



P5. CSS IN JAVAFX

Interfaces Persona Computador

Depto. Sistemas Informáticos y Computación

UPV

Summary

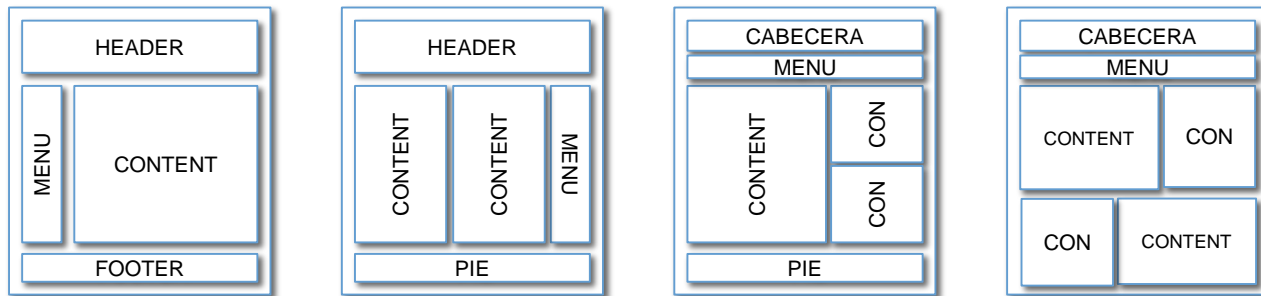
- CSS, What is it and what is it for?
- CSS in JavaFX
- Using a CSS external file
- Changing the theme
- CSS
- CSS in Scene Builder

CSS, What is it and what is it for?

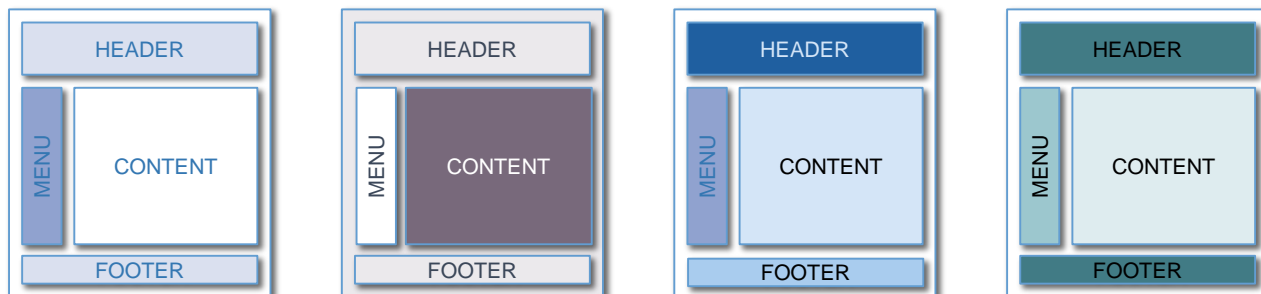
- CSS: Cascading Style Sheets
 - Mainly used in web design:
 - Format: color, size, font styles ...
 - Layout of the elements ...
 - Mechanism to separate the **aspect** from the **content** of a website
 - Many web pages can **share** the **styles** defined in them
- CSS in JAVAFX
 - It is possible to use a **almost the same** style language
 - **IMPORTANT**: the **properties** in JAVAFX are **not the same** than in the CSS employed in HTML

CSS, What is it and what is it for?

- The Style Sheets allow defining:
 - How the content of the page is **organized**



- What that content should **look like**



JavaFX and CSS

- The default source for JavaFX 8 styles is located in a file called **modena.css**
 - The file is located in the Java folder in: **/jdk1.8.x/jre/lib/ext/jfxrt.jar**
 - The file **modena.css** can be accessed in the folder **com/sun/javafx/scene/control/skin/modena/** inside the JAR file
- Any JavaFX 8 application uses the style sheet in that file
- The styles in **modena.css** can be overridden with our own styles
- *Exercise: open the **jfxrt.jar** file as if it were a zip file. Extract and review the contents of **modena.css** to see the styles it contains*

Using an External CSS File

- Two options:
 - Define the style for all the nodes of the application (usually done to change the theme of the application):

```
Application.setUserAgentStylesheet(  
    getClass().getResource("theme.css").toExternalForm());
```

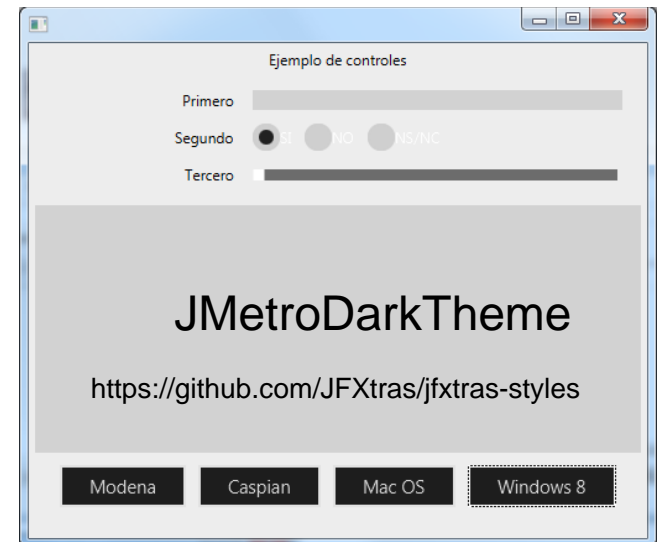
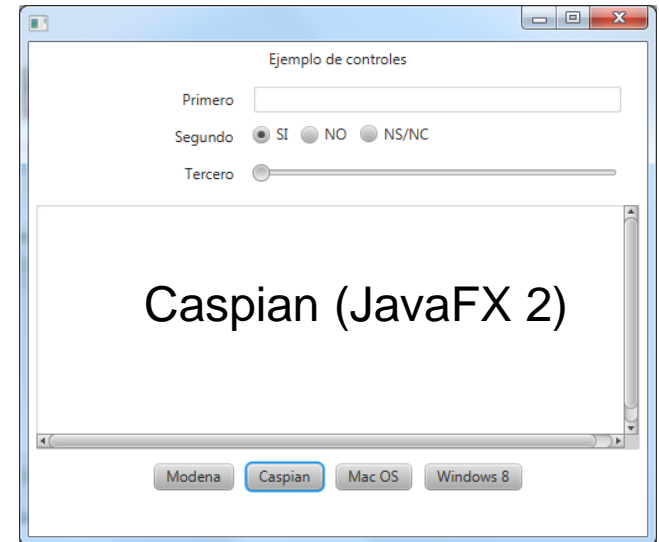
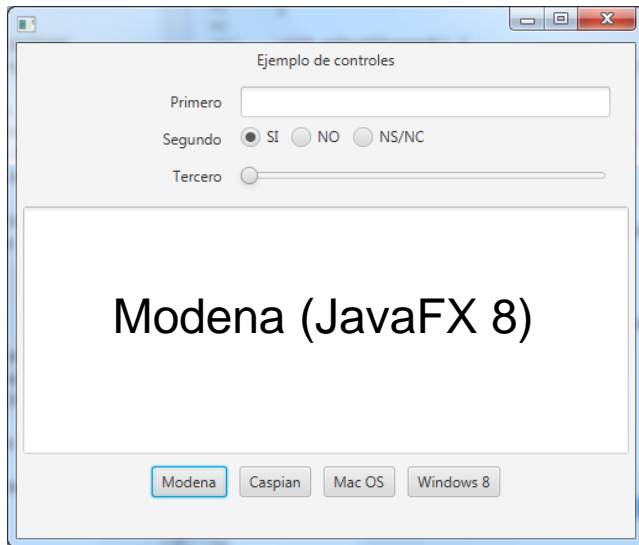
- Add style sheets to the scene:

```
scene.getStyleSheets().add(  
    getClass().getResource("skin.css").toExternalForm());
```

- Note: the predefined style of a scene can also be overridden with:

```
scene.setUserAgentStylesheet(  
    getClass().getResource("theme.css").toExternalForm());
```

Changing the Theme ...



Changing the Theme ...

- Default themes:
 - Modena (JavaFX 8)
 - `Application.setUserAgentStylesheet(Application.STYLESHEET_MODENA);`
 - `Application.setUserAgentStylesheet(null);` // in JavaFX 8
 - Caspian (JavaFX 2)
 - `Application.setUserAgentStylesheet(Application.STYLESHEET_CASPIAN);`

CSS Styles

- The styles in a CSS file are specified using blocks with the following syntax

```
<selector> {  
    <property>: <value>;    // rules  
    <property>: <value>;  
    ...  
}
```

Selectors

- **Selectors**
 - Are used to select one or more nodes of a JavaFX's scene graph to apply to them a given style
 - There are three types of identifiers that can be used to build selectors:
 - `class`: a style class can be assigned to several nodes and a node can have several style classes
 - `type selector`: coincides with the simple name of a class (`Label`, `HBox`, `CheckBox`...)
 - `id`: node identifier (different from `fx:id`)

Selection of Nodes by Class

- A node can assigned classes using the method:
`getStyleClass().add("num-button")`
- To give a common style to several components, add to them the same class
- Then, you can add a block in the CSS file to establish the design of the node

```
.num-button {  
-fx-background-color: white, rgb(189,218,230), white;  
-fx-background-radius: 50%;  
-fx-background-insets: 0, 1, 2;  
-fx-font-family: "Helvetica";  
-fx-text-fill: black;  
-fx-font-size: 20px;  
}
```



Predefined Classes

- JavaFX's controls define their own classes
 - button, check-box, combo-box, label, list-view...
 - See: <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/javafx/api/javafx/scene/doc-files/cssref.html>
 - Watch out! Containers do not define style classes:

HBox

Style class: empty by default

CSS Property	
-fx-spacing	<size>
-fx-alignment	[top-left top-center top-center bottom-right base]

- but they define a type selector that coincides with its class (HBox, VBox, GridPane...)

Node Selection by Id

- You can assign an id to a node using the method:
 - `void setId(String value)`

```
@FXML
```

```
Button modena;
```

```
...
```

```
modena.setId("button-modena");
```

- Then, you can add a block to the CSS file to establish the design of the node:

```
#button-modena {  
-fx-text-fill: rgba(17, 145, 213);  
-fx-border-color: rgba(255, 255, 255, .80);  
-fx-border-radius: 8;  
-fx-padding: 6 6 6 6;  
-fx-font: bold italic 12pt "LucidaBrightDemiBold";  
}
```



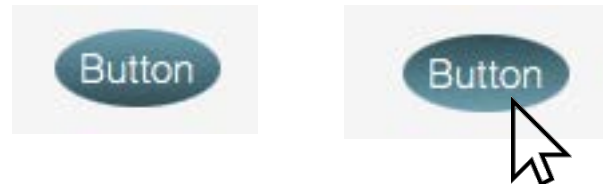
Other Selection Methods

- Descendant (for example any label inside a checkbox):
`.check-box .label { -fx-text-fill: black; }`
- Apply the style to all the buttons that are direct children of an HBox
`HBox > .button { -fx-text-fill: black; }`
- Apply the same style to different classes
`.label, .text { -fx-font-size: 20px; }`

Pseudoclasses

- They are used to set the style of nodes that have different states
 - For example, a button has styles like: hover, selected, focused, etc.

```
.num-button {  
-fx-background-color: linear-gradient(#61a2b1, #2A5058);  
-fx-background-radius: 50%;  
-fx-background-insets: 0, 1, 2;  
-fx-font-family: "Helvetica";  
-fx-text-fill: white;  
}  
.num-button: hover {  
-fx-background-color: linear-gradient(#2A5058, #61a2b1);  
}
```



Assigning a Style to a Node Using Code

- The `setStyle` method allows you to assign a style using code:

```
@FXML
```

```
Button win8;
```

```
win8.setOnMouseEntered(ae -> win8.setStyle("-fx-font-size: 15px"));
```

```
win8.setOnMouseExited(ae -> win8.setStyle(""));
```


Style Inheritance

- The `.root` class is the root class of all the classes
 - Properties defined for `.root` will be applied to all the elements of the scene, unless the property is redefined for an element

```
.root {  
-fx-font-size: 12px;  
}  
.button {  
-fx-font-size: 20px;  
}
```

Properties

- Which properties can I change for each node?
 - Check out the CSS Reference Guide
 - <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/javafx/api/javafx/scene/doc-files/cssref.html>

Button

Style class: `button`

The Button control has all the properties of [ButtonBase](#)

Pseudo-classes

CSS Pseudo-class	Comments
cancel	applies if this Button receives VK_ESC if the event is not otherwise consumed
default	applies if this Button receives VK_ENTER if the event is not otherwise consumed

Also has all pseudo-classes of [ButtonBase](#)

ButtonBase

The ButtonBase control has all the properties of [Labeled](#)

Pseudo-classes

CSS Pseudo-class	Comments
armed	applies when the <code>armed</code> variable is true

Also has all pseudo-classes of [Labeled](#)

Labeled

CSS Property	Values	Default	Comments
-fx-alignment	[top-left top-center top-right center-left center center-right bottom-left bottom-center bottom-right baseline-left baseline-center baseline-right]	center-left	
-fx-text-alignment	[left center right justify]	left	text-align from CSS spec maps to textAlignment in JavaFX
-fx-text-overflow	[center-ellipsis center-word-ellipsis clip ellipsis leading-ellipsis leading-word-ellipsis word-ellipsis]	ellipsis	
-fx-wrap-text	<boolean>	false	
-fx-font		platform dependent	inherits The initial value is that of Font.getDefault()
-fx-underline	<boolean>	false	
-fx-graphic	<uri>	null	
-fx-content-display	[top right bottom left center right graphic-only text-only]	left	
-fx-graphic-text-gap	<size>	4	
-fx-label-padding	<size> <size> <size> <size> <size>	[0,0,0,0]	
-fx-text-fill	<paint>	black	
-fx-ellipsis-string	<string>	...	

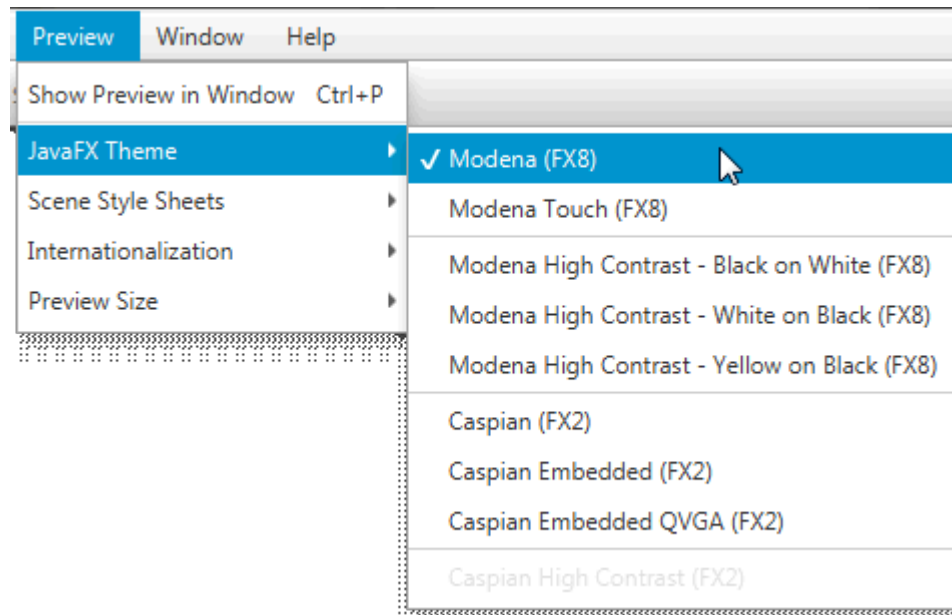
Also has properties of [Control](#)

CSS in SceneBuilder (I)

- Scene Builder allows any node in the scenegraph to select its predefined style
- It is necessary to determine the CSS file where that style resides, and the same of the selected style
- As discussed before, by default, JavaFX 8 projects uses the `modena.css`.
- Scene Builder will use the predefined style whenever a new control is dragged from the *Library* to the *Content* or the *Hierarchy* panels

CSS in SceneBuilder (II)

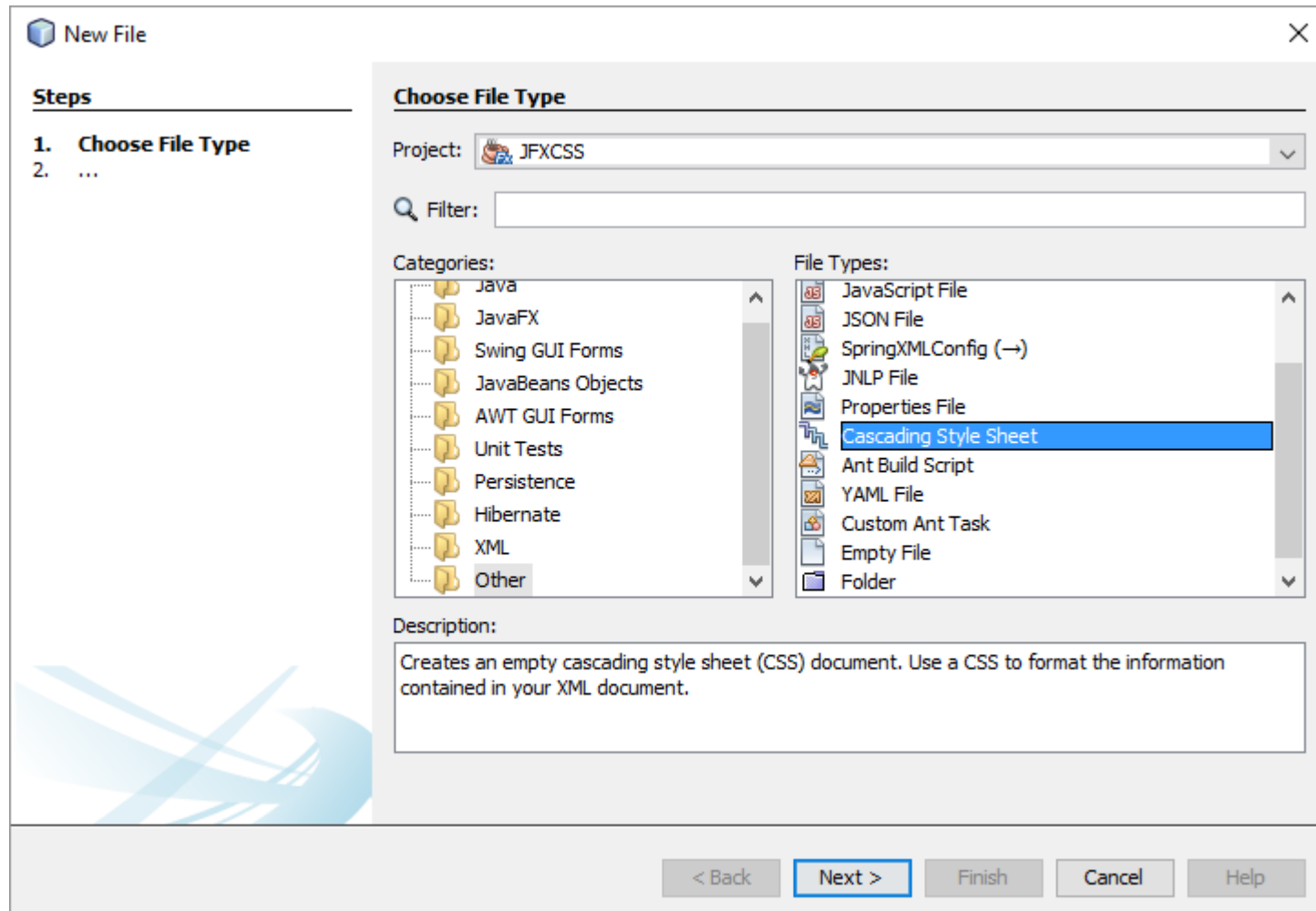
- It is possible to change the theme selecting an option in the menu Preview\JavaFX Theme
- There are specific themes based on *Modena* and *Caspian*



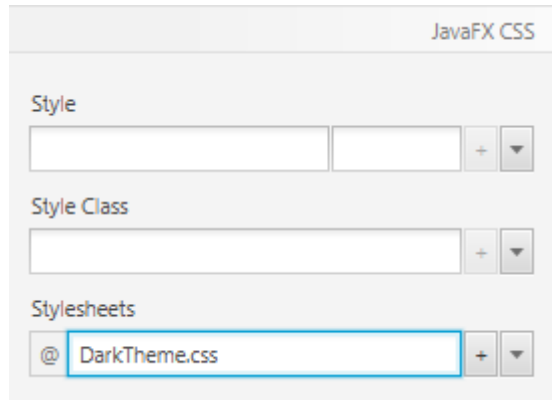
CSS in SceneBuilder (III)

- The CSS style sheets can be added to the whole scene, to a container or to any node in the scene
- The style can be customized changing the properties of a component using the Properties panel of the Inspector, or defining rules in a CSS file
- Scene Builder does not generate CSS files. It has to be created and edited with an external editor
- Scene Builder will update the interface as soon the CSS file is modified

CSS in SceneBuilder (IV)



CSS in SceneBuilder (V)



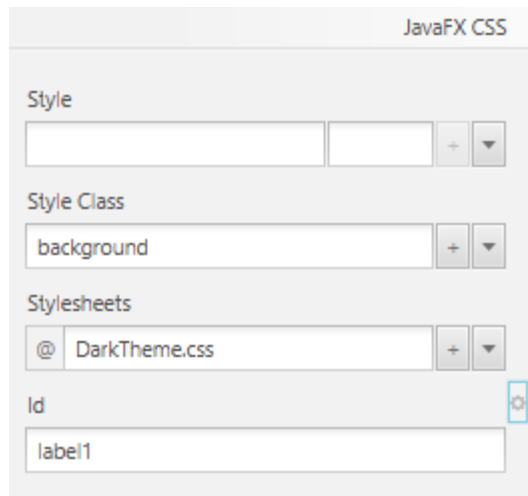
Open an *FXML* file in Scene Builder

Select the root node of the *Hierarchy*

In the *Properties* panel, add the css file in the Stylesheets list (in the JavaFX CSS section)

Add classes or set the id to any node

The CSS styles defined in a parent element affect both the parent and its children



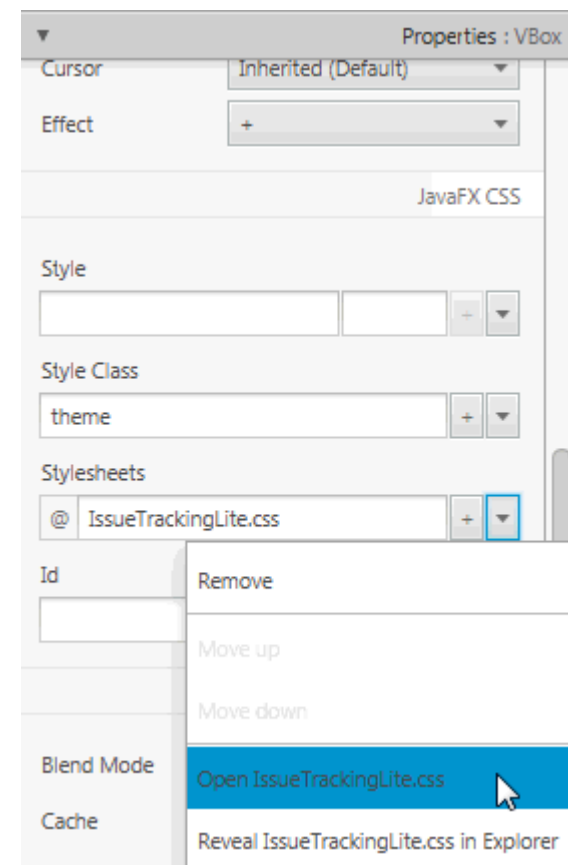
CSS in SceneBuilder (VI)

It is possible to edit a CSS file with any text editor:

1. In the *Properties* section in the *Inspector panel*, click on the down arrow at the far right of the stylesheet
2. Select the command *Open <file>.CSS*

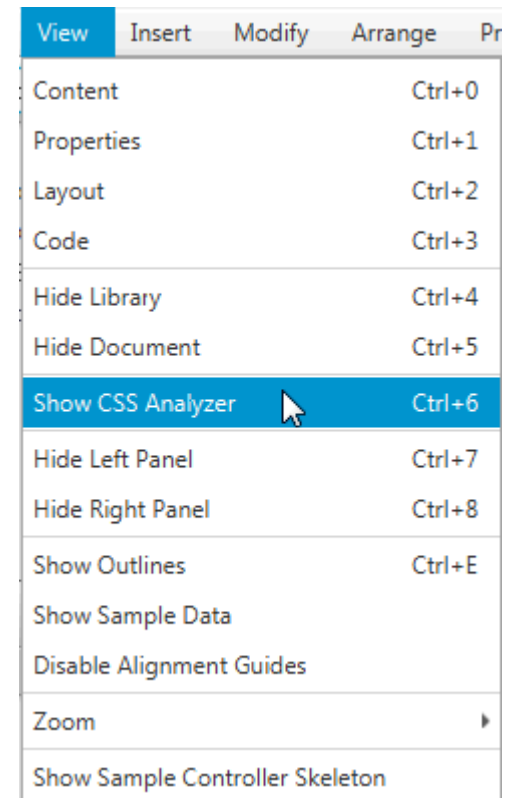
Reveal <file>.css in Explorer opens a file explorer showing the folder with the location of the CSS file

It is also possible to navigate to the CSS file using the CSS Analyzer tool

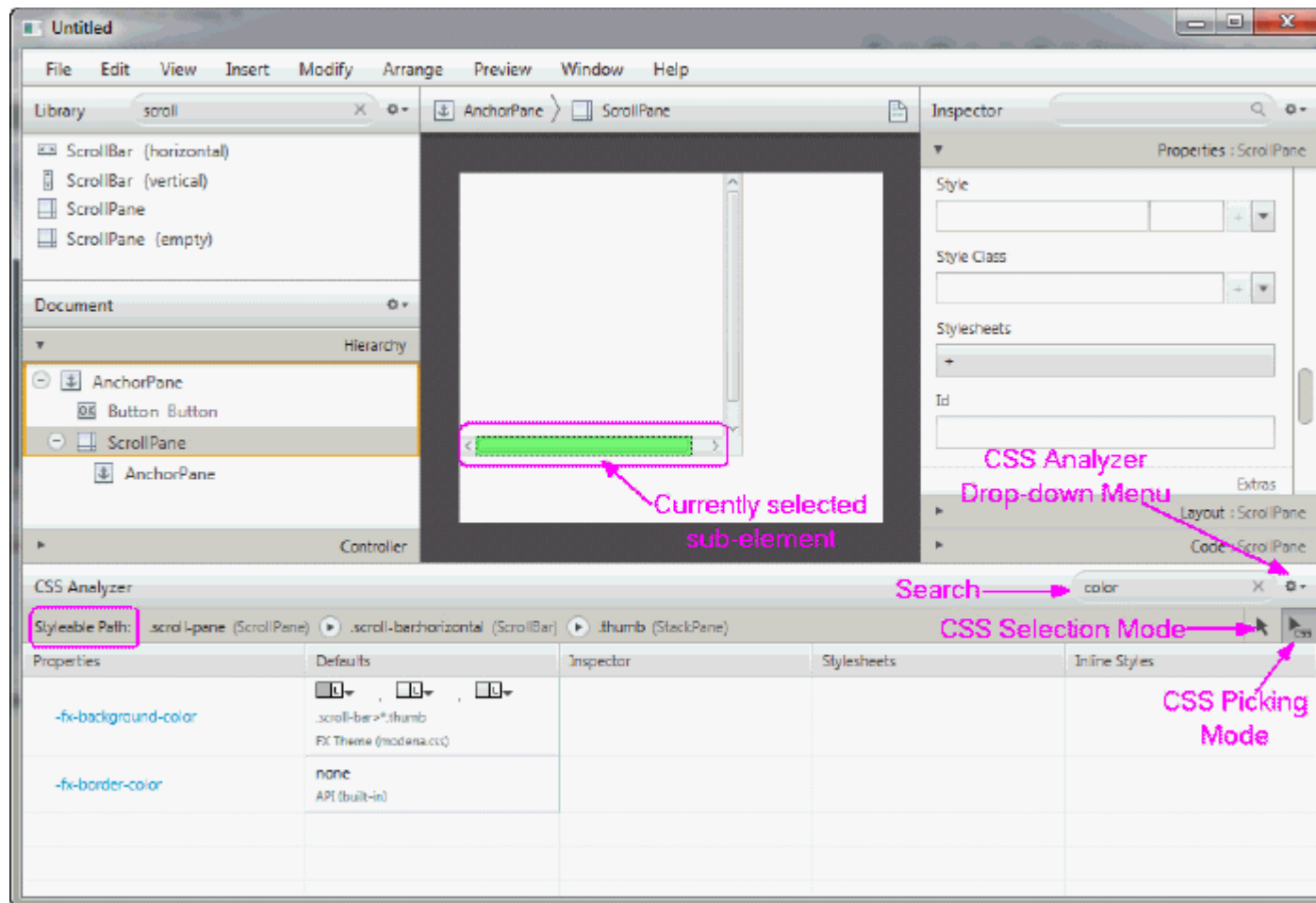


CSS Analyzer (I)

- It helps to interpret how several CSS rules affect visually to an element of the GUI
- It shows all the possible sources for the value of a property
- Any given property of a node can take its value from a number of CSS rules
- The sources are enumerated by priority, thus we figure out easily where a value comes from
- It allows to navigate to the source of the value of a CSS property
- Select the option View\Show CSS Analyzer to open its panel



CSS Analyzer (II)



CSS Analyzer (III)

Filtering properties by name

Properties	Defaults	Inspector	Stylesheets	Inline Styles
	API (built-in)			
-fx-font-family	System API (built-in)			
-fx-font-size	12px API (built-in)			
-fx-font-style	Regular API (built-in)			
-fx-font-weight	Font{name=System Regular, family=System, style... API (built-in)			

Drop down menu

Presents the rules using different formats: **Tables**, **Rules** and **Text**

View As

Copy Styleable Path

Hide Properties with Default Values

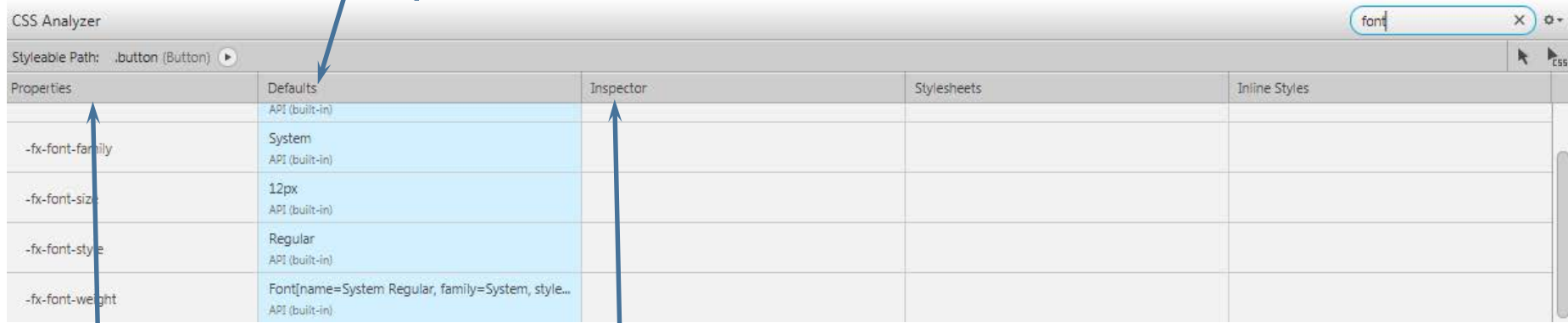
Split Defaults

Separates in two columns the values predefined by the API and FX themes
Join Defaults joins both columns again

It shows only those properties with a customized value

CSS Analyzer (IV)

Default values (API and JavaFX theme)



The screenshot shows the 'CSS Analyzer' window with the 'Styleable Path' set to '.button (Button)'. The 'Defaults' column is highlighted in blue, showing default values for font properties. The 'Inspector' column is also highlighted in blue, showing the value of the property set using the Inspector panel.

Properties	Defaults	Inspector	Stylesheets	Inline Styles
	API (built-in)			
-fx-font-family	System			
	API (built-in)			
-fx-font-size	12px			
	API (built-in)			
-fx-font-style	Regular			
	API (built-in)			
-fx-font-weight	Font[name=System Regular, family=System, style...			
	API (built-in)			

Available styling properties for the currently selected node

Value of the property set using the Inspector panel

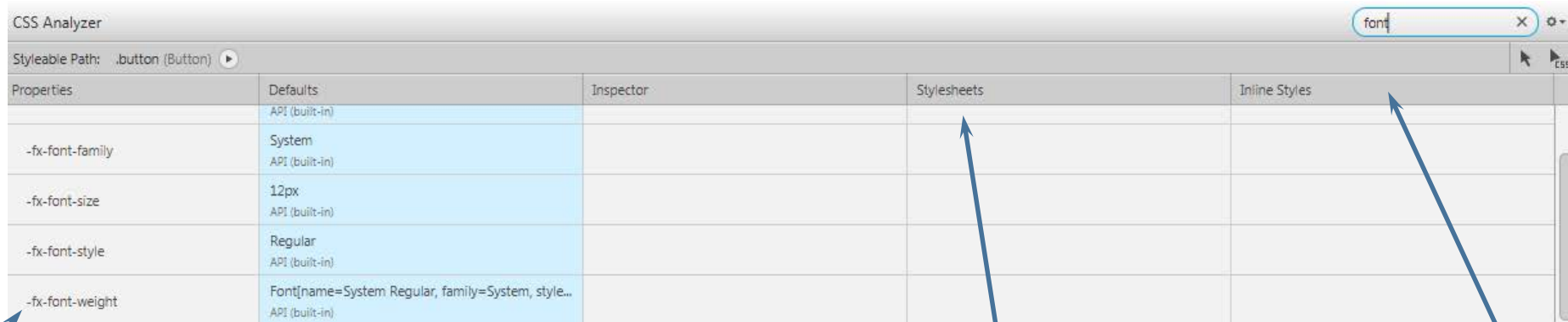


The close-up shows the 'Inspector' panel with the 'font' property highlighted in blue. A tooltip 'Reveal in Inspector...' is visible next to the property.

Inspector	Stylesheets
System 14px	
font	
Button.font	

Highlights the property in blue in the Inspector panel

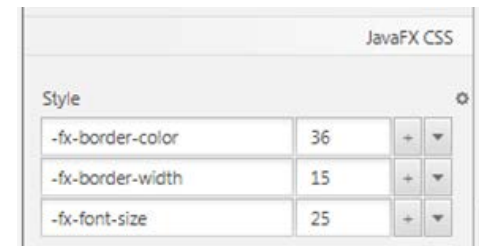
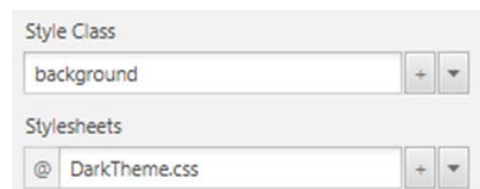
CSS Analyzer (IV)



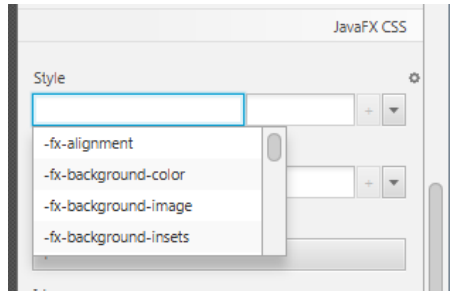
Clicking on the name of the property opens the online documentation in the JavaFX CSS Reference Guide

Property established in a stylesheet in the node or in one of its ancestors

Values established in the Style section of the Properties section in the Inspector



Panel analizador de CSS (V)



When clicking on the text field, a list with all the available properties pops up

The + button adds new properties

A screenshot of the CSS Analyzer tool. The top part shows a list of styleable paths: 'FlowPane', 'GridPane', 'HBox', 'Pane', 'ScrollPane', 'Tercero', 'Mo...', 'Cas...', 'Mac...', and 'Window...'. The 'Window...' path is selected. Below this, the 'CSS Analyzer' panel shows a table of properties for the selected path. The table has columns for 'Properties', 'Defaults', 'Inspector', and 'Stylesheets'. The 'Properties' column lists '-fx-font-family', '-fx-font-size', and '-fx-font-style'. The 'Defaults' column shows 'System', '12px', and 'Regular'. The 'Inspector' column shows 'Button,font'. The 'Stylesheets' column shows 'Segoe UI', 'JMetroDarkTheme.css', '11.0pt', 'style', and 'win8'. The bottom part of the image shows a 'Layout : Button' and 'Code : Button' panel with a search bar and a list of styles.

Remove, Move up or Move down in the list

Panel analizador de CSS (V)

The screenshot displays the CSS Analyzer tool interface. At the top, a UI design shows a window titled 'Tercero' with a yellow selection box around a 'Mac...' button. The left sidebar lists various UI components like FlowPane, GridPane, HBox, Pane, ScrollPane, Controls, Menu, Miscellaneous, Shapes, Charts, 3D, Document, Hierarchy, and Controller. The right sidebar shows the 'JavaFX CSS' panel with style properties like border-color, border-width, and font-size, along with a 'Style Class' field and a 'Stylesheets' list containing 'MetroDarkTheme.css'. The bottom section is the 'CSS Analyzer' table, which details the CSS properties for the selected element.

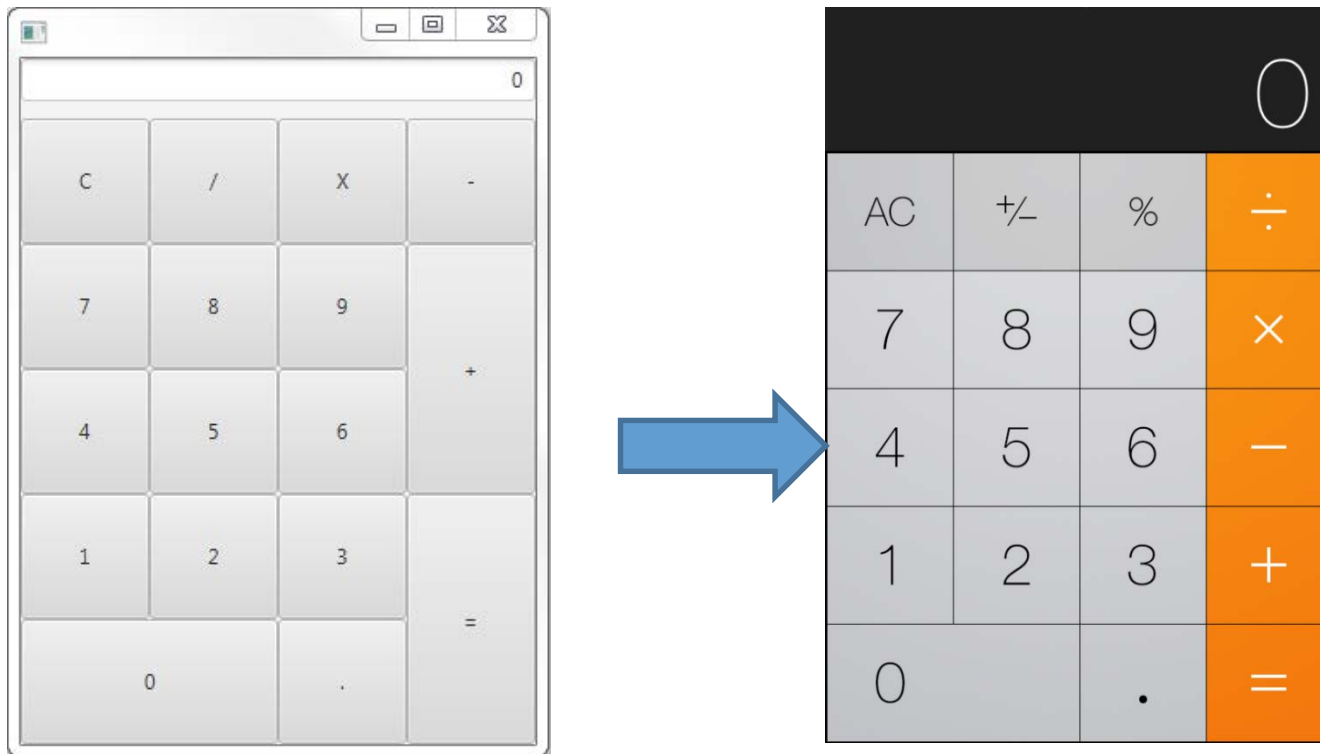
Properties	Defaults	Inspector	Stylesheets	Inline Styles
-fx-font-family	System API (built-in)	Button,font	"Segoe UI" .button JMetroDarkTheme.css	
-fx-font-size	12px API (built-in)		11.0pt .button JMetroDarkTheme.css	25px style win8
-fx-font-style	Regular			

If no value is provided, the properties takes the default value

Then, the properties of the stylesheet

The explicit styles have maximum priority

Exercise



- Modify the calculator built in the Lab 2 for making it similar to the iOS calculator using CSS
- Make the buttons to change their color when pressed

References

- C. Dea et al. JavaFX 8. Introduction by Example. Apress. 2014
 - Chapter 6
- Oracle.
 - Skin Applications with CSS
 - <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=javase80&id=JFXUI733>
 - CSS Reference Guide
 - <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/javafx/api/javafx/scene/doc-files/cssref.html>
 - JavaFX Scene Builder: User Guide
 - <http://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/scene-builder-2/user-guide/index.html>