# Functional Web Application Testing with Selenium WebDriver

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## **AGENDA**

Basics of functional testing (today)

- Selenium WebDriver (today)
- Practice

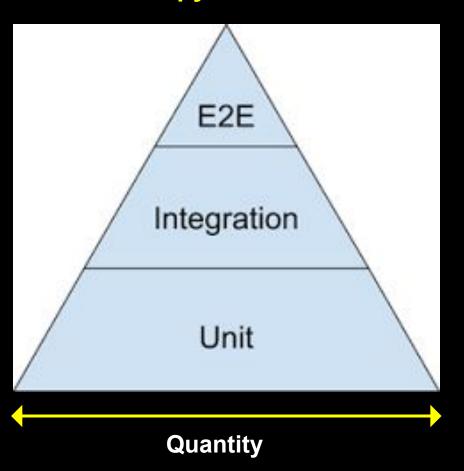


Page Object Pattern (next lab)

# BASICS OF FUNCTIONAL TESTING

# Levels of software testing

## **Test pyramid rule**



Testing the system as a whole (GUI)



Individual units are combined and tested as a group



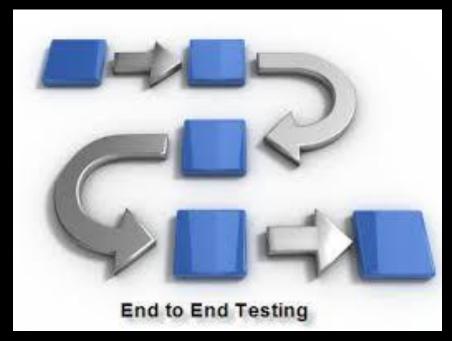
Testing of a single function/class



# **End-to-End (E2E) Testing**

Testing the system as a whole, all interfaces and backend systems

Test entire flow in real conditions

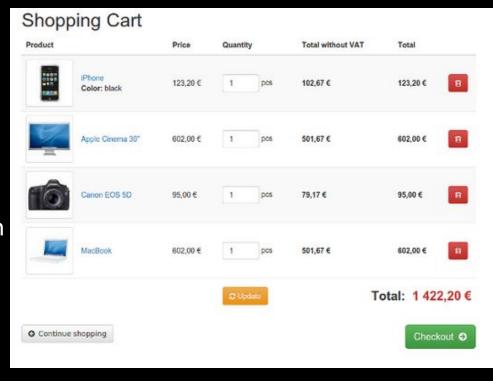


It is performed from start to finish under real world scenarios like communication of the application with hardware, network, database and other applications ...

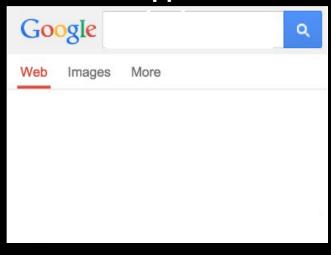
## **E2E Test Case**

## Triple:

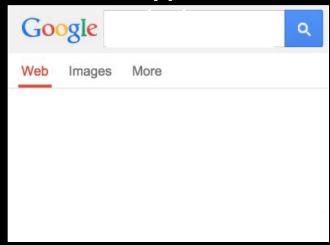
- Sequence of user events from the initial page (state) to the target page (state)
- Sequence of Inputs
  - E.g., to fill in a form
- Expected result (oracle)
- Examples of user events:
  - Click a button
  - Select a CheckBox or Radio Button
  - Insert text in a text field
    - an input value is necessary



## Web App under



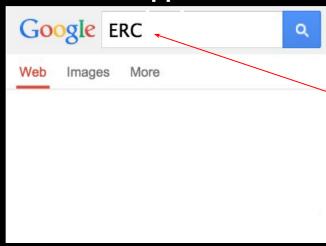
## Web App under



## Test case (can be executed

- **1. Open** *www.google.com*
- 2. Insert "ERC" in input field
- **3. Click** submit button
- **4. Check** first result = "ERC: European Research

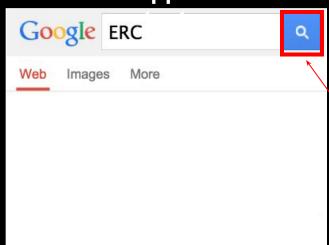
## Web App under



## Test case (can be executed

- 1. Open www.google.com
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- **4. Check** first result = "ERC: European Research

## Web App under



## Test case (can be executed

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## Web App under



## Test case (can be executed

- 1. Open www.google.com
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- **4. Check** first result = "ERC: European Research

"

#### Web App under



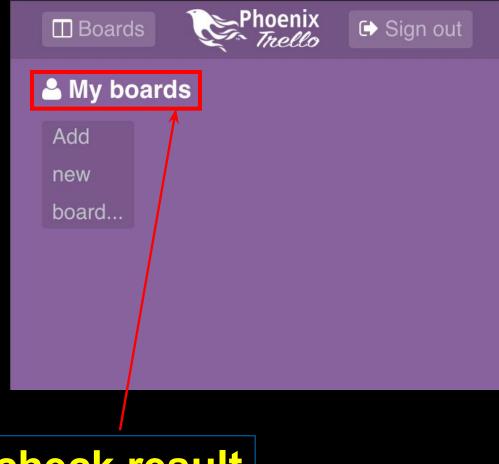
## Test case (can be executed

- 1. Open www.google.com
- **2. Insert** "ERC" in input field
- **3.** Click submit button
- **4. Check** first result = "ERC: European Research

If so the test case passes!

# E2E Login Test Case: Happy case

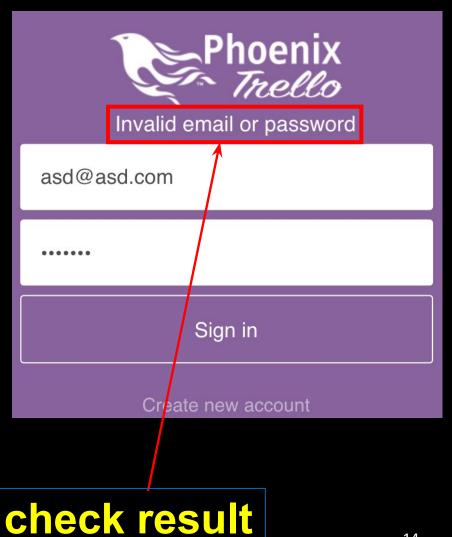




check result

# E2E Login Test Case: Corner case





# **SELENIUM WEBDRIVER**

## Selenium WebDriver

Automates the browser

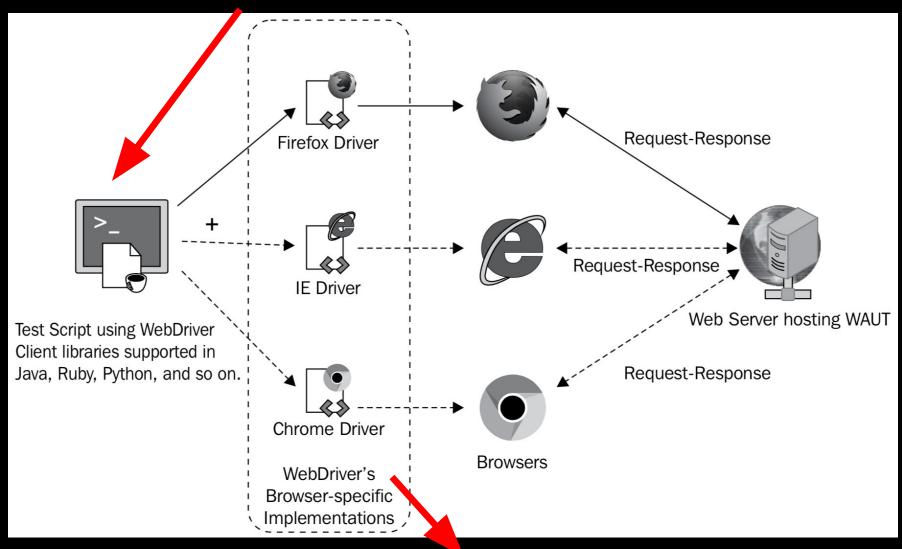


Software designed to support modern dynamic web pages

Exploits browser's native support for automation (WebDriver)

 Exposes these features through a uniformed programming interface (API)

# Selenium WebDriver



Will work with the browser natively; execute command from outside the browser as the application user would.

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## How to use Selenium WebDriver

- (1) Goes to a page
- (2) Locates an element
- (3) Does something with that element (e.g., click)

. . .

- (i) Locates another element
- (i+1) Does something with that element
- (i+2) Asserts the result

Write a Test script that ...



# A WebDriver Example

```
libraries
public class GoogleTest {
                                                                        cheese
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                             Google Search I'm Feeling Lucky
        // Specify the path to Firefox driver executable
        System.setProperty("webdriver.gecko.driver", "/path/to/geckodriver");
        // Create a new instance of the Firefox driver
        WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        // And now use this to visit Google
        driver.get("http://www.google.it");
        // Find the text input element by its ID
        WebElement element = driver.findElement(By.id("qs htif0"));
        // Enter something to search for
        element.sendKeys("cheese");
        // Now submit the form. WebDriver will find the form for us from the element
        element.submit();
        // Check the title of the page
        assertEquals("cheese - Search with Google", driver.getTitle());
        //Close the browser
        driver.quit();
```

## How to locate an element

```
By id
```

```
HTML: <input id="email" ... />
WebDriver:
```

```
driver.findElement( By.id("email") );
```

#### By name

- HTML: <input name="cheese" type="text"/>
- WebDriver: driver.findElement( By.name("cheese"));

## By Xpath



- HTML

```
<html>
    <input type="text" name="example" />
   <input type="text" name="other" />
</html>
```

- WebDriver: driver.findElement( By.xpath("/html/input[1]") );

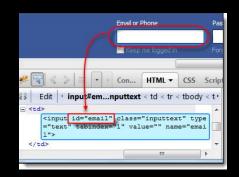
```
Selenium Supported Locators
XPath
              Name
CSSSelector
              LinkText
              PartialLinkText
ClassName
              TagName
```

Edit | input#em...nputtext < td < tr < tbody < t <input id="email" class="inputtext" type</pre>

ID

Different types of locators!

# XPath locators: an alternative



- Ids are the best choice, however...
  - Ids don't always exist
    - adding Ids everywhere is impractical or not viable
  - Their uniqueness is not enforced
  - In some cases, they are 'auto-generated' and so unreliable

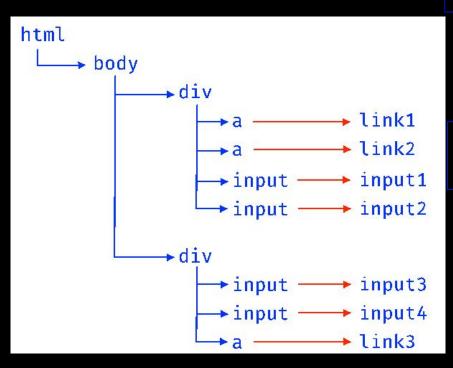
driver.findElement(By.id("id\_fZI\_1")).click();

- So often it is not possible using IDs locators
  - An alternative is using XPath expressions

## Absolute vs. relative XPath

XPath (XML Path Language) is a <u>query language</u> XPath (XML Path Language) is a query language for selecting <u>nodes</u> XPath (XML Path Language) is a query language for selecting nodes from an <u>XML</u> document

#### **DOM** tree representation



Absolute XPath. It begins with single slash "/' which means start the search from the root node

```
/html/body/div/input => input{1,2,3,4}
/html/body/div[1]/input[2] => input2
```

Relative XPath. It begins with double slash "//" which represents search in the entire web page

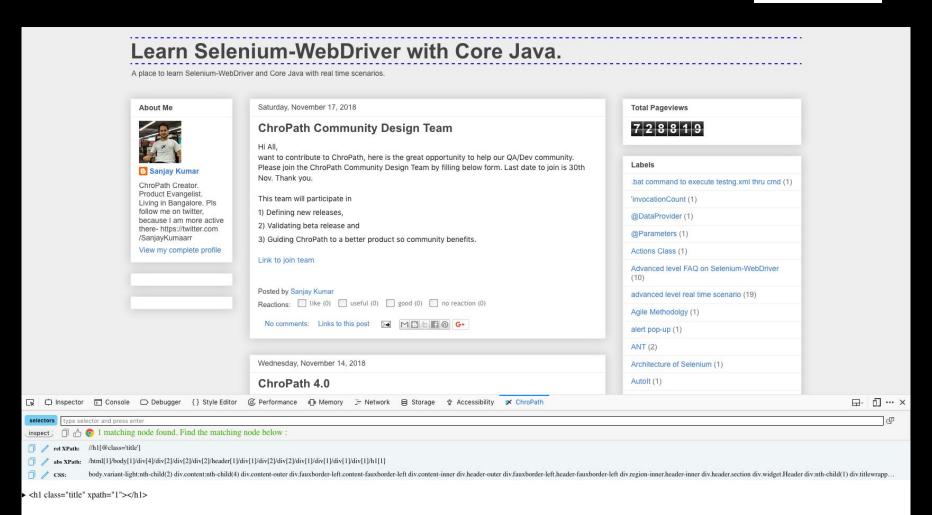
```
//input => input{1,2,3,4}
//div/input[1] => input{1,3}
//div[2]/input[2] => input4
```

Still relative: /body//a => link{1,2,3}

Search in the entire subtree under the body node

# How to compute XPath





# How to cope with dynamism



- One of top reason tests fail
- Due to Javascript DOM manipulation at runtime
- Workaround:
  - Static delays 🗨 ——
  - Dynamic delays

# Questions?



## **AGENDA**

Basics of functional testing (last time)

Selenium WebDriver (last time)



Page Object Pattern (today)

## PAGE OBJECT DESIGN PATTERN

# Really Simple Web App



http://www.kimschiller.com/page-object-pattern-tutorial/

# **Test Script for Simple Web App**

```
public class SimpleTestClass extends BaseTest {
private static WebDriver driver;
@Test
public void testMethod(){
   // Find the Web elements composing the form
   WebElement firstname = driver.findElement(By.id("//input[@id='firstname']"));
   WebElement lastname = driver.findElement(By.id("//input[@id='lastname']"));
   WebElement address = driver.findElement(By.id("//input[@id='address']"));
   WebElement zipcode = driver.findElement(By.id("//input[@id='zipcode']"));
   // Enter firstname and lastname
   firstname.sendKeys("foo");
   lastname.sendKeys("bar");
   // Enter address and zipcode
   address.sendKeys("street foobar, 10");
   zipcode.sendKevs("18017");
   // Now submit the form
   WebElement submitButton = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@id='signup']"));
   submitButton.click();
   // Check the confirmation Header (novel page)
   assertEquals("Thank you!", driver.findElement(By.xpath("html[1]/body[1]/h1[1]")).getText());
```

# **Test Script quality**



- Test scripts are difficult to read
  - A lot of implementation details
- Often changes in the Web app breaks multiple tests
  - Fragile test scripts
- Duplication of locators and code across test scripts
  - no reuse!



**Adopting the Page Object Pattern!** 

**IDEA** 

# Page Object Pattern

- A level of abstraction between the test scripts and the web pages
  - with the aim of reducing the coupling among them



- Idea: creating a page class for each web page
- Each method encapsulates a page's functionality
  - e.g., Login

# Page Object Pattern: the idea ....

Test scripts use login() offered by LoginPage

Username:
Password:
Login

```
public class LoginPage {
...
  public HomePage login( ...) {
    ...
  }
  ... Other methods ...
}
```

Implementation details are here!

**Only Test Logic Here!** 

**T3** 



# Advantages

## Test scripts are simpler

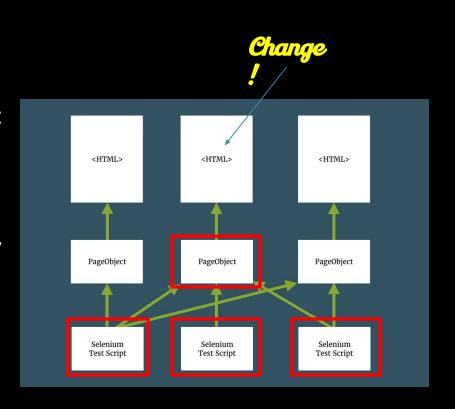
- Implementation details are in the POs
- Easier to read (app specific API)

## Reuse

- The same method is called by several Test scripts
  - e.g., login()

## Maintenance effort reduction

- A change in a Web page can affect only one PO
  - not a bunch of Test scripts!



# Page Object Creation: SignUpPage

```
public class SignUpPage extends PageObject {
@FindBy(xpath="//input[@id='firstname']")
private WebElement firstName;
@FindBy(xpath="//input[@id='lastname']")
private WebElement lastName;
@FindBy(xpath="//input[@id='address']")
private WebElement address;
@FindBy(xpath="//input[@id='zipcode']")
private WebElement zipCode;
@FindBy(xpath="//input[@id='signup']")
private WebElement submitButton;
public SignUpPage(WebDriver driver) {
  super(driver);
```

## @FindBy annotation!

### **PO** methods

```
public void enterName(String firstName, String lastName){
  this.firstName.clear();
  this.firstName.sendKeys(firstName);
  this.lastName.clear();
  this.lastName.sendKeys(lastName);
}

public void enterAddress(String address, String zipCode){
  this.address.clear();
  this.address.sendKeys(address);
  this.zipCode.clear();
  this.zipCode.sendKeys(zipCode);
}

public ReceiptPage submit(){
  this.submitButton.click();
  return new ReceiptPage(driver);
}
```

# Page Object Creation: ReceiptPage

```
public class ReceiptPage extends PageObject {
    @FindBy(xpath="/html[1]/body[1]/h1[1]")
    private WebElement header;

public ReceiptPage(WebDriver driver) {
    super(driver);
    }

public String confirmationHeader(){
    return header.getText();
    }
}
```

**Getter method** 

Assertions are inserted in the Test Script

# Page Object Creation: PageObject

 Now, this will actually not work, until we initialize the Web Elements that we have annotated

```
public class PageObject {
protected WebDriver driver;

public PageObject(WebDriver driver){
  this.driver = driver;
  PageFactory.initElements(driver, this);
  }
}
```



The PageFactory (WebDriver framework) locates the element on the page using the annotated selector and instantiates the Web elements

# (Refactored) Test script

**Setup is included** 

PO methods are called

```
public class SignUpFormTest extends BaseTest {

@Test
public void signUp() {
   SignUpPage signUpPage = new SignUpPage(driver);

   signUpPage.enterName("foo", "bar");
   signUpPage.enterAddress("street foobar, 10", "18017");
   ReceiptPage receiptPage = signUpPage.submit();

   assertEquals("Thank you!", receiptPage.confirmationHeader());
   }
}
```

Getter method is used for creating the assertion

# Page Objects Best practices



- A page object should not have any assertion but only getter methods
- A page object should represent meaningful elements of a page (components) and not necessarily a complete page
- 3. When you navigate you should return a page object for the next page

4. Factorize common components of a page

Ex. menu present in several pages = PO component the pages containing the Menu = PO containers

# PO Containers and Components (1)

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Università degli Studi di Genova



Best Student Paper Award (ICWE 2016)

ACM TOSEM paper accepted!

mini Italian Agile Day Genova2014

#### Welcome to the Software Engineering & Programming Languages Research Group web site

Our overall aim is to develop a number of coherent and integrated innovative techniques for the development of reliable software systems. Modern software systems are complex, distributed, heterogeneous, dynamically evolving, often operate in contexts with unpredictable behaviour, and should be able to adapt to changes in the environment or the requirements. Tipically, they are not developed from scratch, but, rather, by composing and modifying existing systems. Hence, we focus on providing maximal flexibility and adaptability, still guaranteeing reliability.

Notably, we investigate new development methodologies (including analysis, design and testing techniques), flexible linguistic constructs for code evolution and reuse (including integration with code mobility and the agent paradigm), and extensions of traditional static typechecking by dynamic/incremental checks and more sophisticated types which express semantic properties.

Our current research interests include:

- · Design, foundations and implementation of programming languages
- Object-oriented paradigm
- Advanced modular programming
- · Type systems
- · Service Oriented Architecture
- Visual notations
- Model Driven Engineering
- Empirical Software Engineering
- · Software and Web Testing
- Agent Oriented Software Engineering



# PO Containers and Components (2)

#### **Home Page**



Contacts

**Tirocini** 

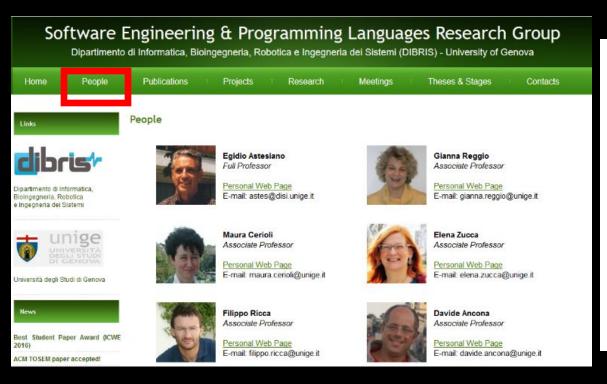
**Prove Finali** 

Tesi

```
public class HomePO extends PageObject {
 @FindBy(how=How.XPATH, xpath=" ...")
 private WebElement home:
 @FindBy(how=How.XPATH, xpath ="...")
 private WebElement people;
 public HomePO goToHome() {
   home.click();
   return new HomePO(driver);
 public PeopleContainerPO goToPeople() {
   people.click();
   return new PeoplePO(driver);
```

# **PO Containers and Components (3)**

#### **People Page**



```
public class PeoplePO extends PageObject
{
    @FindBy(how=How.XPATH, xpath="...")
    private WebElement home;
    @FindBy(how=How.XPATH, xpath ="...")
    private WebElement people;

    public HomePO goToHome() {
        home.click();
        return new HomePO(driver);
    }

    public PeopleContainerPO goToPeople() {
        people.click();
        return new PeoplePO(driver);
    }
}
```

# **PO Containers and Components (4)**





```
public class MenuComponentPO extends PageObject {
    @FindBy(how=How.XPATH, xpath = " ... ")
    private WebElement home;
    @FindBy(how=How.XPATH, xpath = " ... ")
    private WebElement people;

public HomeContainerPO goToHome() {
    home.click();
    return new HomeContainerPO(driver);
}

public PeopleContainerPO goToPeople() {
    people.click();
    return new PeopleContainerPO(driver);
}

...
}
```

# Questions?



## **Useful References**

#### Selenium WebDriver Documentation

- http://www.seleniumhq.org/docs/03\_webdriver.jsp
- https://selenium.dev/selenium/docs/api/java/org/openqa/selenium/support/FindBy.ht
   ml

#### Selenium WebDriver Tutorial

- http://toolsga.com/selenium-tutorial/
- http://toolsqa.com/selenium-webdriver/configure-eclipse-with-selenium-webdriver/
- http://elementalselenium.com/tips/47-waiting

#### ChromeDriver

https://sites.google.com/a/chromium.org/chromedriver/getting-started

## XPath in Selenium: Complete Guide

http://www.guru99.com/xpath-selenium.html

#### Getting started with Page Object Pattern

https://www.pluralsight.com/guides/software-engineering-best-practices/getting-starte
 d-with-page-object-pattern-for-your-selenium-tests

#### Page Factory

https://github.com/SeleniumHQ/selenium/wiki/PageFactory