

Distribuzione	Parametri	$P(X = x) = p(x)$	R_X	$\mathbb{E}[X]$	$V(X)$	$m_X(t)$
Be(p)	$p \in (0, 1)$	$p^x(1-p)^{1-x}$	$x = 0, 1$	p	$p(1-p)$	$1 - p + pe^t$
Bin(n, p)	$n \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}, p \in (0, 1)$	$\binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$	$x = 0, \dots, n$	np	$np(1-p)$	$(1 - p + pe^t)^n$
Ge(p)	$p \in (0, 1)$	$p(1-p)^{x-1}$	$x = 1, 2, \dots$	$\frac{1}{p}$	$\frac{1-p}{p^2}$	$\frac{pe^t}{1-(1-p)e^t}$
NB(r, p)	$r \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}, p \in (0, 1)$	$\binom{x-1}{r-1} p^r (1-p)^{x-r}$	$x = r, r+1, \dots$	$\frac{r}{p}$	$\frac{r(1-p)}{p^2}$	$t < -\ln(1-p)$ $\left(\frac{pe^t}{1-(1-p)e^t}\right)^r$
						$t < -\ln(1-p)$
Po(λ)	$\lambda > 0$	$\frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!}$	$x = 0, 1, \dots$	λ	λ	$e^{\lambda(e^t - 1)}$
U(a, b)	$a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$	$\frac{1}{b-a+1}$	$x = a, \dots, b$	$\frac{a+b}{2}$	$\frac{(b-a+1)^2 - 1}{12}$	$\sum_{x \in R_X} p(x) e^{xt}$
Iper(N, m, n)	$N \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}, m, n$	$\binom{m}{x} \binom{N-m}{n-x} / \binom{N}{n}$	$x = \max\{0, n - (N-m)\}, \dots, \min\{n, m\}$	$n \frac{m}{N}$	$n \frac{m}{N} \left(1 - \frac{m}{N}\right) \frac{N-n}{N-1}$	$\sum_{x \in R_X} p(x) e^{xt}$

Tabella 1: Distribuzioni discrete notevoli

Distribuzione	Parametri	$f_X(x)$	R_X	$\mathbb{E}[X]$	$\text{V}(X)$	$m_X(t)$
$\text{U}(a, b)$	$a, b \in \mathbb{R} : a < b$	$\frac{1}{b-a}$	$a \leq x \leq b$	$\frac{a+b}{2}$	$\frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$	$\frac{e^{tb}-e^{ta}}{t(b-a)}$
Beta(α, β)	$\alpha > 0, \beta > 0$	$\frac{\Gamma(\alpha+\beta)}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)}x^{\alpha-1}(1-x)^{\beta-1}$	$0 \leq x \leq 1$	$\frac{\alpha}{\alpha+\beta}$	$\frac{\alpha\beta}{(\alpha+\beta)^2(\alpha+\beta+1)}$	$t \neq 0 \quad m_X(0) = 1$
Esp(λ)	$\lambda > 0$	$\lambda e^{-\lambda x}$	$x \geq 0$	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	$\frac{1}{\lambda^2}$	$\frac{\lambda}{\lambda-t}$
Ga(α, λ)	$\alpha > 0, \lambda > 0$	$\frac{\lambda^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)}x^{\alpha-1}e^{-\lambda x}$	$x \geq 0$	$\frac{\alpha}{\lambda}$	$\frac{\alpha}{\lambda^2}$	$\left(\frac{\lambda}{\lambda-t}\right)^\alpha$
χ_k^2	$k \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}$	$\frac{1}{2^{k/2}\Gamma(k/2)}x^{k/2-1}e^{-x/2}$	$x \geq 0$	k	$2k$	$\left(\frac{1/2}{1/2-t}\right)^{k/2}$
$\mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$	$\mu \in \mathbb{R}, \sigma > 0$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma}e^{-(x-\mu)^2/2\sigma^2}$	$x \in \mathbb{R}$	μ	σ^2	$e^{t\mu+t^2\sigma^2/2}$
LogN(μ, σ^2)	$\mu \in \mathbb{R}, \sigma > 0$	$\frac{1}{x\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-(\ln x - \mu)^2/2\sigma^2}$	$x > 0$	$e^{\mu+\sigma^2/2}$	$(e^{\sigma^2}-1)e^{2\mu+\sigma^2}$	
t_d	$d > 0$	$\frac{\Gamma(d+1)}{\sqrt{d\pi}\Gamma(\frac{d}{2})}\left(1 + \frac{x^2}{d}\right)^{-\frac{d+1}{2}}$	$x \in \mathbb{R}$	0 se $d > 1$	$\frac{d}{d-2}$ se $d > 2$	
F(d_1, d_2)	$d_1 > 0, d_2 > 0$	$\frac{\Gamma(\frac{d_1+d_2}{2})}{\Gamma(\frac{d_1}{2})\Gamma(\frac{d_2}{2})}\left(\frac{d_1}{d_2}\right)^{d_1/2}x^{d_1/2-1}\left(1 + \frac{d_1}{d_2}x\right)^{-\frac{d_1+d_2}{2}}$	$x > 0$	$\frac{d_2}{d_2-2}$, se $d_2 > 2$	$\frac{2d_2^2(d_1+d_2-2)}{d_1(d_2-2)^2(d_2-4)}$, se $d_2 > 4$	

Tabella 2: Distribuzioni continue notevoli