Digital Career Institute

Fundamentals - 1.1 Course Intro





Goal of the Module

Course Kick Off

Overview of the course' structure and characteristics

Introduction to Linux and MacOS

- History and characteristics of Linux and MacOS
- Shell and desktop environment



Topics

Course Kick Off

- Course Introduction
 (presentation by program manager)
- Technical Setup of the Laptops
- Curriculum Overview

Introduction to Linux and MacOS

- History of Unix/MacOS/Linux
- Linux Kernel (kernel- & user-space)
- Distributions
- Shell (bash)
- Desktop Environments



Introduction to Linux & MacOS



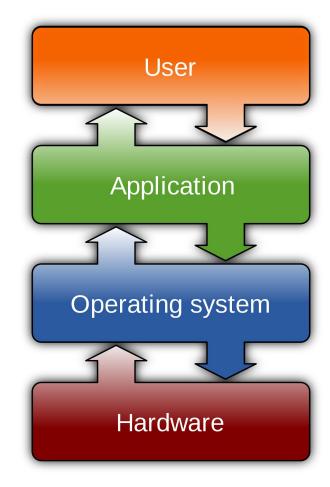
Operating System

"An operating system (OS) is system software that *manages* computer hardware, software resources, and provides common services for computer programs." [WIKIPEDIA]



Operating System

Context





Operating System

Computing Resources

Hardware

- CPUs
- Memory
- Storage
- Network
- ...

- Software

- Multiple Users
 - Authentication/Authorization
- Multiple Processes
 - Scheduling/Multi-Tasking
- Virtual Memory
 - Swapping
- Networking Protocols
- Filesystems
- System Calls (e.g. file input/output)



Linux

"Linux is a family of open-source Unix-like operating systems based on the Linux kernel first released on September 17, 1991 by Linus Torvalds." [WIKIPEDIA]

This is **Tux** (see [TUX]) the mascot of Linux:



By Larry Ewing, Simon Budig, Garrett LeSage - https://isc.tamu.edu/~lewing/linux/, http://www.home.unix-ag.org/simon/penguin/, garrett/Tux on GitHub, CC0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=753 970



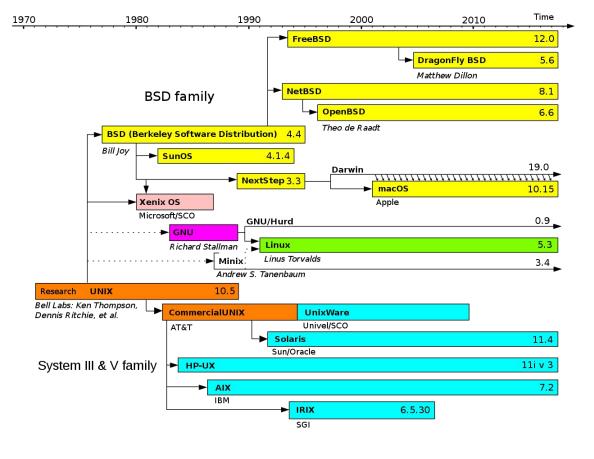
[WIKIPEDIA]: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux [TUX]: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tux_(mascot)

Linux Kernel

"The Linux kernel is a free and open-source, monolithic, modular, multitasking, Unix-like operating system kernel." [WIKIPEDIA]



History of Linux / MacOS







Linux Distribution

"A Linux distribution (often abbreviated as distro) is an operating system made from a software collection that is based upon the Linux kernel and, often, a package management system."

[DISTRIBUTION]

Common package management systems are introduced by debian [DEBIAN] ("apt" [APT]) and RedHat ("rpm" [RPM]).



[DISTRIBUTION]: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linux_distribution
[DEBIAN]: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Debian

[APT]: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/APT_(software)

[RPM]: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/RPM_Package_Manager

Shells & Desktop Environments



Shell

"A Unix shell is a command-line interpreter or shell that provides a command line user interface for Unix-like operating systems. The shell is both an interactive command language and a scripting language, and is used by the operating system to control the execution of the system using shell scripts.

[...] All Unix shells provide filename wildcarding, piping, here documents, command substitution, variables and control structures for condition-testing and iteration." [WIKIPEDIA]



Shell

Features

Features of all Unix Shells

- filename wildcarding
- piping
- here documents
- command substitution
- Variables
- control structures for condition-testing
- iteration

Refer to [WIKIPEDIA]

There exist various shells, among them:

- Bash (Bourne-Again shell; bash) default on most Linux systems
- Z shell (zsh) default on macOS since 10.15 Catalina

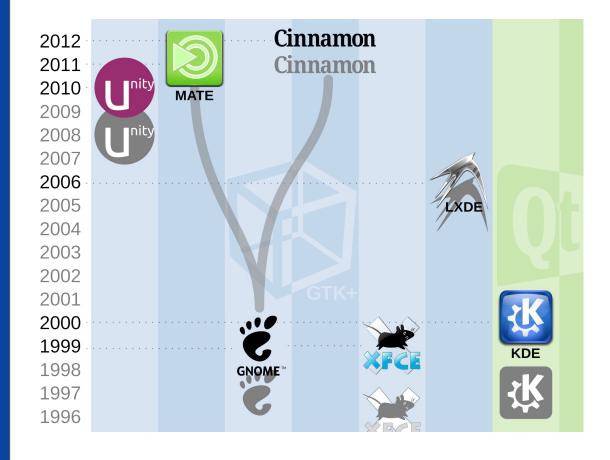


Desktop Environment



"In computing, a **desktop environment** (DE) is an implementation of the desktop metaphor made of a bundle of programs running on top of a computer operating system that share a common **graphical user interface** (GUI), [...]. [Desktop environments] usually do not provide access to all of the features found in the underlying operating system. Instead, the traditional command-line interface (CLI) is still used when full control over the operating system is required." [WIKIPEDIA]

Desktop Env.





By Kulandru mor - Own work File:Qt (Bibliothek) logo.svg, File:GTK+ logo.svg, File:KDE logo.svg, File:LXDE-logo.svg, File:Mate-logo.svg, File:Gnomelogo.svg, File:Unity logo.svg, File:Xfce logo.svg, LGPL, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=36716359

Kernel

"The Linux kernel is a free and open-source, monolithic, modular, multitasking, Unix-like operating system kernel." [WIKIPEDIA]



Glossary



Glossary

computing resources

desktop environment

Linux distribution

Linux kernel

operating system

package management system/software

shell



