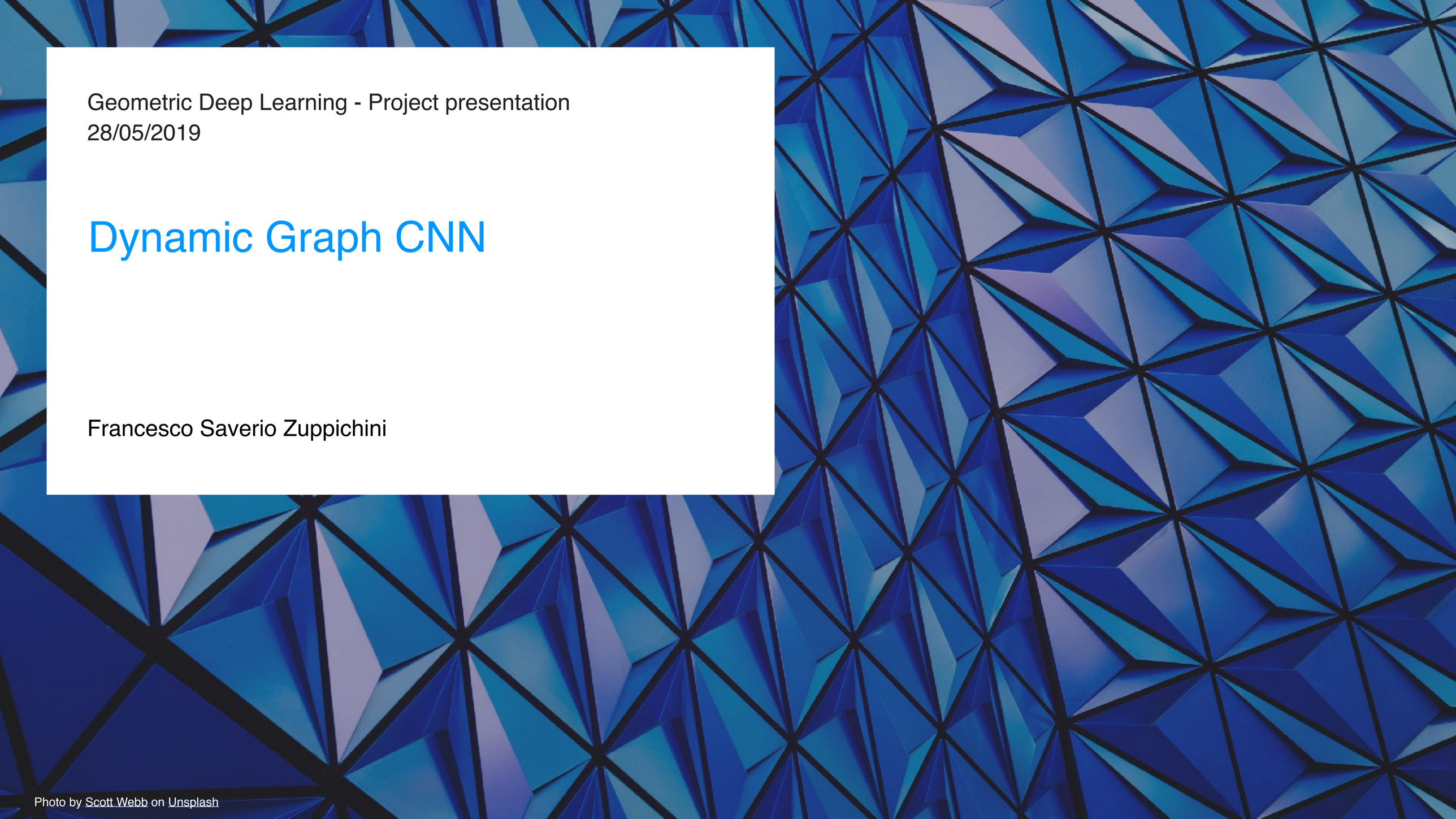
Geometric Deep Learning - Project presentation
28/05/2019

Dynamic Graph CNN

Francesco Saverio Zuppichini



Model

Model

Dynamic Graph CNN for Learning on Point Clouds

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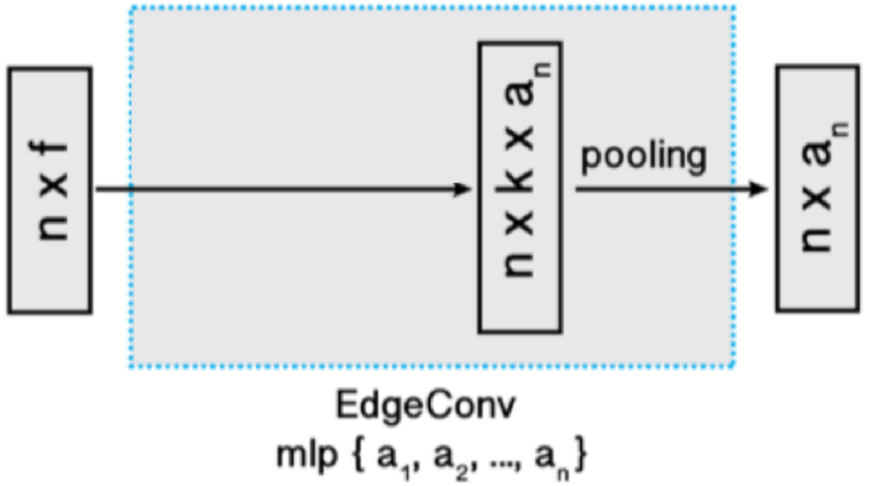
classify/segment **point cloud**

plug and play architecture

use **local** and **global** information

Model

EdgeConv



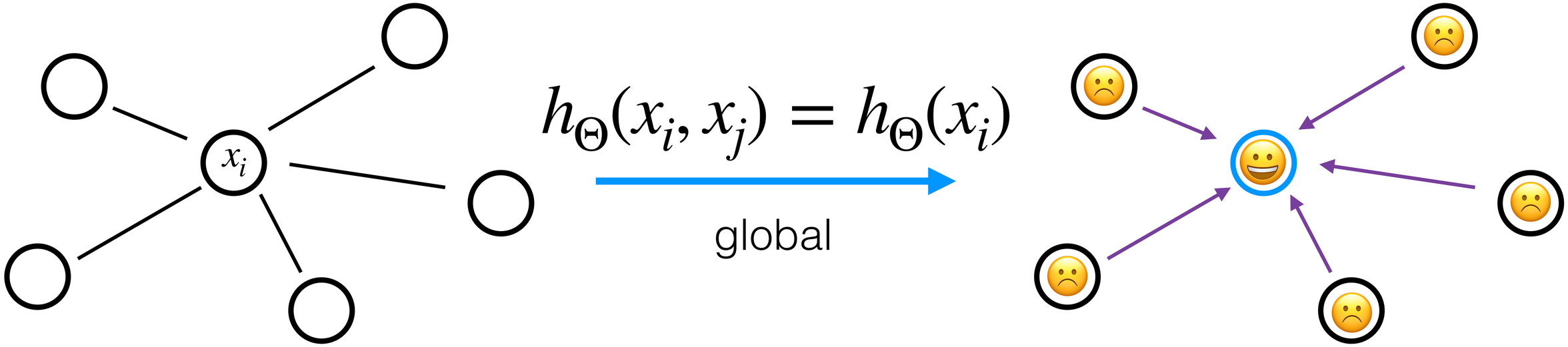
$$x_i' = \square_{j:(i,j)\in\mathcal{E}} h_\Theta\left(x_i, x_j\right)$$

x_i point

$e_{ij} = h_\Theta(x_i, x_j)$ edge features

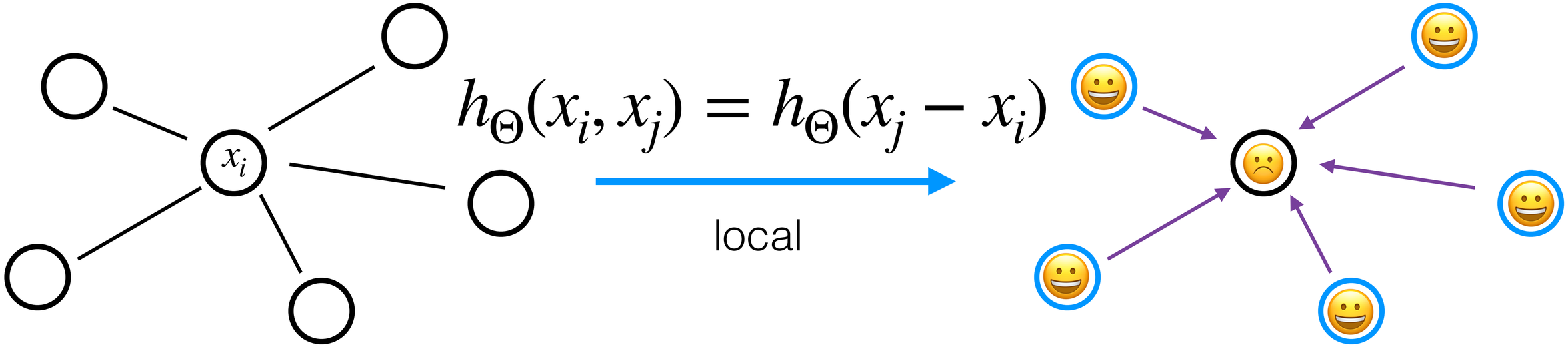
Model

choice of edge function



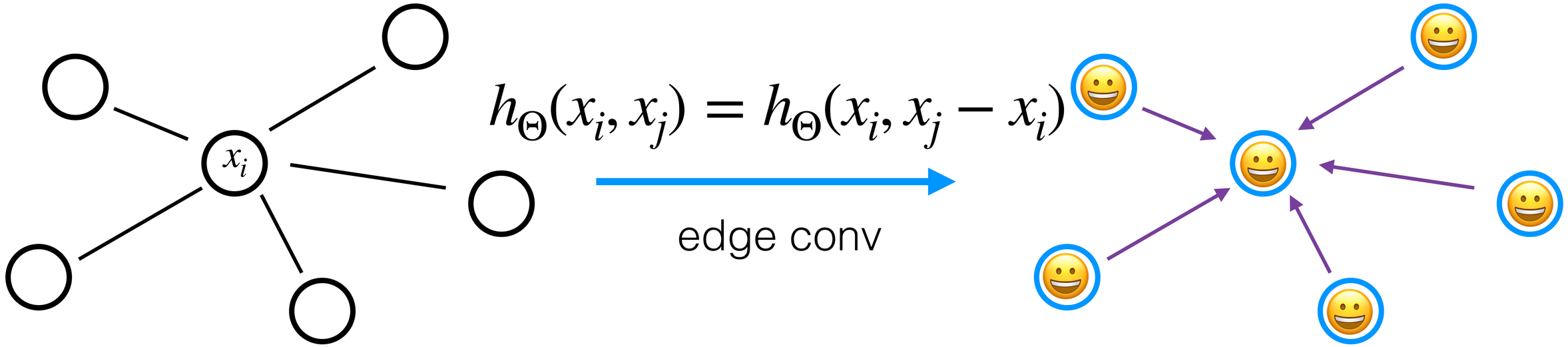
Model

choice of edge function



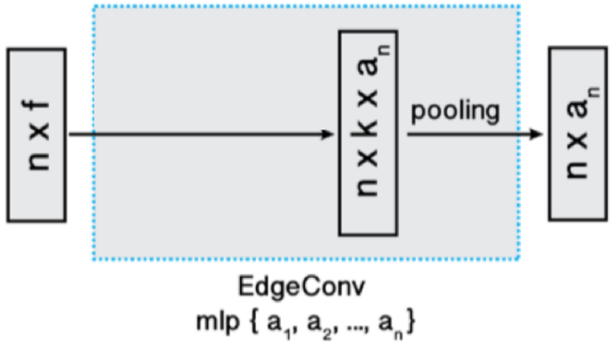
Model

choice of edge function



Model

EdgeConv



$$x_i' = \square_{j:(i,j)\in\mathcal{E}} h_\Theta\left(x_i, x_j\right)$$

$$\square = max$$

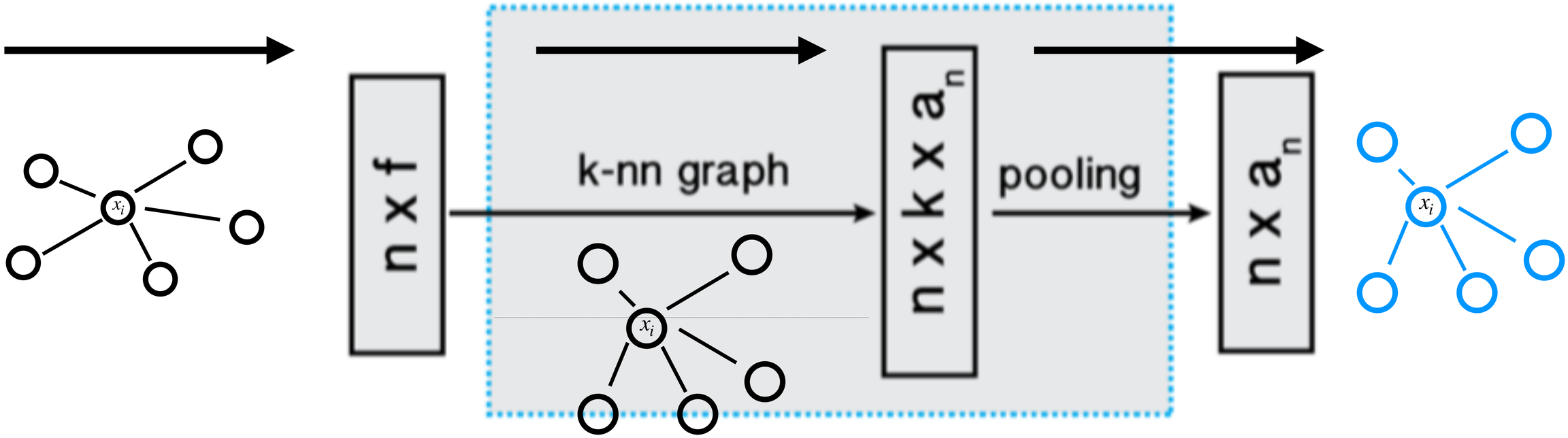
$$h_\Theta(x_i, x_j) = h_\Theta(x_i, x_j - x_i),\ h_\Theta : \mathbb{R}^F \times \mathbb{R}^F \to \mathbb{R}^F$$

=

Model

Dynamic EdgeConv

$$\max h_{\Theta}^{(l)}(x_i, x_j - x_i)$$

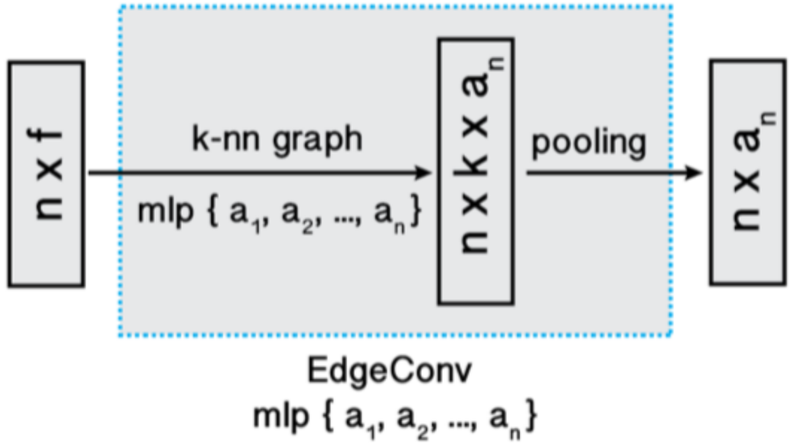


different graph at each layer!

Notation from https://rusty1s.github.io/pytorch_geometric/build/html/notes/create_gnn.html

Model

Dynamic EdgeConv



$$x_i^{(l+1)} = \square_{j:(i,j)\in\mathscr{E}^{(l)}} h_{\Theta}^{(l)}\left(x_i^{(l)}, x_j^{(l)}\right)$$

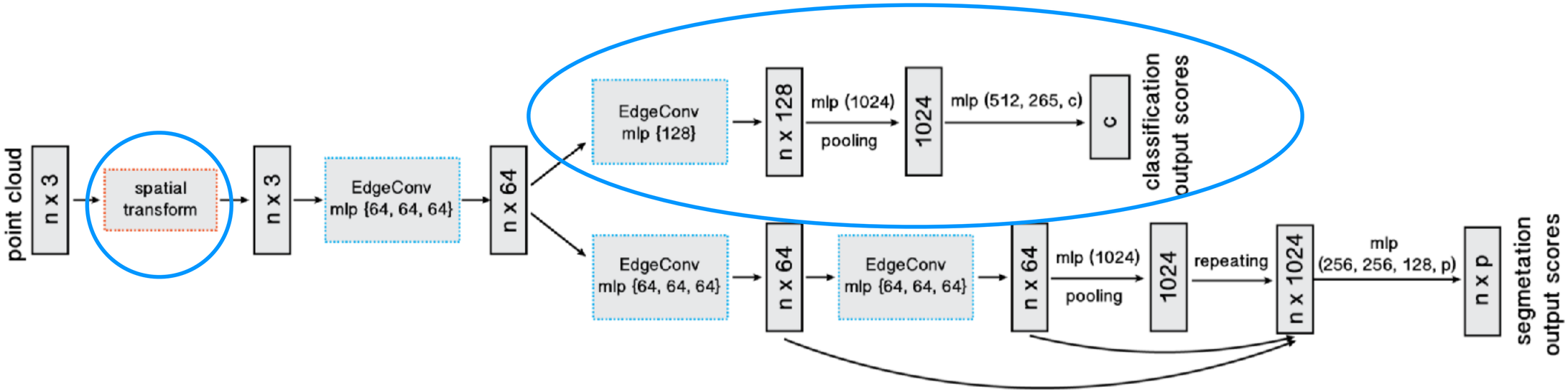
$$\square = max$$

$$h_{\Theta}^{l}(x_i, x_j) = h_{\Theta}^{(l)}(x_i, x_j - x_i),\ h_{\Theta}^{(l)} : \mathbb{R}^{F_l} \times \mathbb{R}^{F_l} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{F_{l+1}}$$

Notation from https://rusty1s.github.io/pytorch_geometric/build/html/notes/create_gnn.html

Model

Final architecture



Evaluation

Dataset

ModelNet40

3D ShapeNets: A Deep Representation for Volumetric Shapes (2015)

- 2,311 meshed CAD models
- 40 categories

- 9,843 train
- 2,468 test

Dataset

Classification Results

	Mean Class Accuracy	Overall Accuracy
3DShapeNets [54]	77.3	84.7
VoxNet [30]	83.0	85.9
Subvolume [35]	86.0	89.2
ECC [45]	83.2	87.4
PointNet [34]	86.0	89.2
PointNet++ [36]	-	90.7
Kd-Net (depth 10) [20]	-	90.6
Kd-Net (depth 15) [20]	-	91.8
Ours (baseline)	88.8	91.2
Ours	**90.2**	**92.2**

Table 1. Classification results on ModelNet40.

	Model size(MB)	Forward time(ms)	Accuracy(%)
PointNet (Baseline)	9.4	11.6	87.1
PointNet	40	25.3	89.2
PointNet++	12	163.2	90.7
Ours (Baseline)	11	29.7	91.2
Ours	21	94.6	92.2

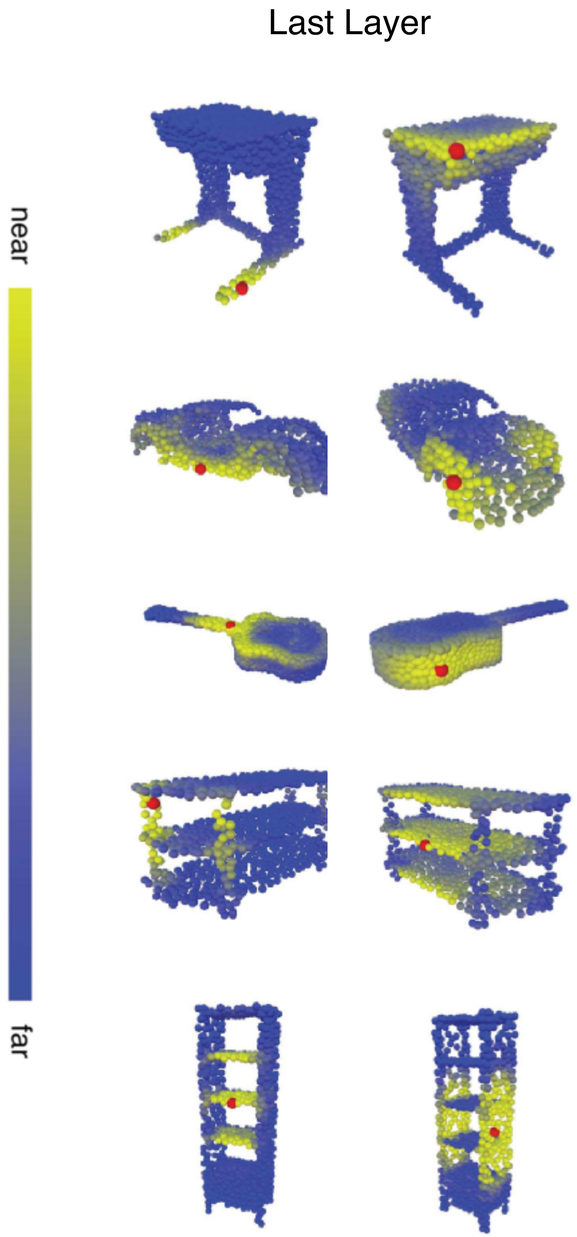
Table 2. Complexity, forward time and accuracy of different models

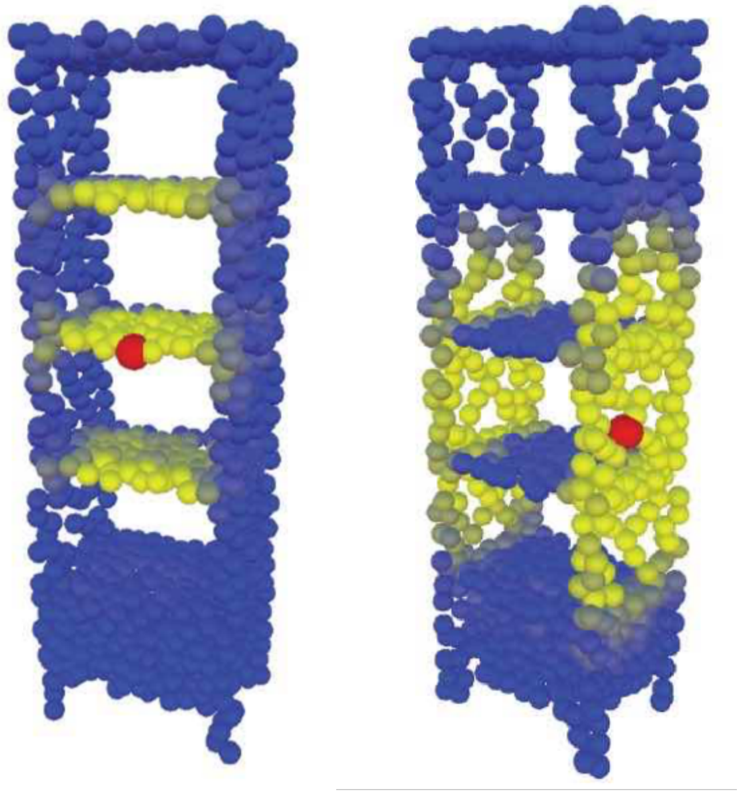
Number of nearest neighbors (k)	Mean Class Accuracy(%)	Overall Accuracy(%)
5	88.0	90.5
10	88.8	91.4
20	90.2	92.2
40	89.2	91.7

Table 4. Results of our model with different numbers of nearest neighbors.

Dataset

Features space





Results

Implementation

Tools

PyTorch

pytorch / pytorch

Watch 1,251 Unstar 28,425 Fork 6,813

PyTorch geometric

rusty1s / pytorch_geometric

Watch 126 Unstar 3,809 Fork 543

Matthias Fey

Implementation

Early results

```
pre_transform = T.NormalizeScale()
transform = T.Compose([T.SamplePoints(1024),
                       T.RandomRotate(30),
                       T.RandomScale((0.5,2)),
                       ])
name = '40'

train_ds = ModelNet(root='./',
             train=True,
             name=name,
             pre_transform=pre_transform,
             transform=transform)

test_ds = ModelNet(root='./',
             train=True,
             name=name,
             pre_transform=pre_transform,
             transform = T.SamplePoints(1024 * 4))
```

```
In [22]: model = DGCNNClassification(3,10).to(device)
         model.load_state_dict(torch.load('./model-40-1558634785.3589494'))
         model.eval()
         run(1, test_dl, train=False)
```

```
[INFO] acc=0.925 best=0.000 100% 1/1 [01:14<00:00, 74.23s/it]
```

https://github.com/FrancescoSaverioZuppichini/GDL-project

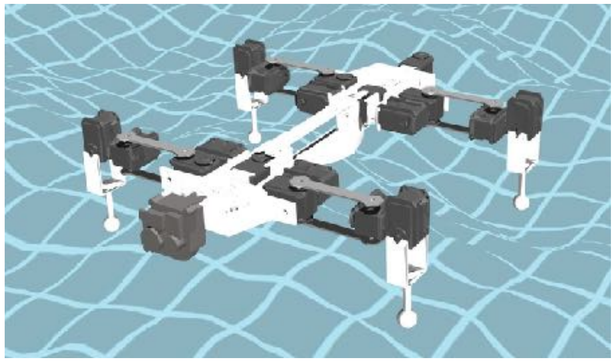
Extension

Extension

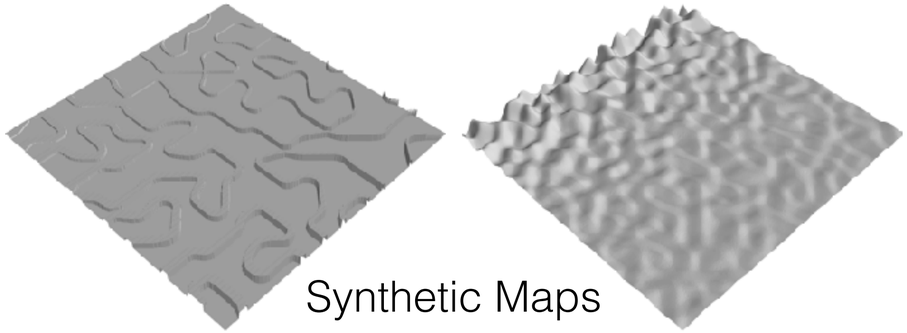
Comparing DGCNN with a CNN on my Master Thesis Dataset composed by 470k images

Extension

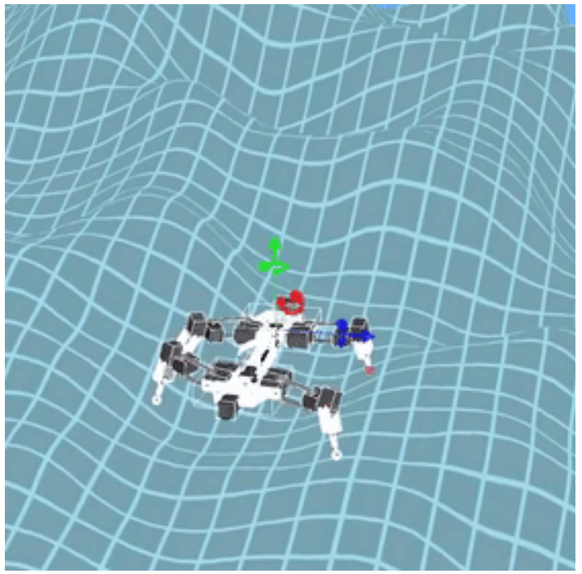
Dataset generation



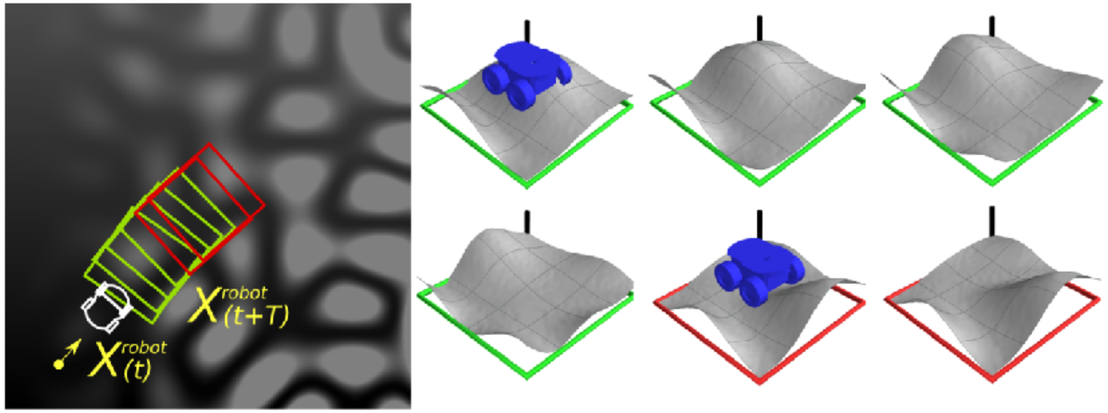
My loved Robot called Krock



Synthetic Maps



run the robot in the simulator

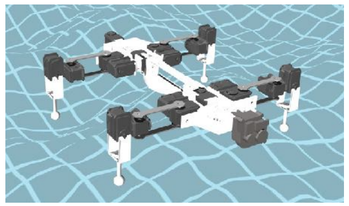


Crop a patch around the robot and label it

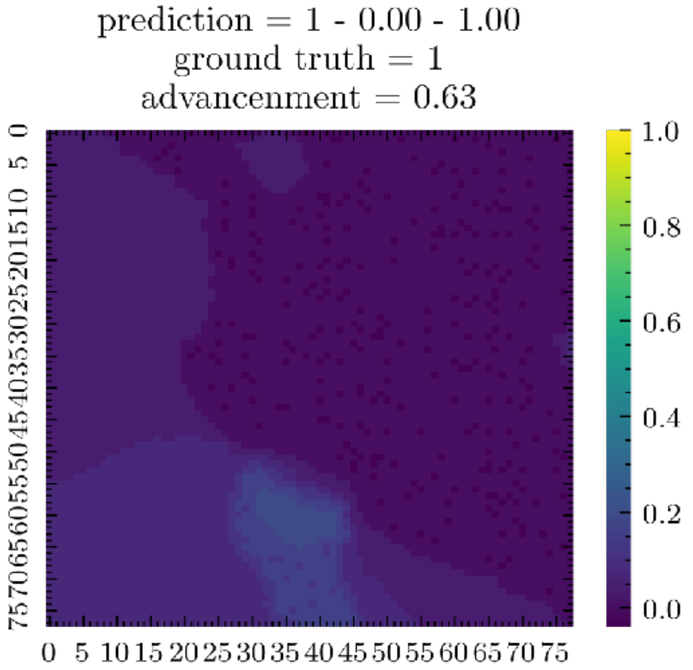
Extension

Patch example

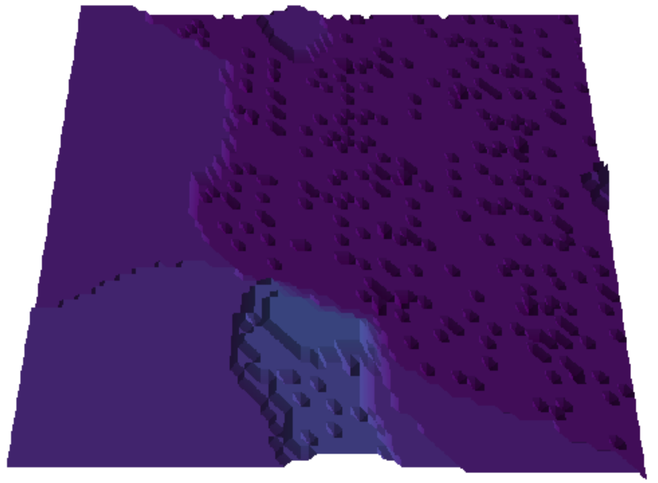
Each patch is a 79x79 gray image, where each pixel represent the height in meters.



Robot traverse from left to right



example of an data sample



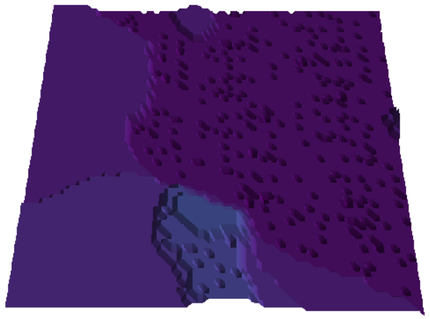
3d render

Extension

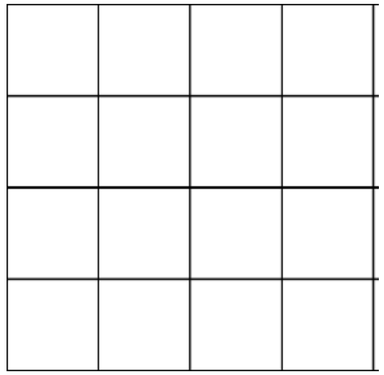
Pipeline

To feed my images into DGCNN we have to convert them to **graphs**

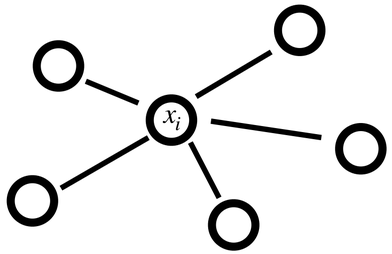
a patch



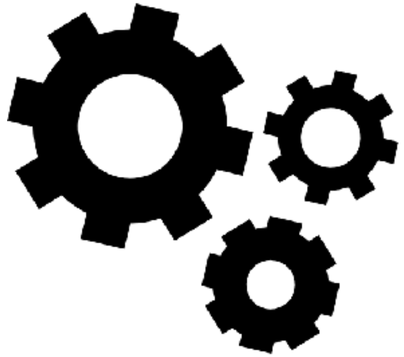
transform to grid



apply k-nn (k=6)



DGCNN



Thank you for your attention

Francesco Saverio Zuppichini

Thanks to
Roberto Falcone (template)
Luca Morreale (hardware)
Eynard Davide (hardware)
Dario Mantegazza & Alessia Ruggeri (moral support)

Title

Subtitle

- item
- item
- item