0.1 Robustness

To test is robustness we will create custom patches with different features, walls/bumps/ramps, and test the model prediction against the real robot advancement obtained from the simulator. We always used a *threhold* of 20cm and a time window of two seconds.

0.1.1 Wall in front of Krock

The easiest test we can perform is to place a wall in front of *Krock*. If we place the wall at different distance from the Krock's head we should reach a point where, moving the wall towards the end of the patch, the model should yield traversable even if the wall itself is tall. Why? Because the robot will be able to traverse more than the threshold before beeing stopped by the wall.

We create fifty-five different patches by first placing the wall exactly in front of the robot and then move it 1cm at the time towards the end. It follows some of the input patches ordered by distance from the robot.

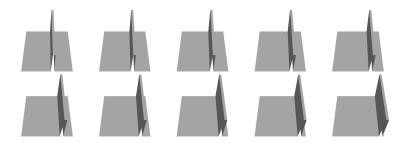


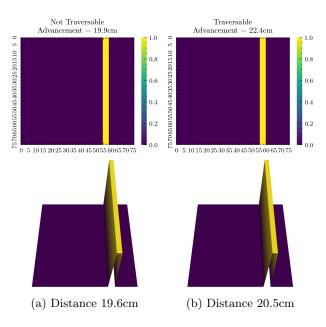
Figure 1: Tested patches with 1m wall at increasing distance from Krock.

Given those inputs to the model, we get the following predictions

Distance(cm)	Prediction
0 - 19	Not traversable
19 - end	Traversable

Table 1: Model prediction from the wall patches

To be sure the results are correct, we run the last non traversable patch and the first traversable on the simulator to get the real advancement. In the simulator, Krock advances 19.9cm on the non traversable patch (a) where the wall is at distance of 19.6cm from the head. While, on the first traversable where the wall is at a distance of 20.5cm, the robot was able to travel for 22.4. This shows that the model was able to correctly understand that the distance from the obstacle is the more relevant than its height.



Due to the patch resolution and some luck, the robot may advance more than the distance between its head and the wall.

Furthermore, we can increase the wall size of the first traversable patch, (b), to 10 and to 100m to stress even more the ability of the network to look at the distance and not at the height.

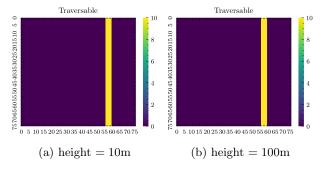


Figure 3: Traversable patches with a very tall wall.

Correctly, the model classifies the patches as traversable and was not confused by the enourmous height of the wall.

0.1.2 Increasing taller Walls

We will test our model's robustness by placing different wall of increasing heights in from of it and check wather the prediciton matches the output from the simulator.