

# Automate Alignment Documentation V2

## Table of Contents

<b>1</b>	<b><i>Introduction</i></b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b><i>The Montreal Forced Aligner</i></b>	<b>3</b>
2.1	Introduction	3
2.2	Out-Of-Vocabulary-Words (OOVs)	3
2.3	Running the Montreal Forced Aligner	4
2.3.1	Preparations	4
2.3.2	To generate acoustic model from pre-existing data	4
2.3.3	To generate a Textgrid file with an existing acoustic model	4
<b>3</b>	<b><i>Automate Alignment</i></b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	Introduction	5
3.2	GenerateLab.py	5
3.2.1	Introduction	5
3.2.2	Requirements	5
3.2.3	Running	6
3.3	GenerateDict.py	7
3.3.1	Introduction	7
3.3.2	Requirements	8
3.3.3	Running	8
3.4	MergeDict.py	8
3.4.1	Introduction	8
3.4.2	Requirements	9
3.4.3	Running	9
<b>4</b>	<b><i>Helper Functions</i></b>	<b>10</b>
4.1	Introduction	10
4.2	MergeOOV.py	10
4.2.1	Introduction	10
4.2.2	Requirements	10
4.2.3	Running	10
4.3	GenerateWav.py	11
4.3.1	Introduction	11
4.3.2	Requirements	11
4.3.3	Running	12
<b>5</b>	<b><i>Glossary</i></b>	<b>13</b>
<b>6</b>	<b><i>Additional Resources</i></b>	<b>13</b>
<b>7</b>	<b><i>Acknowledgements</i></b>	<b>13</b>

# 1 Introduction

This is a documentation for all the work that was done for the generation of Textgrid files from .wav and .txt files. This includes converting file types, how to use the Montreal Forced Aligner, as well as cleaning the raw data. Here, Montreal Forced Aligner (MFA) will be referred to but similar aligners relying on .lab and .wav files like the Prosodylab Forced Aligner may be used.

The scripts could be found at <https://github.com/Frank-XNS/AutomateAlignmentV2>.

This documentation was written by Sun Xiaonong, who was a research assistant with Dr Fatima Hamlaoui from 5<sup>th</sup> September to 22<sup>nd</sup> February. If you have any questions, feel free to reach out to me at [frankxns.sun@mail.utoronto.ca](mailto:frankxns.sun@mail.utoronto.ca).

## 2 The Montreal Forced Aligner

### 2.1 Introduction

The gist of the Montreal Forced Aligner (MFA) is that it is a Forced Alignment script that takes spoken dialogue (in the form of .wav files) and its annotations (in the form of .lab files) and produce a file (in the form of .textgrid) that matches each phoneme of each word specified in the annotation to the corresponding time that that phoneme is spoken in the dialogue. The .textgrid file will be used alongside the .wav file in a Phonetic Analysis program like PRAAT for linguistic studies.

In order to achieve this, the Montreal Forced Aligner requires three things

1. The folder containing the .lab and .wav file together, or the corpus dictionary.
2. The pronunciation dictionary. This maps the Grapheme to its corresponding phoneme. This could be custom or downloaded online. The online pronunciation dictionary primary used is the French Prosodylab dictionary, which can be found on <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/prosodylab/prosodylab.dictionaries/master/fr.dict>. However the pronunciation dictionary downloaded online is not complete, and OOVs can be used to expand the dictionary. See section 2.2 for more details.
3. The acoustic model. See Section 2.3.2 below for more details

In most cases, you will have .docx files but not .lab files, there are scripts provided to clean the data and also convert .docx to .lab files, please refer to section 3 for details on the scripts. For downloading, requirements and additional information for MFA, please visit the MFA website at <https://montreal-forced-aligner.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>

### 2.2 Out-Of-Vocabulary-Words (OOVs)

OOVs are words that are not currently in the pronunciation dictionary, and will be outputted by the MFA as a separate .txt file in the output path. There exists a script that generates a phonetic pronunciation of the words in the OOV file and also a script that combines the OOV file with a pre-existing dictionary to form a more complete dictionary. See section 3.3 and 3.4 for more information. As well, a helper function exists that combines

several OOVs into one without duplicates such that it is cleaner and easier to read. See section 4.2 for more information.

## 2.3 Running the Montreal Forced Aligner

### 2.3.1 Preparations

Before running the program, navigate into the MFA folder first in terminal as shown in Fig 1.

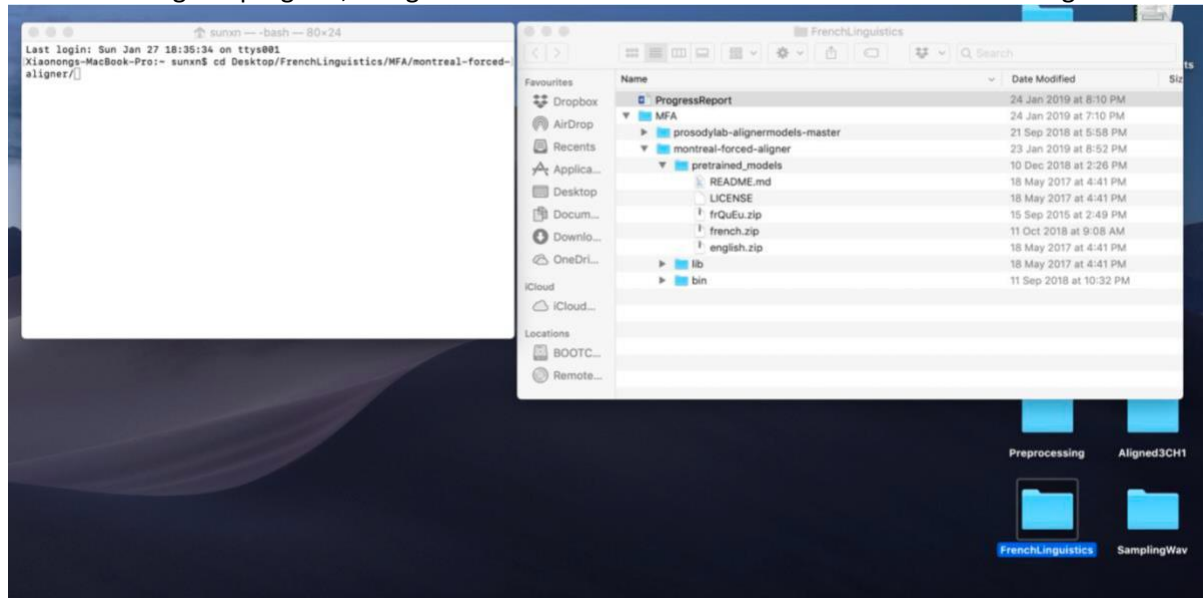


Fig 1. Navigation in the MFA

### 2.3.2 To generate acoustic model from pre-existing data

An acoustic model is something that maps a phoneme to a sound and is necessary for the MFA to work. However, the pre-existing models provided on the website does not work. The way to get around that is to generate an acoustic model manually using existing data. To do that, type the following into the command prompt

```
bin/mfa_train_and_align corpus_directory dictionary_path output_file -o path
```

Where the `corpus_directory` is the corpus dictionary (note: the `.wav` files have to have the same sampling rate, or else an error will be thrown), the `dictionary_path` is the path to where the pronunciation dictionary is kept, and the output file is the location of the folder of the output (the Textgrid and OOVs). The `-o path` is necessary if you want to generate an acoustic model, and a zip file containing the acoustic model is placed in the target folder path (`path`). If the “`-o path`” does not exist, `.textgrid` and OOVs will still be generated, but there will be no acoustic models.

### 2.3.3 To generate a Textgrid file with an existing acoustic model

If you already have an acoustic model and just want the `.textgrid` and OOV files, type the following into the command prompt

```
bin/mfa_align corpus_directory dictionary_path acoustic_model_path output_file
```

Where the `acoustic_model_path` is the path to the acoustic model, and the rest are the same as defined in Section 2.3.2.

### Caution

If you use an acoustic model that was generated using pre-existing data, when you run `mfa_align`, make sure you use the SAME dictionary that was used to generate that acoustic model, or else no Textgrid will be generated. This is also the reason why the acoustic models provided on the website does not work.

### 3 Automate Alignment

### 3.1 Introduction

The 3 scripts below has the combined purpose of reducing the manual workload in text-to-speech alignment when some words are not found in the dictionary being used. Starting from raw data (.docx file and a .wav file), the scripts are typically run in the following order:

GenerateLab.py -> GenerateDict.py -> MergeDict.py

## Notes

On all 3 scripts

In the following cases, an error message will be displayed and no file will be generated:

- A file or folder (e.g. the .docx file and the folder containing .wav files on step 1a) whose name was input does not exist.
- Any of the following characters was used to name a new file or folder:  
\\, /, :, \*, ?, ", <, >, |
- The name you entered for a new file or folder is already used.

### 3.2 GenerateLab.py

### 3.2.1 Introduction

GenerateLab.py serves to create .lab files from .wav files and a .docx file. The .lab files can then be used with the .wav files by running the MFA. This scripts also converts numbers found in the paragraphs into words as well as remove the symbols , : . - ' such that the MFA can recognize them.

### 3.2.2 Requirements

- Python 3 must be installed on your computer
- The .docx file, the folder containing the .wav files, and GenerateLab.py must be in the same folder
- The paragraphs in the .docx file must correspond to the .wav files

Note:

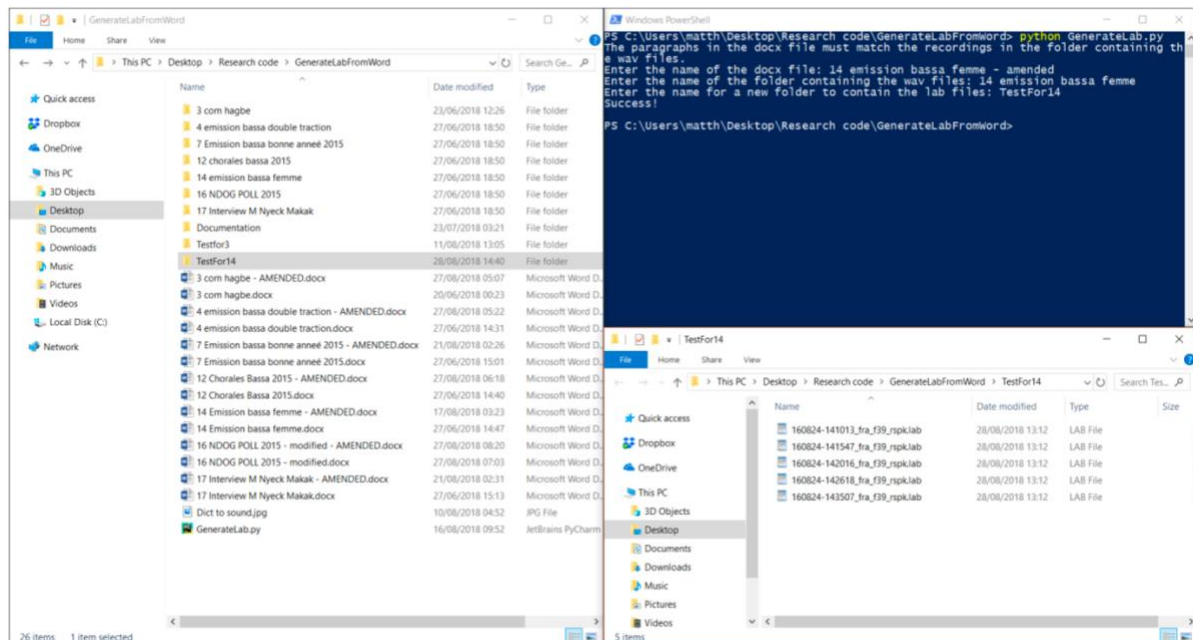
An error message will be displayed and no file will be generated if number of paragraphs in the .docx file is not equal to the number of .wav files.

Some people end their .docx files by pressing several times on the Enter/Return key, thus creating 'empty' paragraphs. This program ignores empty paragraphs I've been able to predict but should other types of empty paragraphs show up, the code will have to be updated. As of March 1st 2019, an empty paragraph is defined as any of:

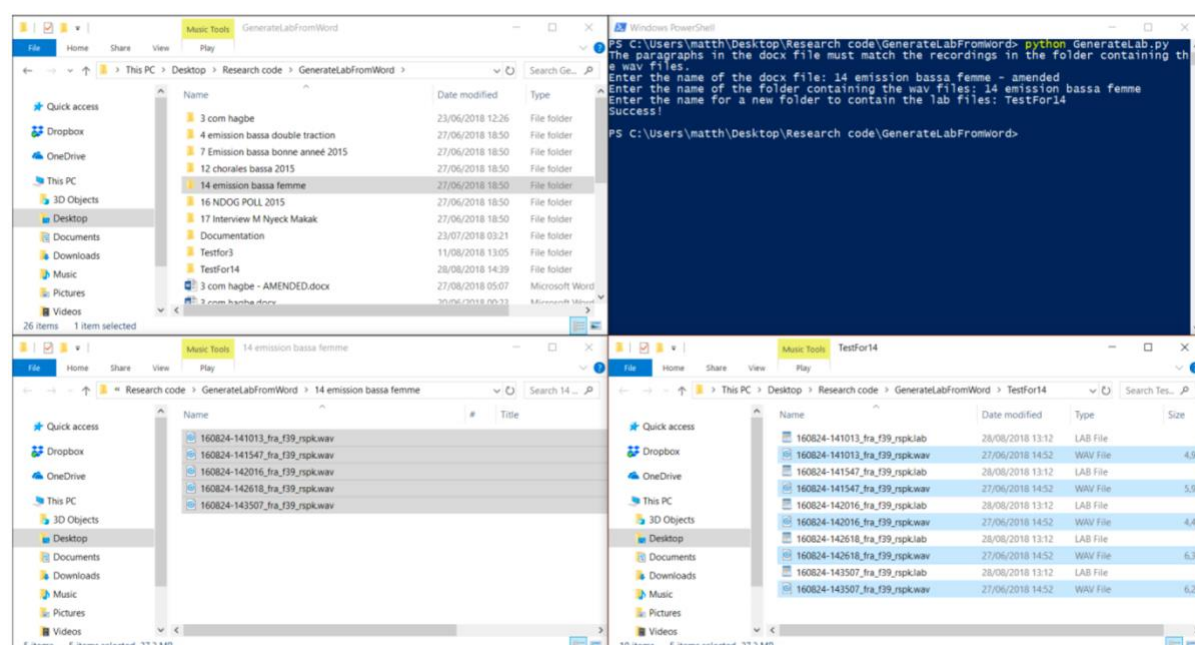
- Nothing (empty string)
- 1 to 9 spaces (' ', ' ', ..., ' ')

### 3.2.3 Running

Open your cmd/PowerShell/Terminal in the directory containing both the .docx file and the folder consisting of the .wav files. Run GenerateLab.py and follow the steps.



A new folder containing the .lab files corresponding to the paragraphs in your .docx file and bearing the same names as the corresponding .wav recordings should be created. Copy and paste the .wav files into the newly created folder.



In some cases, the script will ask if you want the words pronounced in vigésimales system or regular number<sup>1</sup>, the two systems are defined below.

Year	Vigésimales System	Regular Number
1999	dix-neuf cent quatre-vingt-dix-neuf	mille neuf cent quatre-vingt-dix-neuf

The script also asks you if the .wav files are in ascending name. Select true if the order of the naming of the .wav file corresponds to the order that the paragraphs (as annotated in .lab files) are spoken.

### 3.3 GenerateDict.py

#### 3.3.1 Introduction

GenerateDict.py creates a French grapheme-to-phoneme (G2P) dictionary from the out-of-vocabulary (OOV) words following an attempt to use the MFA. It is based on the pronunciation of Basaa speakers. Note that this can be replaced by another program generating a G2P dictionary for another variety of French or for another language.

<sup>1</sup> See <https://www.thoughtco.com/years-in-french-1368976> for additional information

Note: GenerateDict.py converts the following grapheme into the phonemes

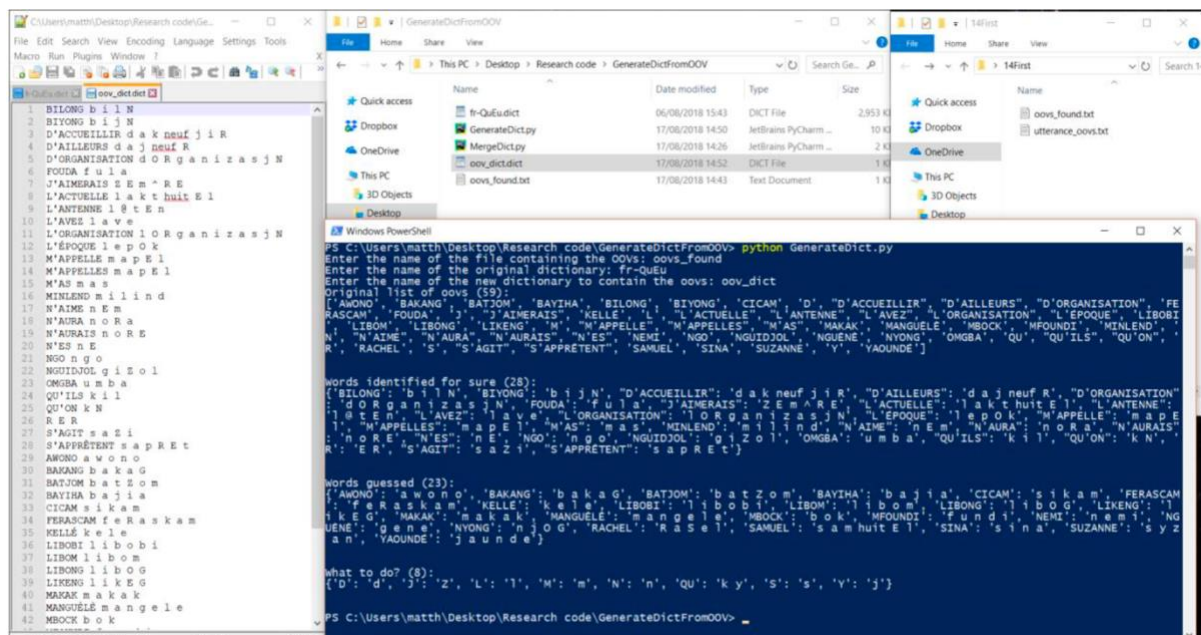
- ô to o
- ï to i
- à to a
- ê to E
- ë depends on the word but usually E
- â -to a

### 3.3.2 Requirements

- Python3 must be installed on your computer
- The file containing the list of OOVs, the file containing the original G2P dictionary, and GenerateDict.py must be in the same folder

### 3.3.3 Running

Copy and paste our original dictionary (here, fr-QuEu) and the file containing the list of OOVs (here, oovs\_found) into the folder containing GenerateDict.py. Then, run the latter and follow the onscreen instructions to create a G2P dictionary for these OOVs (here, oov\_dict).



### 3.4 MergeDict.py

#### 3.4.1 Introduction

MergeDict.py combines multiple G2P dictionaries to get a broader dictionary with the OOVs included which can then be used by the MFA.

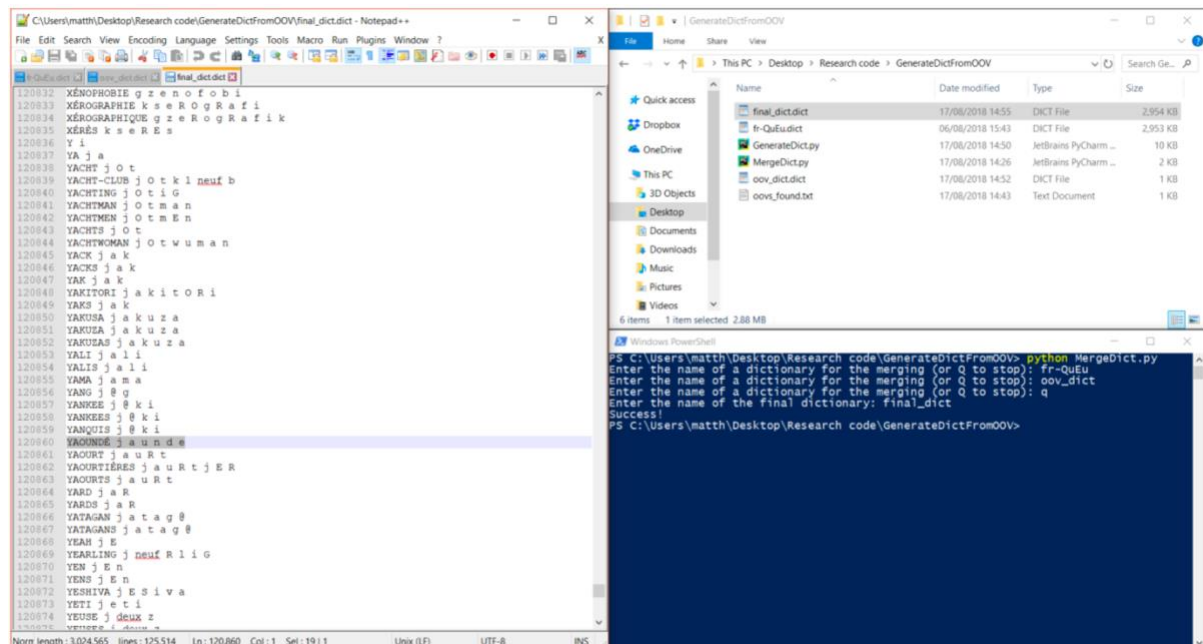


### 3.4.2 Requirements

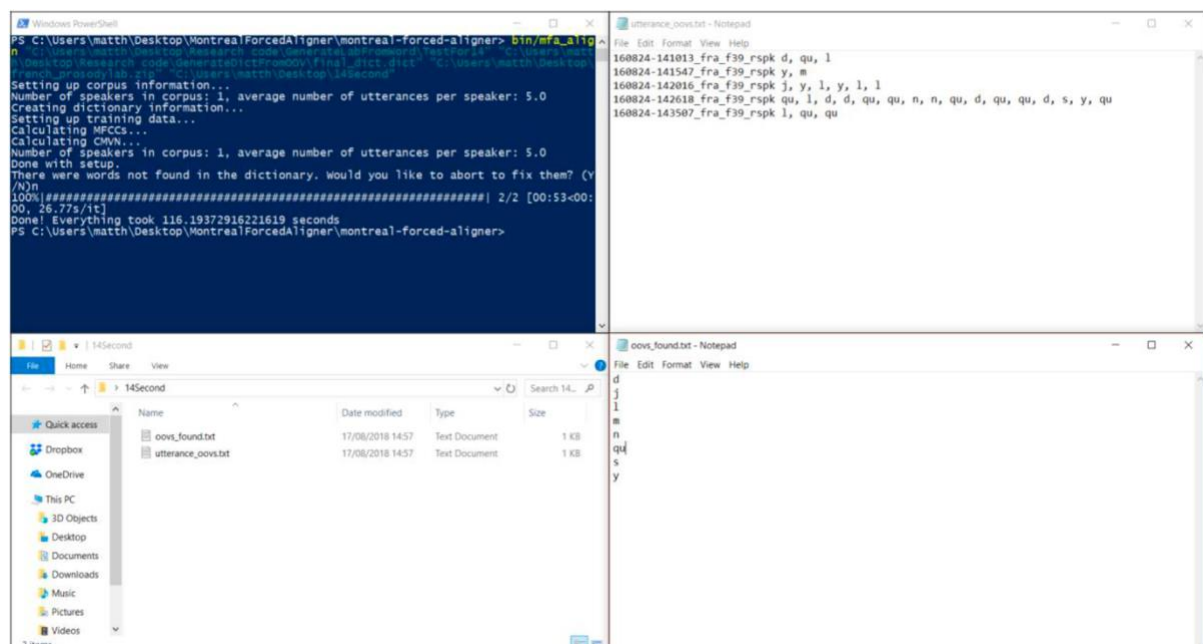
- Python3 must be installed on your computer
- The G2P dictionaries to be merged must be in the same folder as MergeDict.py.

### 3.4.3 Running

Run MergeDict.py to combine our original dictionary and our OOV dictionary. This gives final\_dict here.



You can now run the MFA with our newly generated dictionary.



## 4 Helper Functions

### 4.1 Introduction

The two functions below perform additional functions that helps clean the data.

### 4.2 MergeOOV.py

#### 4.2.1 Introduction

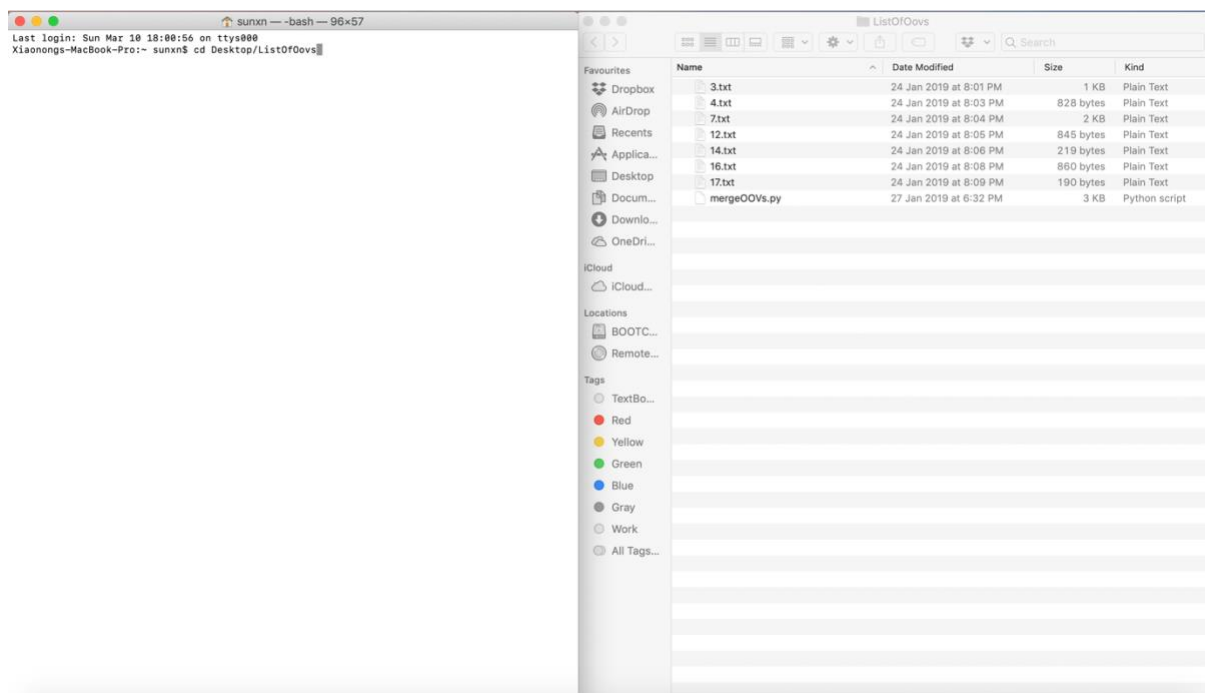
MergeOOV.py combines multiple OOV files into one OOV file without duplicates. This is helpful because the montreal forced aligner might be run a couple of times to account for different sampling rates.

#### 4.2.2 Requirements

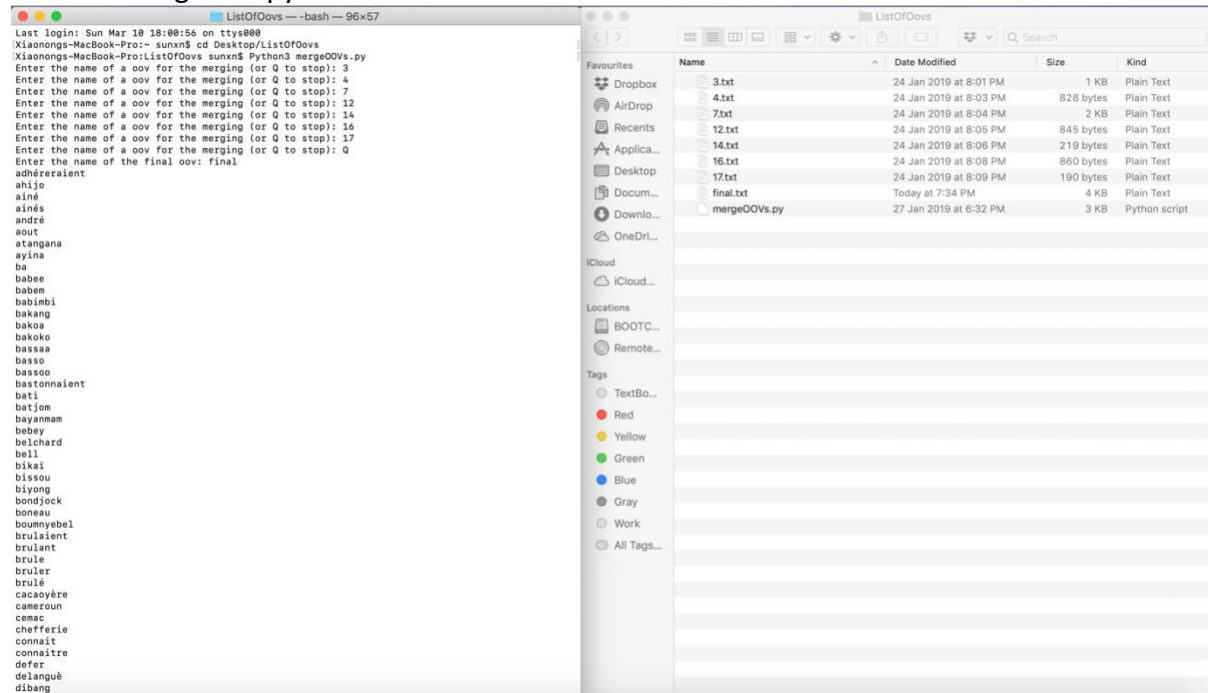
- Python3 must be installed on your computer
- The OOVs to be merged have to be in the same folder as MergeOOV.py

#### 4.2.3 Running

Have the required files ready and open the terminal. In this case, the files are the OOVs to be merged. Navigate to the folder using terminal.



Run the MergeOov.py and follow the instructions.



## 4.3 GenerateWav.py

### 4.3.1 Introduction

The purpose of GenerateWav.py is to create empty .wav files from a .xlsx file containing a digitized Basaa-French dictionary for alignment.

For each Basaa word within the .xlsx file, 4 .wav files are created. They are named by the following rule:

<Basaa word><Ending>.wav

<Ending> may be one of BW, FW, BE, or FE, respectively standing for Basaa Word, French Word, Basaa Example and French Example. Spaces are replaced by the underscore character \_ .

### 4.3.2 Requirements

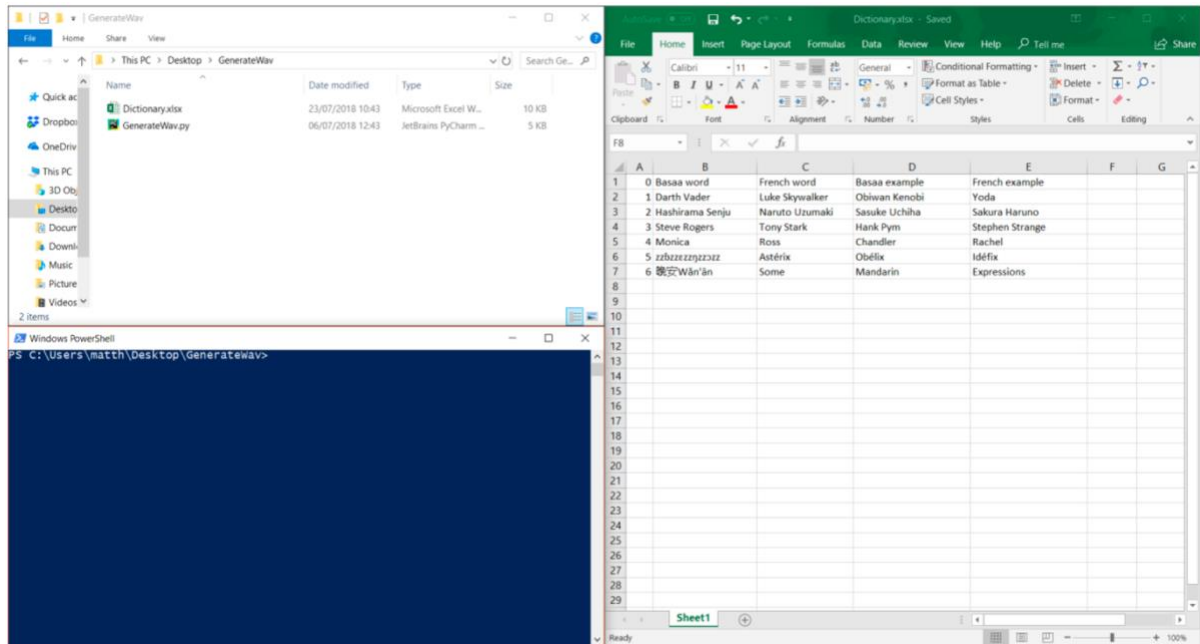
- Python3 must be installed on your computer
- The Basaa-French dictionary is on the first sheet of the .xlsx file.
- The entries for the dictionary start on the second row, with the first row presumably containing the headings for each column.
- The .xlsx file must be in the same folder as GenerateWav.py
- The name given to new folder must be new
- The coloumn name must be alphabetic
- The elements in the "Basaa word" entry must not contain "\", /, :, \*, ?, ", <, >, |"

- Certain words must be replaced with the following mapping

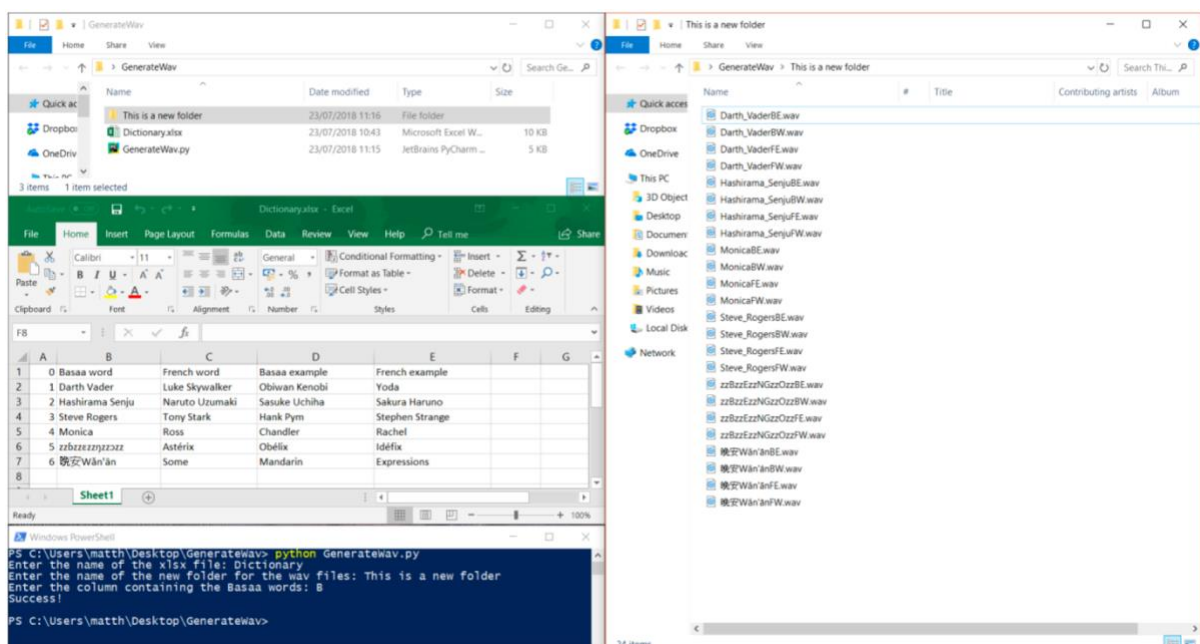
- 'ð' to 'B'
- 'ε' to 'E'
- 'η' to 'NG'
- 'ò' to 'O'

### 4.3.3 Running

Have the required files ready and open your cmd/PowerShell/Terminal.



Run GenerateWav.py and follow the instructions. A new folder containing the .wav files should be created.



## 5 Glossary

G2P – Grapheme to Phoneme, see Additional Resources for definition of Grapheme and Phoneme

MFA – Montreal Forced Aligner

OOV – Out of Vocabulary

Pronunciation Dictionary – See section 2.1 for definition

## 6 Additional Resources

1. Acoustic Models - [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Acoustic\\_model](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Acoustic_model)
2. Graphemes, Phonemes definitions - <https://prowritingaid.com/art/317/What-are-Phonemes%2C-Graphemes%2C-and-Digraphs.aspx>
3. Montreal Forced Aligner - <https://montreal-forced-aligner.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>
4. PRAAT - <http://www.fon.hum.uva.nl/praat/>

## 7 Acknowledgements

The following script was written by Matthieu Chan Chee ([matthieuchancee@gmail.com](mailto:matthieuchancee@gmail.com)), who was a Research Assistant under Dr Fatima Hamlaoui at the University of Toronto from June to August 2018:

MergeDict.py

GenerateWav.py

Along with the first version of

GenerateLab.py

GenerateDict.py

You can find the original version of these files in <https://github.com/Dragionic/automate-alignment> and <https://github.com/Dragionic/wav-files-from-basaa-french-dict>.