- 1. Write out the MP/MRP/MDP/Policy definitions and MRP/MDP Value Function definitions in your own style/notation
 - Markov Process

Markov Process is a tuple $\langle S, P \rangle$. S is a finite set of states and P is the state transition probability matrix where entry $P_{ss'} = \mathbb{P}[S_{t+1} = s' | S_t = s]$

• Markov Reward Process

Markov Reward Process is a tuple $\langle S, P, \mathcal{R}, \gamma \rangle$. S and P hold the same definition as in MP, \mathcal{R} is a reward function of states: $\mathcal{R}(s) = \mathbb{E}[R_{t+1}|S_t = s]$. Note that \mathcal{R} is time invariant. $\gamma \in [0, 1]$ is discount factor

• Value Function in MRP

Value function with respect to state s in MRP is the expected return starting from that state: $v(s) = \mathbb{E}[G_t|S_t = s]$, where return G_t is the total discounted reward starting from time t: $G_t = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \gamma^i R_{t+i+1}$ given a state sequence $\{S_t, S_{t+1}, \dots\}$.

In order to compute v(s), we apply the Bellman equation:

$$v(s) = \mathbb{E}[\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \gamma^{i} R_{t+i+1} | S_{t} = s]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[R_{t+1} | S_{t} = s] + \mathbb{E}[G_{t} - R_{t+1} | S_{t} = s]$$

$$= R(s) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in S} P_{ss'} v(s')$$

Concatenate all states in a vector(e.g. $V = [v(s_1), v(s_2), \cdots]^{\mathsf{T}}$) we can rewrite the above equation as:

$$V = R + \gamma PV$$

• Markov Decision Process

Markov Decision Process is a tuple $\langle S, A, P, \mathcal{R}, \gamma \rangle$, where each element in the tuple is defined as follows:

- S: a finite set of states
- -A: a finite set of actions
- P: state transition probability matrix, $P_{ss'}^a = \mathbb{P}[S_{t+1} = s' | S_t = s, A_t = a]$
- R: reward function, $R_s^a = \mathbb{E}[R_{t+1}|S_t = s, A_t = a]$
- $-\gamma$: discount factor

• Policy

Policy in MDP is a distribution over actions given states: $\pi(a|s) = \mathbb{P}(A_t = a|S_t = s)$

- Value Function in MDP
 - State Value function in MDP is the expected return from state s and follow policy π : $v_{\pi}(s) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi}[G_t|S_t = s]$
 - Action Value function in MDP is the expected return from state s, apply action a and then follow policy π : $q_{\pi}(s,a) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi}[G_t|S_t = s, A_t = a]$

Intuitively we can get one value function from another:

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a \in A} \pi(a|s) q_{\pi}(s, a)$$

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = R_s^a + \sum_{s' \in S} P_{ss'}^a v_{\pi}(s')$$

Using the above equations we can get the Bellman equation for state value function and action value function (individually):

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a \in A} \pi(a|s) \left(R_s^a + \sum_{s' \in S} P_{ss'}^a v_{\pi}(s') \right)$$

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = R_s^a + \sum_{s' \in S} P_{ss'}^a \left(\sum_{a' \in A} \pi(a'|s') q_{\pi}(s', a') \right)$$