机器学习第三周作业

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题目 1. 定义如下支持向量机:

$$min_{w,b,\xi} \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^{N} \xi_i^2$$

$$s.t. \ y_i(w \cdot x_i + b) \ge 1 - \xi_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$$\xi_i \ge 0, i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

试求其对偶形式

解答.

$$L(w, b, \xi, \alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^{N} \xi_i^2 - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i [y_i(wx_i + b) - 1 + \xi_i] - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \beta_i \xi_i$$

原问题化为无约束优化问题: $min_{w,b,\xi}max_{\alpha_i,\beta_i\geq 0}L(w,b,\xi,\alpha,\beta)$

对偶问题: $max_{\alpha_i,\beta_i\geq 0}min_{w,b,\xi}L(w,b,\xi,\alpha,\beta)$

对 L 的各个变量求导:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = w - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i y_i x_i = 0 \Longrightarrow w = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i y_i x_i \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i y_i = 0 \Longrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i y_i = 0 \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i} = 2C\xi_i - \alpha_i - \beta_i = 0 \Longrightarrow \xi_i = \frac{\alpha_i + \beta_i}{2C} \end{split}$$

代入整理可得:

$$min_{w,b,\xi}L = -\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i,j}\alpha_i\alpha_jx_ix_jy_iy_j - \frac{1}{4C}\sum_i(\alpha_i + \beta_i)^2 + \sum_i\alpha_i$$

从而最终的对偶问题为:

$$max_{\alpha_i,\beta_i \ge 0} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j} \alpha_i \alpha_j x_i x_j y_i y_j - \frac{1}{4C} \sum_i (\alpha_i + \beta_i)^2 + \sum_i \alpha_i$$

题目 2. 证明讲义中的公式 (35)

解答. 设当前选择的需要更新的拉格朗日乘子为 α_1 和 α_2 , 其他拉格朗日乘子 $\alpha_i(3 \le i \le N)$ 在本轮参数更新中保持不变. 由松弛互补条件 $\sum_{i=1}^{N} \alpha_i y_i = 0$ 可知

$$\alpha_1 y_1 + \alpha_2 y_2 + \sum_{i=3}^{N} \alpha_i y_i = 0.$$

上式两边乘以 y_1 得到

$$\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 y_1 y_2 + \sum_{i=3}^{N} \alpha_i y_1 y_i = 0.$$

$$\Longrightarrow \alpha_1 + s\alpha_2 = \gamma.$$

其中 $\gamma = -\sum_{i=3}^{N} \alpha_i y_1 y_i, s = y_1 y_2 \in \{-1, +1\}$

令 $K_{ij} = x_i \cdot x_j$ 且 $v_i = \sum_{j=3}^N \alpha_j y_j K_{ij} (i=1,2)$,则将对偶问题转化为下面关于拉格朗日乘子 α_1 和 α_2 的优化问题:

$$\max_{\alpha_1, \alpha_2} W_1(\alpha_1, \alpha_2),$$
s.t.
$$0 \le \alpha_1, \alpha_2 \le C,$$

$$\alpha_1 + s\alpha_2 = \gamma.$$

其中

$$W_1(\alpha_1, \alpha_2) = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - \frac{1}{2}K_{11}\alpha_1^2 - \frac{1}{2}K_{22}\alpha_2^2$$
$$-sK_{12}\alpha_1\alpha_2 - y_1\alpha_1v_1 - y_2\alpha_2v_2$$

由约束 $\alpha_1 + s\alpha_2 = \gamma$ 可得

$$\alpha_1 = \gamma - s\alpha_2$$

将其代入 $W_1(\alpha_1,\alpha_2)$, 并令

$$W_2(\alpha_2) = W_1(\gamma - s\alpha_2, \alpha_2).$$

令 $W_2(\alpha_2)$ 对 α_2 的导数为 0, 可以得到

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{s(K_{11} - K_{12})\gamma + y_2(v_1 - v_2) - s + 1}{\eta},$$

其中

$$\eta = K_{11} + K_{22} - 2K_{12}$$

又有:

$$\alpha_{2} = \frac{s(K_{11} - K_{22})\gamma + y_{2}(v_{1} - v_{2}) - s + 1}{\eta}$$

$$= \frac{y_{1}y_{2}(K_{11} - K_{22})\gamma + y_{2}(f(x_{1}) - f(x_{2})) + \alpha_{2}^{\star}\eta - y_{1}y_{2}\gamma(K_{11} - K_{22}) - s + 1}{\eta}$$

$$= \frac{y_{2}f(x_{1}) - y_{2}f(x_{2}) - y_{1}y_{2} + y_{2}^{2}}{\eta} + \alpha_{2}^{\star}$$

$$= y_{2} \cdot \frac{(f(x_{1}) - y_{1}) - (f(x_{2}) - y_{2})}{\eta} + \alpha_{2}^{\star}$$

$$= y_{2} \cdot \frac{(y_{2} - f(x_{2})) - (y_{1} - f(x_{1}))}{\eta} + \alpha_{2}^{\star}$$

这样就得到了未剪辑时 α_2 的更新公式