

BIT MANIPULATION





TOGGLE

TEST



SET A BIT

Make a specific bit = 1 (without touching others)

REG |= (1 << n)

How it works:

1 << 5 = 0b00100000

REG \mid = keeps all existing bits and makes bit 5 = 1

→ It's like saying: "Force this bit ON."

Example:

• Initial REG = 0b00000000

• Final REG = 0b00100000

CLEAR A BIT

Make a specific bit = 0 (without touching others

REG
$$\&= ~(1 << n);$$

How it works:

$$\sim$$
(1 << 5) = 0b11011111

- REG &= preserves other bits but turns bit 5 to 0
 - → It's like saying: "Force this bit OFF."

Example:

Initial REG = 0b00100000

Final REG = 0b00000000

TOGGLE A BIT

Flip the value:

If it's $1 \rightarrow$ becomes 0, if it's $0 \rightarrow$ becomes 1 REG $^=$ (1 << n);

How it works:

 $(1 << 5) \rightarrow 0b00100000$

REG ^= inverts only bit 5, leaves others unchanged → "Flip this bit."

Example 1:

Initial REG = 0b00000000

Final REG = 0b00100000

Example 2:

Initial REG = 0b00100000

Final REG = 0b00000000

TEST A BIT

Check if a specific bit is 1

if (REG & (1 << n)) { /* Bit is 1 */ }

How it works:

(1 << 5) = 0b00100000

REG & (1 << 5) returns non-zero if the 5th bit is 1

→ It's like saying: "Is this bit ON?"

Example:

 $REG = 0b001000000 \rightarrow test passes$

REG = $0b000000000 \rightarrow test fails$

SUMMARY

Action	Code	Use Case
Set bit	`REG	Turn on feature
Clear bit	REG &= ~(1 << n);	Turn off feature, reset
Toggle bit	REG ^= (1 << n);	Blink LED, toggle output
Test bit	REG & (1 << n)	Check input pin, flag

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