross_val_score(text_clf, texts_data , texts_target, cv=5)
scores_sklearn_LR_STEM = cross_val_score(text_LR , texts_data_stemmed , texts_targe
scores_sklearn_SVC_STEM = cross_val_score(text_SVC, texts_data_stemmed , texts_targ
scores_sklearn_STEM = cross_val_score(text_clf, texts_data_stemmed , texts_target,
scores_sklearn_LR_POS = cross_val_score(text_LR , texts_data_treated , texts_target
scores_sklearn_SVC_POS = cross_val_score(text_SVC, texts_data_treated , texts_targe
scores_sklearn_POS = cross_val_score(text_clf, texts_data_treated , texts_target, c
scores_sklearn_LR_ALL = cross_val_score(text_LR , texts_data_stemmed_and_pos , text
scores_sklearn_SVC_ALL = cross_val_score(text_SVC, texts_data_stemmed_and_pos , tex
scores_sklearn_ALL = cross_val_score(text_clf, texts_data_stemmed_and_pos , texts_t
```

```
print("Logistic R \t SVC \t NB")
print(max(scores_sklearn_LR), "\t \t", max(scores_sklearn_SVC),max(scores_sklearn))
scores Avec Texte non traité :
              SVC
                      NB
Logistic R
0.8675
               0.85 0.825
print("scores Avec STEM: \n ")
print("Logistic R \t SVC \t NB")
print(max(scores_sklearn_LR_STEM),"\t \t", max(scores_sklearn_SVC_STEM),max(scores_
scores Avec STEM:
Logistic R
              SVC
               0.85 0.8325
0.8625
print("scores Avec POS TAGGING : \n ")
print("Logistic R \t SVC \t NB")
print(max(scores_sklearn_LR_POS),"\t \t", max(scores_sklearn_SVC_POS),max(scores_sk
scores Avec POS TAGGING :
              SVC
Logistic R
                     NB
              0.7975 0.7825
0.805
print("scores Avec POS TAGGING et STEM : \n ")
print("Logistic R \t SVC \t NB")
print(max(scores_sklearn_LR_ALL),"\t \t", max(scores_sklearn_SVC_ALL),max(scores_sk
scores Avec POS TAGGING et STEM :
```

Logistic R SVC NB 0.8 0.7925 0.7775