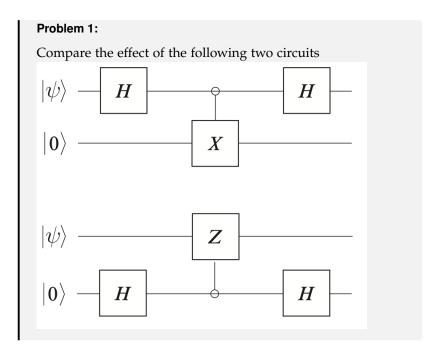
Quantum Computation Quantum Circuits Activity

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Let's consider the following general state $|\psi\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$ with $a,c\in\mathbb{C}$. The first circuit can be represented with the following algebraic expression

$$\left\lceil \left(\hat{H}\otimes\mathbb{1}\right)\left(\Lambda\hat{X}\right)\left(\hat{H}\otimes\mathbb{1}\right)
ight
ceil\left(\left|\psi
ight
angle\otimes\left|0
ight
angle
ight).$$

Where $\Lambda \hat{X}$ denotes the controlled \hat{X} gate $(|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \mathbb{1} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes \hat{X})$, \hat{H} is the Haddamard gate and \hat{X} is the X gate.

Starting with the first gate,

$$\begin{split} \left(\hat{H}\otimes\mathbb{1}\right)\left(|\psi\rangle\otimes|0\rangle\right) &= \hat{H}\left|\psi\rangle\otimes\mathbb{1}\left|0\right\rangle \\ &= \left[\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle+|1\rangle) + \frac{b}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle-|1\rangle)\right]\otimes\mathbb{1}\left|0\right\rangle \\ &= \left[\frac{(a+b)}{\sqrt{2}}\left|0\right\rangle + \frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{2}}\left|1\right\rangle\right]\otimes\mathbb{1}\left|0\right\rangle \\ &= \frac{(a+b)}{\sqrt{2}}\left|00\right\rangle + \frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{2}}\left|10\right\rangle. \end{split}$$

Now we compute the controlled \hat{X} gate with the new state with the following mnemonic rule, It flips the second qubit if the first qubit is 1 and leaves unchanged otherwise, therefore

$$\Lambda \hat{X} \left\lceil \frac{(a+b)}{\sqrt{2}} \left| 00 \right\rangle + \frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{2}} \left| 10 \right\rangle \right\rceil = \frac{(a+b)}{\sqrt{2}} \left| 00 \right\rangle + \frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{2}} \left| 11 \right\rangle = \left| \psi_2 \right\rangle.$$

Finally, we apply the last Haddamard gate into the nwe state,

$$\begin{split} \left(\hat{H}\otimes\mathbb{1}\right)|\psi_{2}\rangle &= \frac{(a+b)}{\sqrt{2}}\hat{H}\left|0\right\rangle\otimes\mathbb{1}\left|0\right\rangle + \frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{2}}\hat{H}\left|1\right\rangle\otimes\mathbb{1}\left|1\right\rangle \\ &= \frac{(a+b)}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle+|1\rangle)\right)\otimes\mathbb{1}\left|0\right\rangle + \frac{(a-b)}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle-|1\rangle)\right)\otimes\mathbb{1}\left|1\right\rangle \\ &= \frac{(a+b)}{2}\left(|00\rangle+|10\rangle\right) + \frac{(a-b)}{2}\left(|01\rangle-|11\rangle\right). \end{split}$$

After expanding the expression and minor algebraic manipulations we can express the final state in terms of the of the Bell states,

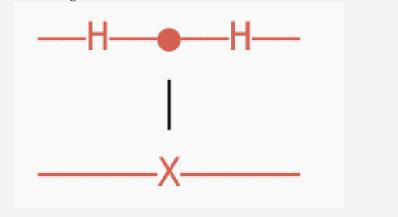
$$(\hat{H}\otimes\mathbb{1})\ket{\psi_2}=rac{a}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\ket{\Psi^+}+\ket{\Phi^+}
ight)+rac{b}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\ket{\Psi^+}-\ket{\Phi^-}
ight)$$

Bottom circuit.

$$\left[\left(\mathbb{1}\otimes\hat{H}\right)\left(\Lambda\hat{Z}\right)\left(\mathbb{1}\otimes\hat{H}\right)
ight]\left(\ket{\psi}\otimes\ket{0}
ight)$$

Problem 2:

Show that the following quantum circuit is equivalent to a controlled Z-gate



Problem 3:

The three qubit GHZ-state is defined as

$$|GHZ\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|000\rangle + |111\rangle).$$

Design a circuit that upon of the separable state |000\) constructs the GHZ-state.