

Scuola di Scienze Matematiche, Fisiche e Naturali Corso di Laurea Magistrale in Informatica

Quality And Certification

STATIC ANALYSIS TOOLS FOR LLVM CLANG

EDOARDO DINI, FRANCESCO TERROSI

6326113

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INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT ASSIGNMENT

The scope of this project is to perform a static analysis of the Clang compiler source code available at https://llvm.org/, https://clang.llvm.org/. In details, the project consists in:

- Analyze the C/C++ source code for the Clang project, using different tools for static analysis. The minimum number of tools that shall be selected is 2, and mandatorily it shall be used Understand++ and Clang static analyzer.
- Discuss the output of the different tools and their performance.

Some possible tools for static analysis are:

- Understand++ https://scitools.com/student/
- SonarCube https://www.sonarqube.org/
- Cert C Rosechecker (also available pre-installed in a Virtual Machine) https://www.cert.org/secure-coding/tools/rosecheckers.cfm
- Clang static analyzer
- Cppcheck
- Many others can be retrieved from:
 - https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Source_Code_Analysis_Tools
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_tools_for_static_ code_analysis#C,_C++

Depending on the characteristics of the selected tool, it is recommended to comment on:

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- the output of the static analyzers with respect to the computed metrics
- compliance to coding rules as MISRA, CERT C, ISO/IET 17961
- correct/missed/false detection.

It is recommended to compare the output of the tools with the information that is already available about the source code and provided by the developers, especially in terms of existing weaknesses of the software.

1.2 OVERVIEW

The scope of this work is to analyze the Clang compiler with a set of static analyzer tools, in order to detect violations to common and accepted coding rules (such as MISRA) and security weaknesses such as the ones pointed in the CWE (Common Weaknesses Enumerator).

Several tools were used for this purpose:

- Understand
- Clang Static Analyzer
- CppChecker
- Flawfinder
- Sonarqube
- Rosechecker

Unfortunately, not all of them were applicable for this work, due to the complexity of the project's architecture or the inflexibility of the tool. After collecting results from this tool, these were then compared in terms of:

- Violations found
- Performances
- Rules used to detect violations
- Easiness of the tool

1.3 STATIC ANALYSIS

Static Analysis is a technique used to analyse softwares without actually executing them.

In general this methodology relies on tools that inspect the source code in order to detect violations with respect to a set of well-defined rules. These tools usually operate by checking the syntax of the code, the semantic, the execution flow...

There are several advantages when adopting this technique:

- First of all, by checking the actual source code, it is possible to identify the direct cause of a vulnerability/bug
- If it is used during the design/development process of a software, it improves its cleanness and correcteness
- The analysis is done with (almost) zero interactions by the human operator

The tools used to perform the analysis can be distinguished with the respect to the phase in which the analysis is performed:

- Unit Level
 - → The analysis takes place within a specific program (or a part of it) without taking into account interactions with other programs
- Technology Level
 - → Analysis takes into account the interactions between unit programs, having a more general overview of a project
- System Level
 - → The analysis consider the interaction between unit programs but without being limited to a specific technology
- Business Level
 - → The analysis also takes into account aspects related to business processes implemented in the software system

In our work we are interested in **Unit Level Analysis**.

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1.4 LLVM-CLANG COMPILER

The LLVM compiler infrastructure project is a "collection of modular and reusable compiler and toolchain technologies" used to develop compiler front ends and back ends. [1]

BIBLIOGRAFIA

- [1] Wikipedia https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LLVM
- [2] MDSec Skypegrep: A proof of concept to derive spoken phrases from encrypted Skype conversations
- [3] Giulia Dallai Relazione del progetto di analisi sperimentale