Campo Bello

Relatório Intercalar



Mestrado Integrado em Engenharia Informática e Computação

Programação em Lógica

Grupo Campo Bello 1:

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13 de Novembro de 2017

Resumo

Este projeto consiste na implementação de um jogo de tabuleiro, o *Campo Bello*, através da linguagem de programação em lógica, Prolog, que é baseada num paradigma declarativo assente em três conceitos fundamentais: a unificação, a recursividade e o *backtracking*.

O principal objetivo é que cada jogador remova o maior número possível das suas próprias peças, até que não possua mais movimentos válidos ou mais peças.

O problema proposto foi na sua totalidade implementado, através da utilização dos predicados disponibilizados pelo *SICStus Prolog*, onde foi tido em conta não só a funcionalidade do próprio jogo, como também a eficiência do próprio código. Assim, foi possível a consolidação dos conceitos lecionados ao longo da unidade curricular.

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1 Introdução

No âmbito da unidade curricular Programação em Lógica foi-nos proposto a realização de um jogo de tabuleiro com base na linguagem de programação *Prolog*, pondo à prova os nossos conhecimentos relativamente a regras e problemas intrínsecos à linguagem.

Efetivamente, ao longo deste relatório irão ser abordados três grandes tópicos, nomeadamente, a história e regras do próprio jogo, a descrição dos principais predicados utilizados para a sua lógica, manipulação e visualização do tabuleiro e, por fim, a interface com o utilizador. Teremos em conta, também, no final, as principais conclusões deste projeto e possíveis melhorias.

Desta forma, procuramos responder ao que nos é exigido, de forma sucinta e explícita, sendo nossa intenção fazer com que o presente relatório sirva de guia e suporte para os interessados no jogo.

2 O Jogo Campo Bello

2.1 História

O Campo Bello foi pensado no início de 2014 por John Caddell e baseado no jogo Cracker Barrel Peg, adaptando-o para múltiplos jogadores. Depois de vários protótipos e dezenas de horas de teste, este jogo demorou mais de dois anos a ser implementado.

2.2 Objetivo e regras do jogo

Neste jogo, cada jogador tenta remover o maior número possível das suas peças do tabuleiro. Na sua vez, o jogador deve saltar com a sua peça para outra e se a peça que saltou for uma das suas, deve retirá-la do jogo. Caso contrário, se for uma das adversárias, então pode remover qualquer uma das suas peças do tabuleiro (incluindo a usada no salto).

Cada jogador pode "encadear" até 3 saltos com a mesma peça durante a sua vez, mas não pode saltar sobre a mesma duas vezes. A peça com que o jogador salta não pode ocupar o mesmo espaço durante a mesma jogada. Caso não consiga dar um salto, o jogador pode ignorar a sua vez. O jogo continua até que um jogador não tenha mais peças no tabuleiro ou nenhum jogador consiga fazer um salto válido.

No final do jogo, cada jogador obtém 1 ponto para cada uma das suas peças fora da sua área de partida e 3 pontos para cada peça que está na sua área de partida.

O jogador com o menor número de pontos ganha.

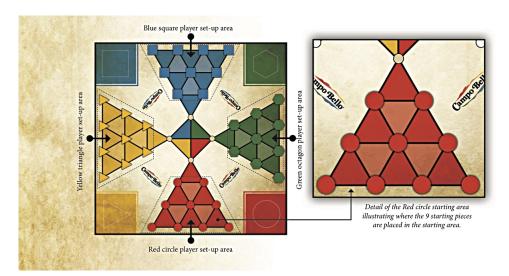


Figura 1: Aspeto do tabuleiro

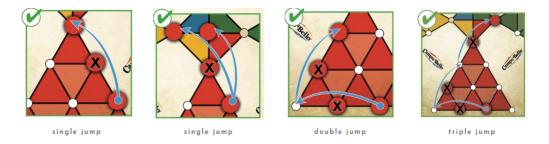


Figura 2: Movimentos permitidos

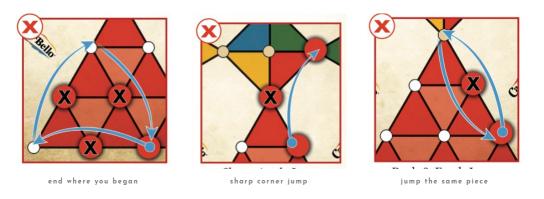


Figura 3: Movimentos não permitidos

3 Lógica do jogo

3.1 Representação do Estado do Jogo

A forma de representação do estado do tabuleiro usada foi uma lista com 9 listas. Nela estão presentes quatro tipos de peças diferentes, pieceX1, pieceX2, pieceY1, pieceY2, em que o X e Y distingue as peças de cada jogador e noPiece é um lugar do tabuleiro onde é possível mover as peças, mas onde naquele momento não está nenhuma.

3.1.1 Representação do estado inicial do tabuleiro

```
initialBoard([[empty,pieceX1,pieceX1,pieceX1,pieceX1,empty,
   empty,empty,empty],
[empty,empty,pieceX1,pieceX1,pieceX1,empty,empty,empty,
   pieceY1],
[empty,empty,empty,pieceX1,pieceX1,empty,empty,pieceY1,
   pieceY1],
[empty,empty,empty,noPiece,empty,pieceY1,pieceY1,
   pieceY1],
[pieceX2,pieceX2,pieceX2,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,pieceY1,
   pieceY1,pieceY1],
[pieceX2, pieceX2, pieceX2, empty, noPiece, empty, empty, empty,
   empty],
[pieceX2, pieceX2, empty, empty, pieceY2, pieceY2, empty, empty,
   empty],
[pieceX2,empty,empty,pieceY2,pieceY2,pieceY2,empty,
   empty],
[empty,empty,empty,empty,pieceY2,pieceY2,pieceY2,pieceY2,
   empty]]).
```

3.2 Visualização do Tabuleiro

De forma a visualizarmos o tabuleiro, representado por uma matriz de nove linhas por nove colunas, foram construídos os seguintes predicados:

```
printFinalBoard([L|Ls]):-
2
       nl,
       printLetters, nl,
3
       printBoard([L|Ls],0),
       printLine.
5
   printLetters:-write(')
          G
                H
                       I').
                              - 1
                                     - 1
                                           - 1
   printSpaces:-write('
                      ١').
          10
   printBoard([],_).
11
   printBoard([L|Ls],Y) :-
12
             printLine, nl,
13
             printSpaces, nl,
14
             Y1 is Y+1,
15
```

```
printFinalRow(L,Y1),nl,
16
              printSpaces, nl,
17
              printBoard(Ls,Y1).
18
19
   printFinalRow([X|Xs],Y):-
20
           write(Y),
21
           write(' |'), printRow([X|Xs]).
22
   printRow([X|Xs]):-
23
           getSymbol(X,Piece),
           write(' '), write(Piece), write(' | '),
25
           printRow(Xs).
26
   printRow([]).
27
   printLine:-write(')
```

A notar que cada tipo de peça é visualizada com um símbolo específico:

- empty representado com o símbolo ' ';
- pieceX1 representado com o símbolo 'X';
- pieceX2 representado com o símbolo 'X';
- piece Y1 representado com o símbolo 'Y';
- piece Y2 representado com o símbolo 'Y';
- noPiece representado com o símbolo 'N'.

| ?- initialBoard(B),printFinalBoard(B).

	A		В		С		D		E		F		G		H		I	
1			X		X							Ī						
2					X		X		X								<u>Ч</u>	
3							X		X						Y		Y	
4									N				Y		Y		Y	
5	X		X		X		N		N		N		Y		Y		Y	
6	X		X		X				N									
7	X		X	Ī					Y		Y	Ī		Ī				Ī
8	X								Y		Y		Y					
9		I		Ī		Ī			Y	Ī	Y	Ī	Y		Y			

 ${\bf Figura~4:}~{\bf Imagem}$ do tabuleiro correspondente ao output produzido pelo predicado de visualização

3.3 Lista de Jogadas Válidas

Em cada jogada, o utilizador deve inserir qual a peça que quer mover e quais as coordenadas de destino. De forma a validar a posição de origem, foi criado um predicado validateSourcePiece(-Ncol, -Nrow, -Board, -Piece) que verifica se o jogador escolheu uma das suas peças. A posição de destino da peça é testada no sentido de garantir que se trata de um movimento válido, através do predicado validateDestinyPiece(-LastCol, -LastRow, -Ncol, -Nrow, -Board, -Piece, -Area, -BoardOut) que invoca os predicados checkIfCanMoveX(-Ncol, -Nrow, -LastCol, -LastRow, -Board, -Piece, -BoardOut, -Area) e checkIfCanMoveY(-Ncol, -Nrow, -LastCol, -LastRow, -Board, -Piece, -BoardOut, -Area)) para validar os movimentos do jogador X e Y, respetivamente.

3.4 Execução de Jogadas

A partir do momento em que o jogador decide a sua jogada, através dos predicados chooseSourceCoords(+RowSource, +ColSource, -Board, -Piece) e

chooseDestinyCoords(-RowSource, -ColSource, -Board, -Piece, +Area, +BoardOut) é verificado se o movimento é válido. Caso não seja validado, é pedida a inserção de novas posições, caso contrário é verificado se o jogador foi para uma posição onde não existiam peças. Se isso acontecer, o jogador pode saltar para uma nova posição e se esta estiver novamente vazia, o utilizador pode, pela última vez, saltar novamente, isto é, pode fazer saltos duplos ou triplos, pelo predicado chooseNewJump(-Board, +BoardOut, -LastColPiece, -LastRowPiece, -LastRow,-LastCol, +Row, +Col, -Piece, -Area, +Continue). Caso o jogador salte para uma posição onde exista uma peça sua, esta é removida do jogo se for uma peça do adversário, é perguntado ao utilizador qual a peça do tabuleiro que quer remover, através do predicado choosePieceToRemove(-Board, +BoardOut).

3.5 Avaliação do Tabuleiro

A avaliação e manipulação do tabuleiro foi conseguida através dos predicados setPiece(-BoardIn, -Nrow, -Ncol, -Piece, +BoardOut), setOnRow(Pos, [Row-Remainder], Ncol, Piece, [Row-Newremainder]), setOnCol(1, [-Remainder], Piece, [Piece-Remainder]) e getElement(-Board, -Nrow, -Ncol, +Element).

Para o nível de dificuldade elevada foi peremptória a avaliação do tabuleiro para que o computador comparasse todos os seus movimentos possíveis e escolhesse o melhor, isto é, aquele onde obtém o menor número de pontos. Esta avaliação é feita através dos predicados evaluateBoards(-Board, +Points) e listOfBestMovements(+FinalList, -Board) que avaliam todos os tabuleiros com todas as jogadas válidas e retornam uma lista ordenada, de forma crescente, pelo número de pontos seguida da posição. Assim, o primeiro elemento dessa lista é a melhor jogada que o computador pode efetuar. No entanto, não foi possível a sua completa implementação.

3.6 Final do Jogo

O jogo termina em duas situações diferentes, nomeadamente quando o jogador não possui mais movimentos válidos, pelo predicado *checkMoves(-Piece*,

-Board) ou quando não possui mais peças, através do predicado *checkPieces*(-*Piece*,-*Board*). O predicado responsável por essa verificação dessas duas condições é o endGame(-Board).

Posteriormente e de modo a identificar o vencedor foram criados os predicados calculatePoints(-Board, +PointsX, +PointsY) e checkWinner(-Board, -PointsX, -PointsY) que calculam os pontos de cada jogador e verificam qual o vencedor, respetivamente. O cálculo da pontuação é baseado no número de peças que cada jogador tem dentro e fora da sua área de partida, em que é obtido 1 ponto para cada peça fora e 3 pontos para cada peça dentro da sua área de partida. O vencedor é o jogador com o menor número de pontos.

3.7 Jogada do Computador

Se o utilizador escolher os modos Computador contra Jogador ou Computador contra Computador, ele poderá escolher qual o nível de dificuldade do jogo.

No nível de dificuldade normal, foram elaborados predicados responsáveis por retornar posições e movimentos válidos de forma aleatória. Para a escolha da peça que quer mover foi criado o predicado listOfValidSourceMoveX(+Board, -FinalListX) que cria uma lista com as peças do computador e que é percorrida no predicado listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveX(-FinalList, +Board) que cria uma outra com apenas peças que têm movimentos possíveis. Posteriormente uma das peças é escolhida aleatoriamente através do predicado random(+L, +U, -R). Relativamente à escolha do movimento, é criado o predicado listOfValidDestinyMove(-List, +LastRow, +LastCol, +Area, +Board) que cria uma lista com todos os destinos válidos da peça que o computador escolheu anteriormente e retorna, aleatoriamente, um desses destinos.

Pelo contrário no nível de dificuldade elevada é feita uma avaliação do tabuleiro por parte do computador para escolher qual a sua melhor jogada. Assim, o computador em vez de selecionar aleatoriamente uma peça válida, escolhe qual a que lhe permite obter um menor número de pontos. Os predicados utilizados foram os enunciados no tópico **Avaliação do Tabuleiro**. A notar que esta funcionalidade não foi implementada na totalidade com sucesso, pela tentativa infrutuita de percorrer uma lista acedendo a elementos de outra.

4 Interface com o Utilizador

O módulo de interface com o utilizador é iniciado com um menu principal que permite ao utilizador nas opções 1., 2. e 3. jogar jogador contra jogador, pc contra jogador e pc contra pc, respetivamente. Na opção 4. aceder a um outro menu com as instruções de jogo e finalmente na opção 5., sair do jogo.



Choose an option, please!

Figura 5: Menu principal

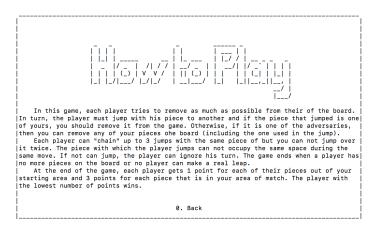


Figura 6: Menu "How To Play"

Please choose the level of the Game:

1. Normal Difficulty
2. Hard Difficulty

Figura 7: Menu "Set Level"

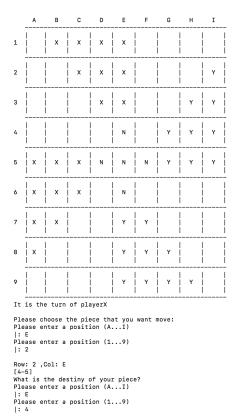


Figura 8: During the game

End Game

Points of playerX:3 Points of playerY:0 The winner is PlayerY

Figura 8: End Game

5 Conclusões

A realização deste projeto, para além de nos ser muito útil do ponto de vista algorítmico e estrutural, permitiu-nos perceber as notórias e múltiplas vantagens da linguagem *Prolog*.

Efetivamente, a solução implementada correspondeu ao que era exigido relativamente ao nível de dificuldade normal. No entanto, para o nível de dificuldade elevada a avaliação do tabuleiro poderia ter sido na totalidade implementada e com possíveis melhorias, centrando-se não só no cálculo das jogadas com o menor número de pontos, como também com as jogadas que permitissem remover o maior número de peças possível.

Em suma, este trabalho teve uma grande influência no nosso percurso como alunas de Engenharia Informática e Computação, pois permitiu-nos não só solidificar os conhecimentos lecionados, como também pôr em prática a construção dos predicados assentes nos principais pilares de *Prolog*, a unificação, a recursividade e o *backtraking*.

6 Bibliografia

 $\boldsymbol{[1]}$ Clocksin, W. F.; Programming in prolog. ISBN: 0-387-58350-5

 $\cline{2}$ $\cline{Campo Bello Game}$. Acedido em Outubro e Novembro de 2017. Disponível em http://www.campobellogame.com/blog/2016/9/27/the-campo-bello-story-tuesday-august-2-2016

 ${\bf [3]} \, SWI\text{-}Prolog.$ Acedido em Outubro e Novembro de 2017. Disponível em
http://www.swi-prolog.org/

7 Anexos

Anexo I

Ficheiro "campoBello.pl"

```
1 :- include('gameLogic.pl').
2 :- include('menus.pl').
3 :- include('displayBoard.pl').
4 :- include('utilities.pl').
5 :- include('validateMoves.pl').
6 :- include('levelDifficulty.pl').
7
8 campoBello :- mainMenu.
```

Anexo II

Ficheiro "displayBoard.pl"

```
getSymbol(empty, ' ').
   getSymbol(pieceX1, 'X').
   getSymbol(pieceX2, 'X').
   getSymbol(pieceY1, 'Y').
   getSymbol(pieceY2, 'Y').
  getSymbol(noPiece, 'N').
   initialBoard([[empty,pieceX1,pieceX1,pieceX1,pieceX1,empty,
      empty,empty,empty],
   [empty,empty,pieceX1,pieceX1,pieceX1,empty,empty,empty,
      pieceY1],
   [empty,empty,empty,pieceX1,pieceX1,empty,empty,pieceY1,
      pieceY1],
   [empty,empty,empty,noPiece,empty,pieceY1,pieceY1,
11
      pieceY1],
   [pieceX2, pieceX2, pieceX2, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, pieceY1,
12
      pieceY1,pieceY1],
   [pieceX2, pieceX2, pieceX2, empty, noPiece, empty, empty, empty,
13
      empty],
   [pieceX2, pieceX2, empty, empty, pieceY2, pieceY2, empty, empty,
      empty],
   [pieceX2,empty,empty,empty,pieceY2,pieceY2,pieceY2,empty,
      empty],
   [empty , empty , empty , pieceY2 , pieceY2 , pieceY2 , pieceY2 , pieceY2 ,
16
      empty]]).
17
   finalBoard([[empty,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,empty,
18
      empty,empty,empty],
   [empty,empty,noPiece,noPiece,empty,empty,empty,
19
      noPiece],
   [empty,empty,empty,pieceX1,noPiece,empty,empty,noPiece,
      noPiece],
   [empty,empty,empty,pieceY1,empty,noPiece,noPiece,
      noPiece],
   [noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece,
22
      noPiece, noPiece],
   [noPiece, noPiece, pieceX2, empty, noPiece, empty, empty,
      empty],
```

```
[noPiece, noPiece, empty, empty, noPiece, noPiece, empty, empty,
       empty],
   [noPiece, empty, empty, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, empty,
25
       empty],
   [empty,empty,empty,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,
26
       empty]]).
27
   middleBoard([[empty,pieceX1,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,empty,
28
       empty,empty,empty],
   [empty,empty,noPiece,noPiece,pieceY2,empty,empty,empty,
       noPiece],
   [empty,empty,empty,pieceX1,noPiece,empty,empty,noPiece,
30
       noPiece],
   [empty,empty,empty,empty,pieceY1,empty,noPiece,noPiece,
31
       noPiece],
   [noPiece, pieceX1, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece,
32
       noPiece, noPiece],
   [noPiece, noPiece, pieceX2, empty, noPiece, empty, empty, empty,
       empty],
   [noPiece, noPiece, empty, empty, pieceY2, noPiece, empty, empty,
       empty],
   [noPiece, empty, empty, noPiece, noPiece, noPiece, empty,
       empty],
   [empty,empty,empty,empty,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,noPiece,
36
       empty]]).
37
   printFinalBoard([L|Ls]):-
38
39
       nl,
       printLetters, nl,
40
       printBoard([L|Ls],0),
42
       printLine.
43
   printLetters:-write('
                                    В
                                          С
                                                D
                                                        Ε
                             Α
44
                      Ι').
          G
                H
45
   printSpaces:-write('
                              - 1
                                      - 1
                                            46
                 1').
47
48
   printBoard([],_).
   printBoard([L|Ls],Y) :-
             printLine, nl,
             printSpaces, nl,
51
52
             Y1 is Y+1,
             printFinalRow(L,Y1),nl,
53
             printSpaces, nl,
54
             printBoard(Ls,Y1).
55
56
   printFinalRow([X|Xs],Y):-
57
           write(Y),
58
           write(' |'), printRow([X|Xs]).
59
   printRow([X|Xs]):-
           getSymbol(X,Piece),
61
           write(' '), write(Piece), write(' | '),
62
           printRow(Xs).
63
64 printRow([]).
65 printLine:-write(')
```

-----').

Anexo III

Ficheiro "gameLogic.pl"

```
:-use_module(library(lists)).
   :-use_module(library(random)).
   :-use_module(library(system)).
  %Predicate responsible for the main game cycle
   play(Board) :- mode_game(Curr_mode),
  user_is(Curr_user),
   chooseSourceCoords(RowSource, ColSource, Board, Piece,
      AskForDestinyPiece),
  if_then_else(AskForDestinyPiece==0,
  chooseDestinyCoords (RowSource, ColSource, Board, Piece,
      BoardOut), duplicate(Board, BoardOut)), nl, nl,
if_then_else(Curr_mode == 2,
if_then_else(Curr_user == 'pcX', set_user_is('player'),
      set_user_is('pcX')),
if_then_else(Curr_mode == 3,
if_then_else(Curr_user == 'pcX', set_user_is('pcY'), set_user_is
      ('pcX')), true)),
15 level(Curr_level),
write(Curr_level),
if_then_else(endGame(BoardOut),(nl,write('End Game'),
      checkWinner(BoardOut)),play(BoardOut)),
   sleep(1).
18
   %Predicate responsible for choosing the origin coordinates
20
   chooseSourceCoords(RowSource, ColSource, Board, Piece,
      AskForDestinyPiece) :-
                              mode_game(Curr_mode),
user_is(Curr_user),
level(Curr_level),
if_then_else((Curr_mode == 1; Curr_user=='player'),
25 (AskForDestinyPiece is 0,
repeat,
player(Curr_player), nl,
  write('It is the turn of '),
if_then_else(Curr_mode==1,write(Curr_player),write(Curr_user
      )),
30 nl,
write('Please choose the piece that you want move:'), nl,
write('Please enter a position (A...I)'),nl,
getChar(ColLetter),
once(letterToNumber(ColLetter, ColSource)),
write('Please enter a position (1...9)'),
36 nl,
   getCode(RowSource),
   validateSourcePiece(ColSource, RowSource, Board, Piece),
   getPiece(Board, RowSource, ColSource, Piece)),
   (if_then_else(Curr_level==1,
   (if_then_else(Curr_user == 'pcX',
1 listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveX(FinalList, Board),
{\tt 11stOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveY(FinalList\,,Board))}\,,
1 length(FinalList, LengthOfList),
```

```
if_then_else(LengthOfList==0, AskForDestinyPiece is 1,
      AskForDestinyPiece is 0),
  random (0, LengthOfList, Index),
nthO(Index, FinalList, RowSource-ColSource),
getPiece (Board, RowSource, ColSource, Piece)),
49 (if_then_else(Curr_user == 'pcX',
1 listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveX(FinalList, Board),
1 listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveY(FinalList, Board)),
1 listOfBestMovements(ListOfBestMoves, Board),
nth0(0,ListOfBestMoves,Points-RowSource-ColSource))))),
nl,write('Row: '),write(RowSource),write(',Col: '),
  numberToLetter(ColSource, Letter), write(Letter), nl.
56
57
   %Predicate responsible for choosing the destiny coordinates
58
   chooseDestinyCoords(RowSource, ColSource, Board, Piece,
      BoardOut) :- mode_game(Curr_mode),
   user_is(Curr_user),
   level(Curr_level),
   if_then_else(areaX1(RowSource,ColSource),Area='areaX1',
   (if_then_else(areaX2(RowSource,ColSource),Area='areaX2',
   (if_then_else(areaY1(RowSource,ColSource),Area='areaY1',
   (if_then_else(areaY2(RowSource,ColSource),Area='areaY2',true
      ))))))),
  listOfValidDestinyMove(List,RowSource,ColSource,Area,Board),
      length(List, LengthOfList),
67 write(List),
if_then_else(LengthOfList\=0,
69 (if_then_else((Curr_mode == 1; Curr_user=='player'),
70 (repeat, nl,
vrite('What is the destiny of your piece?'),
72 nl,
write('Please enter a position (A...I)'),
74 nl,
getChar(ColLetter),
once(letterToNumber(ColLetter, ColDestiny)),
  write('Please enter a position (1...9)'),
78 nl,
   getCode(RowDestiny),
   validateDestinyPiece(ColSource,RowSource,ColDestiny,
      RowDestiny,Board,Piece,Area, BoardOut),
   player(Curr_player),
  if_then_else(Curr_player == 'playerX', set_player('playerY')
      ,set_player('playerX'))),
  (if_then_else(Curr_level==1,
84 (random(0,LengthOfList,Index),
nthO(Index,List,RowDestiny-ColDestiny),
  validateDestinyPiece(ColSource, RowSource, ColDestiny,
      RowDestiny, Board, Piece, Area, BoardOut)),
  (listOfBestMovements(ListOfBestMoves, Board),
  nth0(0,ListOfBestMoves,Points-RowDestiny-ColDestiny))))))
  if_then_else(Curr_player == 'playerX', set_player('playerY')
      ,set_player('playerX'))),nl,
90 write('List Of Possible Moves: '),
  write(List), write(' Row: '), write(RowDestiny), write(' Col:
   '),
```

```
numberToLetter(ColDestiny, Letter), write(Letter), nl.
   %Predicate that returns a list with parts that have possible
        moves
   listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveX(FinalList, Board):-
     saveElements(Board, 'pieceX1', List1),
95
     saveElements(Board, 'pieceX2', List2),
     append(List1, List2, ListOfDestiny),
      scrollList(ListOfDestiny, FinalList, Board).
   %Predicate that returns a list with parts that have possible
   listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveY(FinalList, Board):-
101
   saveElements(Board, 'pieceY1', List1),
102
   saveElements(Board, 'pieceY2', List2),
   append(List1, List2, ListOfDestiny),
104
   scrollList(ListOfDestiny, FinalList, Board).
105
106
   %Predicate that walks through a list filling them with
       positions that have possible moves.
   scrollList([],[],_).
   scrollList([Nrow-Ncol|Rest], FinalList, Board):-
if_then_else(areaX1(Nrow, Ncol), Area='areaX1',
   (if_then_else(areaX2(Nrow,Ncol),Area='areaX2',
(if_then_else(areaY1(Nrow,Ncol),Area='areaY1',
   (if_then_else(areaY2(Nrow, Ncol), Area='areaY2', Area='areaX1')
113
       )))))),
if_then_else(
(validateMovePC(Area, Ncol, Nrow, Col, Row, Board)),
118 (scrollList(Rest, List_Temp, Board), append(List_Temp, [Nrow-
       Ncol], FinalList)),
119
   % ELSE
   scrollList(Rest, FinalList, Board)).
120
   %Predicate that returns a list with valid target moves
   listOfValidDestinyMove(List,LastRow,LastCol,Area,Board) :-
123
   if_then_else(setof(Nrow-Ncol, validateMovePC(Area, LastCol,
       LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board), List), true,
   findall(Nrow-Ncol, validateMovePC(Area, LastCol, LastRow, Ncol,
       Nrow, Board), List)).
   %Predicate that checks which pieces the player can choose to
127
   validateSourcePiece(Ncol, Nrow, Board, Piece) :- getPiece(
      Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
user_is(Curr_user),
player(Curr_player),
mode_game(Curr_mode),
if_then_else(Curr_mode==1,if_then_else(Curr_player=='playerX
133 (Piece \= 'pieceY1',
Piece \= 'pieceY2'),
135 (Piece \= 'pieceX1',
Piece \= 'pieceX2')),
if_then_else(Curr_user='pcX',
```

```
(Piece \= 'pieceY1',
   Piece \= 'pieceY2'),
139
   (Piece \= 'pieceX1',
   Piece \= 'pieceX2'))),
   Piece \= 'empty',
142
   Piece \= 'noPiece'.
144
   %Predicate that verifies the valid movements
   validateDestinyPiece(LastCol, LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board, Piece,
       Area, BoardOut) :- if_then_else((Piece == 'pieceX1'; Piece == '
       pieceX2'),
   checkIfCanMoveX(Ncol, Nrow, LastCol, LastRow, Board, Piece,
       BoardOut, Area),
    checkIfCanMoveY(Ncol, Nrow, LastCol, LastRow, Board, Piece,
148
       BoardOut, Area)).
149
   %Predicate that the piece to which it jumped is a noPiece
150
       and in case it is asked to jump again.
    checkIfIsNotNoPiece(Board, BoardOut, LastColPiece, LastRowPiece
        ,Row,Col,FinalRow,FinalCol,Piece,Area,NewContinue):-
       repeat,
    chooseNewJump(Board, BoardOut, LastColPiece, LastRowPiece, Row,
       Col, FinalRow, FinalCol, Piece, Area, NewContinue),
   if_then_else(NewContinue \= 1,
    (getPiece(BoardOut, FinalRow, FinalCol, SecondPiece),
155
   SecondPiece \= 'noPiece'), true).
   %Predicate that calls the function responsible for printing
157
       the board after a new jump.
   printBoardAfterJump(Row,Col,LastRow,LastCol,Board,BoardOut,
       Piece) :- setPiece(Board, LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece',
       BoardOut2),
   setPiece(BoardOut2,Row,Col,Piece,BoardOut),
   printFinalBoard(BoardOut), nl.
160
161
   %Predicate that checks if it did not jump to the same piece
162
       in the same movement.
    checkIfIsNotRedo(LastColPiece, LastRowPiece, ColPiece, RowPiece
       ):-LastColPiece == ColPiece,
   LastRowPiece == RowPiece.
   %Predicate responsible for executing all rules of the game
       for player X, namely when the user can make single,
       double or triple jumps, validating them.
   checkIfCanMoveX(Ncol,Nrow,LastCol,LastRow,Board,Piece,
       BoardOut.Area) :-
   validateMove(Area, LastCol, LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board),
168
   getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, NewPiece),
   if_then_else((NewPiece == 'noPiece'),
    (printBoardAfterJump(Nrow, Ncol, LastRow, LastCol, Board,
       BoardOut2, Piece), (chooseNewJump(BoardOut2, BoardOut3,
       LastCol, LastRow, Nrow, Ncol, Row, Col, Piece, Area, Continue),
172
   if_then_else(Continue = 1, (getPiece(Board, Row, Col, Piece2),
if_then_else(areaX1(Row,Col),Area2='areaX1',
   (if_then_else(areaX2(Row,Col),Area2='areaX2',
   (if_then_else(areaY1(Row,Col),Area2='areaY1',
```

```
(if_then_else(areaY2(Row,Col),Area2='areaY2',Area2=Area)))))
       )),
   if_then_else(Piece2 == 'noPiece', (checkIfIsNotNoPiece(
       BoardOut3, BoardOut4, Ncol, Nrow, Row, Col, FinalRow, FinalCol,
       SecondPiece, Area2, NewContinue),
   if_then_else(NewContinue \= 1,
   (if_then_else(areaX1(FinalRow,FinalCol),Area3='areaX1',
   (if_then_else(areaX2(FinalRow, FinalCol), Area3='areaX2',
   (if_then_else(areaY1(FinalRow,FinalCol),Area3='areaY1',
   (if_then_else(areaY2(FinalRow,FinalCol),Area3='areaY2',Area3
       =Area2))))))),
    (if_then_else((SecondPiece == 'pieceY1'; SecondPiece == 'pieceY2')
       ),
    (choosePieceToRemove(BoardOut4, BoardOut5),
184
    setPiece(BoardOut5,FinalRow,FinalCol,Piece,BoardOut6),
185
       setPiece(BoardOut6, FinalRow, FinalCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut))
        ,(validateMove(Area3, Col, Row, FinalCol, FinalRow,
       BoardOut4),
    setPiece(BoardOut4,FinalRow,FinalCol,Piece,BoardOut))))),
       duplicate(BoardOut4, BoardOut))),
    (if_then_else((Piece2=='pieceY1';Piece2=='pieceY2'),
    (choosePieceToRemove(BoardOut3, BoardOut4),
   setPiece(BoardOut4,Row,Col,Piece,BoardOut)),(setPiece(
       BoardOut3,Row,Col,Piece,BoardOut))))),duplicate(
       BoardOut3,BoardOut)))),
    (if_then_else((NewPiece=='pieceY1'; NewPiece=='pieceY2'), (
190
       validateMove(Area, LastCol, LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board),
    choosePieceToRemove(Board, BoardOut2),setPiece(BoardOut2,
       LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut3), setPiece (BoardOut3,
       Nrow, Ncol, Piece, BoardOut)),
    (validateMove(Area, LastCol, LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board),
       setPiece(Board, LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut2),
   setPiece(BoardOut2,Nrow,Ncol,Piece,BoardOut))))),
   printFinalBoard(BoardOut).
194
195
   %Predicate responsible for executing all rules of the game
       for player Y, namely when the user can make single,
       double or triple jumps, validating them.
197
    checkIfCanMoveY(Ncol,Nrow,LastCol,LastRow,Board,Piece,
       BoardOut, Area) :-
    validateMove(Area, LastCol, LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board),
    getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, NewPiece),
   if_then_else((NewPiece == 'noPiece'),
    (printBoardAfterJump(Nrow, Ncol, LastRow, LastCol, Board,
       BoardOut2, Piece), (chooseNewJump(BoardOut2, BoardOut3,
       LastCol, LastRow, Nrow, Ncol, Row, Col, Piece, Area, Continue),
   if_then_else(Continue \= 1, (getPiece(Board, Row, Col, Piece2),
202
   if_then_else(areaX1(Row,Col),Area2='areaX1',
   (if_then_else(areaX2(Row,Col),Area2='areaX2',
   (if_then_else(areaY1(Row,Col),Area2='areaY1',
   (if_then_else(areaY2(Row,Col),Area2='areaY2',Area2=Area)))))
       )),
   if_then_else(Piece2=='noPiece',(checkIfIsNotNoPiece(
207
       BoardOut3, BoardOut4, Ncol, Nrow, Row, Col, FinalRow, FinalCol,
       SecondPiece, Area2, NewContinue),
   if_then_else(NewContinue \= 1,
```

```
(if_then_else(areaX1(FinalRow,FinalCol),Area3='areaX1',
    (if_then_else(areaX2(FinalRow,FinalCol),Area3='areaX2',
    (if_then_else(areaY1(FinalRow,FinalCol),Area3='areaY1',
    (if_then_else(areaY2(FinalRow,FinalCol),Area3='areaY2',Area3
       =Area2))))))),
    (if_then_else((SecondPiece == 'pieceX1'; SecondPiece == 'pieceX2'
       ).
    (choosePieceToRemove(BoardOut4, BoardOut5),
    setPiece(BoardOut5,FinalRow,FinalCol,Piece,BoardOut6),
       setPiece(BoardOut6,FinalRow,FinalCol,'noPiece',BoardOut))
        ,(validateMove(Area3, Col, Row, FinalCol, FinalRow,
       BoardOut4),
    setPiece(BoardOut4,FinalRow,FinalCol,Piece,BoardOut))))),
       duplicate(BoardOut3, BoardOut))),
    (if_then_else((Piece2=='pieceX1';Piece2=='pieceX2'),
217
    (choosePieceToRemove(BoardOut3, BoardOut4),
218
    setPiece(BoardOut4, Row, Col, Piece, BoardOut)),(setPiece(
       BoardOut3,Row,Col,Piece,BoardOut))))),duplicate(
       BoardOut2,BoardOut)))),
    (if_then_else((NewPiece=='pieceX1'; NewPiece=='pieceX2'), (
       validateMove(Area, LastCol, LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board),
    choosePieceToRemove(Board, BoardOut2),setPiece(BoardOut2,
       LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut3), setPiece (BoardOut3,
       Nrow,Ncol,Piece,BoardOut)),
    (validateMove(Area, LastCol, LastRow, Ncol, Nrow, Board),
       setPiece(Board, LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut2),
    setPiece(BoardOut2, Nrow, Ncol, Piece, BoardOut))))),
   printFinalBoard(BoardOut).
   %Predicate responsible for requesting a new leap to the
       player when a "noPiece" part is found
    chooseNewJump(Board, BoardOut, LastColPiece, LastRowPiece,
       LastRow, LastCol, Row, Col, Piece, Area, Continue) :-
    if_then_else(areaX1(LastRow, LastCol), AreaDestiny='areaX1',
228
    (if_then_else(areaX2(LastRow,LastCol),AreaDestiny='areaX2',
    (if_then_else(areaY1(LastRow,LastCol),AreaDestiny='areaY1',
    (if_then_else(areaY2(LastRow,LastCol),AreaDestiny='areaY2',
       AreaDestiny=Area))))))),
    mode_game(Curr_mode),
    user_is(Curr_user),
   listOfValidDestinyMove(List, LastRow, LastCol, AreaDestiny,
       Board),length(List,LengthOfList),
   if_then_else(LengthOfList \= 0,
   if_then_else((Curr_mode == 1; Curr_user=='player'),
   (repeat,nl,write('You need jump one more time!'),
237
238 nl.
   write('Please enter a position (A...I)'),
239
240 nl.
getChar(ColLetter),
once(letterToNumber(ColLetter, Col)),
write('Please enter a position (1...9)'),
244 nl,
    getCode(Row),
245
   if_then_else(checkIfIsNotRedo(LastColPiece,LastRowPiece,Col,
246
       Row),
   if_then_else(LengthOfList == 1, (write('Cant move to this Piece
```

```
<sup>,</sup>),
   Continue is 1, setPiece (Board, LastRowPiece, LastColPiece, Piece
       ,BoardOut2),
    getPiece(Board, Row, Col, PieceChoosen), setPiece(BoardOut2, Row,
       Col, PieceChoosen, BoardOut)),
    (Continue is 0,
    chooseNewJump(Board, BoardOut, LastColPiece, LastRowPiece,
251
       LastRow, LastCol, Row, Col, Piece, Area, Continue))),
    (Continue is 0,
   validateMove(AreaDestiny, LastCol, LastRow, Col, Row, Board),
   setPiece(Board, Row, Col, Piece, BoardOut2),
   setPiece(BoardOut2, LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut),
   (nl,write('List Of Possible Moves: '),write(List),
   write(' Row: '), write(Row), write(' Col: '), write(Col),
257
    printFinalBoard(BoardOut))))),
    (nl,write('Row: '),write(LastRow),write(' Col: '),write(
       LastCol), nl,
    nl,write('Lista: '),write(List),
    if_then_else(checkIfIsNotRedo(LastColPiece,LastRowPiece,Col,
       Row),
    if_then_else(LengthOfList == 1, (write('Cant move to this Piece
       <sup>,</sup>),
263 Continue is 1, duplicate(Board, BoardOut),
   printFinalBoard(BoardOut)),
   (Continue is 0,
                      random(0,LengthOfList,Index),
nthO(Index, List, Row-Col),
setPiece(Board, Row, Col, Piece, BoardOut2),
setPiece(BoardOut2, LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut),
269 nl, write('List Of Possible Moves: '), write(List),
write(' Row: '), write(Row), write(' Col: '), write(Col),
271 printFinalBoard(BoardOut))),
(Continue is 0,
random(0, LengthOfList, Index),
nthO(Index, List, Row-Col),
setPiece(Board, Row, Col, Piece, BoardOut2),
setPiece(BoardOut2, LastRow, LastCol, 'noPiece', BoardOut),
277 nl, write('List Of Possible Moves: '), write(List),
   write(' Row: '), write(Row), write(' Col: '), write(Col),
   printFinalBoard(BoardOut))))),
    (write('Without Possible Moves!'),
    duplicate (Board, BoardOut),
    printFinalBoard(BoardOut))).
283
284
285
    %Predicate responsible for asking the user which part of the
286
        board he wants to remove
   choosePieceToRemove(Board, BoardOut) :-mode_game(Curr_mode),
   user_is(Curr_user),
289 player (Curr_player),
if_then_else((Curr_mode == 1; Curr_user == 'player'),
(repeat, nl, write ('What is the piece that you want remove?')
292 nl,
_{293} write('Please enter a position (A...I)'),
294 nl,
```

```
getChar(ColLetter),
        once(letterToNumber(ColLetter, Col)),
        write('Please enter a position (1...9)'),
297
298 nl.
299 getCode(Row),
if_then_else(Curr_mode==1,
if_then_else(Curr_player == 'player X',
checkIfCanRemoveX(Board, Col, Row),
checkIfCanRemoveY(Board, Col, Row)),
if_then_else(Curr_user == 'pcX',
checkIfCanRemoveX(Board, Col, Row),
checkIfCanRemoveY(Board, Col, Row)))),
        (if_then_else(Curr_user == 'pcX',
307
        listOfPiecesThatCanRemoveX(Board, List),
308
        listOfPiecesThatCanRemoveY(Board, List)),
309
       length(List, LengthOfList),
310
        random (0, LengthOfList, Index),
311
        nth0(Index,List,Row-Col))),
        setPiece(Board, Row, Col, 'noPiece', BoardOut).
        	exttt{\%Predicate} that returns a list of the parts that the X
               computer can remove
        listOfPiecesThatCanRemoveX(Board,List):-if_then_else(setof(
316
               Nrow-Ncol, checkIfCanRemoveX(Board, Ncol, Nrow), List), true,
        findall(Nrow-Ncol, checkIfCanRemoveX(Board, Ncol, Nrow), List)).
317
318
        %Predicate that returns a list of the parts that the X
319
               computer can remove
        listOfPiecesThatCanRemoveY(Board,List):-if_then_else(setof(
               Nrow-Ncol, checkIfCanRemoveY(Board, Ncol, Nrow), List), true,
        findall(Nrow-Ncol, checkIfCanRemoveY(Board, Ncol, Nrow), List)).
       	exttt{\%Predicate} that tests whether the piece chosen by player X
              to remove is one of his own pieces.
        checkIfCanRemoveX(Board, Col, Row) :- getPiece(Board, Row,
               Col, NewPiece),
        NewPiece \= 'empty',
325
        NewPiece \= 'pieceY1',
        NewPiece \= 'pieceY2'
        NewPiece \= 'noPiece'.
        \mbox{\ensuremath{\$}Predicate} that tests whether the piece chosen by player X
               to remove is one of his own pieces.
        checkIfCanRemoveY(Board, Col, Row) :- getPiece(Board, Row,
331
               Col, NewPiece),
        NewPiece \= 'empty',
332
        NewPiece \= 'pieceX1',
333
        NewPiece \= 'pieceX2',
334
        NewPiece \= 'noPiece'.
335
336
        %Predicate that returns the part in a given row and column.
        getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece) :- getElement(Board, Nrow
                ,Ncol,Piece).
339
       \mbox{\ensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath{\upensuremath}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}} } } } } }
        updates the new board.
```

```
setPiece(BoardIn, Nrow, Ncol, Piece, BoardOut) :- setOnRow(
       Nrow, BoardIn, Ncol, Piece, BoardOut).
342
   %Predicate that changes the part on the board in a certain
343
   setOnRow(1, [Row|Remainder], Ncol, Piece, [Newrow|Remainder
       ]):- setOnCol(Ncol, Row, Piece, Newrow).
   setOnRow(Pos, [Row|Remainder], Ncol, Piece, [Row|
       Newremainder]):- Pos @> 1,
Next is Pos-1,
   setOnRow(Next, Remainder, Ncol, Piece, Newremainder).
   %Predicate that changes the part on the board in a given
   setOnCol(1, [_|Remainder], Piece, [Piece|Remainder]).
349
   setOnCol(Pos, [X|Remainder], Piece, [X|Newremainder]):- Pos
350
       @> 1,
   Next is Pos-1,
   setOnCol(Next, Remainder, Piece, Newremainder).
   %Predicate that does an if than else
   if_then_else(If, Then,_):- If,!, Then.
   if_then_else(_, _, Else):- Else.
   %Predicate that returns the element that is contained in the
357
        tray in a given column and row.
   getElement(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Element) :- nth1(Nrow, Board, Row
358
   nth1 (Ncol, Row, Element).
360
361 %Predicate that checks if is in area X1
areaX1(Nrow,Ncol):- (Ncol@>1,
363 Ncol@<6,
Nrow@>0,
365 Nrow@<5).
%Predicate that checks if is in area X2
   areaX2(Nrow, Ncol):- (Ncol@>0,
367
   Ncol@<5,
368
   Nrow@>4,
369
   Nrow@<9).
   %Predicate that checks if is in area Y1
   areaY1(Nrow, Ncol):- (Ncol@>5,
374 Ncol@<10,
   Nrow@>1,
375
   Nrow@<6).
376
377
378 %Predicate that checks if is in area Y2
areaY2(Nrow, Ncol):-(Ncol@>4,
380 Ncol@<9,
381 Nrow@>5,
   Nrow@<10).
%Predicate that checks if is the area of playerX
areaX(Nrow, Ncol):- (Ncol@>1,
386 Ncol@<6,
387 Nrow@>0,
388 Nrow@<5);
```

```
(Ncol@>0,
389
    Ncol@<5.
390
    Nrow@>4.
391
    Nrow@<9).
392
393
    %Predicate that checks if is the area of playerY
394
    areaY(Nrow, Ncol):- (Ncol@>5,
395
    Ncol@<10,
    Nrow@>1,
    Nrow@<6);
    (Ncol@>4,
    Ncol@<9.
400
    Nrow@>5.
401
    Nrow@<10).
402
403
    %Predicate thata does a list with the pieces of the player
404
    saveElements(Board, 'pieceX1', List):- if_then_else(setof(Nrow
405
        -Ncol, getElement (Board, Nrow, Ncol, 'pieceX1'), List),
    true , findall (Nrow-Ncol , getElement (Board , Nrow , Ncol , 'pieceX1')
        ,List)).
    saveElements(Board, 'pieceX2', List): - if_then_else(setof(Nrow
       -Ncol, getElement (Board, Nrow, Ncol, 'pieceX2'), List),
    true,findall(Nrow-Ncol,getElement(Board,Nrow,Ncol,'pieceX2')
408
        ,List)).
    saveElements(Board, 'pieceY1', List):- if_then_else(setof(Nrow
409
       -Ncol, getElement (Board, Nrow, Ncol, 'pieceY1'), List),
    true , findall (Nrow - Ncol , getElement (Board , Nrow , Ncol , 'pieceY1')
410
        ,List)).
    saveElements(Board, 'pieceY2', List): - if_then_else(setof(Nrow
       -Ncol, getElement (Board, Nrow, Ncol, 'pieceY2'), List),
    true,findall(Nrow-Ncol,getElement(Board,Nrow,Ncol,'pieceY2')
        ,List)).
413
    %Predicatethat checks which area the piece is in and
414
       calculate the points
    getNrowNcol([],PointsXIn,PointsXOut,'playerX').
415
    getNrowNcol([],PointsYIn,PointsYOut,'playerY').
416
    getNrowNcol([Nrow-Ncol|Rest],PointsXIn,PointsXOut,'playerX')
    if_then_else(areaX(Nrow,Ncol),PointsXOut is PointsXIn+3,
    PointsXOut is PointsXIn+1), nl,
    getNrowNcol(Rest,PointsXOut,PointsXOutNew,'playerX').
    getNrowNcol([Nrow-Ncol|Rest], PointsYIn, PointsYOut, 'playerY')
    if_then_else(areaY(Nrow, Ncol), PointsYOut is PointsYIn+3,
422
    PointsYOut is PointsYIn+1),
    getNrowNcol(Rest,PointsYOut,PointsYOutNew,'playerY').
424
425
    %Predicate that checks if the playerX has pieces on the
426
    checkIfExistsPiecesX(Board) :- saveElements(Board, 'pieceX1',
       List),
428
    saveElements(Board, 'pieceX2', List2),
    append(List, List2, FinalList),
   length(FinalList, LengthOfFinalList),
if_then_else(LengthOfFinalList == 0, fail, true).
```

```
432
   %Predicate that checks if the playerY has pieces on the
433
       board
   checkIfExistsPiecesY(Board) :- saveElements(Board,'pieceY1')
434
       ,List),
   saveElements(Board, 'pieceY2', List2),
435
   append(List, List2, FinalList),
   length(FinalList, LengthOfFinalList),
   if_then_else(LengthOfFinalList == 0, fail, true).
439
440
   %Predicate that checks if is the end of the game
   endGame(Board) :- listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveX(FinalList
       , Board),
   length(FinalList, LengthOfFinalList),
442
   listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveY(FinalList2, Board),
443
   length(FinalList2, LengthOfFinalList2),
   (if_then_else(checkIfExistsPiecesY(Board), fail, true);
   if_then_else(checkIfExistsPiecesX(Board),fail,true);
   if_then_else(LengthOfFinalList==0,true,fail);
   if_then_else(LengthOfFinalList2==0,true,fail)).
   %Predicate that calculates the points of each player
450
   calculatePoints(Board, PointsX, PointsY):- saveElements(Board,
451
       'pieceX1',List),
saveElements(Board, 'pieceX2', List2),
append(List, List2, FinalListX),
getNrowNcol(FinalListX, 0, PointsX, 'playerX'),
length(FinalListX, LengthOfFinalListX),
if_then_else(LengthOfFinalListX==0,PointsX is 0,true),
saveElements(Board, 'pieceY1', List3),
saveElements(Board,'pieceY2',List4),
append(List3,List4,FinalListY),
getNrowNcol(FinalListY, 0, PointsY, 'playerY'),
   length(FinalListY, LengthOfFinalListY),
462 if_then_else(LengthOfFinalListY == 0, PointsY is 0, true),
463
   nl,
   write('Points of playerX:'), write(PointsX),nl,
464
   write('Points of playerY:'), write(PointsY), nl.
   %Predicate that checks the winner of the game
   checkWinner(Board) :- calculatePoints(Board,PointsX,PointsY)
   if_then_else(PointsX@>PointsY, write('The winner is PlayerY')
       ,write('The winner is PlayerX')).
```

Anexo IV

Ficheiro "levelDisfficulty.pl"

```
%Predicate that calculates the player's points through the
    received board

2 evaluateBoards(Board,Points):-user_is(Curr_user),

3 if_then_else(Curr_user=='pcX',

4 (saveElements(Board,'pieceX1',List),

5 saveElements(Board,'pieceX2',List2),

6 append(List,List2,FinalList),

7 getNrowNcol(FinalList,O,Points,'playerX')),
```

```
(saveElements(Board, 'pieceY1', List),
   saveElements(Board, 'pieceY2', List2),
10
   append(List, List2, FinalList),
   getNrowNcol(FinalList, 0, Points, 'playerY'))).
12
   %Instance Nrow e Ncol
  is_member([],_,_).
   is_member([Nrow-Ncol|Rest],Row,Col):-if_then_else((Row ==
      Nrow,Col == Ncol),true,is_member(Rest,Row,Col)).
17
   %Predicate that makes a list with the best plays,
      increasingly ordered by the number of points of each
      player
   listOfBestMovements(FinalList, Board):-
19
     user_is(Curr_user),
20
     setof(Points-Nrow-Ncol,(
21
     if_then_else(Curr_user == 'pcX',
     listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveX(List,Board),
     listOfPiecesThatHasPossibleMoveY(List, Board)),
     is_member(List, Nrow, Ncol),
     if_then_else(areaX1(Nrow, Ncol), Area='areaX1',
     (if_then_else(areaX2(Nrow, Ncol), Area='areaX2',
27
     (if_then_else(areaY1(Nrow,Ncol),Area='areaY1',
28
     (if_then_else(areaY2(Nrow, Ncol), Area='areaY2', Area='areaX1
29
         '))))))), write(Nrow), write(Ncol),
     validateMovePC(Area, Ncol, Nrow, Col, Row, Board), getPiece(
         Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
     setPiece(Board, Col, Row, Piece, BoardOut2), setPiece(BoardOut2
         ,Nrow,Ncol,'noPiece',BoardOut),
     evaluateBoards(BoardOut,Points)),FinalList).
```

Anexo V

Ficheiro "menus.pl"

```
printMainMenu:-
  nl, nl, nl,
  write('
      '),nl,
  write('
      |',),<mark>nl</mark>,
  write('
      |',),<mark>nl</mark>,
  write('
      |'),nl,
  write('
      |'),nl,
  write('
      '),<mark>nl</mark>,
                   write('
```

```
| | __ | | ___| | | | | | | | __ | |'),nl
   10
   11
   12
   write('
           13
      ____|
      ),<mark>nl</mark>,
   write('
14
     |'),nl,
           1
   write('
     |'),nl,
           write('
                              Francisca Leao
16
                                        |')
     Cerquinho Ribeiro da Fonseca
     ,nl,
         1
   write('
17
     Mariana Lopes Silva
     |'),<mark>nl</mark>,
   write('
18
    |'),nl,
   write('
19
   |'),nl,
write(' |
                                  1.Start
20
     Game Player vs Player
                                       |')
     ,nl,
21
   write('
   |'),nl,
write(' |
                                    2.Start
22
     Game PC vs Player
                                     |'),
     nl,
   nl,
write(' |
23
   |'),nl,
write(' |
                                     3.Start
24
     Game PC vs PC
                                      |'),nl
   write('
   |'),nl,
write(' |
                                       4.
                                       |'),
     Set Difficulty
   nl,
write(' |
27
  |'),nl,
```

```
write('
                                                          5.
28
       How to Play
                                                         |'),
       nl,
     write('
29
       |'),nl,
     write('
                                                 6.Exit
                                                 |'),<mark>nl</mark>,
    write('
                  - 1
31
        |'),nl,
    write('
32
        |'),nl,
     write('
33
        , ), nl, nl, nl, nl,
     write('
                                                     Choose an
                                                       ,),
        option, please!
        nl, nl, nl, nl.
35
36
     printHowToPlayMenu:-
37
      nl,nl,nl,
38
      write('
39
          '),nl,
       write('
                     \perp
         |'),nl,
       write('
41
          |',),nl,
       write('
42
         |'),nl,
       write('
43
                                        |',),nl,
                                        -1 1 1 1
       write('
                        I = I
                                        . 1 1
                                      |',),nl,
                                       | | | | | | |
       write('
                     \perp
45
          1 1_ ___
                    | |_/ / | __ _
          ),nl,
       write('
46
          | __/ _ | | __/| |/ _' | | |
          ),<mark>nl</mark>,
       write('
                                        | || (_) | | | | | (_| | |_| |
                                                            1,
          ),nl,
       write('
                    - 1
                                     |_| |_/|__/ |_/|_/
48
           | __|__/ |_| |_||__,_||__, |
          '),nl,
       write('
49
```

```
__/ |
                                    |'),nl,
                       Τ
       write('
50
           1___/
                                    |'),nl,
       write('
                       \perp
51
           |'),nl,
                            In this game, each player tries to
       write('
                      - 1
           remove as much as possible from their of the board. |
                       |In turn, the player must jump with his
       write('
53
           piece to another and if the piece that jumped is one
           '),<u>nl</u>,
       write('
                       of yours, you should remove it from the
54
           game. Otherwise, if it is one of the adversaries, |'
           ), nl,
                       |then you can remove any of your pieces
       write('
           ohe board (including the one used in the jump).
           '),<mark>nl</mark>,
       write('
                       -1
                           Each player can "chain" up to 3
56
           jumps with the same piece of but you can not jump
           over |'),nl,
                   |it twice. The piece with which the
       write('
57
           player jumps can not occupy the same space during the
             |'),nl,
       write('
                       |same move. If not can jump, the player
58
           can ignore his turn. The game ends when a player has!
                      |no more pieces on the board or no player
       write('
           can make a real leap.
           ),<mark>nl</mark>,
       write('
                      At the end of the game, each player
60
           gets 1 point for each of their pieces out of your |'
           ), nl,
       write('
                       |starting area and 3 points for each
61
           piece that is in your area of match. The player with
             |'),<mark>nl</mark>,
       write('
                       | the lowest number of points wins.
62
           |',),<mark>nl</mark>,
       write('
                       Τ
63
           |'),nl,
       write('
64
           |'),nl,
       write('
                                                       0. Back
                                                       |',),<mark>nl</mark>,
       write('
                       Т
           | '),nl,nl,nl,nl.
67
       printSetLevelMenu:-
68
         nl, nl, nl,
69
```

```
write('
70
               '),<mark>nl</mark>,
           write('
71
              |'),nl,
           write('
               |'),nl,
           write('
                                                             Please
               choose the level of the Game:
                                            |'),<mark>nl</mark>,
           write('
74
               |'),nl,
           write('
75
                                                          1. Normal
               Difficulty
                                                               |'),nl,
           write('
                                                          2. Hard
               Difficulty
                                                                |',),nl,
           write('
77
              |',),<mark>nl</mark>,
           write('
78
               |'),nl,
           write('
79
               | '),nl,nl,nl,nl.
80
           mainMenu :- printMainMenu,
81
           now(X), setrand(X),
82
           read(Input),
83
           set_mode_game(Input),
84
           readInput(Input).
85
86
87
           readInput(0) :- mainMenu.
88
           readInput(1) :- initialBoard(Board),printFinalBoard(
              Board),
           play(Board),
90
           mainMenu.
91
92
           readInput(2) :- initialBoard(Board), printFinalBoard(
93
              Board),
           set_user_is('pcX'),
94
           play(Board),
95
           {\tt mainMenu}.
96
97
           readInput(3) :- initialBoard(Board), printFinalBoard(
              Board),
           set_user_is('pcX'),
99
           play(Board),
100
           mainMenu.
101
102
```

```
readInput(4) :- printSetLevelMenu,
103
           read(Input),
104
           readInput2(Input).
105
106
           readInput2(1) :- set_level(1),
107
           mainMenu.
108
109
           readInput2(2) :- set_level(2),
110
           mainMenu.
112
           readInput(5) :- printHowToPlayMenu,
113
           read(Input),
114
           readInput(Input).
115
116
           readInput(6) :- write('Exiting...').
117
```

Anexo VI

Ficheiro "utilities.pl"

```
%Predicate that read a char
   getChar(Input) :- get_char(_Input),
                      get_char(Input).
5 %Predicate that read a number
   getCode(Input) :- get_code(_TempInput),
                      get_code(TempInput),
                      Input is TempInput - 48.
10
   :-dynamic player/1.
11
   :-dynamic mode_game/1.
   :-dynamic user_is/1.
   :-dynamic level/1.
14
  mode_game(1).
15
   player(playerX).
16
  user_is(player).
17
  level(1).
18
19
  %Predicate that sets the player
20
  set_player(Player):-
    nonvar(Player),
     retract(player(_)),
23
24
     asserta(player(Player)).
25
^{26} %Predicate that sets the mode game
set_mode_game(Newmode):-
     nonvar (Newmode),
28
     integer(Newmode),
29
     retract(mode_game(_)),
30
     asserta (mode_game (Newmode)).
31
   %Predicate that sets the user
   set_user_is(NewPlayer):-
    nonvar(NewPlayer),
35
     retract(user_is(_)),
     asserta(user_is(NewPlayer)).
37
```

```
%Predicate that sets the level
39
   set_level(Level):-
40
       nonvar(Level),
41
       integer(Level),
42
       retract(level(_)),
43
       asserta(level(Level)).
44
45
   %Predicate that converts each letter into its respective
      number
       letterToNumber('A',1).
47
       letterToNumber('B',2).
48
       letterToNumber('C',3).
49
       letterToNumber('D',4).
50
       letterToNumber('E',5).
51
       letterToNumber('F',6).
52
       letterToNumber('G',7).
53
       letterToNumber('H',8).
       letterToNumber('I',9).
   %Predicate that converts each number into its respective
      letter
       numberToLetter(1,'A').
58
       numberToLetter(2,'B').
59
       numberToLetter(3,'C').
60
       numberToLetter (4, 'D').
61
       numberToLetter(5,'E').
62
       numberToLetter(6,'F').
63
       numberToLetter(7, 'G').
64
       numberToLetter(8,'H').
       numberToLetter(9,'I').
68 %Predicate copying one board to another
   duplicate(_Old,_New):-fail.
69
   duplicate(_Old,_Old).
```

Anexo VII

Ficheiro "validateMoves.pl"

```
%Predicate that validates the plays of the pc in the area X1
   validateMovePC('areaX1',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
      if_then_else(((LastCol==5, LastRow==3);(LastCol==5, LastRow
      ==4);(LastCol==5,LastRow==2)),
  (Nrow is LastRow+2,
  Ncol is LastCol),
  ((Ncol is LastCol+2,
   Nrow is LastRow+2,
   getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
   Piece \= 'empty');
   (Nrow is LastRow,
  Ncol is LastCol+2,
   getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
Piece \= 'empty');
  (Nrow is LastRow+2,
Ncol is LastCol,
  getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
```

```
Piece \= 'empty'))),
if_then_else((LastCol==4,LastRow==3),
18 (Nrow is LastRow+2,
Ncol is LastCol+2), true).
20 %Predicate that validates the plays of the pc in the area X2
   validateMovePC('areaX2',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
      if_then_else((LastCol==2, LastRow==5),
22 (Nrow is LastRow+2,
Ncol is LastCol;
24 (Nrow is LastRow,
Ncol is LastCol+2)),
26 ((Nrow is LastRow-2,
Ncol is LastCol+2,
getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
  Piece\='empty');
   (Nrow is LastRow,
30
Ncol is LastCol+2,
   getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
Piece \= 'empty');
  (Nrow is LastRow+2,
Ncol is LastCol,
   getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
Piece \= 'empty'))),
if_then_else((LastCol==3, LastRow==5),
40 (Nrow is LastRow,
Ncol is LastCol+2), true),
if_then_else((LastCol == 3, LastRow == 6),
44 (Nrow is LastRow-2,
Ncol is LastCol+2), true).
_{47} %Predicate that validates the plays of the pc in the area Y1
  validateMovePC('areaY1',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
      if_then_else(((LastCol==7,LastRow==5);(LastCol==8,LastRow
      ==5);(LastCol==6,LastRow==5)),
   (Ncol is LastCol-2,
49
   Nrow is LastRow),
   ((Ncol is LastCol-2,
Nrow is LastRow+2,
   getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
Piece \= 'empty');
55 (Ncol is LastCol,
Nrow is LastRow+2,
getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
Piece \= 'empty');
59 (Ncol is LastCol-2,
60 Nrow is LastRow,
getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
Piece \= 'empty'))),
if_then_else((LastCol==7,LastRow==4),
65 (Nrow is LastRow+2,
Ncol is LastCol-2), true).
^{68} %Predicate that validates the plays of the pc in the area Y2
```

```
validateMovePC('areaY2',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
      if_then_else(((LastCol==5,LastRow==8);(LastCol==5,LastRow
70
          ==7);(LastCol==5,LastRow==6)),
      (Ncol is LastCol,
71
      Nrow is LastRow-2),
72
      ((Ncol is LastCol-2,
73
      Nrow is LastRow-2,
74
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
75
      Piece\='empty');
76
      (Ncol is LastCol-2,
77
      Nrow is LastRow,
78
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
79
      Piece\='empty');
80
      (Ncol is LastCol,
81
      Nrow is LastRow-2,
82
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
83
      Piece \= 'empty'))),
84
      if_then_else((LastCol==6,LastRow==5),
      (Ncol is LastCol-2,
      Nrow is LastRow), true).
      %Predicate that validates the plays of the player in the
89
      validateMove('areaX1',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
90
          if_then_else(((LastCol == 5, LastRow == 3);(LastCol == 5,
          LastRow == 4); (LastCol == 5, LastRow == 2)),
      (RowTemp is LastRow+2,
      Nrow == RowTemp,
92
      Ncol == LastCol),
      ((ColTemp is LastCol+2,
      RowTemp is LastRow+2,
      Ncol == ColTemp,
      Nrow == RowTemp,
97
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
98
      Piece\='empty');
99
      (ColTemp is LastCol+2,
100
      Nrow == LastRow,
101
102
      Ncol == ColTemp,
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
      Piece\='empty');
      (RowTemp is LastRow+2,
      Nrow == RowTemp,
      Ncol == LastCol,
107
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
108
      Piece\='empty'))),
109
      if_then_else((LastCol==4,LastRow==3),
110
      (RowTemp is LastRow+2,
111
      ColTemp is LastCol+2,
112
      Nrow == RowTemp,
113
114
      Ncol == ColTemp), true).
115
116
      %Predicate that validates the plays of the player in the
          area X2
      validateMove('areaX2',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
117
          if_then_else((LastCol == 2, LastRow == 5),
      (RowTemp is LastRow+2,
118
```

```
Nrow == RowTemp,
119
      Ncol == LastCol;
120
      (ColTemp is LastCol+2,
121
      Nrow == LastRow,
122
      Ncol == ColTemp)),
123
      ((ColTemp is LastCol+2,
124
      RowTemp is LastRow-2,
125
      Nrow == RowTemp,
126
      Ncol == ColTemp,
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
128
      Piece\='empty');
129
      (ColTemp is LastCol+2,
130
      Nrow == LastRow,
131
      Ncol == ColTemp,
132
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
133
      Piece\='empty');
134
      (RowTemp is LastRow+2,
135
      Nrow == RowTemp,
136
      Ncol == LastCol,
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
      Piece\='empty'))),
139
140
      if_then_else((LastCol==3,LastRow==5),
141
      (ColTemp is LastCol+2,
142
      Nrow == LastRow,
143
      Ncol == ColTemp),true),
144
145
      if_then_else((LastCol==3, LastRow==6),
146
      (ColTemp is LastCol+2,
147
      RowTemp is LastRow-2,
149
      Nrow == RowTemp,
      Ncol == ColTemp), true).
150
151
      \mbox{\ensuremath{\upedskip} Predicate} that validates the plays of the player in the
152
          area Y1
      validateMove('areaY1',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
153
          if_then_else(((LastCol==7,LastRow==5);(LastCol==8,
          LastRow == 5); (LastCol == 6, LastRow == 5)),
154
      (ColTemp is LastCol-2,
      Ncol == ColTemp,
      Nrow == LastRow)
      ((ColTemp is LastCol-2,
      Ncol == ColTemp,
158
      RowTemp is LastRow+2,
159
      Nrow == RowTemp,
160
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
161
      Piece\='empty');
162
      (Ncol == LastCol,
163
      RowTemp is LastRow+2,
164
165
      Nrow == RowTemp,
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
      Piece\='empty');
167
168
      (ColTemp is LastCol-2,
      Ncol == ColTemp,
169
      Nrow == LastRow,
170
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
```

```
Piece\='empty'))),
172
173
      if_then_else((LastCol==7,LastRow==4),
174
      (RowTemp is LastRow+2,
175
      Nrow == RowTemp,
176
      ColTemp is LastCol-2,
177
      Ncol == ColTemp),true).
178
179
      \mbox{\ensuremath{\upedskip} Predicate} that validates the plays of the player in the
          area Y2
      validateMove('areaY2',LastCol,LastRow,Ncol,Nrow,Board) :-
181
           if_then_else(((LastCol==5,LastRow==8);(LastCol==5,
          LastRow == 7); (LastCol == 5, LastRow == 6)),
      (RowTemp is LastRow-2,
182
      Ncol == LastCol,
183
      Nrow == RowTemp),
184
      ((ColTemp is LastCol-2,
185
      RowTemp is LastRow-2,
186
      Ncol == ColTemp,
      Nrow == RowTemp,
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
      Piece\='empty');
190
      (ColTemp is LastCol-2,
191
      Ncol == ColTemp,
192
      Nrow == LastRow,
193
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
194
      Piece\='empty');
195
      (RowTemp is LastRow-2,
196
      Ncol == LastCol,
197
      Nrow == RowTemp,
      getPiece(Board, Nrow, Ncol, Piece),
199
      Piece\='empty'))),
200
201
      if_then_else((LastCol==6, LastRow==5),
202
      (ColTemp is LastCol-2,
203
      Ncol == ColTemp,
204
      Nrow == LastRow), true).
205
```