# IF3270 Pembelajaran Mesin Tugas Besar 1 Feedforward Neural Network



#### Disusun oleh:

Kelompok 8

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# PROGRAM STUDI TEKNIK INFORMATIKA SEKOLAH TEKNIK ELEKTRO DAN INFORMATIKA INSTITUT TEKNOLOGI BANDUNG 2025/2026

# BAB 1 DESKRIPSI PERSOALAN

Perkembangan teknologi *Machine Learning* dan *Deep Learning* dalam beberapa tahun terakhir telah membawa revolusi yang signifikan dalam bidang *pattern recognition* dan *computer vision*. Salah satu algoritma yang dasar adalah *Artificial Neural Network(ANN)* yang terinspirasi oleh cara kerja sistem saraf biologis manusia. ANN bisa mempelajari pola yang kompleks dari data melalui proses pelatihan(training) sehingga bisa digunakan untuk persoalan seperti klasifikasi, prediksi, dan sebagainya.

ANN memiliki beberapa arsitektur, salah satunya adalah *Feedforward Neural Network*(FFNN). Ini adalah model paling dasar dan banyak digunakan. FFNN terdiri dari *input layer*, satu atau lebih *hidden layer*, dan *output layer*. Data yang ada merambat secara searah(*feedforward*) dari input menuju output tanpa adanya siklik. Kemampuan FFNN dalam memodelkan hubungan di berbagai data, baik linear maupun non-linear, antara *input* dan *output* membuatnya sangat cocok untuk berbagai aplikasi.

Salah satu dataset yang terkenal untuk pengujian dalam klasifikasi adalah *MNIST*(*Modified National Institute of Standards and Technology*). MNIST terdiri dari 70.000 gambar digit tulisan tangan dalam bentuk *grayscale*. Dataset ini menjadi *benchmark* untuk evaluasi model. Kesederhanaan dan ukurannya yang tidak terlalu besar memungkinkan eksperimen cepat tanpa memerlukan sumber daya komputasi tinggi, sementara kompleksitasnya yang cukup menantang membuatnya relevan untuk menguji kemampuan model.

FFNN memiliki beberapa kelebihan, vaitu:

- 1. Kesederhanaan arsitektur
  - FFNN sangat mudah untuk dipahami dan diimplementasikan sehingga sangat cocok sebagai langkah awal dalam pembelajaran.
- 2. Kemampuan pembelajaran untuk non-linear separable data FFNN memiliki berbagai fungsi aktivasi, seperti ReLU atau sigmoid. Oleh karena itu, FFNN dapat dengan mudah mendapat hubungan kompleks dalam data.

Hyperparameter yang ada pada FFNN meliputi:

- 1. Jumlah layer
- 2. Jumlah neuron
- 3. Fungsi aktivasi
- 4. Learning rate
- 5. Regularisasi

# BAB 2 PEMBAHASAN

### 2.1. Implementasi

### 2.1.1. Deskripsi Kelas

#### 1. ANNScratch

Kelas ANNScratch ada di file ann.py dan berisi implementasi arsitektur Feedforward Neural Network. Kelas ini memiliki fungsi untuk melakukan *training, prediction, save,* dan *load.* Detail method dan atribut yang ada pada kelas ini adalah sebagai berikut.

Detail Method		
Method	Deskripsi	
def init()	Fungsi ini merupakan konstruktor dari kelas ANNScratch. Pada fungsi ini seluruh atribut kelas didefinisikan. Pada fungsi ini juga bobot dan gradien FFNN diinisialisasi.	
<pre>def initialize_ weights()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi pembantu (helper function) untuk menginisialisasikan bobot pada layer input dan hidden FFNN. Fungsi ini akan menginisialisasikan bobot berdasarkan opsi yang dimasukkan ke dalam konstruktor.	
<pre>def initialize_ output_weights ()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi pembantu (helper function) untuk menginisialisasikan bobot pada layer output FFNN. Fungsi ini akan menginisialisasikan bobot berdasarkan opsi yang dimasukkan ke dalam konstruktor. Fungsi ini dipanggil saat training dimulai.	
<pre>def safe_exp()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi untuk menghitung nilai konstanta e dipangkatkan suatu bilangan real. Fungsi ini menerima suatu <i>array-like</i> dan menghitung nilai <i>e^x</i> dari setiap x pada <i>array</i> tersebut. Fungsi ini dibuat karena tendensi kerentanan fungsi eksponen untuk overflow.	
<pre>def activation()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi yang menghitung nilai fungsi aktivasi dari sebuah layer. Menerima sebuah array-like dan opsi fungsi aktivasi. Mengembalikan array-like sebagai hasil dari fungsi aktivasi terhadap input yang diberikan. Fungsi ini digunakan pada saat forward	

	propagation.	
<pre>def activation_ derivative()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi yang menghitung nilai turunan dari fungsi aktivasi dari sebuah layer. Menerima sebuah <i>array-like</i> dan opsi fungsi aktivasi. Mengembalikan <i>array-like</i> sebagai hasil dari turunan fungsi aktivasi terhadap input yang diberikan. Fungsi ini digunakan pada saat <i>backpropagation</i> .	
<pre>def loss_ function()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi yang menghitung nilai fungsi loss terhadap input yang diberikan. Menerima sebuah <i>array-like</i> dan opsi fungsi loss untuk diterapkan.	
<pre>def loss_ gradient()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi yang menghitung turunan pertama dari fungsi loss terhadap input yang diberikan. Menerima sebuah <i>array-like</i> dan opsi fungsi loss untuk diterapkan.	
<pre>def regularization_ loss()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi untuk menghitung loss dari regularisasi yang dilakukan. Menerima input opsi regularisasi yaitu L1 atau L2.	
<pre>def compute_loss ()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi untuk menghitung loss, yaitu regularization loss ditambah loss function.  Menerima sebuah <i>array-like</i> dan mengembalikan nilai loss.	
<pre>def apply_rms_norm ()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi untuk menerapkan normalisasi rms. Menerima sebuah <i>array-like</i> dan menerapkan normalisasi rms pada input tersebut.	
def backward()	Melakukan tahap <i>backpropagation</i> pada arsitektur FFNN. Fungsi ini sekaligus memanggil tahap <i>forward propagation</i> .	
<pre>def update_weights ()</pre>	Merupakan sebuah fungsi pembantu untuk memperbarui bobot serta gradien pada FFNN.	
def fit()	Merupakan fungsi yang dipanggil saat proses training. Fungsi ini akan melakukan training berdasarkan parameter yang diberikan saat inisialisasi.	
def predict()	Melakukan tahap forward propagation pada	

FFNN. Mengembalikan hasil akhir, yaitu nilai yang ada pada neuron layer output. Menerima sebuah <i>array-like</i> yaitu input pada layer input.	
Merupakan fungsi pembantu yang mengembalikan atribut kelas seperti batch_size, banyak layer, fungsi aktivasi, dll.	
Merupakan fungsi yang akan menyimpan model dan juga berbagai parameternya ke dalam sebuah file pickle dengan ekstensi .pkl. File tersebut dapat digunakan untuk me-load model kembali. Fungsi ini juga akan menyimpan bobot serta gradien FFNN saat fungsi dipanggil.	
Merupakan fungsi yang akan me- <i>load</i> model dari file .pkl yang telah disimpan. Menerima input berupa path dari file .pkl yang telah disimpan.	
Merupakan fungsi pembantu untuk memvisualisasikan FFNN. Fungsi ini menggunakan kelas ANNVisualizer untuk memvisualisaskan arsitektur dari parameter inisialisasi.	
Detail Atribut	
Deskripsi	
Variabel yang menyatakan banyak layer yang ada pada FFNN.	
Merupakan list yang berisi fungsi aktivasi pada setiap layer.	
Variabel yang menyatakan banyak epoch pada proses training.	
Variabel yang berisi fungsi yang dipakai saat forward propagation dan backpropagation.	
Variabel learning rate yang akan digunakan saat proses <i>backpropagation</i> .	
Variabel yang berisi metode inisialisasi yang akan digunakan untuk menginisiasi bobot serta gradien pada FFNN.	

self.batch_size	Variabel yang berisi batch size yang akan digunakan saat proses training.	
self.verbose	Variabel yang menyatakan status verbose FFNN. Jika bernilai True, proses training akan meng-output loss pada setiap epoch.	
self. regularization	Variabel yang berisi regularisasi (jika ada) yang akan diterapkan pada FFNN.	
self.reg_lambda	Variabel regularization lambda. Digunakan ketika ada regularisasi yang diterapkan ketika proses regularisasi.	
self.epsilon	Variabel yang berisi nilai epsilon. Digunakan untuk menormalisasikan penghitungan fungsi log. Berisi nilai yang sangat kecil (10^-7).	
self.alpha	Variabel yang digunakan ketika fungsi aktivasi leaky ReLU.	
self.rms_norm	Variabel yang digunakan jika normalisasi rms ingin dilakukan pada FFNN.	
self.weights	List yang berisi bobot dari setiap layer. Bobot layer ke-i akan direpresentasikan sebagai numpy array 2 dimensi.	
self.biases	List yang berisi bias dari setiap layer. Bobot layer ke-i akan direpresentasikan sebagai numpy array 2 dimensi.	
self.normalize_ output	Variabel yang digunakan jika FFNN ingin dinormalisasi outputnya.	
self. initialization_ config	Variabel yang menyimpan config dari inisialisasi instansi ANNScratch.	

# 2. ANNVisualizer

Kelas ANNVisualizer ada di file visualizer.py dan berisi implementasi dari visualisasi FFNN yang ada pada kelas ANNScratch.

Detail Method	
Method	Deskripsi

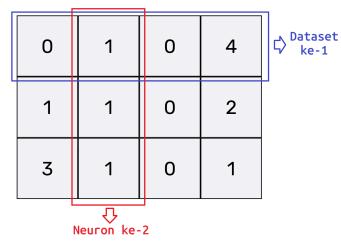
def init()	Fungsi ini merupakan konstruktor dari kelas ANNVisualizer. Pada fungsi ini seluruh atribut kelas didefinisikan. Pada fungsi ini juga graf yang akan ditampilkan diinisialisasi.	
<pre>def _build_graph ()</pre>	Merupakan fungsi yang digunakan untuk membangun graf yang akan ditunjukkan. Fungsi ini akan menggunakan API yang ada pada library networkx.	
<pre>def visualize_ network()</pre>	Fungsi ini akan memvisualisasikan bobot serta gradien yang ada pada FFNN. Fungsi ini memvisualisasikan kedua graf secara bersamaan side-by-side.	
<pre>def plot_weight_ distribution ()</pre>	Fungsi ini memvisualisasikan bobot yang ada dalam suatu layer. Fungsi ini dapat memvisualisasikan seluruh layer atau layer tertentu.	
<pre>def plot_neuron_ analysis()</pre>	Fungsi ini memvisualisasikan informasi yang ada pada suatu neuron, termasuk bobot serta gradien	
<pre>def visualize_all ()</pre>	Fungsi ini adalah fungsi pembantu yang akan memvisualisasikan arsitektur FFNN dan juga bobot dari setiap layer.	
Detail Atribut		
Atribut	Deskripsi	
self.model	Variabel yang menyimpan model ANNScratch yang akan divisualisasikan.	
self.graph	Merupakan variabel objek DiGraph yang ada pada library networkx.	

#### 2.1.2. Penjelasan Forward Propagation

Pada ANNScratch, bobot serta gradien FFNN dalam satu layer disimpan dalam bentuk matriks. Hal ini untuk menyederhanakan kalkulasi pada tahap *forward propagation* menjadi perkalian matriks. Seluruh operasi perkalian matriks pada ANNScratch menggunakan fungsi pada numpy, yang juga akan mempercepat proses kalkulasi.

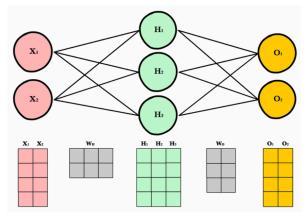
Proses *forward propagation* pada kelas ANNScratch terdapat pada fungsi predict. Fungsi ini menerima sebuah input X yang dianggap sebagai bobot neuron pada layer

input. Misal batch size proses training adalah bs dan banyak neuron pada layer ke-i didenotasikan sebagai n[i]. Maka input X harus memiliki dimensi  $bs \times n[0]$ .



Representasi matriks untuk layer dengan 4 neuron dan batch size 3

Untuk melakukan tahapan *feed forward* dari layer i menuju ke layer i+1, perlu dilakukan perkalian matriks antara output dari layer i dengan bobot layer ke-i. Perlu diingat bahwa bobot pada layer ke-i disimpan dalam bentuk matriks dengan dimensi  $n[i] \times n[i+1]$ . Ini artinya bobot dari neuron ke-j menuju neuron ke-k di layer berikutnya disimpan pada matriks di indeks (j,k). Perkalian matriks ini akan menghasilkan matriks dengan dimensi  $bs \times n[i+1]$  yang merupakan nilai neuron pada layer ke-i untuk setiap data pada batch. Perkalian matriks dilakukan dengan fungsi np.matmul.



Representasi matriks bobot dan juga output pada FFNN. Matriks abu-abu merepresentasikan matriks bobot. Matriks berwarna merepresentasikan output pada layer dengan batch size 4

Proses perkalian matriks tersebut ekuivalen dengan proses penghitungan nilai neuron seperti biasanya. Hal ini dapat dilihat hasil output pada batch ke-j hanya bergantung pada nilai di batch ke-j dan bobot seluruh neuron pada layer sebelumnya. Setelah melakukan perkalian matriks, nilai bias akan ditambahkan pada setiap data pada batch. Perlu diketahui bahwa bias yang menuju layer i+1 disimpan sebagai

matriks dengan dimensi  $1 \times n[i+1]$ . Untuk menambahkan nilai bias pada setiap batch, matriks tersebut perlu di-"ulang" sebanyak batch size untuk menghasilkan matriks  $bs \times n[i+1]$ . Proses "pengulangan" dilakukan dengan np.tile.

Proses ini akan dilakukan dari layer input hingga didapat matriks output pada layer output. Matriks tersebut dijadikan sebagai hasil prediksi untuk batch tersebut. Perlu diketahui bahwa matriks input dan output pada setiap layer akan disimpan pada sebuah list. Hal ini karena input dan output pada setiap layer akan digunakan pada tahap *backpropagation*.

#### 2.1.3. Penjelasan Backward Propagation dan Weight Update

Tahap backward propagation dimulai dari layer output menuju layer input. Pada layer output, akan diinisialisasi variabel delta yaitu gradien fungsi loss pada nilai prediksi terhadap nilai yang sebenarnya. Perhitungan ini akan menghasilkan matriks dengan dimensi  $bs \times n[output]$ .

Kemudian, untuk setiap layer, akan dihitung nilai dari turunan fungsi aktivasi terhadap hasil output pada layer tersebut. Perhitungan ini akan menghasilkan matriks dengan dimensi  $bs \times n[i]$ . Hal ini artinya matriks delta dan matriks turunan aktivasi memiliki ukuran yang sama. Untuk mendapatkan nilai delta pada layer ini, dilakukan *element-wise multiplication* antara matriks delta dengan matriks turunan aktivasi.

Matriks delta kemudian digunakan untuk menghitung nilai gradien pada layer ke i-1. Hal ini dicapai dengan mengalikan input layer ke-i yang di transpose dengan matriks delta. Karena matriks input memiliki dimensi  $bs \times n[i-1]$  dan matriks delta memiliki dimensi  $bs \times n[i]$ , hasil perkalian kedua matriks akan menghasilkan matriks baru dengan dimensi  $n[i-1] \times n[i]$ , yang cocok dengan bentuk matriks bobot dari layer i-1 menuju i. Perkalian matriks tersebut ekuivalen dengan menghitung nilai  $\delta$  secara independen untuk setiap data pada batch, dan kemudian menjumlahkannya.

Penghitungan gradien bias serupa dengan penghitungan gradien bobot. Hanya saja, karena nilai bias selalu 1, tidak perlu dilakukan proses perkalian matriks. Mengalikan matriks dengan matriks yang berisi dengan 1 sama saja dengan melakukan penjumlahan secara kolom.

Setelah menghitung gradien bobot dan bias, matriks delta akan diperbarui. Hal ini dilakukan dengan meng-assign delta menjadi delta dikali matriks bobot yang telah di transpos. Matriks delta yang awalnya memiliki dimensi  $bs \times n[i]$  dikalikan dengan matriks bobot dengan dimensi  $n[i-1] \times n[i]$ . Ini artinya perkalian ini akan

menghasilkan matriks dengan dimensi  $bs \times n[i-1]$ , yang akan menjadi variabel delta di iterasi berikutnya.

Setelah semua iterasi *backward propagation* selesai, akan dilakukan regularisasi sesuai opsi yang dipilih (jika pengguna memilih menerapkan regularisasi). Setelah itu, akan dilakukan *gradient clipping*. Gradient clipping adalah proses dimana gradien bobot dan bias dibatasi dari -1 hingga 1 untuk mencegah terjadinya *exploding gradient problem*.

#### 2.2. Hasil Pengujian

- 1. Pengaruh depth (banyak layer) dan width (banyak neuron per layer)
  - a. Variasi depth

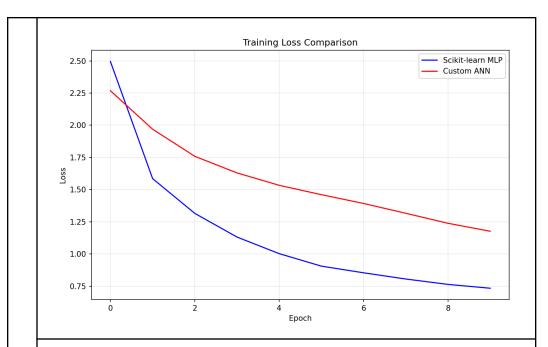
Hyperparameters	
Width semua layer	5
Fungsi aktivasi	Sigmoid
Loss	Categorical Cross Entropy
Batch Size	32
Learning Rate	0.01
Epoch	10
Initialization	Uniform: - Lower Bound: -1 - Upper Bound: 1 - Seed: 42

# i. Jumlah layer = 3

Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.7229

Test Accuracy: 0.7229



- Epoch 1/10, Loss: 2.2679

- Epoch 2/10, Loss: 1.9689

- Epoch 3/10, Loss: 1.7586

- Epoch 4/10, Loss: 1.6297

- Epoch 5/10, Loss: 1.5332

- Epoch 6/10, Loss: 1.4605

- Epoch 7/10, Loss: 1.3922

Epoch 8/10, Loss: 1.3161Epoch 9/10, Loss: 1.2382

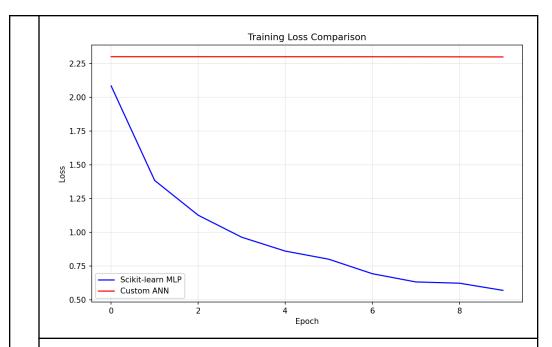
- Epoch 9/10, Loss: 1.2382 - Epoch 10/10, Loss: 1.1765

# ii. Jumlah layer = 5

# Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.1126

Test Accuracy: 0.1126



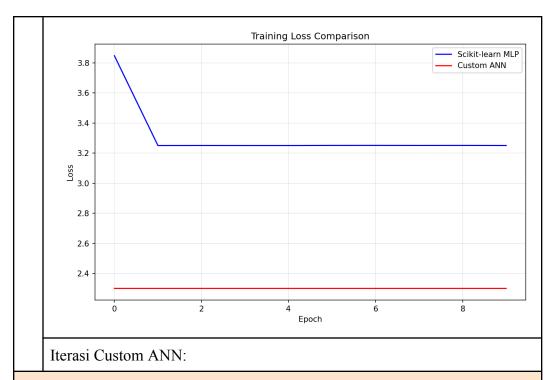
- Epoch 1/10, Loss: 2.3014
- Epoch 2/10, Loss: 2.3014
- Epoch 3/10, Loss: 2.3014
- Epoch 4/10, Loss: 2.3013
- Epoch 5/10, Loss: 2.3013
- Epoch 6/10, Loss: 2.3012
- Epoch 7/10, Loss: 2.3011
- Epoch 8/10, Loss: 2.3009
- Epoch 9/10, Loss: 2.3005
- Epoch 10/10, Loss: 2.2998

# iii. Jumlah layer = 10

### Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.1126

Test Accuracy: 0.1126



### Perbandingan

Dapat dilihat bahwa semakin dalam sebuah FFNN, hasil akurasi dari dataset tes semakin berkurang. Dapat dilihat juga dari grafik bahwa semakin dalam sebuah FFNN, semakin tinggi nilai lossnya. Dari fakta tersebut dapat disimpulkan bahwa semakin dalam sebuah FFNN performa yang dihasilkan semakin buruk.

#### b. Variasi width

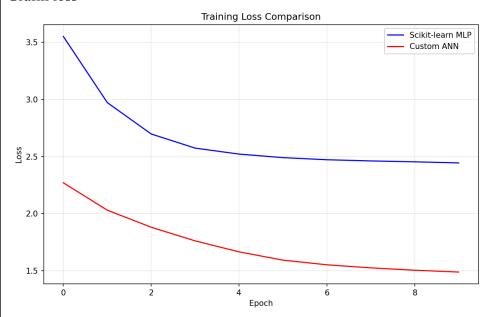
Hyperparameters	
Depth	3
Fungsi aktivasi	Sigmoid
Loss	Categorical Cross Entropy
Batch Size	32
Learning Rate	0.01
Epoch	10
Initialization	Uniform: - Lower Bound: -1 - Upper Bound: 1 - Seed: 42

### i. Width semua layer = 3

# Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.3520
- Test Accuracy: 0.3520

#### Grafik loss



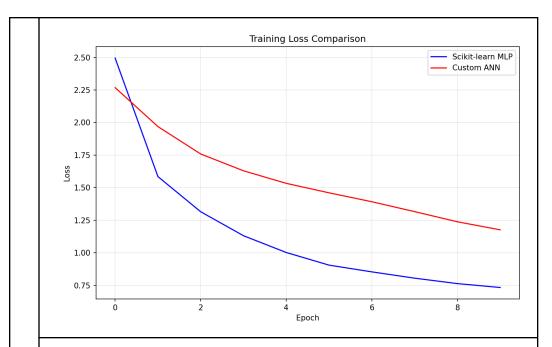
#### Iterasi Custom ANN:

- Epoch 1/10, Loss: 2.2699
- Epoch 2/10, Loss: 2.0306
- Epoch 3/10, Loss: 1.8810
- Epoch 4/10, Loss: 1.7616
- Epoch 5/10, Loss: 1.6656
- Epoch 6/10, Loss: 1.5928
- Epoch 7/10, Loss: 1.5523
- Epoch 8/10, Loss: 1.5252
- Epoch 9/10, Loss: 1.5048
- Epoch 10/10, Loss: 1.4886

# ii. Width semua layer = 5

# Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.7229
- Test Accuracy: 0.7229



Epoch 1/10, Loss: 2.2679

Epoch 2/10, Loss: 1.9689

Epoch 3/10, Loss: 1.7586

Epoch 4/10, Loss: 1.6297

Epoch 5/10, Loss: 1.5332

Epoch 6/10, Loss: 1.4605

Epoch 7/10, Loss: 1.3922

Epoch 8/10, Loss: 1.3161

Epoch 9/10, Loss: 1.2382

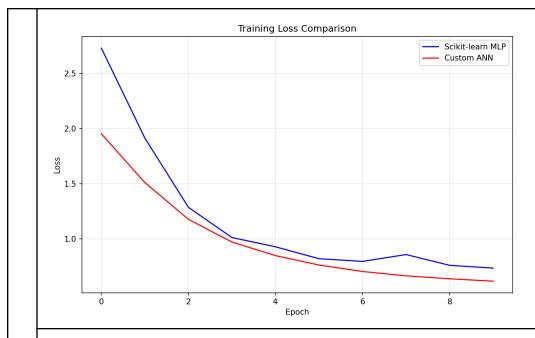
Epoch 10/10, Loss: 1.1765

# iii. Width semua layer = 10

### Hasil prediksi

Test Accuracy: 0.8332

Test Accuracy: 0.8332



- Epoch 1/10, Loss: 1.9534

- Epoch 2/10, Loss: 1.5111

- Epoch 3/10, Loss: 1.1777

- Epoch 4/10, Loss: 0.9718

- Epoch 5/10, Loss: 0.8483

- Epoch 6/10, Loss: 0.7631

- Epoch 7/10, Loss: 0.7044

- Epoch 8/10, Loss: 0.6649

- Epoch 9/10, Loss: 0.6384

- Epoch 10/10, Loss: 0.6164

#### Perbandingan

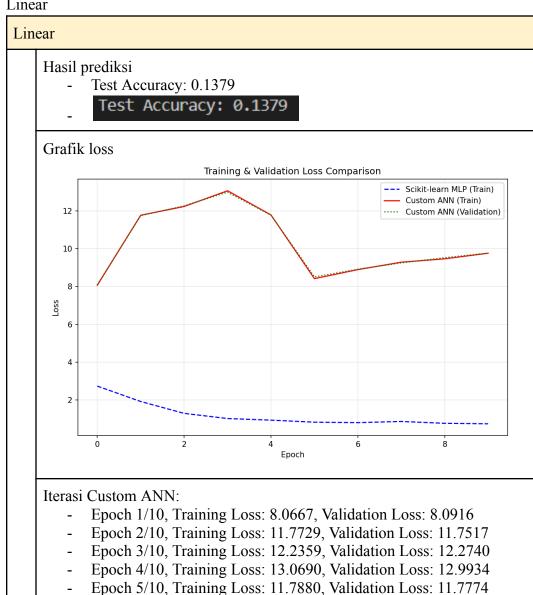
Dapat dilihat bahwa semakin lebar sebuah FFNN, hasil akurasi dari dataset tes semakin bertambah. Dapat dilihat juga dari grafik bahwa semakin lebar sebuah FFNN, semakin rendah nilai lossnya. Dari fakta tersebut dapat disimpulkan bahwa semakin lebar sebuah FFNN performa yang dihasilkan semakin baik.

#### 2. Pengaruh fungsi aktivasi hidden layer

i ongaran rangsi anar	
Hyperparameters	
Depth	3
Width semua layer	10
Fungsi Aktivasi Output	Sigmoid

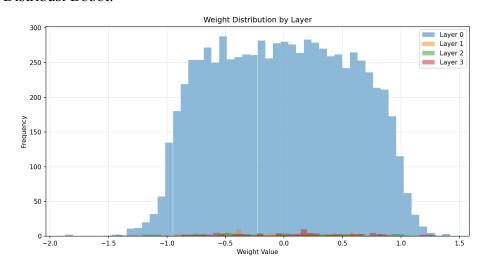
Loss	Categorical Cross Entropy
Batch Size	32
Learning Rate	0.01
Epoch	10
Initialization	Uniform: - Lower Bound: -1 - Upper Bound: 1 - Seed: 42

#### a. Linear

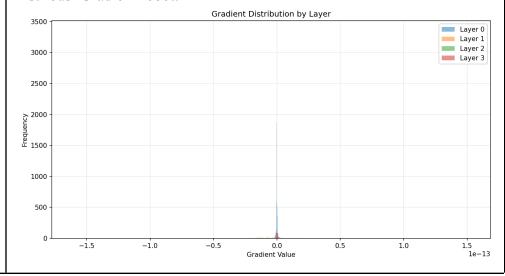


- Epoch 6/10, Training Loss: 8.4176, Validation Loss: 8.5082
- Epoch 7/10, Training Loss: 8.8946, Validation Loss: 8.9176
- Epoch 8/10, Training Loss: 9.2885, Validation Loss: 9.2515
- Epoch 9/10, Training Loss: 9.4655, Validation Loss: 9.5277
- Epoch 10/10, Training Loss: 9.7635, Validation Loss: 9.7693

#### Distribusi Bobot:



#### Distribusi Gradien Bobot:

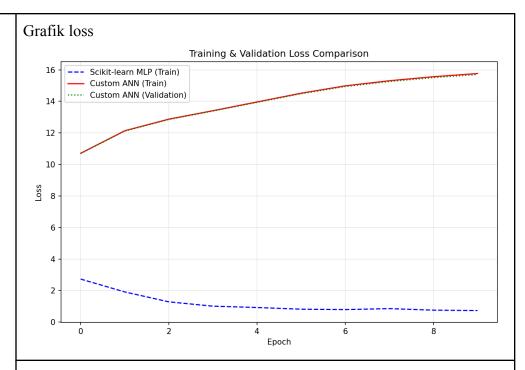


#### b. ReLU

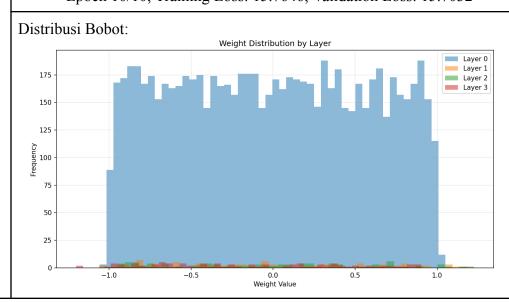
#### ReLU

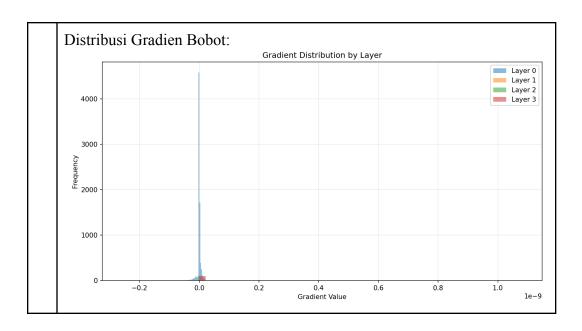
### Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.1071
- Test Accuracy: 0.1071

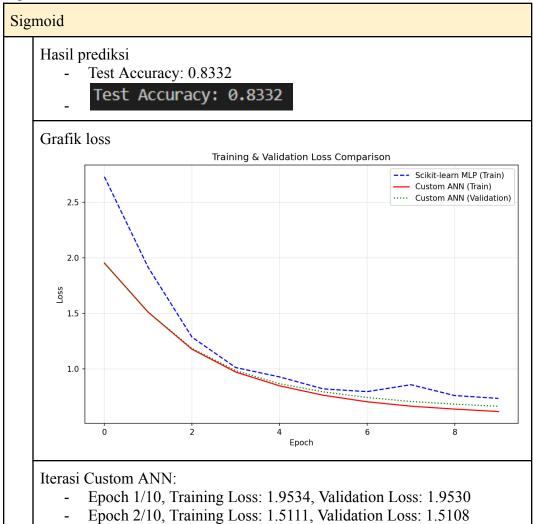


- Epoch 1/10, Training Loss: 10.7095, Validation Loss: 10.6917
- Epoch 2/10, Training Loss: 12.1380, Validation Loss: 12.1157
- Epoch 3/10, Training Loss: 12.8742, Validation Loss: 12.8511
- Epoch 4/10, Training Loss: 13.4090, Validation Loss: 13.3860
- Epoch 5/10, Training Loss: 13.9632, Validation Loss: 13.9376
- Epoch 6/10, Training Loss: 14.5183, Validation Loss: 14.4837
- Epoch 7/10, Training Loss: 14.9846, Validation Loss: 14.9398
- Epoch 8/10, Training Loss: 15.3086, Validation Loss: 15.2557
- Epoch 9/10, Training Loss: 15.5642, Validation Loss: 15.5072
- Epoch 10/10, Training Loss: 15.7646, Validation Loss: 15.7032



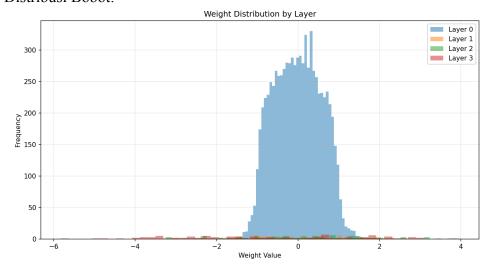


# c. Sigmoid

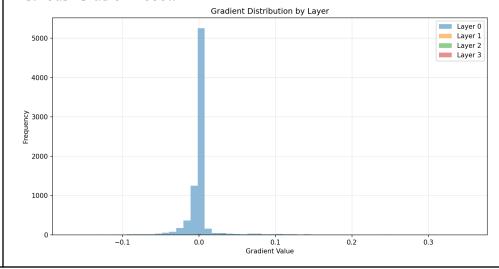


- Epoch 3/10, Training Loss: 1.1777, Validation Loss: 1.1848
- Epoch 4/10, Training Loss: 0.9718, Validation Loss: 0.9847
- Epoch 5/10, Training Loss: 0.8483, Validation Loss: 0.8672
- Epoch 6/10, Training Loss: 0.7631, Validation Loss: 0.7935
- Epoch 7/10, Training Loss: 0.7044, Validation Loss: 0.7428
- Epoch 8/10, Training Loss: 0.6649, Validation Loss: 0.7072
- Epoch 9/10, Training Loss: 0.6384, Validation Loss: 0.6828
- Epoch 10/10, Training Loss: 0.6164, Validation Loss: 0.6638

#### Distribusi Bobot:



#### Distribusi Gradien Bobot:



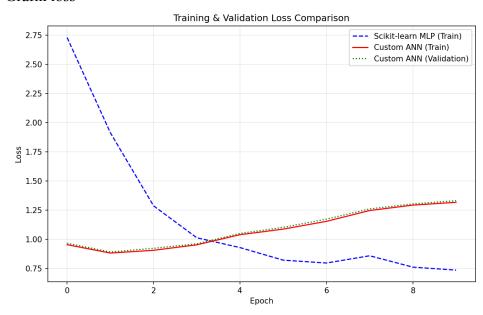
#### d. Tanh

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Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.6476
- Test Accuracy: 0.6476

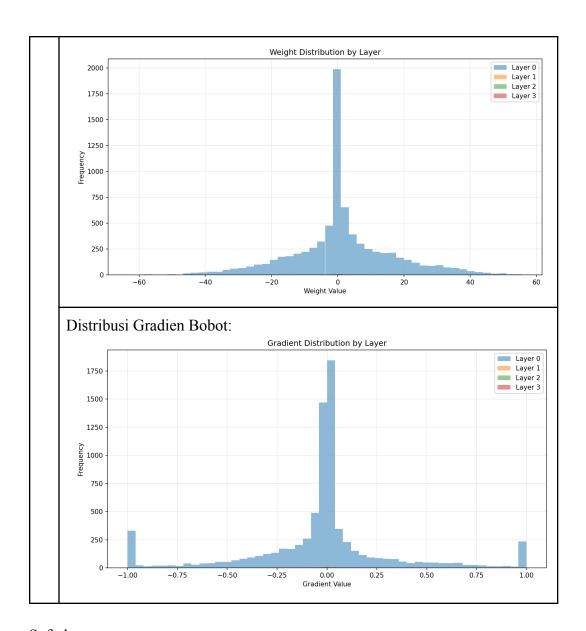
#### Grafik loss



#### Iterasi Custom ANN:

- Epoch 1/10, Training Loss: 0.9532, Validation Loss: 0.9656
- Epoch 2/10, Training Loss: 0.8815, Validation Loss: 0.8906
- Epoch 3/10, Training Loss: 0.9050, Validation Loss: 0.9221
- Epoch 4/10, Training Loss: 0.9520, Validation Loss: 0.9609
- Epoch 5/10, Training Loss: 1.0389, Validation Loss: 1.0500
- Epoch 6/10, Training Loss: 1.0868, Validation Loss: 1.1018
- Epoch 7/10, Training Loss: 1.1535, Validation Loss: 1.1723
- Epoch 8/10, Training Loss: 1.2463, Validation Loss: 1.2604
- Epoch 9/10, Training Loss: 1.2927, Validation Loss: 1.3035
- Epoch 10/10, Training Loss: 1.3169, Validation Loss: 1.3306

Distribusi Bobot:

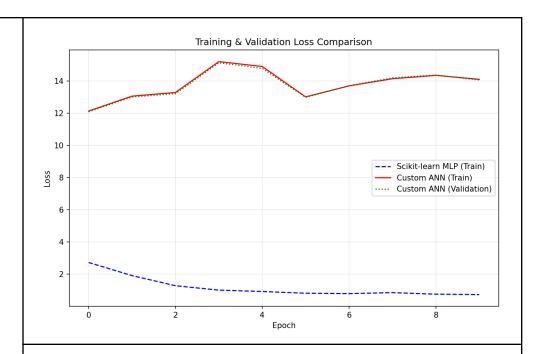


# a. Softplus

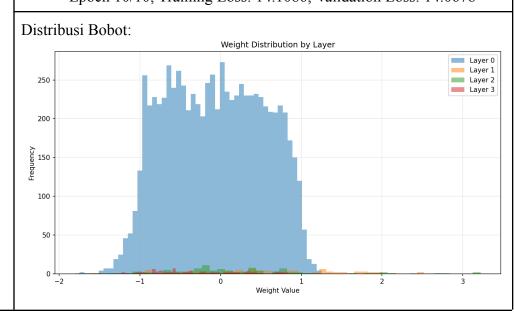
# Softplus

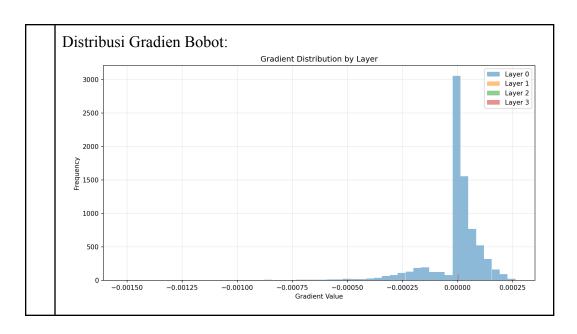
# Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.1146
- Test Accuracy: 0.1146

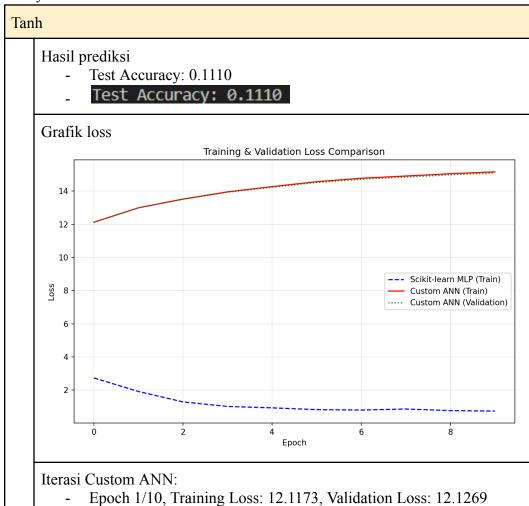


- Epoch 1/10, Training Loss: 12.1418, Validation Loss: 12.0927
- Epoch 2/10, Training Loss: 13.0645, Validation Loss: 13.0138
- Epoch 3/10, Training Loss: 13.2916, Validation Loss: 13.2149
- Epoch 4/10, Training Loss: 15.2121, Validation Loss: 15.1369
- Epoch 5/10, Training Loss: 14.9071, Validation Loss: 14.7876
- Epoch 6/10, Training Loss: 13.0194, Validation Loss: 12.9913
- Epoch 7/10, Training Loss: 13.7016, Validation Loss: 13.7092
- Epoch 8/10, Training Loss: 14.1455, Validation Loss: 14.2041
- Epoch 9/10, Training Loss: 14.3573, Validation Loss: 14.3730
- Epoch 10/10, Training Loss: 14.1086, Validation Loss: 14.0678

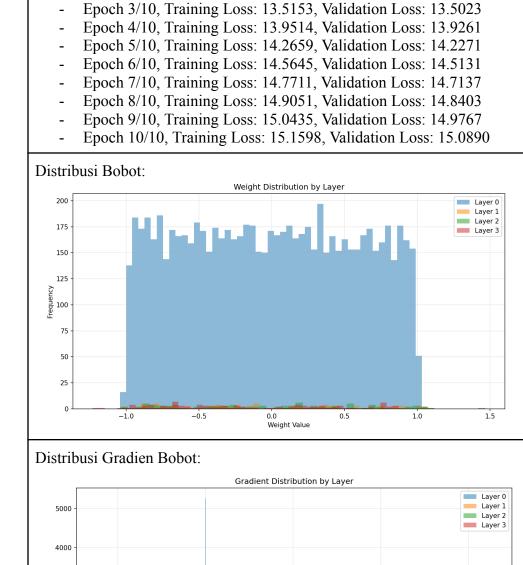


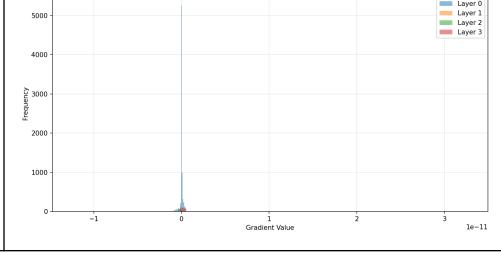


#### b. Leaky ReLU



Epoch 2/10, Training Loss: 12.9907, Validation Loss: 12.9862





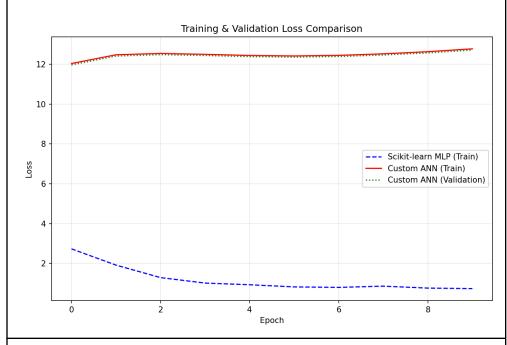
#### c. Mish

Tanh

#### Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.1646
  - Test Accuracy: 0.1646

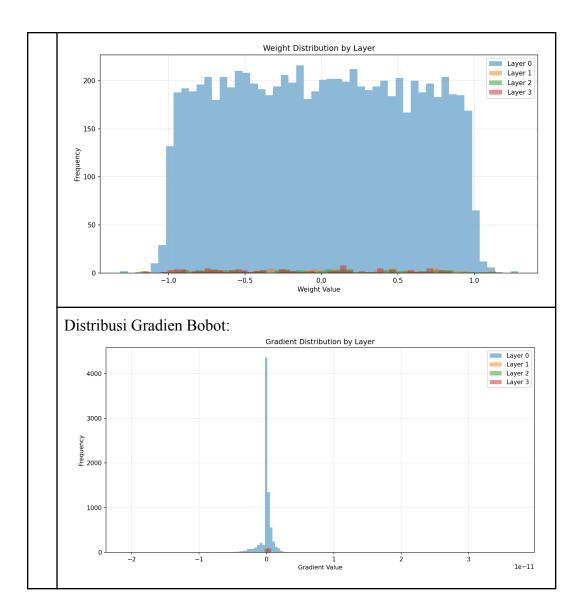
#### Grafik loss



#### Iterasi Custom ANN:

- Epoch 1/10, Training Loss: 12.0413, Validation Loss: 11.9714
- Epoch 2/10, Training Loss: 12.4792, Validation Loss: 12.4136
- Epoch 3/10, Training Loss: 12.5460, Validation Loss: 12.4837
- Epoch 4/10, Training Loss: 12.5009, Validation Loss: 12.4409
- Epoch 5/10, Training Loss: 12.4446, Validation Loss: 12.3845
- Epoch 6/10, Training Loss: 12.4199, Validation Loss: 12.3610
- Epoch 7/10, Training Loss: 12.4498, Validation Loss: 12.3910
- Epoch 8/10, Training Loss: 12.5264, Validation Loss: 12.4661
- Epoch 9/10, Training Loss: 12.6346, Validation Loss: 12.5735
- Epoch 10/10, Training Loss: 12.7774, Validation Loss: 12.7161

#### Distribusi Bobot:



#### d. Analisis

Dapat dilihat bahwa hanya fungsi Sigmoid yang menunjukkan kecenderungan penurunan loss selama iterasi pelatihan model. Model dengan fungsi aktivasi Sigmoid juga memiliki akurasi tertinggi diantara semua variasi. Dengan demikian, dapat disimpulkan bahwa fungsi aktivasi Sigmoid memiliki performa yang paling baik dalam pelatihan model.

# 3. Pengaruh learning rate

Hyperparameters	
Depth	3
Width semua layer	10

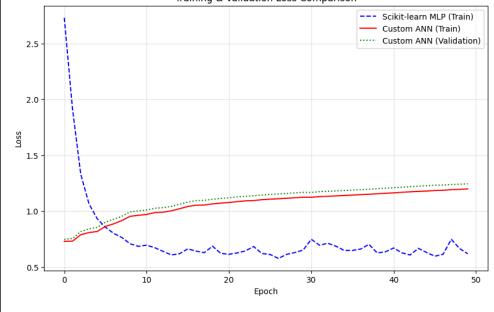
Loss	Categorical Cross Entropy
Batch Size	32
Epoch	50
Initialization	Xavier

# Learning rate = 0.1Hasil prediksi

Test Accuracy: 0.7759

# Test Accuracy: 0.7759



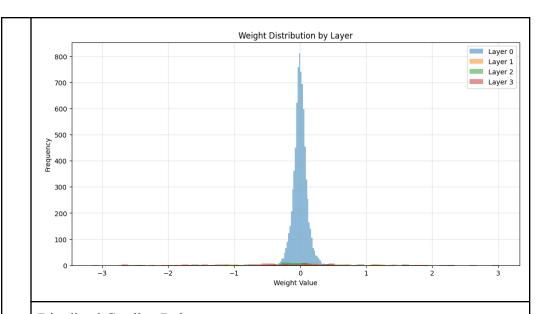


#### Iterasi Custom ANN:

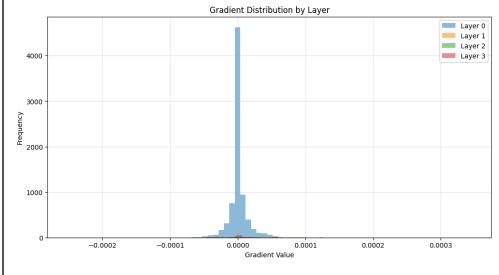
Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 0.7309, Validation Loss: 0.7486 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 0.7323, Validation Loss: 0.7557 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 0.7900, Validation Loss: 0.8183 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 0.8091, Validation Loss: 0.8415 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 0.8187, Validation Loss: 0.8562 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 0.8640, Validation Loss: 0.9018 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 0.8873, Validation Loss: 0.9281 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 0.9171, Validation Loss: 0.9554

Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 0.9546, Validation Loss: 0.9938 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 0.9638, Validation Loss: 1.0031 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 0.9712, Validation Loss: 1.0113 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 0.9879, Validation Loss: 1.0269 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 0.9917, Validation Loss: 1.0321 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 1.0035, Validation Loss: 1.0430 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 1.0222, Validation Loss: 1.0621 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 1.0422, Validation Loss: 1.0817 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 1.0536, Validation Loss: 1.0948 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 1.0556, Validation Loss: 1.0977 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 1.0656, Validation Loss: 1.1070 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 1.0725, Validation Loss: 1.1143 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 1.0778, Validation Loss: 1.1204 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 1.0861, Validation Loss: 1.1276 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 1.0925, Validation Loss: 1.1340 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 1.0953, Validation Loss: 1.1387 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 1.1034, Validation Loss: 1.1454 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 1.1078, Validation Loss: 1.1503 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 1.1115, Validation Loss: 1.1545 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 1.1161, Validation Loss: 1.1588 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 1.1204, Validation Loss: 1.1640 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 1.1251, Validation Loss: 1.1688 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 1.1250, Validation Loss: 1.1683 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 1.1309, Validation Loss: 1.1750 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 1.1338, Validation Loss: 1.1783 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 1.1373, Validation Loss: 1.1816 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 1.1408, Validation Loss: 1.1853 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 1.1446, Validation Loss: 1.1891 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 1.1483, Validation Loss: 1.1930 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 1.1519, Validation Loss: 1.1967 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 1.1562, Validation Loss: 1.2014 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 1.1603, Validation Loss: 1.2058 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 1.1641, Validation Loss: 1.2098 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 1.1695, Validation Loss: 1.2153 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 1.1737, Validation Loss: 1.2197 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 1.1772, Validation Loss: 1.2233 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 1.1806, Validation Loss: 1.2275 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 1.1850, Validation Loss: 1.2333 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 1.1874, Validation Loss: 1.2339 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 1.1927, Validation Loss: 1.2389 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 1.1960, Validation Loss: 1.2417 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 1.1996, Validation Loss: 1.2452

Distribusi Bobot:





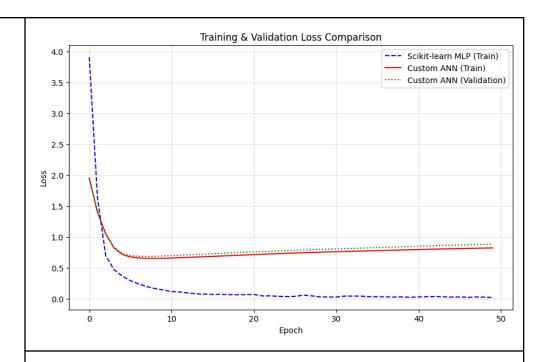


# Learning rate = 0.001

Hasil prediksi

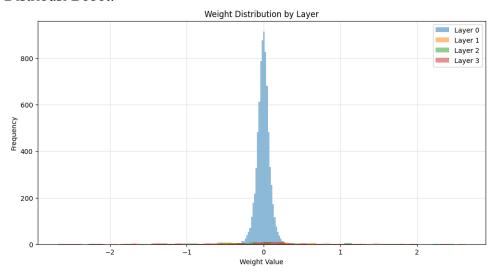
- Test Accuracy: 0.8331

Test Accuracy: 0.8331

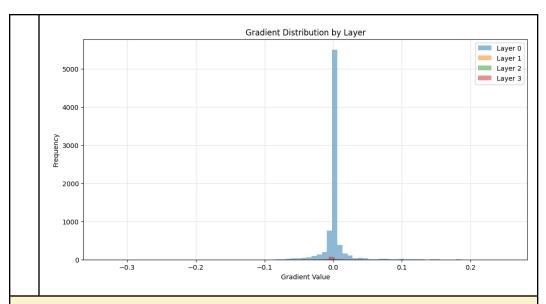


Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 1.9555, Validation Loss: 1.9548 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 1.4006, Validation Loss: 1.4033 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 1.0527, Validation Loss: 1.0591 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 0.8246, Validation Loss: 0.8368 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 0.7193, Validation Loss: 0.7365 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 0.6784, Validation Loss: 0.7013 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 0.6624, Validation Loss: 0.6896 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 0.6563, Validation Loss: 0.6871 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 0.6558, Validation Loss: 0.6899 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 0.6578, Validation Loss: 0.6946 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 0.6615, Validation Loss: 0.7003 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 0.6668, Validation Loss: 0.7071 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 0.6721, Validation Loss: 0.7132 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 0.6776, Validation Loss: 0.7192 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 0.6828, Validation Loss: 0.7248 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 0.6879, Validation Loss: 0.7304 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 0.6936, Validation Loss: 0.7365 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 0.7000, Validation Loss: 0.7432 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 0.7059, Validation Loss: 0.7494 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 0.7114, Validation Loss: 0.7550 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 0.7171, Validation Loss: 0.7608 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 0.7224, Validation Loss: 0.7662 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 0.7277, Validation Loss: 0.7716 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 0.7332, Validation Loss: 0.7772 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 0.7385, Validation Loss: 0.7825 Epoch 26/50. Training Loss: 0.7434. Validation Loss: 0.7874 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 0.7480, Validation Loss: 0.7922 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 0.7520, Validation Loss: 0.7965 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 0.7561, Validation Loss: 0.8010 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 0.7600, Validation Loss: 0.8054 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 0.7637, Validation Loss: 0.8096 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 0.7674, Validation Loss: 0.8139 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 0.7710, Validation Loss: 0.8181 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 0.7744, Validation Loss: 0.8222 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 0.7779, Validation Loss: 0.8264 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 0.7812, Validation Loss: 0.8304 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 0.7846, Validation Loss: 0.8345 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 0.7882, Validation Loss: 0.8388 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 0.7916, Validation Loss: 0.8431 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 0.7952, Validation Loss: 0.8475 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 0.7987, Validation Loss: 0.8520 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 0.8022, Validation Loss: 0.8564 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 0.8056, Validation Loss: 0.8608 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 0.8088, Validation Loss: 0.8649 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 0.8116, Validation Loss: 0.8686 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 0.8145, Validation Loss: 0.8722 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 0.8171, Validation Loss: 0.8756 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 0.8199, Validation Loss: 0.8790 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 0.8225, Validation Loss: 0.8823 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 0.8251, Validation Loss: 0.8854

#### Distribusi Bobot:



Distribusi Gradien Bobot:

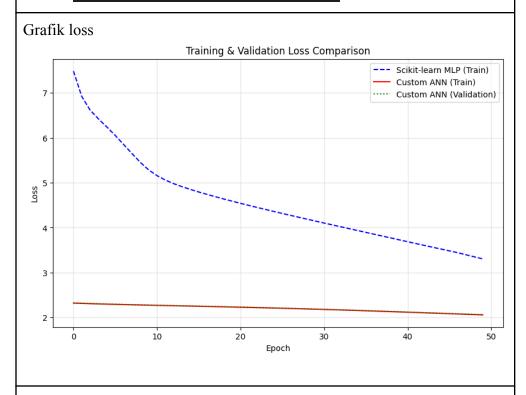


# Learning rate = 0.00001

Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.3152

Test Accuracy: 0.3152

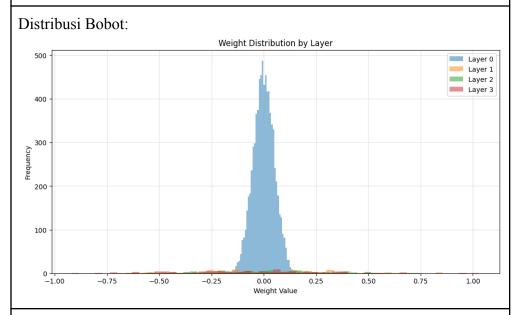


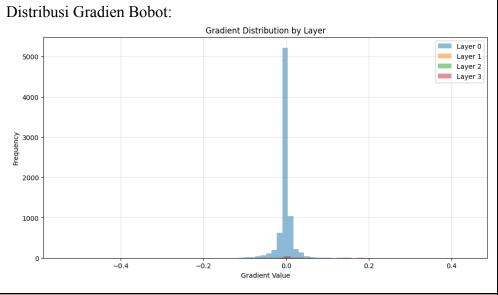
Iterasi Custom ANN:

Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 2.3212, Validation Loss: 2.3247

```
Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 2.3147, Validation Loss: 2.3181
Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 2.3087, Validation Loss: 2.3120
Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 2.3031, Validation Loss: 2.3063
Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 2.2979, Validation Loss: 2.3009
Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 2.2930, Validation Loss: 2.2959
Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 2.2883, Validation Loss: 2.2912
Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 2.2838, Validation Loss: 2.2866
Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 2.2795, Validation Loss: 2.2822
Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 2.2753, Validation Loss: 2.2779
Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 2.2711, Validation Loss: 2.2737
Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 2.2670, Validation Loss: 2.2695
Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 2.2629, Validation Loss: 2.2654
Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 2.2588, Validation Loss: 2.2613
Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 2.2547, Validation Loss: 2.2571
Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 2.2506, Validation Loss: 2.2530
Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 2.2465, Validation Loss: 2.2489
Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 2.2424, Validation Loss: 2.2448
Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 2.2382, Validation Loss: 2.2406
Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 2.2340, Validation Loss: 2.2363
Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 2.2297, Validation Loss: 2.2320
Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 2.2252, Validation Loss: 2.2276
Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 2.2207, Validation Loss: 2.2231
Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 2.2161, Validation Loss: 2.2184
Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 2.2113, Validation Loss: 2.2137
Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 2.2064, Validation Loss: 2.2088
Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 2.2014, Validation Loss: 2.2039
Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 2.1962, Validation Loss: 2.1987
Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 2.1910, Validation Loss: 2.1935
Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 2.1856, Validation Loss: 2.1881
Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 2.1800, Validation Loss: 2.1826
Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 2.1744, Validation Loss: 2.1770
Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 2.1686, Validation Loss: 2.1713
Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 2.1627, Validation Loss: 2.1655
Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 2.1566, Validation Loss: 2.1595
Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 2.1505, Validation Loss: 2.1534
Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 2.1443, Validation Loss: 2.1473
Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 2.1380, Validation Loss: 2.1411
Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 2.1316, Validation Loss: 2.1348
Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 2.1251, Validation Loss: 2.1284
Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 2.1186, Validation Loss: 2.1220
Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 2.1121, Validation Loss: 2.1156
Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 2.1056, Validation Loss: 2.1092
Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 2.0990, Validation Loss: 2.1027
Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 2.0923, Validation Loss: 2.0962
Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 2.0857, Validation Loss: 2.0896
Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 2.0790, Validation Loss: 2.0831
```

Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 2.0724, Validation Loss: 2.0765 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 2.0657, Validation Loss: 2.0699 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 2.0590, Validation Loss: 2.0634





#### Perbandingan

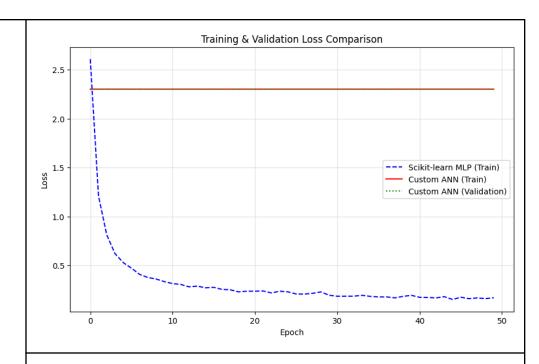
Dari percobaan yang dilakukan, dengan menggunakan learning rate 0,1 akurasi yang diperoleh adalah 0.7759, menggunakan learning rate 0,001, akurasi yang diperoleh adalah 0.8331, dan menggunakan learning rate 0,00001, akurasi yang diperoleh adalah 0.3152. Ini menunjukkan bahwa learning rate yang terlalu besar bisa membuat model tidak stabil sehingga loss naik dengan agresif dan menyebabkan akurasi rendah. Namun, jika learning rate yang digunakan terlalu rendah, model bisa terlalu lama untuk belajar sehingga menyebabkan

underfitting pada model. Oleh karena itu, diperlukan proses untuk memperoleh learning rate yang optimal supaya loss mengalami penurunan dengan stabil dan akurasi maksimal.

# 4. Pengaruh inisialisasi bobot

Hyperparameters	perparameters	
Depth	3	
Width semua layer	10	
Loss	Categorical Cross Entropy	
Batch Size	32	
Epoch	50	
Initialization	Xavier	
Regularisasi	L2	

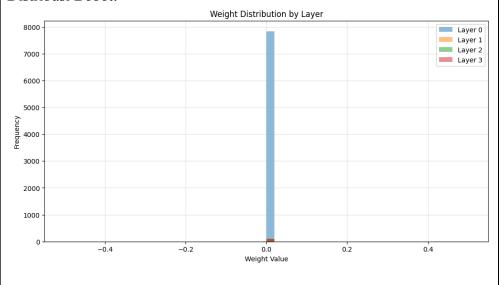
	a	. Zero		
2	Zer	Zero		
		Hasil prediksi - Test Accuracy: 0.1126  Test Accuracy: 0.1126		
		Grafik loss		



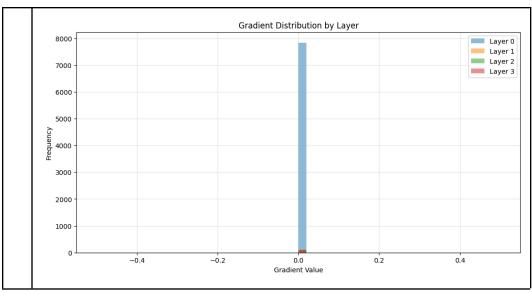
### Iterasi Custom ANN:

Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 2.3012, Validation Loss: 2.3012

### Distribusi Bobot:



Distribusi Gradien Bobot:



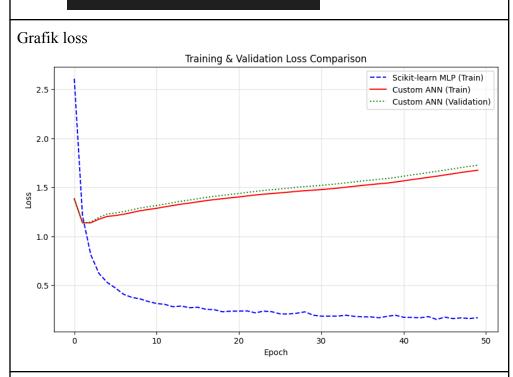
# b. Uniform

# Uniform

Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.5945

Test Accuracy: 0.5945

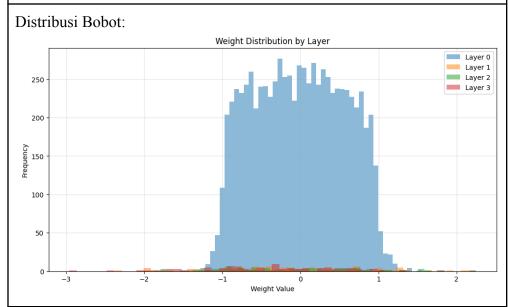


Iterasi Custom ANN:

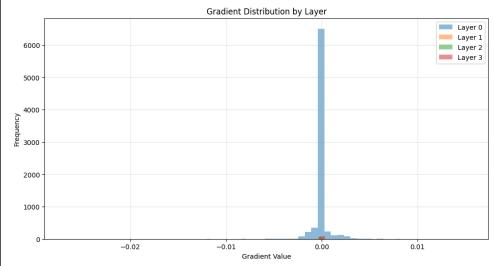
Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 1.3832, Validation Loss: 1.3773

```
Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 1.1368, Validation Loss: 1.1359
Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 1.1370, Validation Loss: 1.1440
Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 1.1744, Validation Loss: 1.1929
Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 1.2020, Validation Loss: 1.2266
Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 1.2114, Validation Loss: 1.2379
Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 1.2246, Validation Loss: 1.2518
Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 1.2420, Validation Loss: 1.2693
Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 1.2601, Validation Loss: 1.2881
Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 1.2735, Validation Loss: 1.3017
Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 1.2851, Validation Loss: 1.3132
Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 1.3000, Validation Loss: 1.3282
Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 1.3142, Validation Loss: 1.3433
Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 1.3275, Validation Loss: 1.3575
Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 1.3387, Validation Loss: 1.3695
Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 1.3512, Validation Loss: 1.3830
Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 1.3634, Validation Loss: 1.3961
Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 1.3739, Validation Loss: 1.4073
Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 1.3832, Validation Loss: 1.4172
Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 1.3926, Validation Loss: 1.4273
Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 1.4008, Validation Loss: 1.4362
Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 1.4114, Validation Loss: 1.4479
Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 1.4210, Validation Loss: 1.4582
Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 1.4290, Validation Loss: 1.4671
Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 1.4361, Validation Loss: 1.4749
Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 1.4429, Validation Loss: 1.4825
Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 1.4499, Validation Loss: 1.4905
Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 1.4581, Validation Loss: 1.4997
Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 1.4649, Validation Loss: 1.5072
Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 1.4701, Validation Loss: 1.5128
Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 1.4761, Validation Loss: 1.5193
Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 1.4834, Validation Loss: 1.5270
Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 1.4913, Validation Loss: 1.5353
Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 1.5009, Validation Loss: 1.5452
Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 1.5095, Validation Loss: 1.5544
Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 1.5190, Validation Loss: 1.5645
Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 1.5267, Validation Loss: 1.5724
Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 1.5355, Validation Loss: 1.5815
Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 1.5424, Validation Loss: 1.5889
Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 1.5536, Validation Loss: 1.6005
Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 1.5652, Validation Loss: 1.6128
Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 1.5780, Validation Loss: 1.6260
Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 1.5887, Validation Loss: 1.6370
Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 1.6012, Validation Loss: 1.6500
Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 1.6124, Validation Loss: 1.6616
Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 1.6253, Validation Loss: 1.6750
Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 1.6378, Validation Loss: 1.6878
```

Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 1.6511, Validation Loss: 1.7015 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 1.6628, Validation Loss: 1.7136 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 1.6736, Validation Loss: 1.7247



# Distribusi Gradien Bobot:



c. Normal

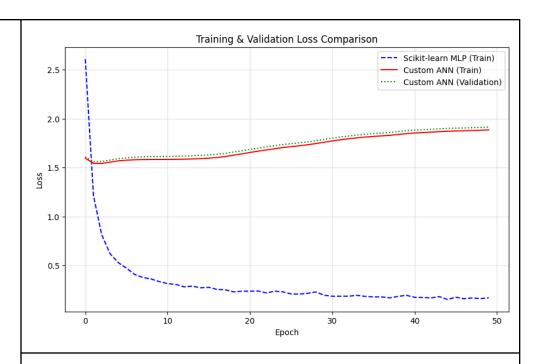
### Normal

# Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.4908

Test Accuracy: 0.4908

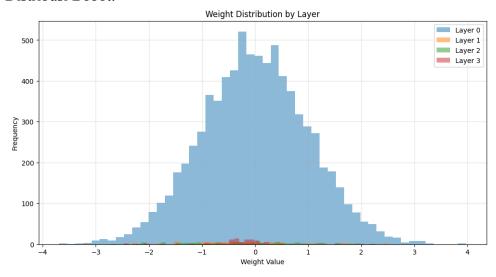
Grafik loss



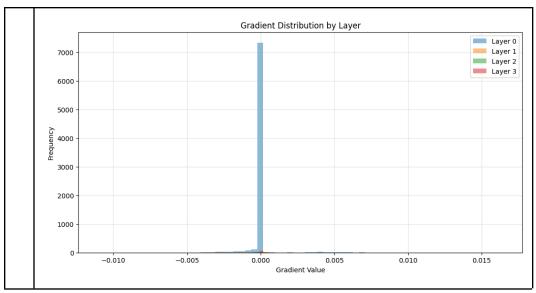
### Iterasi Custom ANN:

Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 1.5959, Validation Loss: 1.6086 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 1.5429, Validation Loss: 1.5616 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 1.5417, Validation Loss: 1.5623 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 1.5549, Validation Loss: 1.5759 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 1.5681, Validation Loss: 1.5898 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 1.5748, Validation Loss: 1.5985 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 1.5793, Validation Loss: 1.6060 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 1.5813, Validation Loss: 1.6099 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 1.5822, Validation Loss: 1.6117 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 1.5826, Validation Loss: 1.6129 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 1.5828, Validation Loss: 1.6138 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 1.5837, Validation Loss: 1.6153 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 1.5853, Validation Loss: 1.6177 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 1.5877, Validation Loss: 1.6206 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 1.5910, Validation Loss: 1.6243 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 1.5958, Validation Loss: 1.6292 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 1.6025, Validation Loss: 1.6357 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 1.6122, Validation Loss: 1.6446 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 1.6263, Validation Loss: 1.6585 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 1.6391, Validation Loss: 1.6707 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 1.6539, Validation Loss: 1.6855 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 1.6674, Validation Loss: 1.6986 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 1.6800, Validation Loss: 1.7113 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 1.6922, Validation Loss: 1.7233 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 1.7047, Validation Loss: 1.7355 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 1.7133, Validation Loss: 1.7437 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 1.7222, Validation Loss: 1.7522 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 1.7327, Validation Loss: 1.7621 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 1.7453, Validation Loss: 1.7743 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 1.7580, Validation Loss: 1.7866 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 1.7720, Validation Loss: 1.8005 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 1.7838, Validation Loss: 1.8124 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 1.7940, Validation Loss: 1.8224 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 1.8035, Validation Loss: 1.8317 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 1.8113, Validation Loss: 1.8398 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 1.8180, Validation Loss: 1.8468 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 1.8235, Validation Loss: 1.8526 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 1.8289, Validation Loss: 1.8581 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 1.8383, Validation Loss: 1.8675 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 1.8463, Validation Loss: 1.8755 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 1.8531, Validation Loss: 1.8824 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 1.8573, Validation Loss: 1.8866 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 1.8620, Validation Loss: 1.8912 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 1.8667, Validation Loss: 1.8960 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 1.8711, Validation Loss: 1.9003 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 1.8734, Validation Loss: 1.9024 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 1.8756, Validation Loss: 1.9044 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 1.8786, Validation Loss: 1.9073 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 1.8809, Validation Loss: 1.9096 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 1.8844, Validation Loss: 1.9129

### Distribusi Bobot:



Distribusi Gradien Bobot:



# d. Xavier

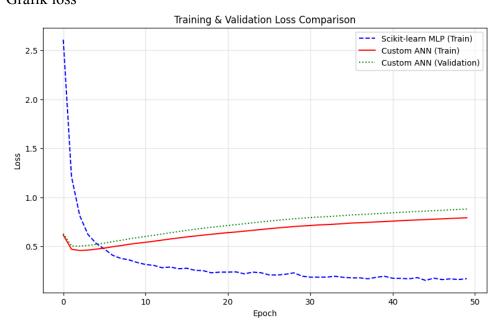
# Xavier

# Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.8496

Test Accuracy: 0.8496

### Grafik loss

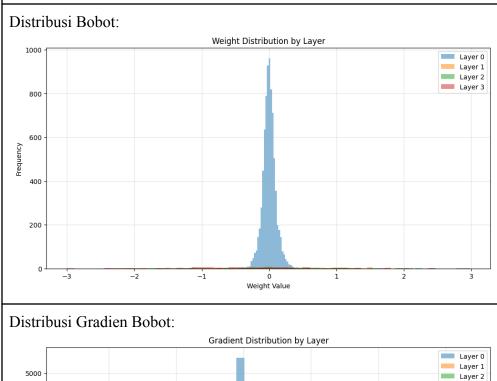


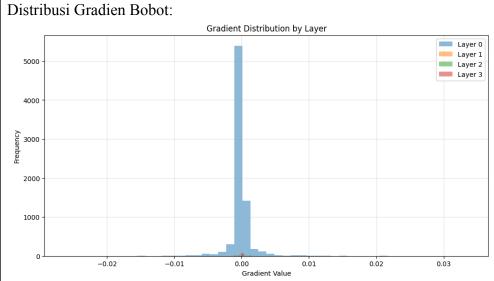
Iterasi Custom ANN:

Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 0.6148, Validation Loss: 0.6284 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 0.4689, Validation Loss: 0.5025

```
Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 0.4567, Validation Loss: 0.5009
Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 0.4608, Validation Loss: 0.5081
Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 0.4704, Validation Loss: 0.5186
Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 0.4811, Validation Loss: 0.5314
Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 0.4951, Validation Loss: 0.5471
Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 0.5066, Validation Loss: 0.5605
Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 0.5199, Validation Loss: 0.5751
Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 0.5310, Validation Loss: 0.5882
Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 0.5406, Validation Loss: 0.5997
Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 0.5511, Validation Loss: 0.6119
Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 0.5626, Validation Loss: 0.6248
Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 0.5742, Validation Loss: 0.6381
Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 0.5844, Validation Loss: 0.6498
Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 0.5953, Validation Loss: 0.6623
Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 0.6042, Validation Loss: 0.6729
Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 0.6135, Validation Loss: 0.6838
Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 0.6222, Validation Loss: 0.6934
Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 0.6310, Validation Loss: 0.7031
Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 0.6389, Validation Loss: 0.7121
Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 0.6457, Validation Loss: 0.7205
Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 0.6541, Validation Loss: 0.7297
Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 0.6624, Validation Loss: 0.7389
Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 0.6706, Validation Loss: 0.7477
Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 0.6791, Validation Loss: 0.7567
Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 0.6868, Validation Loss: 0.7649
Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 0.6936, Validation Loss: 0.7726
Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 0.7010, Validation Loss: 0.7804
Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 0.7065, Validation Loss: 0.7866
Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 0.7118, Validation Loss: 0.7924
Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 0.7176, Validation Loss: 0.7984
Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 0.7206, Validation Loss: 0.8019
Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 0.7254, Validation Loss: 0.8073
Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 0.7308, Validation Loss: 0.8130
Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 0.7368, Validation Loss: 0.8197
Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 0.7397, Validation Loss: 0.8229
Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 0.7440, Validation Loss: 0.8278
Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 0.7482, Validation Loss: 0.8321
Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 0.7520, Validation Loss: 0.8365
Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 0.7564, Validation Loss: 0.8414
Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 0.7610, Validation Loss: 0.8460
Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 0.7647, Validation Loss: 0.8501
Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 0.7686, Validation Loss: 0.8546
Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 0.7722, Validation Loss: 0.8587
Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 0.7762, Validation Loss: 0.8632
Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 0.7793, Validation Loss: 0.8664
Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 0.7837, Validation Loss: 0.8717
```

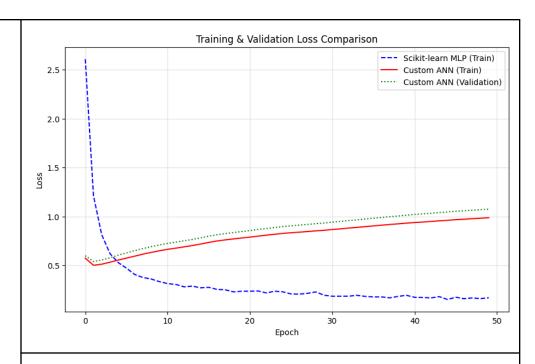
Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 0.7871, Validation Loss: 0.8754 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 0.7905, Validation Loss: 0.8794 Model saved successfully to saved\_models/my\_ann\_model.pkl





e. He

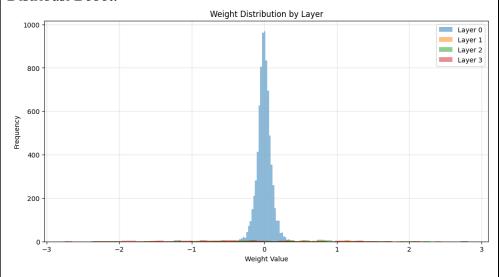
# Hasil prediksi - Test Accuracy: 0.8250 Test Accuracy: 0.8250 Grafik loss



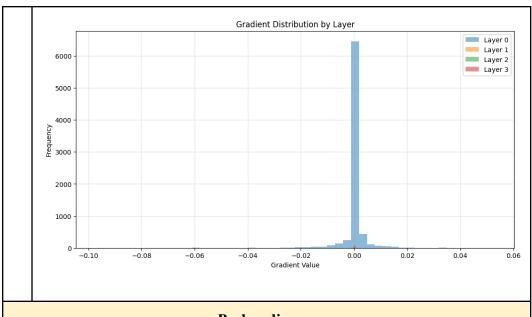
### Iterasi Custom ANN:

Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 0.5730, Validation Loss: 0.5986 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 0.5009, Validation Loss: 0.5386 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 0.5121, Validation Loss: 0.5552 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 0.5324, Validation Loss: 0.5772 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 0.5543, Validation Loss: 0.6043 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 0.5739, Validation Loss: 0.6275 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 0.5940, Validation Loss: 0.6502 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 0.6147, Validation Loss: 0.6720 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 0.6322, Validation Loss: 0.6912 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 0.6491, Validation Loss: 0.7082 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 0.6641, Validation Loss: 0.7246 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 0.6761, Validation Loss: 0.7376 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 0.6890, Validation Loss: 0.7513 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 0.7025, Validation Loss: 0.7651 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 0.7176, Validation Loss: 0.7809 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 0.7346, Validation Loss: 0.7983 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 0.7492, Validation Loss: 0.8133 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 0.7604, Validation Loss: 0.8249 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 0.7702, Validation Loss: 0.8353 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 0.7797, Validation Loss: 0.8456 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 0.7889, Validation Loss: 0.8558 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 0.7988, Validation Loss: 0.8668 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 0.8088, Validation Loss: 0.8773 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 0.8175, Validation Loss: 0.8868 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 0.8267, Validation Loss: 0.8965 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 0.8334, Validation Loss: 0.9042 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 0.8395, Validation Loss: 0.9115 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 0.8457, Validation Loss: 0.9185 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 0.8528, Validation Loss: 0.9267 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 0.8580, Validation Loss: 0.9325 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 0.8666, Validation Loss: 0.9418 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 0.8731, Validation Loss: 0.9490 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 0.8816, Validation Loss: 0.9582 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 0.8882, Validation Loss: 0.9653 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 0.8958, Validation Loss: 0.9737 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 0.9033, Validation Loss: 0.9817 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 0.9107, Validation Loss: 0.9898 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 0.9182, Validation Loss: 0.9977 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 0.9246, Validation Loss: 1.0047 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 0.9317, Validation Loss: 1.0130 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 0.9379, Validation Loss: 1.0205 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 0.9427, Validation Loss: 1.0261 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 0.9489, Validation Loss: 1.0327 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 0.9553, Validation Loss: 1.0400 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 0.9604, Validation Loss: 1.0457 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 0.9674, Validation Loss: 1.0531 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 0.9717, Validation Loss: 1.0579 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 0.9772, Validation Loss: 1.0639 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 0.9814, Validation Loss: 1.0686 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 0.9870, Validation Loss: 1.0744

### Distribusi Bobot:



Distribusi Gradien Bobot:



## Perbandingan

Inisiasi menggunakan Xavier dan He sangat unggul karena bisa mempertahankan variansi dari gradien dengan maksimal. Inisiasi menggunakan Zero mengalami kegagalan karena tidak terdapat pembelajaran. Ini dibuktikan dengan gradien yang bernilai 0. Inisiasi menggunakan uniform dan normal kurang optimal untuk arsitektur FFNN ini.

# 5. Pengaruh regularisasi

Hyperparameters	yperparameters	
Depth	3	
Width semua layer	10	
Loss	Categorical Cross Entropy	
Batch Size	32	
Epoch	50	
Initialization	Xavier	

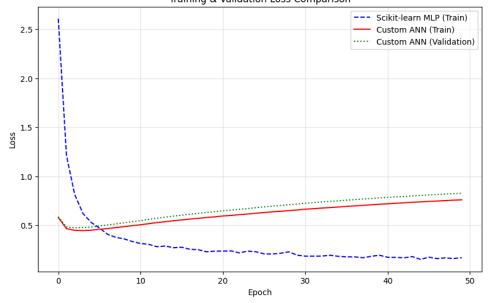
# a. Tanpa regularisasi

Hasil prediksi - Test Accuracy: 0.8540

# Test Accuracy: 0.8540

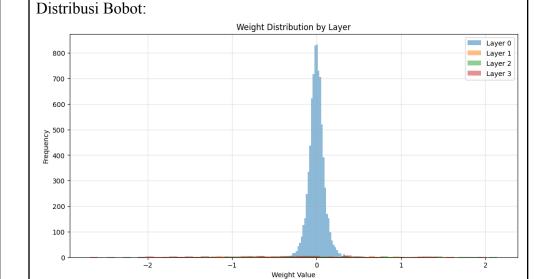
### Grafik loss

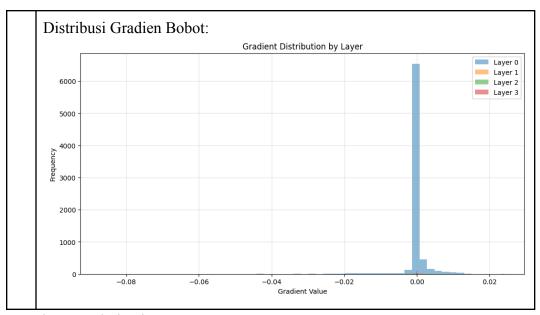
### Training & Validation Loss Comparison



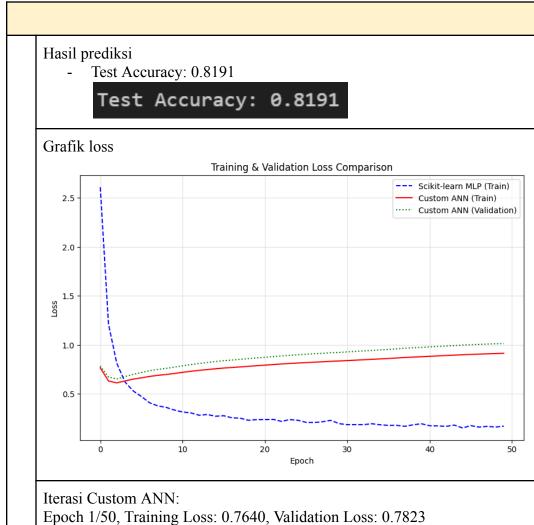
### Iterasi Custom ANN:

Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 0.5793, Validation Loss: 0.5857 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 0.4650, Validation Loss: 0.4830 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 0.4482, Validation Loss: 0.4745 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 0.4454, Validation Loss: 0.4764 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 0.4492, Validation Loss: 0.4822 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 0.4586, Validation Loss: 0.4933 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 0.4668, Validation Loss: 0.5032 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 0.4757, Validation Loss: 0.5137 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 0.4855, Validation Loss: 0.5245 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 0.4955, Validation Loss: 0.5358 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 0.5053, Validation Loss: 0.5471 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 0.5161, Validation Loss: 0.5598 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 0.5272, Validation Loss: 0.5723 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 0.5360, Validation Loss: 0.5824 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 0.5460, Validation Loss: 0.5934 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 0.5539, Validation Loss: 0.6025 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 0.5632, Validation Loss: 0.6127 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 0.5704, Validation Loss: 0.6210 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 0.5792, Validation Loss: 0.6305 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 0.5857, Validation Loss: 0.6382 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 0.5946, Validation Loss: 0.6480 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 0.6002, Validation Loss: 0.6545 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 0.6080, Validation Loss: 0.6630 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 0.6145, Validation Loss: 0.6703 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 0.6226, Validation Loss: 0.6796 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 0.6292, Validation Loss: 0.6872 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 0.6368, Validation Loss: 0.6953 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 0.6424, Validation Loss: 0.7016 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 0.6493, Validation Loss: 0.7093 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 0.6556, Validation Loss: 0.7166 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 0.6640, Validation Loss: 0.7249 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 0.6690, Validation Loss: 0.7310 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 0.6751, Validation Loss: 0.7377 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 0.6803, Validation Loss: 0.7435 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 0.6859, Validation Loss: 0.7491 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 0.6925, Validation Loss: 0.7559 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 0.6975, Validation Loss: 0.7614 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 0.7030, Validation Loss: 0.7672 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 0.7089, Validation Loss: 0.7734 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 0.7141, Validation Loss: 0.7787 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 0.7190, Validation Loss: 0.7840 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 0.7246, Validation Loss: 0.7897 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 0.7288, Validation Loss: 0.7943 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 0.7341, Validation Loss: 0.7996 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 0.7386, Validation Loss: 0.8044 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 0.7430, Validation Loss: 0.8088 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 0.7469, Validation Loss: 0.8131 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 0.7517, Validation Loss: 0.8179 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 0.7560, Validation Loss: 0.8225 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 0.7596, Validation Loss: 0.8263

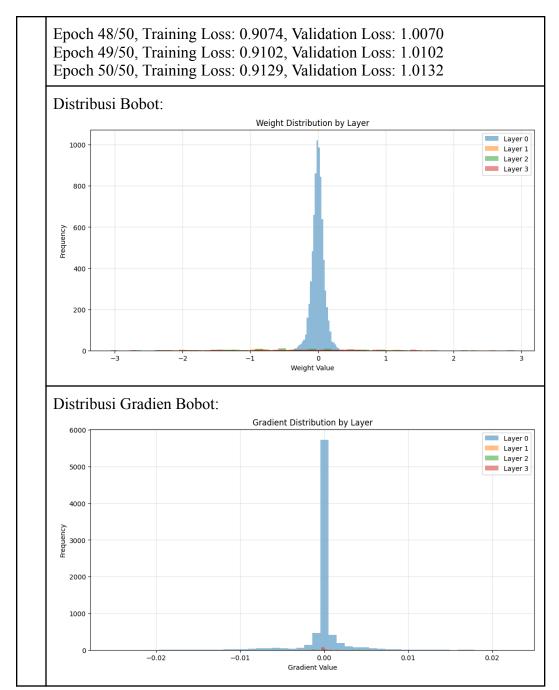




# b. Regularisasi L1



```
Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 0.6307, Validation Loss: 0.6705
Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 0.6108, Validation Loss: 0.6513
Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 0.6306, Validation Loss: 0.6747
Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 0.6491, Validation Loss: 0.6983
Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 0.6623, Validation Loss: 0.7169
Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 0.6769, Validation Loss: 0.7347
Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 0.6879, Validation Loss: 0.7481
Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 0.6965, Validation Loss: 0.7591
Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 0.7068, Validation Loss: 0.7712
Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 0.7186, Validation Loss: 0.7852
Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 0.7292, Validation Loss: 0.7977
Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 0.7384, Validation Loss: 0.8086
Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 0.7467, Validation Loss: 0.8188
Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 0.7550, Validation Loss: 0.8288
Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 0.7623, Validation Loss: 0.8374
Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 0.7679, Validation Loss: 0.8440
Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 0.7739, Validation Loss: 0.8511
Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 0.7799, Validation Loss: 0.8582
Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 0.7864, Validation Loss: 0.8654
Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 0.7917, Validation Loss: 0.8715
Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 0.7980, Validation Loss: 0.8786
Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 0.8038, Validation Loss: 0.8858
Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 0.8088, Validation Loss: 0.8917
Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 0.8136, Validation Loss: 0.8980
Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 0.8179, Validation Loss: 0.9030
Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 0.8223, Validation Loss: 0.9085
Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 0.8261, Validation Loss: 0.9123
Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 0.8312, Validation Loss: 0.9186
Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 0.8343, Validation Loss: 0.9213
Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 0.8386, Validation Loss: 0.9275
Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 0.8427, Validation Loss: 0.9321
Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 0.8469, Validation Loss: 0.9372
Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 0.8512, Validation Loss: 0.9422
Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 0.8556, Validation Loss: 0.9474
Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 0.8601, Validation Loss: 0.9527
Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 0.8648, Validation Loss: 0.9582
Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 0.8703, Validation Loss: 0.9648
Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 0.8740, Validation Loss: 0.9690
Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 0.8776, Validation Loss: 0.9730
Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 0.8819, Validation Loss: 0.9777
Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 0.8861, Validation Loss: 0.9825
Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 0.8900, Validation Loss: 0.9871
Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 0.8940, Validation Loss: 0.9918
Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 0.8978, Validation Loss: 0.9961
Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 0.9012, Validation Loss: 1.0000
Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 0.9043, Validation Loss: 1.0036
```



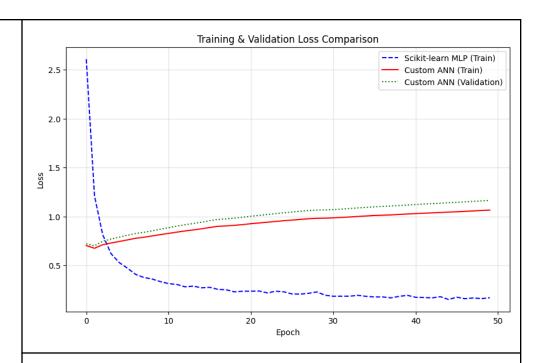
c. Regularisasi L2

# Hasil prediksi

- Test Accuracy: 0.8254

Test Accuracy: 0.8254

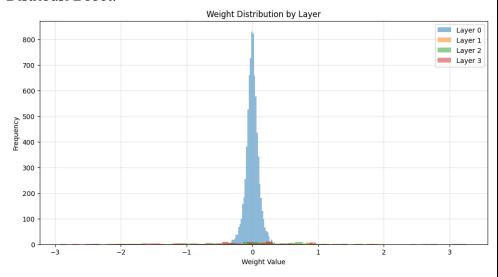
Grafik loss



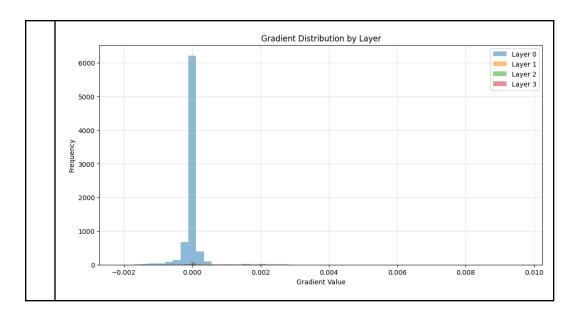
### Iterasi Custom ANN:

Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 0.7022, Validation Loss: 0.7198 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 0.6749, Validation Loss: 0.7004 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 0.7113, Validation Loss: 0.7467 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 0.7285, Validation Loss: 0.7688 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 0.7438, Validation Loss: 0.7885 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 0.7603, Validation Loss: 0.8073 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 0.7768, Validation Loss: 0.8258 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 0.7875, Validation Loss: 0.8381 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 0.8011, Validation Loss: 0.8525 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 0.8142, Validation Loss: 0.8690 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 0.8267, Validation Loss: 0.8846 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 0.8397, Validation Loss: 0.9007 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 0.8517, Validation Loss: 0.9158 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 0.8623, Validation Loss: 0.9282 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 0.8738, Validation Loss: 0.9411 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 0.8875, Validation Loss: 0.9566 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 0.8992, Validation Loss: 0.9694 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 0.9034, Validation Loss: 0.9752 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 0.9093, Validation Loss: 0.9830 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 0.9168, Validation Loss: 0.9918 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 0.9259, Validation Loss: 1.0022 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 0.9336, Validation Loss: 1.0112 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 0.9409, Validation Loss: 1.0200 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 0.9488, Validation Loss: 1.0288 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 0.9567, Validation Loss: 1.0379 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 0.9630, Validation Loss: 1.0450 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 0.9698, Validation Loss: 1.0532 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 0.9767, Validation Loss: 1.0599 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 0.9811, Validation Loss: 1.0654 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 0.9822, Validation Loss: 1.0665 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 0.9855, Validation Loss: 1.0700 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 0.9896, Validation Loss: 1.0751 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 0.9946, Validation Loss: 1.0810 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 1.0004, Validation Loss: 1.0873 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 1.0049, Validation Loss: 1.0923 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 1.0098, Validation Loss: 1.0986 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 1.0128, Validation Loss: 1.1024 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 1.0158, Validation Loss: 1.1064 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 1.0205, Validation Loss: 1.1119 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 1.0250, Validation Loss: 1.1168 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 1.0291, Validation Loss: 1.1218 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 1.0330, Validation Loss: 1.1265 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 1.0368, Validation Loss: 1.1309 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 1.0404, Validation Loss: 1.1353 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 1.0448, Validation Loss: 1.1405 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 1.0479, Validation Loss: 1.1440 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 1.0521, Validation Loss: 1.1489 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 1.0566, Validation Loss: 1.1541 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 1.0609, Validation Loss: 1.1589 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 1.0651, Validation Loss: 1.1636

### Distribusi Bobot:



Distribusi Gradien Bobot:

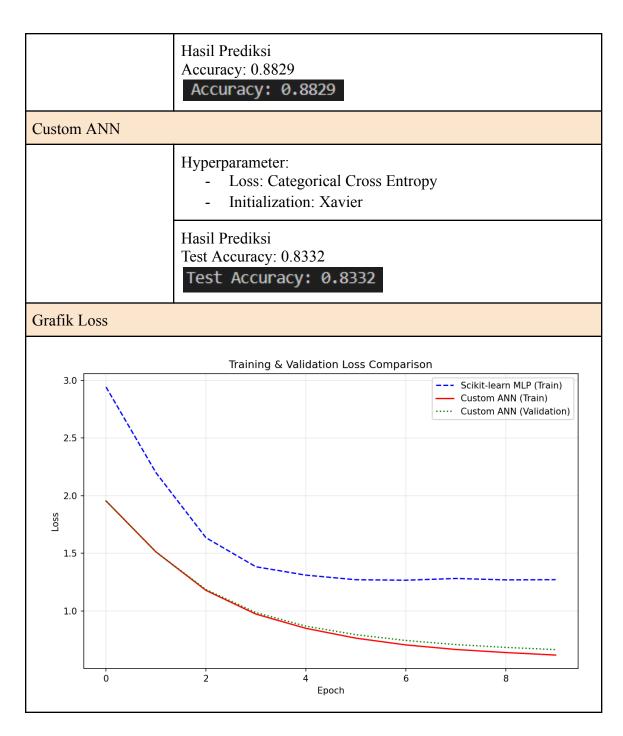


### **Analisis:**

Dari hasil pengujian di atas, dapat dilihat bahwa hasil akurasi test terbesar dicapai ketika model tidak menggunakan regularisasi. Akurasi terbesar kedua dicapai ketika model menggunakan regularisasi L2. Dari hasil tersebut dapat disimpulkan bahwa regularisasi memiliki pengaruh negatif terhadap performa model, meskipun hanya sedikit. Kesimpulan tersebut juga diperkuat dengan observasi bahwa nilai *loss* terkecil dicapai ketika model tidak menggunakan regularisasi. Namun, distribusi gradien dan bobot ketiga model pada semua layer relatif mirip, dengan ketiga model memiliki banyak bobot dan gradien dengan nilai 0.

### 6. Perbandingan dengan library sklearn MLP

Global Hyperparamete	pal Hyperparameter		
Depth	3		
Width (All Layers)	10		
Epoch	50		
Seed/Random State	42		
Learning Rate	0.001		
Activation Function	Sigmoid		
Batch Size	32		
MLP			



### **Analisis:**

Dapat dilihat bahwa meskipun Custom ANN memiliki loss yang lebih kecil, MLP memiliki akurasi yang lebih tinggi. Hal ini menunjukkan bahwa Custom ANN memiliki kecenderungan untuk mengalami *overfitting*. Dapat dilihat juga bahwa grafik loss pada MLP lebih curam daripada Custom ANN. Hal ini menunjukkan bahwa proses pelatihan model pada MLP masih lebih efektif daripada Custom ANN.

# 7. Perbandingan metode normalisasi RMSNorm

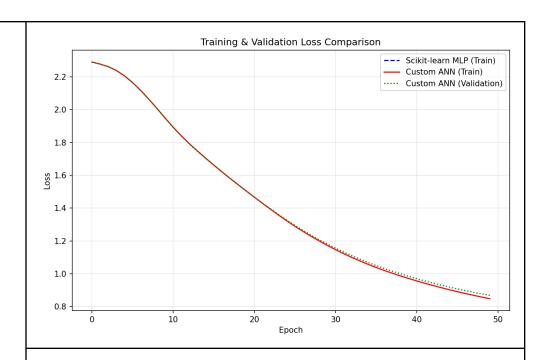
Global Hyperparameter		
Depth	3	
Width (All Layers)	10	
Epoch	50	
Seed/Random State	42	
Learning Rate	0.001	
Activation Function	Sigmoid	
Loss	Categorical Cross Entropy	
Batch Size	32	
Regularisasi	None	
Inisialisasi	Uniform: - Lower Bound: -1 - Upper Bound: 1 - Seed: 42	

# 1. Tanpa normalisasi RMSNorm

Hasil prediksi
- Test Accuracy: 0.7669

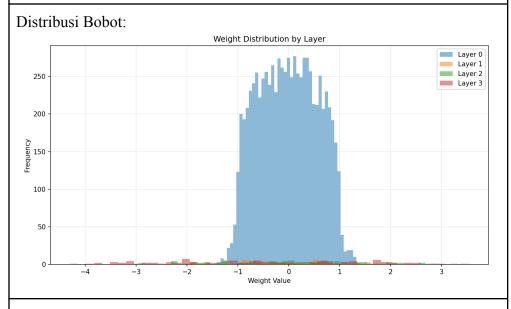
Test Accuracy: 0.7669

Grafik loss

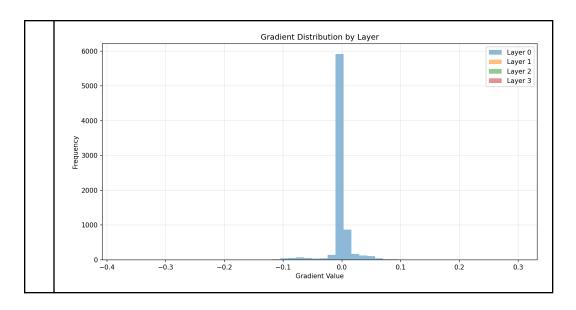


### Iterasi Custom ANN:

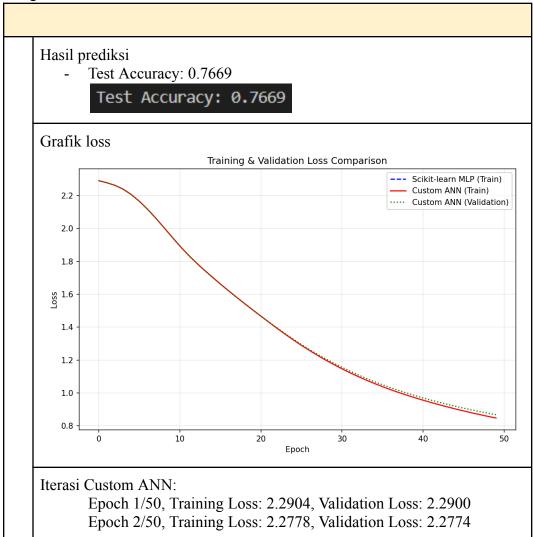
Epoch 1/50, Training Loss: 2.2904, Validation Loss: 2.2900 Epoch 2/50, Training Loss: 2.2778, Validation Loss: 2.2774 Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 2.2620, Validation Loss: 2.2618 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 2.2388, Validation Loss: 2.2387 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 2.2063, Validation Loss: 2.2063 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 2.1649, Validation Loss: 2.1651 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 2.1169, Validation Loss: 2.1172 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 2.0640, Validation Loss: 2.0640 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 2.0075, Validation Loss: 2.0072 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 1.9495, Validation Loss: 1.9489 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 1.8932, Validation Loss: 1.8922 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 1.8408, Validation Loss: 1.8396 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 1.7926, Validation Loss: 1.7912 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 1.7474, Validation Loss: 1.7461 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 1.7044, Validation Loss: 1.7033 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 1.6624, Validation Loss: 1.6616 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 1.6214, Validation Loss: 1.6210 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 1.5816, Validation Loss: 1.5812 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 1.5428, Validation Loss: 1.5423 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 1.5045, Validation Loss: 1.5041 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 1.4666, Validation Loss: 1.4668 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 1.4294, Validation Loss: 1.4305 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 1.3927, Validation Loss: 1.3950 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 1.3568, Validation Loss: 1.3602 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 1.3223, Validation Loss: 1.3266 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 1.2893, Validation Loss: 1.2943 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 1.2579, Validation Loss: 1.2634 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 1.2281, Validation Loss: 1.2344 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 1.1998, Validation Loss: 1.2070 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 1.1727, Validation Loss: 1.1808 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 1.1469, Validation Loss: 1.1560 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 1.1226, Validation Loss: 1.1324 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 1.0997, Validation Loss: 1.1100 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 1.0781, Validation Loss: 1.0887 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 1.0577, Validation Loss: 1.0687 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 1.0384, Validation Loss: 1.0499 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 1.0201, Validation Loss: 1.0323 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 1.0029, Validation Loss: 1.0156 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 0.9866, Validation Loss: 0.9996 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 0.9711, Validation Loss: 0.9844 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 0.9563, Validation Loss: 0.9700 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 0.9420, Validation Loss: 0.9562 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 0.9284, Validation Loss: 0.9431 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 0.9154, Validation Loss: 0.9308 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 0.9028, Validation Loss: 0.9190 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 0.8909, Validation Loss: 0.9078 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 0.8794, Validation Loss: 0.8971 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 0.8685, Validation Loss: 0.8870 Epoch 49/50, Training Loss: 0.8579, Validation Loss: 0.8774 Epoch 50/50, Training Loss: 0.8478, Validation Loss: 0.8683



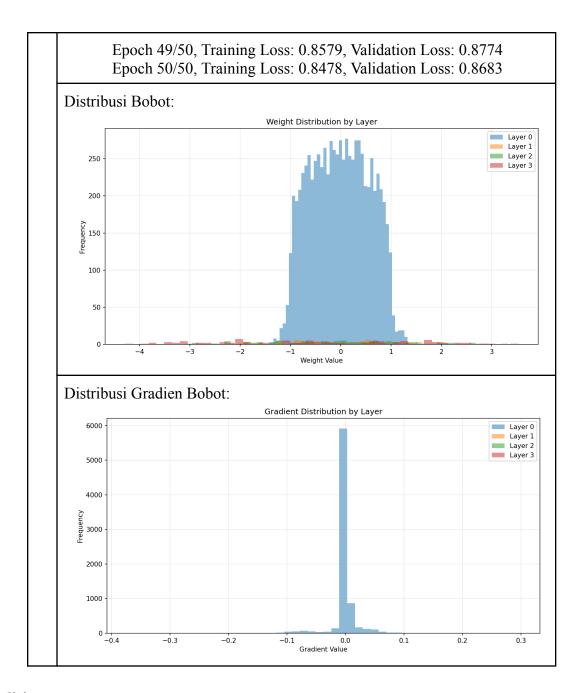
Distribusi Gradien Bobot:



# 2. Dengan normalisasi RMSNorm



Epoch 3/50, Training Loss: 2.2620, Validation Loss: 2.2618 Epoch 4/50, Training Loss: 2.2388, Validation Loss: 2.2387 Epoch 5/50, Training Loss: 2.2063, Validation Loss: 2.2063 Epoch 6/50, Training Loss: 2.1649, Validation Loss: 2.1651 Epoch 7/50, Training Loss: 2.1169, Validation Loss: 2.1172 Epoch 8/50, Training Loss: 2.0640, Validation Loss: 2.0640 Epoch 9/50, Training Loss: 2.0075, Validation Loss: 2.0072 Epoch 10/50, Training Loss: 1.9495, Validation Loss: 1.9489 Epoch 11/50, Training Loss: 1.8932, Validation Loss: 1.8922 Epoch 12/50, Training Loss: 1.8408, Validation Loss: 1.8396 Epoch 13/50, Training Loss: 1.7926, Validation Loss: 1.7912 Epoch 14/50, Training Loss: 1.7474, Validation Loss: 1.7461 Epoch 15/50, Training Loss: 1.7044, Validation Loss: 1.7033 Epoch 16/50, Training Loss: 1.6624, Validation Loss: 1.6616 Epoch 17/50, Training Loss: 1.6214, Validation Loss: 1.6210 Epoch 18/50, Training Loss: 1.5816, Validation Loss: 1.5812 Epoch 19/50, Training Loss: 1.5428, Validation Loss: 1.5423 Epoch 20/50, Training Loss: 1.5045, Validation Loss: 1.5041 Epoch 21/50, Training Loss: 1.4666, Validation Loss: 1.4668 Epoch 22/50, Training Loss: 1.4294, Validation Loss: 1.4305 Epoch 23/50, Training Loss: 1.3927, Validation Loss: 1.3950 Epoch 24/50, Training Loss: 1.3568, Validation Loss: 1.3602 Epoch 25/50, Training Loss: 1.3223, Validation Loss: 1.3266 Epoch 26/50, Training Loss: 1.2893, Validation Loss: 1.2943 Epoch 27/50, Training Loss: 1.2579, Validation Loss: 1.2634 Epoch 28/50, Training Loss: 1.2281, Validation Loss: 1.2344 Epoch 29/50, Training Loss: 1.1998, Validation Loss: 1.2070 Epoch 30/50, Training Loss: 1.1727, Validation Loss: 1.1808 Epoch 31/50, Training Loss: 1.1469, Validation Loss: 1.1560 Epoch 32/50, Training Loss: 1.1226, Validation Loss: 1.1324 Epoch 33/50, Training Loss: 1.0997, Validation Loss: 1.1100 Epoch 34/50, Training Loss: 1.0781, Validation Loss: 1.0887 Epoch 35/50, Training Loss: 1.0577, Validation Loss: 1.0687 Epoch 36/50, Training Loss: 1.0384, Validation Loss: 1.0499 Epoch 37/50, Training Loss: 1.0201, Validation Loss: 1.0323 Epoch 38/50, Training Loss: 1.0029, Validation Loss: 1.0156 Epoch 39/50, Training Loss: 0.9866, Validation Loss: 0.9996 Epoch 40/50, Training Loss: 0.9711, Validation Loss: 0.9844 Epoch 41/50, Training Loss: 0.9563, Validation Loss: 0.9700 Epoch 42/50, Training Loss: 0.9420, Validation Loss: 0.9562 Epoch 43/50, Training Loss: 0.9284, Validation Loss: 0.9431 Epoch 44/50, Training Loss: 0.9154, Validation Loss: 0.9308 Epoch 45/50, Training Loss: 0.9028, Validation Loss: 0.9190 Epoch 46/50, Training Loss: 0.8909, Validation Loss: 0.9078 Epoch 47/50, Training Loss: 0.8794, Validation Loss: 0.8971 Epoch 48/50, Training Loss: 0.8685, Validation Loss: 0.8870



### **Analisis:**

Dapat dilihat bahwa custom ANN tanpa normalisasi RMSNorm memiliki hasil akurasi terhadap dataset *test* sebesar 76,69%, sama dengan hasil loss custom ANN dengan normalisasi RMSNorm. Grafik yang dihasilkan dari kedua model juga memiliki bentuk yang mirip. Hal ini menunjukkan bahwa pengaruh normalisasi RMSNorm terhadap akurasi kinerja custom ANN sangat kecil. Bentuk distribusi bobot dan gradien kedua model di setiap layer juga sangat mirip. Dapat disimpulkan bahwa normalisasi RMSNorm memiliki pengaruh kecil terhadap kinerja custom ANN.

# BAB 3 KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

### 3.1. Kesimpulan

Laporan ini memberikan penjelasan komprehensif mengenai implementasi dan pengujian *Feedforward Neural Network* (FFNN) dari awal (*scratch*). Model yang diimplementasikan diuji menggunakan dataset MNIST, dan dari hasil eksperimen dapat disimpulkan hal berikut:

- 1. Arsitektur FFNN yang lebih dalam (*layer* lebih banyak) menurunkan performa model, yang ditunjukkan dengan nilai akurasi yang lebih rendah dan nilai *loss* yang lebih tinggi. Hal ini bisa terjadi karena terjadinya *overfitting* ketika *layer* model bertambah.
- 2. Arsitektur FFNN yang lebih lebar (jumlah neuron lebih banyak) menaikkan performa model, yang ditunjukkan dengan nilai akurasi yang lebih tinggi dan nilai *loss* yang lebih rendah.
- 3. Fungsi aktivasi sigmoid secara umum memberikan nilai akurasi lebih tinggi dibandingkan fungsi aktivasi lainnya. Hal ini bisa disebabkan karena fungsi aktivasi sigmoid memiliki rentang nilai antara 0 dan 1, yang mencegah terjadinya *vanishing/exploding gradient* pada model.
- 4. Inisialisasi bobot dengan metode Xavier secara umum memberikan performa model yang lebih tinggi dibandingkan metode inisialisasi lainnya (*zero*, *uniform*, *normal*, He).
- 5. Visualisasi distribusi bobot dan gradien memberikan wawasan tambahan terhadap proses kinerja model.

### 3.2. Saran

- 1. Untuk meningkatkan kinerja model dan meningkatkan akurasi, dapat digunakan metode *dropout*. Metode tersebut telah terbukti mengurangi terjadinya *overfitting* dan meningkatkan generalisasi model.
- 2. Validasi yang dilakukan dapat menggunakan metode lain seperti *cross-validation*. Validasi dengan *cross-validation* cenderung lebih stabil terhadap variasi data dibandingkan validasi dengan pemisahan *dataset* biasa.
- 3. Hasil prediksi model dan label sebenarnya dapat di-*plot* menjadi sebuah *heatmap* untuk menyoroti *error* pada kinerja model.

# **LAMPIRAN**

# **PEMBAGIAN TUGAS**

Nim	Nama	Tugas
13522002	Ariel Herfrison	Melakukan pengujian, Debugging algoritma
13522024	Kristo Anugrah	Menyusun penjelasan implementasi, Debugging algoritma
13522038	Francesco Michael Kusuma	Melakukan pengujian, Membuat algoritma awal pelatihan model

### **REFERENSI**

Mitchell, T. M. (1997). Machine learning (Vol. 1). McGraw-hill New York.

# **Repository Github:**

 $https://github.com/FrancescoMichael/Tubes1\_ML$