Web Security SQL Injection, CSRF, XSS

EECS 388 Feb 11, 2015

Web Review | HTTP

GET / HTTP/1.1 Host: gmail.com

http://gmail.com/ says:

Hi!



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

<html>

<head>

<script>alert('Hi!')</script>

</head>

gmail.com



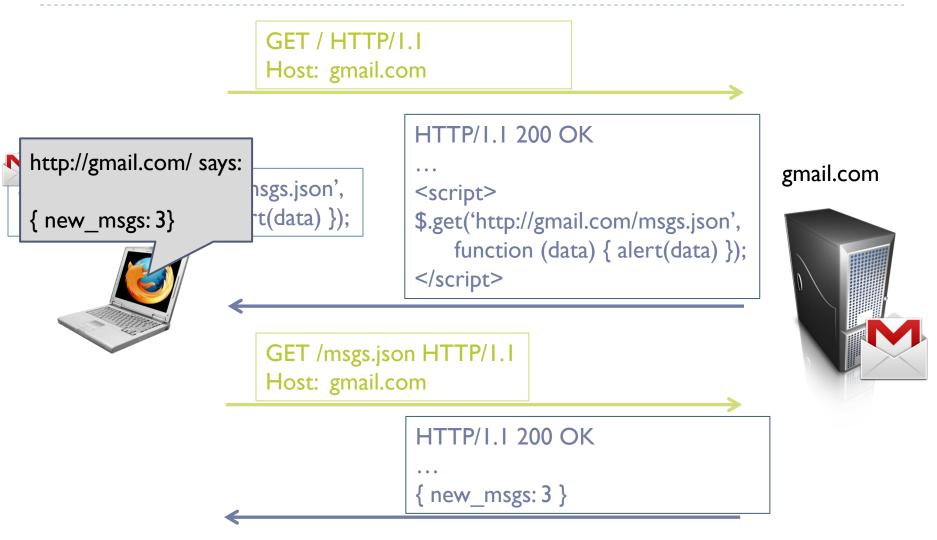
GET /img.png HTTP/1.1 Host: gmail.com

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

<89>PNG^M ...

Web Review | AJAX (jQuery style)



GET / HTTP/I.I

Host: facebook.com

(evil!) facebook.com



```
$.get('http://gmail.com/msgs.json',
function (data) { alert(data); }
```



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

<script>

\$.get('http://gmail.com/msgs.json',
 function (data) { alert(data); }

</script>

GET /msgs.json HTTP/1.1

Host: gmail.com

gmail.com



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• •

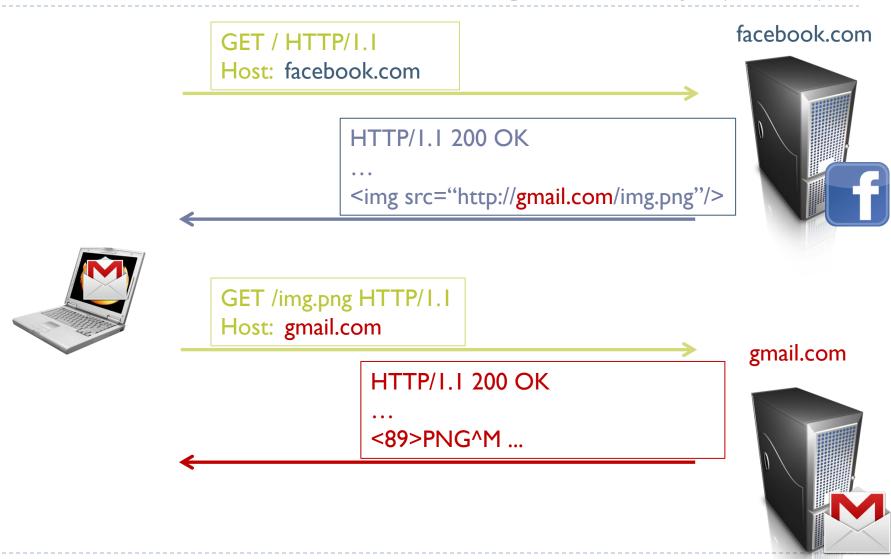
{ new_msgs: 3 }















GET / HTTP/I.I

Host: facebook.com

facebook.com



\$.get('http://gmail.com/chat.json',
function (data) { alert(data); })

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

<script src="http://gmail.com/chat.js"/>



GET /chat.js HTTP/I.I

Host: gmail.com

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

\$.get('http://gmail.com/chat.json',
 function (data) { alert(data); })

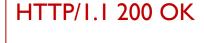






GET /chat.json HTTP/1.1

Host: gmail.com





{ new_msg: { from: "Bob", msg: "Hi!"}}





Host: facebook.com

facebook.com



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

<iframe src="http://gmail.com/chat"/>











Host: facebook.com





\$.get('http://gmail.com/chat.json', function (data) { alert(data); })

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

<iframe src="http://gmail.com/chat"/>



GET /chat HTTP/I.I

Host: gmail.com

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

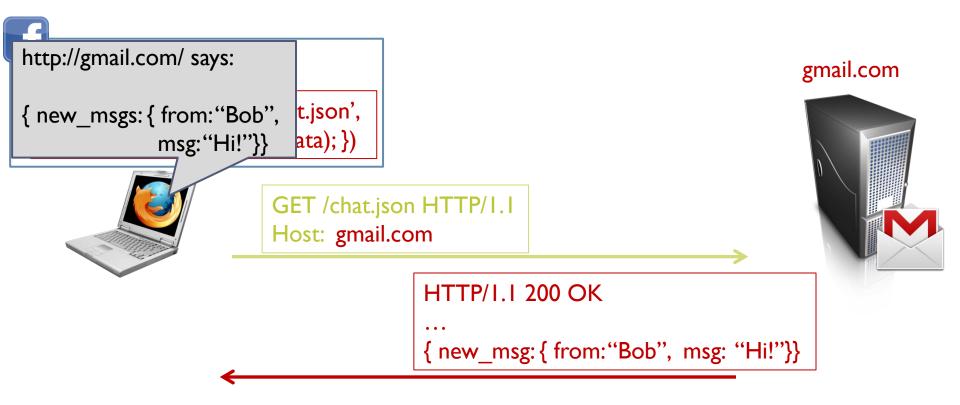
• • •

<script>

\$.get('http://gmail.com/chat.json/',
 function (data) { alert(data); });

</script>





Code Injection

```
<?php
echo system("ls " . $_GET["path"]);</pre>
```

GET /?path=/home/user/ HTTP/I.I



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

Desktop

Documents

Music

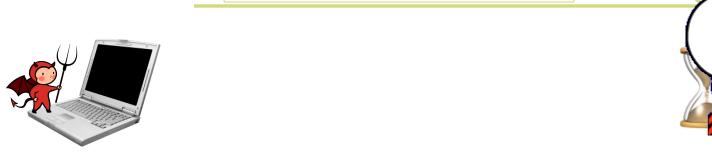
Pictures



Code Injection

```
<?php
echo system("ls " . $_GET["path"]);</pre>
```

GET /?path=\$(rm -rf /) HTTP/I.I





```
<?php
echo system("ls $(rm -rf /)");</pre>
```



Code Injection

Confusing Data and Code

Programmer thought user echo system("1s \$ would supply data, but instead got (and unintentionally executed) code

- echo system("ls \$(rm -rf /)");
- Common and dangerous class of vulnerabilities
 - Shell Injection
 - SQL Injection
 - Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
 - Control-flow Hijacking (Buffer overflows)



SQL

- Structured Query Language
 - Language to ask ("query") databases questions:
 - How many users live in Ann Arbor?
 "SELECT COUNT(*) FROM `users` WHERE location = 'Ann Arbor'"
 - Is there a user with username "bob" and password "abc123"? "SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE username='bob' and password='abc123'"
 - Burn it down!
 "DROP TABLE `users`"

SQL Injection

▶ Consider an SQL query where the attacker chooses \$city:

SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE location='\$city'

What can an attacker do?



SQL Injection

▶ Consider an SQL query where the attacker chooses \$city:

```
SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE location='$city'
```

What can an attacker do?

```
$city = "Ann Arbor'; DELETE FROM `users` WHERE I='I"
```

SELECT * FROM `users` WHERE location='Ann Arbor';
DELETE FROM `users` WHERE I='I'



SQL Injection Defense

- Make sure data gets interpreted as data!
 - Basic approach: escape control characters (single quotes, escaping characters, comment characters)
 - ▶ Better approach: Prepared statements declare what is data!



Cross-site Request Forgery (CSRF)

Suppose you log in to bank.com

POST /login?user=bob&pass=abc123 HTTP/1.1 Host: bank.com

HTTP/1.1 200 OK Set-Cookie: login=fde874

bank.com

fde874 = bob





Cross-site Request Forgery (CSRF)

GET /account HTTP/I.I

Host: bank.com

Cookie: login=fde874





HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • • •

\$378.42



CSRF Defenses

- Need to "authenticate" each user action originates from our site
- Done way: each "action" gets a token associated with it
 - On a new action (page), verify the token is present and correct
 - Attacker can't find token for another user, and thus can't make actions on the user's behalf



Cross-site Request Forgery (CSRF)



fde874 = bob

GET /transfer?to=badguy&amt=100 HTTP/1.1

Host: bank.com

Cookie: login=fde874

bank.com



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • • •

Transfer complete: -\$100.00



CSRF Defenses

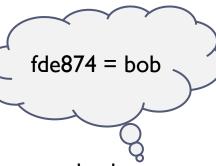
Pay \$25 to Joe:

http://bank.com/transfer?to=joe&amt=25&token=8d64

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

Set-Cookie: token=8d64

• • • •







GET /transfer?to=joe&amt=25&token=8d64 HTTP/1.1

Host: bank.com

Cookie: login=fde874&token=8d64

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • • •

Transfer complete: -\$25.00



Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

```
<?php
echo "Hello, " . $_GET["user"] . "!";</pre>
```

GET /?user=Bob HTTP/I.I



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

Hello, Bob!



Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

```
<?php
echo "Hello, " . $_GET["user"] . "!";</pre>
```

GET /?user=<u>Bob</u> HTTP/I.I



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

• • •

Hello, <u>Bob</u>!

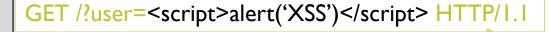


Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

```
<?php
echo "Hello, " . $_GET["user"] . "!";</pre>
```

http://vuln.com/ says:

XSS





• • •

Hello, <script>alert('XSS')</script>!

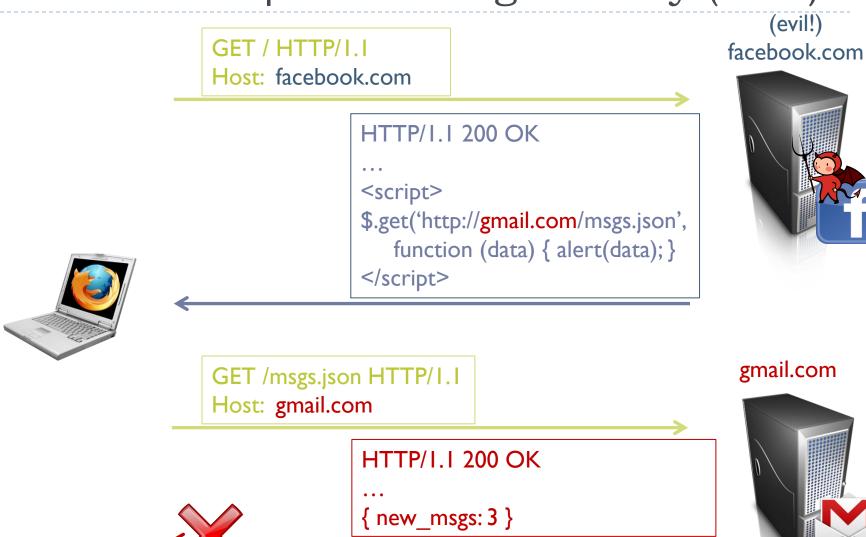




Click me!!!

http://vuln.com/?user=<script>alert('XSS')</script>





Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Attack

GET / HTTP/I.I

Host: facebook.com

(evil!) facebook.com



ֆ.get('http://gmail.com/ msgs.json', function (data)

{ alert(data); })

HTTP/I.I 200 OK

<iframe src="http://gmail.com/?user=<script> \$.get('http://gmail.com/msgs.json',

function (data) { alert(data); })

</script>"></iframe>



GET /?user=<script>\$.get(' ... </script> HTTP/I.I

Host: gmail.com



HTTP/I.I 200 OK

Hello,

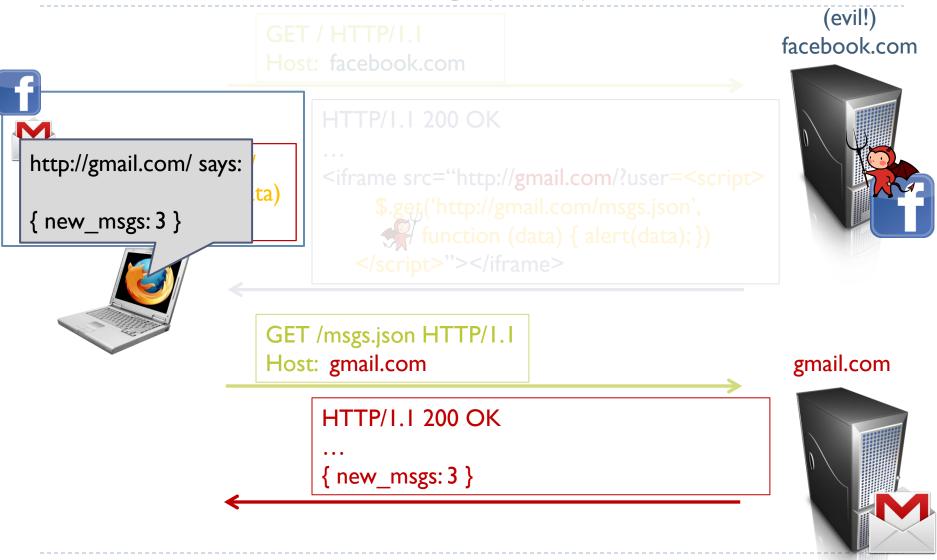
<script>\$.get('http://gmail.com/msgs.json',



function (data) { alert(data); }) </script>



Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Attack



XSS Defenses

- Make sure data gets shown as data, not executed as code!
 - Escape special characters
 - Which ones? Depends what context your \$data is presented
 - ☐ Inside an HTML document? <div>\$data</div>
 - ☐ Inside a tag?
 - □ Inside Javascript code? var x = ``\$data'';
 - Make sure to escape every last instance!
 - Frameworks can let you declare what's user-controlled data and automatically escape it

