The 5th Exam on Linear Algebra Jan 10th, 2005

(10%) Find the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigenvectors of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2) (10\%) \text{ Show that } A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & a & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & b \end{bmatrix} \text{ is defective.}$$

$$-2x^{2} + x^{2} - y^{2} + x^{2} - z^{2}$$

(2) (10%) Show that 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & a & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & b \end{bmatrix}$$
 is defect

2.(10%) Compute 
$$e^A$$
 for the following matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$   $-2(\chi^2 + \chi^2 + \xi^2) - \chi^2$   $-2(\chi^2 + \xi^2) - \chi^2$ 

4. (15%) Solve the initial problem Y'=AY, 
$$Y(0) = Y_0, Y_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, Y = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. (15%) Find an orthogonal or unitary matrix that diagonalize A, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3+i \\ 3-i & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$(x^{2}+1^{2}+3^{2})(x^{2}+(-1)^{2}+3^{2}) \geq x^{2}+3^{2}$$

6/(15%) Find the singular value decomposition of 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

7/(15%) Factor the following matrix into  $LDL^T$ , where L is lower triangular with 1's on the diagonal and D is a diagonal matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. (10%) Find a suitable change of coordinates(i.e. rotation and/or translation ) so that the resulting conic section is in standard form  $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 + 3x + y - 1 = 0$ .

9. (10%) Determine 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is

9. (10%) Determine  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  is positive definite, negative definitive or indefinite.

ant 0 = A-C . X+Xy+ yX+ y