Plan

Review

Logistic Regression

4 Sigmoid

4 Suftmax

Cross Entropy

Logistics

- . Check in
- · Scribed notes
- · 2-3 work and struggle

Linear Regression

$$(x^{(i)}, y^{(i)}), ..., (x^{(n)}, y^{(n)})$$

 $x^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ $y^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}$

1) Model:
$$f(x) = w \cdot x$$

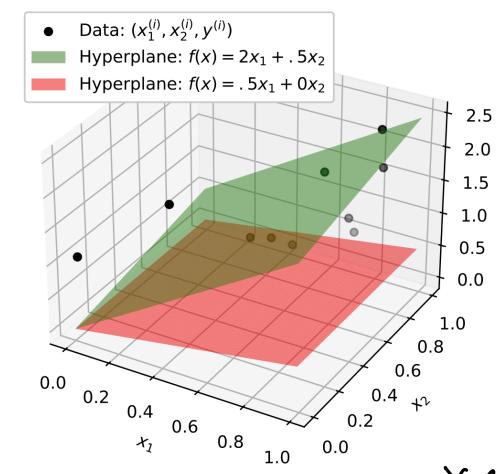
for $w \in \mathbb{R}^d$

(2) Loss:
$$Z(w) = \frac{1}{n} || X_w - y ||_2^2$$

= $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (w^T x^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2$

(3) Optimizer:
$$\nabla_{\omega} \chi(\omega) = \left[\frac{\partial \chi}{\partial w_{j}}\right]$$

Linear Regression in \mathbb{R}^2



$$\nabla_{\omega} \mathcal{L}(\omega^*) = 0$$

$$\langle = \rangle \omega^* = (x^T X)^T X^T y$$

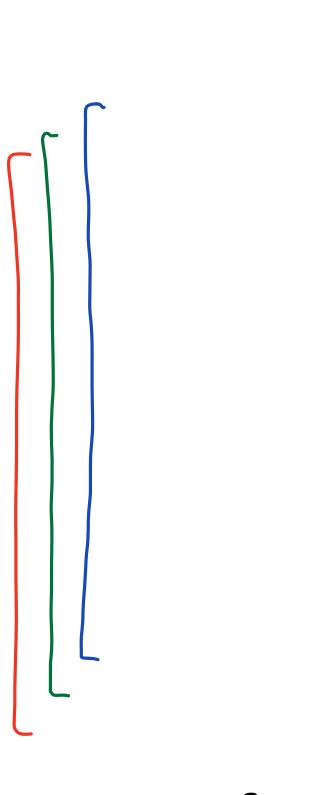
$$dxn nxd dxn nxl$$

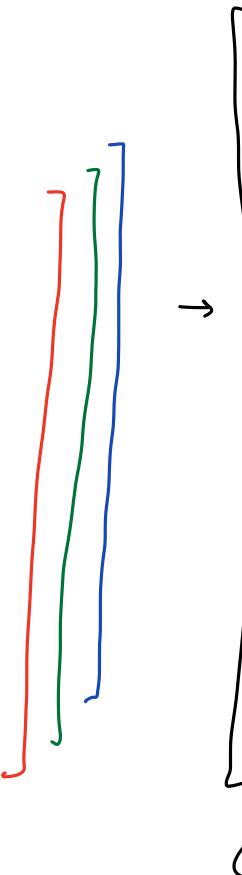
$$dxd dxl$$

$$dxl$$

Motivation







yer Y€ 80,13

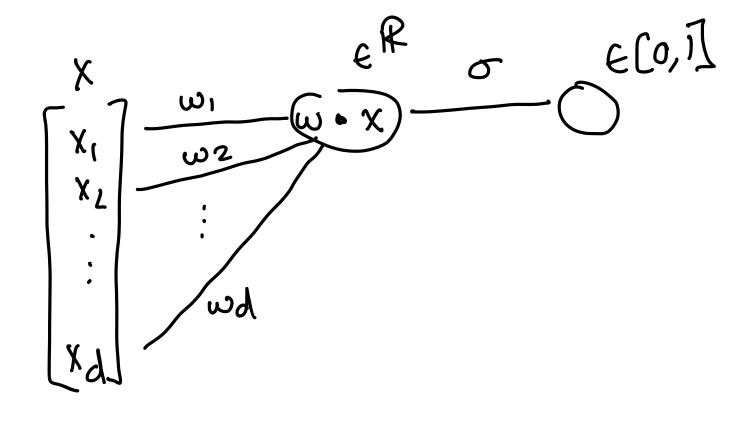
Is there a cat in this image?

(x, y)

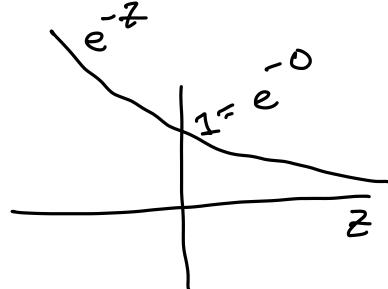
Supervised Binary Classification

$$\begin{bmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \\ \vdots \\ \chi_d \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\omega_1} \underbrace{\omega \cdot \chi}_{\omega d}$$

Croal:
$$f(x) = probability of positive class$$



Logistic Regression



$$\frac{1}{1+e^{-2}} = \frac{1}{1+0} = 1$$

$$\lim_{z \to -\infty} \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$$

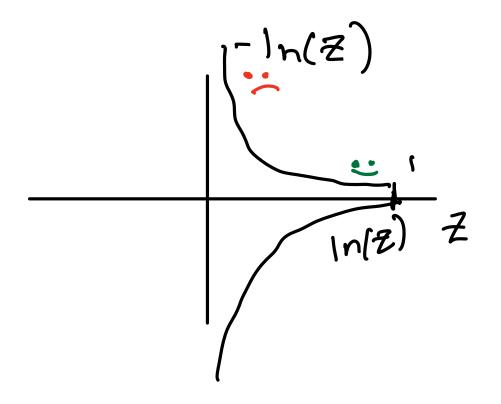
$$\frac{Loss}{Loss} f: \mathbb{R}^{A} \to Co, \mathbb{T}^{K}$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^{A} \to Co, \mathbb{T}^{K}$$

Goal: Measure distance between

distribution f(x) and y

$$H(y, f(x)) = -\frac{k}{2} y_1 \log_2 f(x)_2 = -\log_2 f(x)_2$$



Cross Entropy

A, 8, C, D Communicate

Approach # 1: 00,01,10,11

What

if I know distribution?

e.g. 8A = 1/2, 8= 1/4, 8c = 18,9=1/8

 $H(g) = \#[\#bits] = \#[li] = -\#[\log_2 gi] = -\sum_{i=1}^{n} g_i \log_2 (g_i)$

H(P,B) = communicate w/diff. dist. = - # [log28i]

Briary Logistic Regression

$$\begin{bmatrix} X \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \\ \vdots \\ wd \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \omega_1 & \omega_2 \\ \vdots \\ \omega_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2eiR$$

$$2eiR$$

$$= norm \left(e^{2i} \right) = 1$$

$$e^{2i}$$

$$e^{2i}$$

$$e^{2i}$$

$$e^{2i}$$

$$e^{2i}$$

$$e^{2i}$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{k} \frac{1}{\sum_{j=1}^{k} \frac{1}{\sum_{j$$