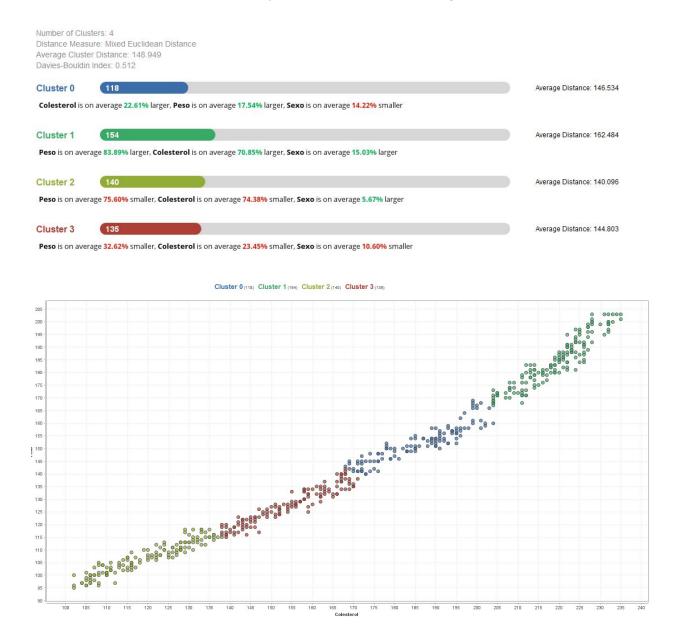
# Ejercicio 1

Los valores de los atributos parecen tener distribuciones aproximadamente uniformes, sin outliers.

Los resultados del k-means con k=4 y max runs=10 fueron los siguientes (sin normalizar):



## Ejercicio 2

3 experimentos con diferentes parametros para el DBSCAN:

## Parámetros por defecto:

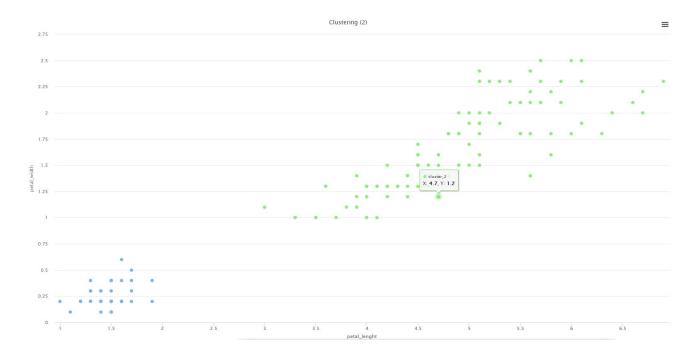
#### PerformanceVector:

Avg. within cluster distance: -76.595

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 0: unknown

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 1: -11.979

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 2: -108.902



### Resultado con epsilon=0.1:

### PerformanceVector:

Avg. within cluster distance: -145.440

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 0: -201.741

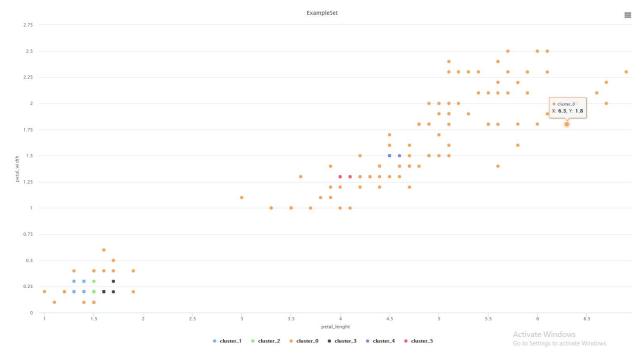
Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 1: -1.289

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 2: -0.171

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 3: -0.373

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 4: -0.167

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 5: -0.240



El epsilon pequeño hizo que los clusters sean muy pequeños y solo incluyan las observaciones que se encuentran extremadamente cerca entre ellas, dejando afuera como ruido a la gran mayoría de las observaciones del dataset.

### **Epsilon=0.2 y MinPoints=3:**

#### PerformanceVector:

Avg. within cluster distance: -21.597

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 0: -25.962

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 1: -11.979

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 2: -35.113

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 3: -6.505

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 4: -0.133

Avg. within cluster distance for cluster 5: -0.322

