SESSION 1: MATLAB BASICS

htp://uiuc-cse.github.io/matlab-sp17/

OUTLINE

- Introduction MATLAB, programming, GUI
- Variables scalar, vector, matrices & Operators
- Replicating vectors & Reshaping matrices
- Functions
 - Area of a circle & volume of a sphere
 - Fahrenheit/Celsius & plotting
- Matrix Definition
 - Falling ballistic object example
- Element-wise & matrix operators: Truss forces example
- Control Flow Loop, If Else

INTRODUCTION

- MATLAB Introduction
 - Tool for Linear Algebra
 - Functionality tool box
- What is programming
 - Commands
 - Data or variables
 - Logic
- MATLAB GUI
 - Workspace
 - Command window
 - Command line
 - Script file .m file

VARIABLES - SCALAR, VECTOR

- Variable
 - Scalar:

```
x=2 y=3 x+y x*y x/y x \wedge y
```

Vector:

```
V1 = [0 2 4 6 8] V2 = 0:2:8

1:2:7 % row vector (1:2:7)' % column vector

1:6

linspace(0,10,5) % row vector linspace(0,10,5).' % column vector
```

Accessing element

```
Index in MATLAB starts from 1 (not 0). V1(3) M1(2,3) M1(:,2) M1(1,:)
```

VARIABLES - MATRICES

Matrices

```
A=[1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9] B= [7 8; 9 10; 11 12]
A*B A' A*A A.*A
V=[1 3 4 2] V' V*V' V.*V eye(3) zeros(3)
C=ones(3) D=rand(3) C*D C.*D C^2 C.^2
A(2,2) = 100; V(5) = 1; B(1:2) =1; B(:,2) = 3; B(4,4) = 4; B(2,:) = 5;
```

REPLICATING & RESHAPING

- Replicating elements in vectors
 - Example: N = 3; A = [45]
 Create N copies of each element in A, so B = [444555]
 Use kron: K = kron(X,Y) returns the Kronecker tensor product of X and Y >> kron(A,[111])
- Reshaping arrays:
 - Example:

Reshape a 3-by-4 matrix into a 2-by-6 matrix. A = [1 4 7 10; 2 5 8 11; 3 6 9 12] B = reshape(A,2,6) or B = reshape(A,2,[])

EXAMPLE: AREA OF A CIRCLE & VOLUME OF A SPHERE (FUNCTIONS)

- $A(r) = \pi r^2$ r : radius
- To make it reproducible, use a function
- Try it on 1:1:5
- Create a new function, volOfSphere, and make it work: function [V] = volOfSphere(r)

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EXAMPLE: FAHRENHEIT/CELSIUS (FUNCTIONS)

```
• T_F(T_C) = T_C \frac{180}{100} + 32
```

 Write a function that performs this conversion: function Tf = TempC2F(Tc)

- Take Tc as vector:
 - 1:2:200
 - linspace(0, 200, 101)
- Save the results in a file:

```
fileName = fopen ('filne name.txt',w)
fprintf (fileName, 'header1 header2\n');
Fprintf(fileName, %f %f\n', row vector)
Fclose(fileName)
```

EXAMPLE: FALLING BALLISTIC OBJECT (VECTORIZATION, FUNCTIONS)

```
• y(t) = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + v_0t + y_0

a = g = -9.81  v_0 = 2520  y_0 = 0  t = 1
```

Vectorize:

```
t = linspace(0,5,101);
Try: y=a*t^2+v*t+x0;
Not working? Why?
```

- Plot the t and y plot(t,y)
- Create a function: function [y] = a_fall(t,v,x0)
- Modify the function to not yield y-values less than zero.

EXAMPLE: TRUSS FORCES (ELEMENT-WISE & MATRIX OPERATORS)

- $T^*x=f => x=T^{-1} *f$
- Let $f_1 = 10$ and $f_2 = 20$
- Define T and f using MATLAB new variable or load it from truss-matrix.mat.
- Solve the matrix using function 'inv' & using '\'
- Compare the speed of two method using tic and toc

CONTROL FLOW (LOOP, IF ELSE) & MATRIX DEFINITION

• Example: define matrix using for loop and if-elseif-else