

PRESENT SIMPLE

By: Mr. Infante

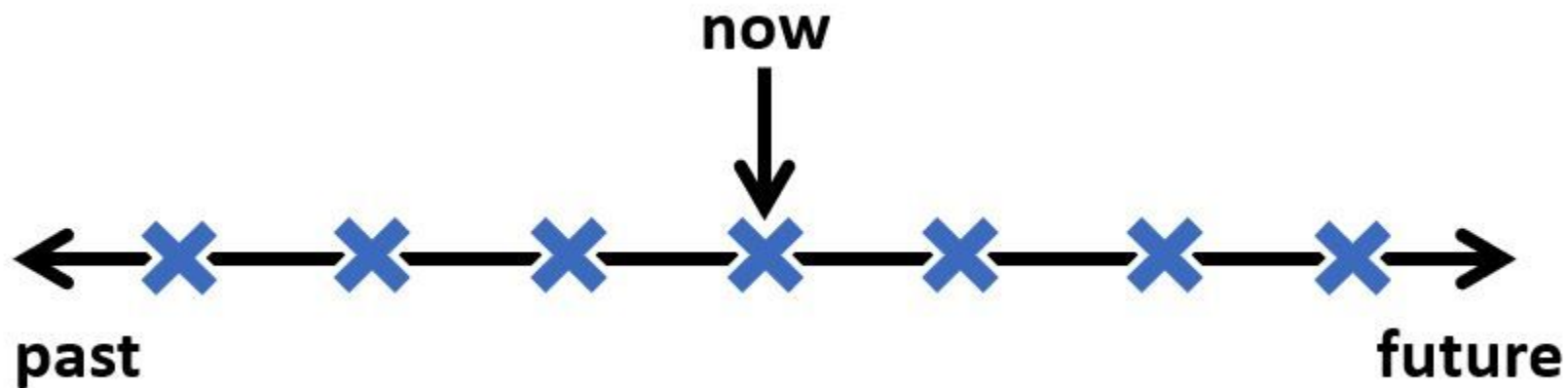
When do we use the Present Simple?

The simple present tense is used to express habits, general truths, and repeated actions.



I **study** English every day.

I **am** a good student.





PRESENT SIMPLE

VERB (BE)

am

are

is

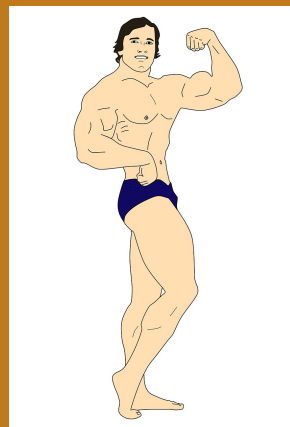
VERBS

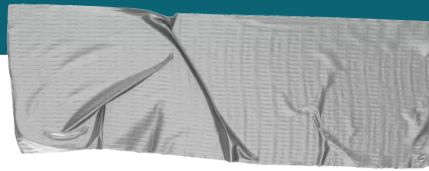
cook

eat

pay

VERB TO BE





Person

We have 3 types of person

→ **1st Person**

I

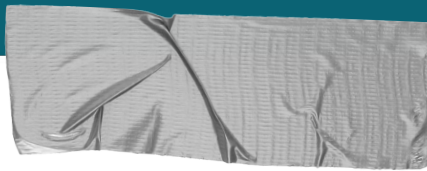
→ **2nd person / Plural**

You

We, You, They.

→ **3rd person**

She, He, It



Person

We have 3 types of person

→ **1st Person**

am

→ **2nd person / Plural**

are

→ **3rd person**

is

AFFIRMATIVE

SUBJECT

NOUN OR PRONOUN

VERB TO BE

COMPLEMENT.

I

am

happy.

Contractions

I am = I'm

You are = You're

She is = She's

NEGATIVE

SUBJECT

NOUN OR PRONOUN

I

**VERB TO BE +
NOT**

am not

COMPLEMENT.

happy.

Contractions

I am = I'm

is not = isn't

are not = aren't

INTERROGATIVE

VERB TO BE

Am

SUBJECT

NOUN OR PRONOUN

I

COMPLEMENT?

happy?

Short answers

Yes, I am.

No, I'm not.

Yes, you are.

No, you aren't.

Yes, she is.

No, she isn't.

Grammar

To Be		
Form	Inf	Initial
Infinitive	am	is
Present	am	is
Past	was	was
Future	will be	will be
Conditional	would be	would be
Imperative	be	be
Gerund	being	being
Participle	being	being

Verb

The Verb

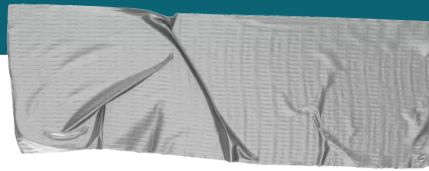
'To Be'

Present Tense





VERBS



Person

We have 3 types of person

→ **1st Person**

I

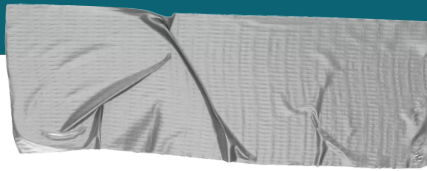
→ **2nd person / Plural**

You

We, You, They.

→ **3rd person**

She, He, It



Person

We have 3 types of person

→ **1st Person**

play

→ **2nd person / Plural**

play

→ **3rd person**

plays

Affirmative Structure

SUBJECT

NOUN OR PRONOUN

I

She

Main Verb

(NOT VERB BE)

learn

learns

COMPLEMENT.

OBJECT AND FREQUENCY

English.

French.

Present simple positive

3rd Person Rules

Most verbs takes -s in the third person singular. (He/ She/ it)

1

- ss, -sh,



-es

-ch, -x, -o

I miss- he misses
I finish- he finishes
I watch- he watches
I mix- he mixes
I go- he goes

2

a consonant + y



-ies

I study - he studies
I cry- he cries

Most verbs add: -s

play ➡

eat ➡

run ➡

like ➡

swim ➡

love ➡

**verbs ending in -ch, -sh,
-ss, -o or -x add: -es**

do ➡

watch ➡

relax ➡

pass ➡

teach ➡

go ➡

verbs ending in consonant + y change the y for i and add: -es

study ➡

marry ➡

carry ➡

try ➡

fly ➡

cry ➡

Negative Structure

Subject

Aux + not

Main Verb

Complement

I

don't

learn

English.

She

doesn't

learn

French.

Present simple positive and negative

Interrogative Structure

Aux

Subject

Main Verb

Complement

Do

I

learn

English ?

Does

she

learn

French ?

Present simple questions

ADVERBS OF FREQUENCY



POSITIVE

SUBJECT

FREQUENCY
ADVERB

VERB

He often cooks pasta.

SUBJECT

BE

FREQUENCY
ADVERB

You are always late.

QUESTION

AUXILIARY

SUBJECT

FREQUENCY
ADVERB

Are you always late?

Does he often cook?

PRESENT SIMPLE HOMEWORK

VERB (BE)

- + 1st. I am happy.
- + 2nd.
- + 3rd.
- 1st. I'm not happy.
- 2nd.
- 3rd.
- ? 1st
- ? 2nd
- ? 3rd

VERBS

- + 1st. I make my bed.
- + 2nd.
- + 3rd.
- 1st. I don't make my bed.
- 2nd.
- 3rd.
- ? 1st
- ? 2nd
- ? 3rd

ADVERBS

- + 1st. I am **always** happy.
- + 2nd. You **sometimes** play soccer.
- + 3rd.
- + P.
- 1st.
- 2nd.
- 3rd.
- P



REVIEW

TALKING ABOUT DAILY ROUTINES



English Listening Practice

A1

"Daily
Routine"



Doctor Bugs

Most people don't like bugs, but Doctor Mark Moffet **loves** them! In fact, his nickname is Doctor Bugs. He's a photographer and an entomologist. An entomologist **studies** bugs.

Doctor Moffett's favorite bug is the ant. He **goes** all over the world to study ants. He **watches** them as they **eat, work, rest, sleep, and fight**.

He **takes** photographs of the ants. He **lies** on the ground with his camera and **waits** for the right moment. The ants and other bugs often **bite** him, but that doesn't stop Doctor Bugs. He **has** an interesting and unusual job, and he **loves** it!



▲ Doctor Mark Moffett

Life on the Space Station

Astronauts on the International Space Station have a busy schedule. Every day they wake up at 7:00 GMT.¹ **From 7:00 to 8:00**, they wash up and eat breakfast. **At 8:00 in the morning**, they call Ground Control² in their countries. After they talk to Ground Control, their workday begins. The astronauts **don't do** the same thing every day. Their schedules change every week.

The astronauts **don't work** all the time. Each day they exercise for an hour **in the morning** and an hour **in the afternoon**. After dinner, they have free time. Then, it's time to go to sleep. Sometimes this isn't easy because the sun rises and sets 16 times each day on the space station.

The astronauts' work **doesn't end** on Friday. They work a half day **on Saturday** and all day **on Sunday**. Astronauts are very busy people.

¹ **GMT:** Greenwich Mean Time

² **Ground Control:** People on Earth who work with astronauts in space.

LISTENING

GAME

1) He starts his day at ____ .

- a) six
- b) seven

2) He gets home ____ .

- a) in the afternoon
- b) at night

3) Does he go hiking often?

- a) Yes
- b) No

4) At night he ____ .

- a) cooks and cleans
- b) plays sports.
