Calcuting Istanbul Population Over Time

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```
# #install_tinytex(
# force = FALSE,
   dir = "auto",
   version = "daily",
   repository = "ctan",
   extra_packages = if (is_tinytex()) tl_pkgs(),
   add path = TRUE
# )
#You work at the UN in urban planning and are interested in tracking population growth across ma
jor metropolitan regions. You are hoping that by looking at historical population numbers that y
ou can predict future growth and help your team make decisions about resourcing.
#library(laTeX)
# Write your code starting here:
city_name = "Istanbul, Turkey"
pop year one = 691000
pop\_year\_two = 15029231
pop_change = pop_year_two - pop_year_one
#Growth Rate
percentage gr = (pop change/pop year one) * 100
print(percentage gr)
```

```
## [1] 2074.997
```

```
#Annual growth rate between 2017 and 1927
annual_gr = percentage_gr / (2017 - 1927)
print(annual_gr)
```

```
## [1] 23.05553
```

```
#This chunk of code creates a function that combines all the steps listed above.
calculate_annual_growth <- function(year_one,year_two,pop_y1, pop_y2,city) {
    annual_growth <- (((pop_y2 - pop_y1) / pop_y1) * 100) / (year_two-year_one)
    message <- paste("From", year_one, "to", year_two, "the population of", city, "grew by approxi
mately", annual_growth, "% each year.")
    print(message)
    return(annual_growth)
}
#Using function to get same result of code.
calculate_annual_growth(1927, 2017, 691000, 15029231, "Istanbul, Turkey")</pre>
```

[1] "From 1927 to 2017 the population of Istanbul, Turkey grew by approximately 23.0555250040 199 % each year."

[1] 23.05553