RWorksheet_Camiña#4

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```r
library(dplyr)
library(readr)

#1.
  #1.a
    shoesize <- c(6.5,9.0,8.5,8.5,10.5,7.0,9.5,9.0,13.0,
                  7.5,10.5,8.5,12.0,10.5,
                  13.0,11.5,8.5,5.0,10.0,
                  6.5,7.5,8.5,10.5,8.5,10.5,11.0,9.0,13.0)

    height <- c(66.0,68.0,64.5,65.0,70.0,
                64.0,70.0,71.0,72.0,64.0,
                74.5,67.0,71.0,71.0,77.0,72.0,
                59.0,62.0,72.0,66.0,64.0,67.0,73.0,
                69.0,72.0,70.0,69.0,70)

    gender <- c("F","F","F","F","M","F","M","F","M",
                "M","M","F","M","M","M","M","F","F",
                "M","F","M","M","M","F","M","M","M","M")

    data_display <- data.frame(shoesize, height, gender)
    data_display

  #1.b
    mean(shoesize)
    #Answer: 9.410714
    mean(height)
    #Answer: 68.57143

  #1.c
    #Answer: Yes. As shown in the data table, the taller a person is, the bigger their foot sizes.

  #2.
    months <- c("March","April","January","November","January",
                "September","October","September","November","August",
                "January","November","November","February","May","August",
                "July","December","August","August","September","November","February","April")

    factor_months <- factor(months)
    factor_months

  #3.
```

```r
    summary(months)
    summary(factor_months)

  #4.
    factor_data <- data.frame(Direction = c("East", "West", "North"), Frequency = c(1, 4, 3))
    factor_data

    new_orderdata <- factor(factor_data, levels = c("East", "West", "North"))
    print(new_orderdata)

#5.
  #5.a
    getwd()
    import <- read.table("import_march.csv", header = TRUE, sep=",")
    import
```