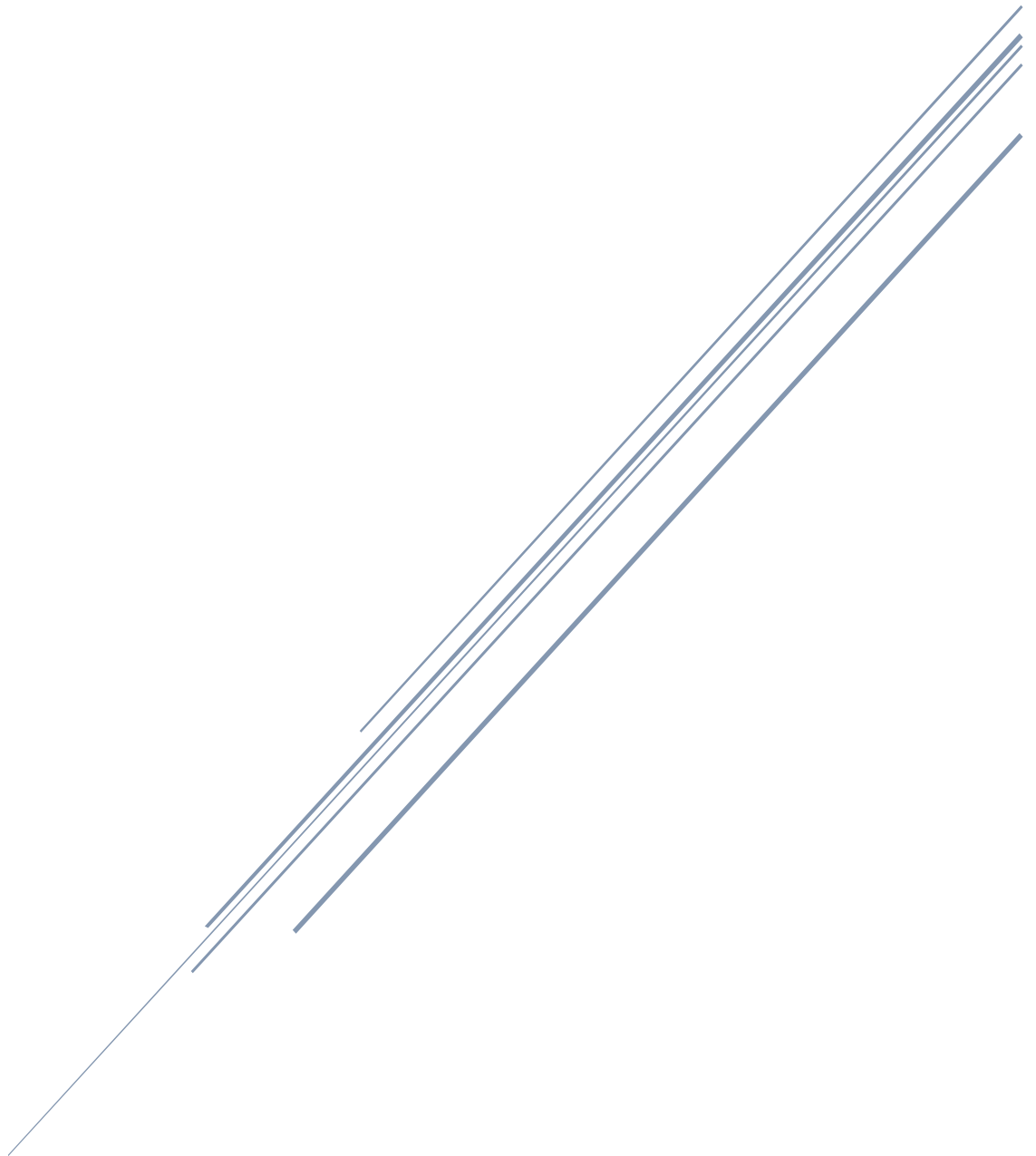


PROCESADORES DEL LENGUAJE

ENTREGA 2



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Descripción de la gramática EBNF ampliada

CompilationUnit : (ImportClause) [*] TintoDecl
ImportClause : import identifier semicolon
TintoDecl : LibraryDecl NativeDecl
LibraryDecl : library identifier lbrace (Function) [*] rbrace
Function : Access FunctionType identifier ArgumentDecl FunctionBody
NativeDecl : library identifier lbrace (NativeFunction) [*] rbrace
NativeFunction : Access FunctionType identifier ArgumentDecl semicolon
Access : public private
FunctionType : Type void
Type : int char boolean
ArgumentDecl : lparen (Argument (comma Argument) [*])? rparen
Argument : Type identifier
FunctionBody : lbrace (Statement) [*] rbrace

Stm : Decl semicolon IdStm semicolon IfStm SwitchStm WhileStm DoWhileStm ForStm BreakStm ContinueStm ReturnStm NoStm BlockStm
Decl : Type identifier Assignment (comma identifier Assignment) [*]
IdStm : identifier (Assignment MethodCall dot identifier MethodCall)
IfStm ::= if lparen Expr rparen Stm (else Stm)?
SwitchStm : switch lparen Expr rparen lbrace (CaseClause DefaultClause) [*] rbrace
CaseClause : case integer_literal colon (Stm) [*]
DefaultClause : default colon (Stm) [*]
WhileStm : while lparen Expr rparen Stm
DoWhileStm : do Stm while lparen Expr rparen semicolon
ForStm : for lparen (ForInit)? semicolon (Expr)? semicolon (IdStmList)? rparen Stm
ForInit ::= (Decl IdStmList)
IdStmList : IdStm (comma IdStm) [*]
BreakStm : break semicolon
ContinueStm : continue semicolon
ReturnStm : return (Expr)? semicolon
NoStm : semicolon
BlockStm : lbrace (Stm) [*] rbrace

Expr : AndExpr (or AndExpr) [*]
AndExpr : RelExpr (and RelExpr) [*]
RelExpr : SumExpr (RelOp SumExpr)?
RelOp : (eq ne gt ge lt le)
SumExpr : UnOp ProdExpr (SumOp ProdExpr) [*]
UnOp : (not minus plus)?
SumOp : (minus plus)
ProdExpr : Factor (MultOp Factor) [*]
MultOp : (prod div mod)
Factor : (Literal Reference lparen Expr rparen)
Literal : (integer_literal char_literal true false)
Reference : identifier (FunctionCall dot identifier FunctionCall)?
FunctionCall : lparen (Expr (comma Expr) [*])? rparen

Descripción de la gramática BNF equivalente

CompilationUnit ::= ImportClauseList TintoDecl	import, library, native
ImportClauseList ::= ImportClause ImportClauseList	import
ImportClauseList ::= lambda	library
ImportClause ::= import identifier semicolon	import
TintoDecl ::= LibraryDecl	library
TintoDecl ::= NativeDecl	native
LibraryDecl ::= library identifier lbrace FunctionList rbrace	library
FunctionList ::= Function FunctionList	public, private
FunctionList ::= lambda	rbrace
Function ::= Access FunctionType identifier ArgumentDecl FunctionBody	public, private
NativeDecl ::= native identifier lbrace NativeFunctionList rbrace	native
NativeFunctionList ::= NativeFunction NativeFunctionList	public, private
NativeFunctionList ::= lambda	rbrace
NativeFunction ::= Access FunctionType identifier ArgumentDecl semicolon	public, private
Access ::= public	public
Access ::= private	private
FunctionType ::= Type	int, char, boolean
FunctionType ::= void	void
Type ::= int	int
Type ::= char	char
Type ::= boolean	boolean
ArgumentDecl := lparen ArgumentList rparen	lparen
ArgumentList ::= Argument MoreArguments	int, char, boolean
ArgumentList ::= lambda	rparen
MoreArguments ::= comma Argument MoreArguments	comma
MoreArguments ::= lambda	lparen
Argument ::= Type identifier	int, char, boolean
FunctionBody ::= lbrace StatementList rbrace	lbrace

StatementList ::= Statement StatementList	int, char, boolean, identifier, if, while, return, semicolon, lbrace, do, for, switch, break, continue
StatementList ::= lambda	rbrace
Statement ::= Decl semicolon	int, char, boolean
Statement ::= IdStm semicolon	identifier
Statement ::= IfStm	if
Statement ::= WhileStm	while
Statement ::= ReturnStm	return
Statement ::= NoStm	semicolon
Statement ::= BlockStm	lbrace
Statement ::= DoWhileStm	do
Statement ::= ForStm	for
Statement ::= SwitchStm	switch
Statement ::= BreakStm	break
Statement ::= ContinueStm	continue
Decl ::= Type identifier Assignment MoreDecl	int, char, boolean
MoreDecl ::= comma identifier Assignment MoreDecl	comma
MoreDecl ::= lambda	semicolon
Assignment ::= assign Expr	assign
Assignment ::= lambda	comma, semicolon
IfStm ::= if lparen Expr rparen Statement ElseStm	if
ElseStm ::= else Statement	else
ElseStm ::= lambda	int, char, boolean, identifier, if, while, return, semicolon, lbrace, do, for, switch, break, continue
SwitchStm ::= switch lparen Expr rparen lbrace OptionsSwitch rbrace	switch
OptionsSwitch ::= case integer_literal colon MoreStatement OptionsSwitch	case
MoreStatement ::= Statement MoreStatement	int, char, boolean, identifier, if, while, return, semicolon, lbrace, do, for, switch, break, continue
OptionsSwitch ::= default colon MoreStatement OptionsSwitch	default
MoreStatement ::= lambda	case, default, rbrace
OptionsSwitch ::= lambda	rbrace
DoWhileStm ::= do Statement while lparen Expr rparen semicolon	do
ForStm ::= for lparen ForInit semicolon Expr semicolon IdStmList rparen Statement	for
ForInit ::= Decl	int, char, boolean
ForInit ::= IdStmList	identifier
ForInit ::= lambda	semicolon
IdStmList ::= IdStm MoreIdStmList	identifier
IdStmList ::= lambda	rparen
MoreIdStmList ::= comma IdStm MoreIdStmList	comma
MoreIdStmList ::= lambda	rparen

WhileStm ::= while lparen Expr rparen Statement	while
ReturnStm ::= return ReturnExpr semicolon	return
ReturnExpr ::= Expr	not, minus, plus, integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen
ReturnExpr ::= lambda	semicolon
BreakStm ::= break semicolon	break
Continue ::= continue semicolon	continue
NoStm ::= semicolon	semicolon
IdStm ::= identifier IdStmContinue	identifier
IdStmContinue ::= assign Expr	assign
IdStmContinue ::= FunctionCall	lparen
IdStmContinue ::= dot identifier FunctionCall	dot
BlockStm ::= lbrace StatementList rbrace	lbrace

Expr ::= AndExpr MoreOrExpr	not, minus, plus, integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen
MoreOrExpr ::= or AndExpr MoreOrExpr	or
MoreOrExpr ::= lambda	comma, rparen, semicolon
AndExpr ::= RelExpr MoreAndExpr	not, minus, plus, integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen
MoreAndExpr ::= and RelExpr MoreAndExpr	and
MoreAndExpr ::= lambda	or, comma, rparen, semicolon
RelExpr ::= SumExpr MoreRelExpr	not, minus, plus, integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen
MoreRelExpr ::= RelOp SumExpr	eq, ne, gt, ge, lt, le
MoreRelExpr ::= lambda	and, or, comma, rparen, semicolon
RelOp ::= eq	eq
RelOp ::= ne	ne
RelOp ::= gt	gt
RelOp ::= ge	ge
RelOp ::= lt	lt
RelOp ::= le	le
SumExpr ::= UnOp ProdExpr MoreSumExpr	not, minus, plus, integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen
MoreSumExpr ::= SumOp ProdExpr MoreSumExpr	plus, minus
MoreSumExpr ::= lambda	eq, ne, gt, ge, lt, le, and, or, comma, rparen, semicolon
UnOp ::= not	not
UnOp ::= minus	minus
UnOp ::= plus	plus
UnOp ::= lambda	integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen
SumOp ::= minus	minus
SumOp ::= plus	plus

ProdExpr ::= Factor MoreProdExpr	integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen
MoreProdExpr ::= MultOp Factor MoreProdExpr	prod, div, mod
MoreProdExpr ::= lambda	plus, minus, eq, ne, gt, ge, lt, le, and, or, comma, rparen, semicolon
MultOp ::= prod	prod
MultOp ::= div	div
MultOp ::= mod	mod
Factor ::= Literal	integer_literal, char_literal, true, false
Factor ::= Reference	identifier
Factor ::= lparen Expr rparen	lparen
Literal ::= integer_literal	integer_literal
Literal ::= char_literal	char_literal
Literal ::= true	true
Literal ::= false	false
Reference ::= identifier ReferenceContinue	identifier
ReferenceContinue ::= FunctionCall	lparen
ReferenceContinue ::= dot identifier FunctionCall	dot
ReferenceContinue ::= lambda	prod, div, mod, plus, minus, eq, ne, gt, ge, lt, le, and, or, comma, rparen, semicolon
FunctionCall ::= lparen ExprList rparen	lparen
ExprList ::= Expr MoreExpr	integer_literal, char_literal, true, false, identifier, lparen, not, minus, plus
ExprList ::= lambda	rparen
MoreExpr ::= comma Expr MoreExpr	comma
MoreExpr ::= lambda	rparen

Descripción de los métodos asociados a los nuevos símbolos de la gramática

```
/*
 * Analiza el símbolo <StatementList>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseStatementList() throws SyntaxException
{
    // AÑADIDO DO, FOR, SWITCH, BREAK, CONTINUE
    int[] expected = { INT, CHAR, BOOLEAN, IDENTIFIER, IF, WHILE,
                      RETURN, SEMICOLON, LBRACE, RBRACE, DO,
                      FOR, SWITCH, BREAK, CONTINUE };
    switch(nextToken.getKind())
    {
        case INT:
        case CHAR:
        case BOOLEAN:
        case IDENTIFIER:
        case IF:
        case WHILE:
        case RETURN:
        case SEMICOLON:
        case FOR:
        case DO:
        case SWITCH:
        case LBRACE:
            parseStatement();
            parseStatementList();
            break;
        case BREAK:
            parseBreakStm();
            break;
        case CONTINUE:
            parseContinueStm();
            break;
        case RBRACE:
            break;
        default:
            throw new SyntaxException(nextToken, expected);
    }
}
```

Modificado el método **parseStatementList()** con los nuevos tipos {do, for, switch, break, continue}.

```
/*
 * Analiza el símbolo <Statement>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseStatement() throws SyntaxException
{
    // AÑADIDO MATCH(SEMICOLON), DO, FOR, SWITCH, BREAK, CONTINUE
    int[] expected = { INT, CHAR, BOOLEAN, IDENTIFIER, IF, WHILE,
                      RETURN, SEMICOLON, LBRACE, DO, FOR, SWITCH,
                      BREAK, CONTINUE };
    switch(nextToken.getKind())
    {
        case INT:
        case CHAR:
        case BOOLEAN:
            parseDecl();
            match(SEMICOLON);
            break;
        case IDENTIFIER:
            parseIdStm();
            match(SEMICOLON);
            break;
        case IF:
            parseIfStm();
            break;
        case WHILE:
            parseWhileStm();
            break;
        case RETURN:
            parseReturnStm();
            break;
        case SEMICOLON:
            parseNoStm();
            break;
        case LBRACE:
            parseBlockStm();
            break;
        case DO:
            parseDoWhileStm();
            break;
        case FOR:
            parseForStm();
            break;
        case SWITCH:
            parseSwitchStm();
            break;
        case BREAK:
            parseBreakStm();
            break;
        case CONTINUE:
            parseContinueStm();
            break;
        default:
            throw new SyntaxException(nextToken, expected);
    }
}
```

Modificado el método **parseStatement()** con los nuevos tipos y además la modificación del semicolon {;} para poder usarlo en el for.


```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <MoreStatement>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseMoreStatement() throws SyntaxException {
    // AÑADIDO PARA USAR EN EL SWITCH
    int[] expected = { INT, CHAR, BOOLEAN, IDENTIFIER, IF, WHILE,
        RETURN, SEMICOLON, LBRACE, DO, FOR, SWITCH,
        CASE, DEFAULT, RBRACE };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
        case INT:
        case CHAR:
        case BOOLEAN:
        case IDENTIFIER:
        case IF:
        case WHILE:
        case RETURN:
        case SEMICOLON:
        case LBRACE:
        case FOR:
        case DO:
        case SWITCH:
        case BREAK:
        case CONTINUE:
            parseStatement();
            parseMoreStatement();
            break;
        case CASE:
        case DEFAULT:
        case RBRACE:
            break;
        default:
            throw new SyntaxException(nextToken, expected);
    }
}

```

Añadido el método **parseMoreStatement()** requerido en el tipo switch.

```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <Decl>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseDecl() throws SyntaxException
{
    // ELIMINADO match(SEMICOLON);
    int[] expected = { INT, CHAR, BOOLEAN };
    switch(nextToken.getKind())
    {
        case INT:
        case CHAR:
        case BOOLEAN:
            parseType();
            match(IDENTIFIER);
            parseAssignment();
            parseMoreDecl();
            break;
        default:
            throw new SyntaxException(nextToken, expected);
    }
}

```

Eliminación del semicolon en el método **parseDecl()**, para poder usarlo en el for.

```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <ElseStm>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseElseStm() throws SyntaxException
{
    // AÑADIDO DO, FOR, SWITCH, BREAK, CONTINUE
    int[] expected = { ELSE, INT, CHAR, BOOLEAN, IDENTIFIER, IF, WHILE,
        RETURN, SEMICOLON, LBRACE, RBRACE, DO, FOR, SWITCH,
        BREAK, CONTINUE };
    switch(nextToken.getKind())
    {
        case ELSE:
            match(ELSE);
            parseStatement();
            break;
        case INT:
        case CHAR:
        case BOOLEAN:
        case IDENTIFIER:
        case IF:
        case WHILE:
        case DO:
        case FOR:
        case SWITCH:
        case CONTINUE:
        case BREAK:
        case RETURN:
        case SEMICOLON:
        case LBRACE:
        case RBRACE:
            break;
        default:
            throw new SyntaxException(nextToken, expected);
    }
}

```

Modificación del método **parseElseStm()** para reconocer los nuevos métodos añadidos {do, for, switch, break, continue}.

```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <SwitchStm>
 * @throws SintaxException
 */
private void parseSwitchStm() throws SintaxException {
    // ANADIDO SWITCH
    int[] expected = { SWITCH };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
        case SWITCH:
            match(SWITCH);
            match(LPAREN);
            parseExpr();
            match(RPAREN);
            match(LBRACE);
            parseOptionsSwitch();
            match(RBRACE);
            break;
        default:
            throw new SintaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <OptionsSwitch>
 * @throws SintaxException
 */
private void parseOptionsSwitch() throws SintaxException {
    // ANADIDO PARA USAR EN EL SWITCH
    int[] expected = { CASE, DEFAULT, RBRACE };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
        case CASE:
            match(CASE);
            match(INTEGER_LITERAL);
            match(COLONS);
            parseMoreStatement();
            parseOptionsSwitch();
            break;
        case DEFAULT:
            match(DEFAULT);
            match(COLONS);
            parseMoreStatement();
            parseOptionsSwitch();
            break;
        case RBRACE:
            break;
        default:
            throw new SintaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

```

Añadidos los métodos **parseSwitchStm()** y **parseOptionsSwitch()**, para los tipos switch y case o default.

```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <DoWhileStm>
 * @throws SintaxException
 */
private void parseDoWhileStm() throws SintaxException {
    // ANADIDO DO
    int[] expected = { DO };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
        case DO:
            match(DO);
            parseStatement();
            match(WHILE);
            match(LPAREN);
            parseExpr();
            match(RPAREN);
            match(SEMICOLON);
            break;
        default:
            throw new SintaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

```

Añadido el método **parseDoWhileStm()** para el reconocimiento del tipo **Do-While**.

```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <ForStm>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseForStm() throws SyntaxException {
    // AÑADIDO FOR
    int[] expected = { FOR };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
    case FOR:
        match(FOR);
        match(LPAREN);
        parseForInit();
        match(SEMICOLON);
        parseExpr();
        match(SEMICOLON);
        parseIdStmList();
        match(RPAREN);
        parseStatement();
        break;
    default:
        throw new SyntaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <ForInit>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseForInit() throws SyntaxException {
    // AÑADIDO PARA USAR EN EL FOR
    int[] expected = { INT, CHAR, BOOLEAN, IDENTIFIER, SEMICOLON };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
    case INT:
    case CHAR:
    case BOOLEAN:
        parseDecl();
        break;
    case IDENTIFIER:
        parseIdStmList();
        break;
    case SEMICOLON:
        break;
    default:
        throw new SyntaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <IdStmList>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseIdStmList() throws SyntaxException {
    // AÑADIDO PARA USAR EN EL FOR
    int[] expected = { IDENTIFIER, RPAREN };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
    case IDENTIFIER:
        parseIdStm();
        parseMoreIdStmList();
        break;
    case RPAREN:
        break;
    default:
        throw new SyntaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

```

```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <MoreIdStmList>
 * @throws SyntaxException
 */
private void parseMoreIdStmList() throws SyntaxException {
    // AÑADIDO PARA USAR EN EL FOR
    int[] expected = { COMMA, IDENTIFIER, RPAREN };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
    case COMMA:
        match(COMMA);
        parseIdStm();
        parseMoreIdStmList();
        break;
    case RPAREN:
        break;
    default:
        throw new SyntaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

```

Añadidos los métodos `parseForStm()`, `parseForInit()`, `parseIdStmList()` y `parseMoreIdStmList()` para usarlos en el tipo `for`.

```

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <BreakStm>
 * @throws SintaxException
 */
private void parseBreakStm() throws SintaxException {
    // AÑADIDO BREAK
    int[] expected = { BREAK };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
        case BREAK:
            match(BREAK);
            match(SEMICOLON);
            break;
        default:
            throw new SintaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

/**
 * Analiza el símbolo <ContinueStm>
 * @throws SintaxException
 */
private void parseContinueStm() throws SintaxException {
    // AÑADIDO CONTINUE
    int[] expected = { CONTINUE };

    switch(nextToken.getKind()) {
        case CONTINUE:
            match(CONTINUE);
            match(SEMICOLON);
            break;
        default:
            throw new SintaxException(nextToken,expected);
    }
}

```

Añadidos el `parseBreakStm()` y `parseContinueStm()` para detectar tanto el break como el continue.

Pruebas de Funcionamiento

Se ha elegido este código de prueba en el que se ha metido un elemento de cada nuevo tipo añadido. Con un resultado completamente satisfactorio.

```
import Console;

/**
 * Aplicación para mostrar los números primos menores de 100.
 * Biblioteca principal.
 */
library Main {

    /**
     * Punto de entrada de la aplicación
     */
    public void Main()
    {
        int b=1, p=1, c=9;

        switch(b) {
            case 0:
                imprimir(b);
                imprimir(p);
                break;
            case 1:
                imprimir(c);
                break;
            default:
                imprimir(p);
        }

        if ( p== 0) {
            imprimir(p);
        } else {
            for(int i=0; i<10; i = i+1)
                imprimir(i);
        }

        for (int i=1; i<100; i = i+1)
        {
            if( esPrimo(i) ) {
                imprimir(i);
                imprimir(b);
            }
            else
                imprimir(i);
        }

        do {
            imprimir(c);
            imprimir(b);
        } while( c==9 );

        if( c == 9)
            break;
        else
            continue;
    }
}
```

```

/**
 * Imprime un número entero en la consola
 */
private void imprimir(int i)
{
    Console.print(i);
    Console.print('\n');
}

/**
 * Verifica si un número es primo
 */
private boolean esPrimo(int i)
{
    int j = 2;
    while(j<i)
    {
        if(i%j == 0) return false;
        j = j+1;
    }
    return true;
}
}

```

Con el resultado:

