

# Learning Wolfram Language

## Exercises for Section 1 | Starting Out: Elementary Arithmetic

### 1.1 Compute $1+2+3$ .

```
In[13]:= 1 + 2 + 3  
Out[13]= 6
```

### 1.2 Add the numbers 1,2,3,4,5.

```
In[15]:= 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5  
Out[15]= 15
```

### 1.3 Multiply the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

```
In[16]:= 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 * 5  
Out[16]= 120
```

### 1.4 Compute 5 squared (i . e . $5*5$ or 5 raised to the power 2)

```
In[17]:= 5 ^ 2  
Out[17]= 25
```

### 1.5 Compute 3 raised to the fourth power .

```
In[18]:= 3 ^ 4  
Out[18]= 81
```

### 1.6 Compute 10 raised to the power 12 (a trillion) .

```
In[20]:= 10 ^ 12  
Out[20]= 1 000 000 000 000
```

### 1.7 Compute 3 raised to the power $7 \times 8$ .

```
In[19]:= 3 ^ (7 * 8)  
Out[19]= 523 347 633 027 360 537 213 511 521
```

### 1.8 Add parentheses to $4 - 2 * 3 + 4$ to make 14.

```
In[21]:= (4 - 2) * (3 + 4)
```

```
Out[21]= 14
```

### 1.9 Compute twenty - nine thousand mutiplied by seventy - three .

```
In[22]:= 29 000 * 73
```

```
Out[22]= 2 117 000
```

### +1.1 Add all integers from - 3 to + 3.

```
In[23]:= - 3 + - 2 + - 1 + 1 + 2 + 3
```

```
Out[23]= 0
```

### +1.2 Compute 24 divided by 3.

```
In[24]:= 24 / 3
```

```
Out[24]= 8
```

### +1.3 Compute 5 raised to the power 100.

```
In[25]:= 5 ^ 100
```

```
Out[25]= 7 888 609 052 210 118 054 117 285 652 827 862 296 732 064 351 090 230 047 702 789 306 640 625
```

### +1.4 Subtract 5 squared from 100

```
In[26]:= 100 - (5 ^ 2)
```

```
Out[26]= 75
```

### +1.5 Multiply 6 by 5 squared, and add 7

```
In[27]:= (6 * (5 ^ 2)) + 7
```

```
Out[27]= 157
```

### +1.6 Compute 3 squared minus 2 cubed .

```
In[28]:= (3 ^ 2) - (2 ^ 3)
```

```
Out[28]= 1
```

### +1.7 Compute 2 cubed times 3 squared

```
In[29]:= (2 ^ 3) * (3 ^ 2)
```

```
Out[29]= 72
```

### +1.8 Compute "double the sum of eight and negative eleven"

In[30]:= `(8 - 11) * 2`

Out[30]= `- 6`

## Exercises for Section 2 | Introducing Functions

### 2.1 Compute $7 + 6 + 5$ using the function Plus

In[31]:= `Plus[7, 6, 5]`

Out[31]= `18`

### 2.2 Compute $2 \times (3 + 4)$ using Times and Plus

In[32]:= `Times[2, Plus[3, 4]]`

Out[32]= `14`

### 2.3 Use Max to find the larger of $6 \times 8$ and $5 \times 9$

In[33]:= `Max[Times[6, 8], Times[5, 9]]`

Out[33]= `48`

### 2.4 Use RandomInteger to generate a random number between 0 and 1000.

In[34]:= `RandomInteger[1000]`

Out[34]= `443`

### 2.5 Use Plus and RandomInteger to generate a number between 10 and 20.

In[35]:= `Plus[10, RandomInteger[10]]`

Out[35]= `12`

### +2.1 Compute $5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2$ using Times .

In[36]:= `Times[5, 4, 3, 2]`

Out[36]= `120`

### +2.2 Compute $2 - 3$ using Subtract

In[37]:= `Subtract[2, 3]`

Out[37]= `- 1`

### +2.3 Compute $(8 + 7) + (9 + 2)$ using Times and Plus

```
In[38]:= Times[Plus[8, 7], Plus[9, 2]]
```

```
Out[38]= 165
```

### +2.4 Compute $(26 - 89)/9$ using Subtract and Divide

```
In[39]:= Divide[Subtract[26, 89], 9]
```

```
Out[39]= - 7
```

### +2.5 Compute $100 - 5^2$ using Subtract and Power

```
In[40]:= Subtract[100, Power[5, 2]]
```

```
Out[40]= 75
```

### +2.6 Find the larger of $3^5$ and $5^3$

```
In[41]:= Max[Power[3, 5], Power[5, 3]]
```

```
Out[41]= 243
```

### +2.7 Multiply 3 and the larger of $4^3$ and $3^4$

```
In[42]:= Times[3, Max[Power[4, 3], Power[3, 4]]]
```

```
Out[42]= 243
```

### +2.8 Add two random numbers each between 0 and 1000.

```
In[43]:= Plus[RandomInteger[1000], RandomInteger[1000]]
```

```
Out[43]= 698
```