



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863

How approximate is ABC?

Tutor: Dott. Mario Beraha

January 8th, 2021

Marika Di Marcantonio,
Francesca Pietrobon,
Raffaele Saviello

ABC Rejection Sampling Algorithm

► Inputs

- $N > 0$ integer
- $\pi(\theta|y_{obs}) \propto p(y_{obs}|\theta)\pi(\theta)$ target posterior density
- $g(\theta)$ proposal density
- $K_h(u)$ kernel function where $h > 0$ scale parameter
- $s = S(y)$ summary statistic

► Sampling

For $i=1:N$

1. Generate $\theta^{(i)} \sim g(\theta)$
2. Generate $y \sim p(y|\theta^{(i)})$
3. Compute summary statistic $s = S(y)$
4. Accept $\theta^{(i)}$ with probability $\frac{K_h(\|s - s_{obs}\|)\pi(\theta^{(i)})}{K * g(\theta^{(i)})}$,
where $K \geq K_h(0) \max_{\theta} \frac{\pi(\theta)}{g(\theta)}$, otherwise go to 1.

Practical difficulties

- ▶ Acceptance rate and tolerance
- ▶ Summary statistics
- ▶ Kernel
- ▶ Proposal

Dataset REACH

The Rotterdam Early Arthritis Cohort dataset contains **681 observations**.

The study's aim is to point out which of the following **12 factors** are associated with the development of rheumatoid arthritis:

ACCP	age	ESR	DC	stiffness	RF
gender	Sym	SJC	TJC	BCPH	BCPF

Model specification:

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y_i | X_i, \beta &\sim \text{Bern}(\phi(X_i^T \beta)), \quad i=1, \dots, n \\
 \beta_\gamma | \gamma &\sim (1 - \gamma_j) \delta_{\{0\}} + \gamma_j N(0, \sigma_{\beta_j}^2) \\
 \gamma_j | \theta_j &\sim \text{Bern}(\theta_j), \quad j=1, \dots, K \\
 \theta_j &\sim \mathcal{U}(0, 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

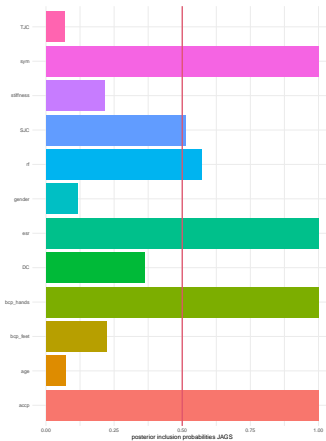
Practical difficulties

- ▶ **Acceptance rate and tolerance**
- ▶ Summary statistics
- ▶ Kernel
- ▶ Proposal

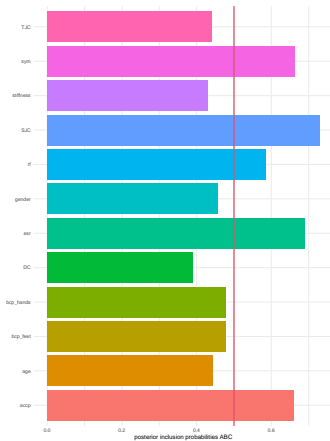
Acceptance Rate and Tolerance

- Simulate 200 000 observations
- Collect differences in the vector $d = \|y - y_{obs}\|$
- Set **tolerance** = 1% percentile of d
- **Acceptance rate** $\simeq 1\%$

Results



(a) MCMC using JAGS



(b) ABC rejection sampling

Figure: Comparison of covariates

Dataset GENUS

The dataset consists in **341 observations** divided in **12 genus** and, for each observation, we have:

BoW SVL BrW

$$\text{Feature variable: } R = \log \left(\frac{BrW/BoW}{1-BrW/BoW} \right)$$

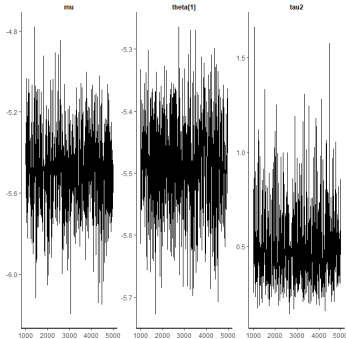
Hierarchical model:

$$\begin{aligned} R_j &= R_1, \dots, R_{n_j} | \theta_j, \sigma^2 \sim N(\theta_j, \sigma^2), j=1, \dots, M=12 \text{ (genus)} \\ \theta_1, \dots, \theta_M &| \mu, \tau^2 \sim N(\mu, \tau^2) \\ (\mu, \tau^2) &\sim N(m_0, s_0^2) * \text{InvGamma}(\alpha_0, \beta_0) \\ \sigma^2 &\sim \text{InvGamma}(a_0, b_0) \end{aligned}$$

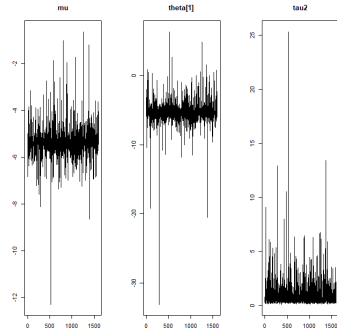
Practical difficulties

- ▶ Acceptance rate and tolerance
- ▶ **Summary statistics**
- ▶ Kernel
- ▶ Proposal

Comparison of parameters

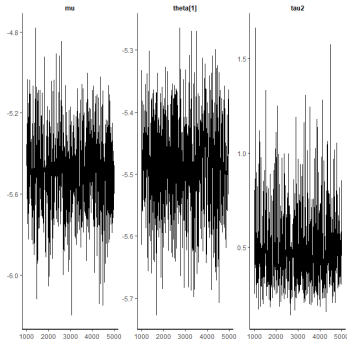


(a) MCMC using STAN

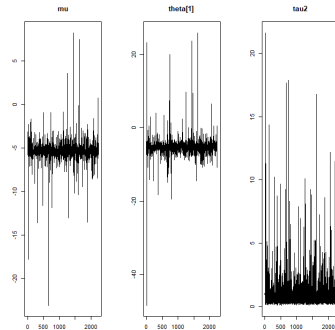


(b) ABC Rejection Sampling using the **mean** as summary statistic

Comparison of parameters



(c) MCMC using STAN



(d) ABC Rejection Sampling using the **median** as summary statistic

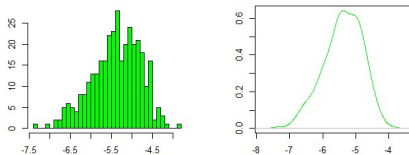


Figure: True value of R

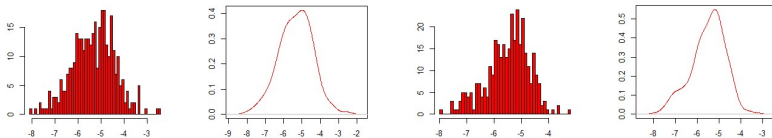


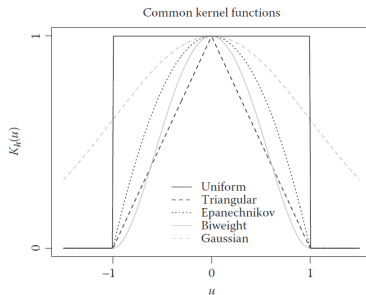
Figure: Estimated values of R: **mean** and **median** respectively

Practical difficulties

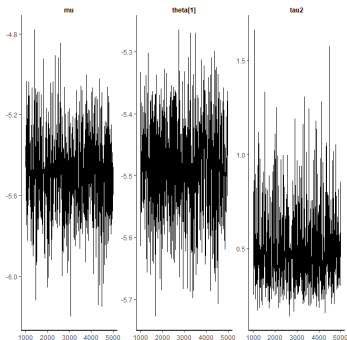
- ▶ Acceptance rate and tolerance
- ▶ Summary statistics
- ▶ **Kernel**
- ▶ Proposal

Kernel

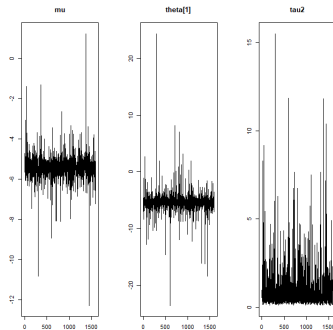
Kernel	$K(u)$
Uniform	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{1}_{ u \leq 1}$
Triangular	$(1 - u) \mathbb{1}_{ u \leq 1}$
Epanechnikov	$\frac{3}{4} (1 - u^2) \mathbb{1}_{ u \leq 1}$
Biweight	$\frac{15}{16} (1 - u^2)^3 \mathbb{1}_{ u \leq 1}$
Gaussian	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}u^2}$



Comparison of parameters

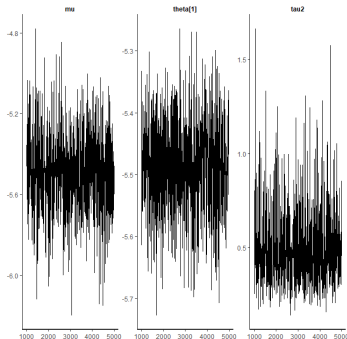


(a) MCMC using STAN

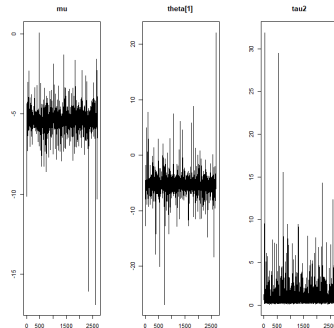


(b) ABC Rejection Sampling using the **mean** as summary statistic and **uniform kernel**

Comparison of parameters



(c) MCMC using STAN



(d) ABC Rejection Sampling using the **mean** as summary statistic **and gaussian kernel**

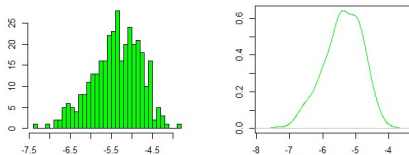


Figure: True value of R

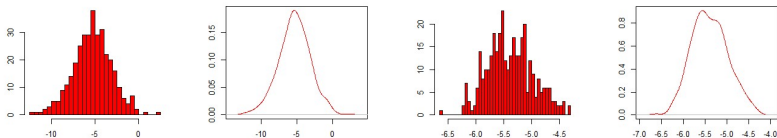


Figure: Estimated values of R: mean with **uniform** and **Gaussian kernel** respectively

Practical difficulties

- ▶ Acceptance rate and tolerance
- ▶ Summary statistics
- ▶ Kernel
- ▶ **Proposal**

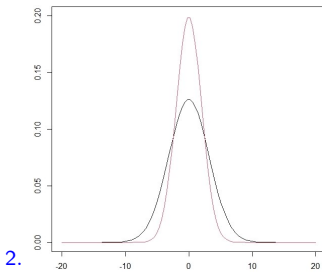
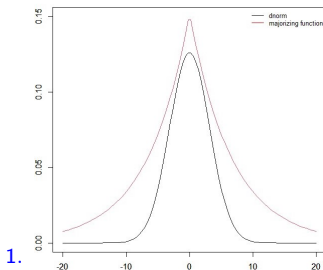
Proposal

1. Majorizing function

It can be obtained by simply rescaling a proposal density

2. Importance weights density

The proposal density is large in parameter ranges that are preferred by the data.



FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS

ABC MCMC
ABC SMC

REFERENCES

- Chapman & Hall, 2019. *Handbook of Approximate Bayesian Computation*, CRC Press.
- Jackman, 2009. *Bayesian Analysis for the Social Sciences*, WILEY.
- Alsingy, Wandeltzyx, Feeneyy, 2018. *Optimal proposals for ABC*, ISBA.
- Simola. *Developments in ABC and Statistical Applications in Astrostatistics*, UniPd.
- Corradin. TA11, TA12 "Bayesian Statistics" course, PoliMi.