## Module 3: Week 1 Review

100%

<b>/</b>	1.	The WHERE clause in a SQL statement
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- (A) limits the column fields that are returned.
- B limits the row data that is returned.
- C) states which table to retrieve data from.
- D A and B
- (E) I don't know

## 2. Which WHERE clause correctly looks for null data in the population column?

- SELECT \* FROM country WHERE population = NULL;
- $\overline{\mathsf{B}}$  SELECT \* FROM country WHERE population = 'NULL';
- SELECT \* FROM country WHERE population IS NULL;
- D SELECT \* FROM country WHERE population == NULL;
- (E) I don't know

## ✓ 3. Select the code which gives the name of countries beginning with U

- (A) SELECT name FROM world WHERE name BEGIN WITH U;
- B SELECT name FROM world WHERE name LIKE '%U'
- C SELECT name FROM world WHERE name LIKE '%u%'
- D SELECT name FROM world WHERE name LIKE U
- SELECT name FROM world WHERE name LIKE 'U%'
- F I don't know

## 4. Given a table called Books, write the SQL statement used to SELECT all columns from the table.

select \* from books:

✓ 5. Assume the data pictured was stored in a table named "person".

What would be the first name of the person in the second row returned by the following query:

SELECT first\_name, last\_name FROM person ORDER BY last\_name DESC, first\_name;

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A	Sarah
В	Gary

state\_of\_residence

Alice

Barb

John

Michael

I don't know

Assume the data pictured is stored in a table named "person".

How many rows would be returned by the following query:

SELECT last name, count(\*) FROM person GROUP BY last\_name;

4

first_name	last_name	gender	state_of_residence
Sarah	Baker	female	PA
Gary	Smith	male	PA
Alice	Woodard	female	OH
Barb	Green	female	OH
John	Smith	male	PA
Michael	Baker	male	OH

7. Assume the data pictured is stored in a table named "person".

How many rows would be returned by the following query:

SELECT gender, count(\*) FROM person GROUP BY gender;

2

first_name	last_name	gender	state_of_residence
Sarah	Baker	female	PA
Gary	Smith	male	PA
Alice	Woodard	female	OH
Barb	Green	female	OH
John	Smith	male	PA
Michael	Raker	male	OH

Assume the data pictured is stored in a table named "person".

How many rows would be returned by the following query:

SELECT state of residence, gender, count(\*) FROM person GROUP BY state of residence, gender;

4

first name	last name		state of residence
		gender	
Sarah	Baker	female	PA
Gary	Smith	male	PA
Alice	Woodard	female	OH
Barb	Green	female	OH
John	Smith	male	PA
Michael	Baker	male	OH

9. Which column represents the foreign key in the Wages table?

**Answer Sheet** Page 2 of 4 (A) Wage\_Id

B Employee\_Id

(C) HourlyRate

D TaxRate

E I don't know

Employee			
Employee_ld	First_Name	Last_Name	Department
10001	Linda	Mojito	Sales
10002	Chuck	Powers	Finance
10003	Heartless	John	HR
10004	Indiana	Jones	Sales
Wages			
Wage_ld	Employee_ld	HourlyRate	TaxRate
1	10001	25	20%
2	10002	20	25%
3	10003	25	15%
4	10004	30	20%
HoursWorked			
TimeCard_ld	Employee_ld	NormalHours	OvertimeHours
1	10001	36	0
2	10002	40	0
3	10003	45	5
4	10004	50	10
5	10001	44	4

✓ 10. What is the result of the following query?

SELECT Employee.Department, SUM(HoursWorked.NormalHours) FROM Employee

INNER JOIN HoursWorked ON Employee.Employee\_Id = HoursWorked.Employee\_Id GROUP BY Employee.Department

ORDER BY Employee.Department;

A Finance 40 HR 45 Sales 36 Sales 44 Sales 50

B Sales 130 HR 45 Finance 40

C Finance 40 HR 45 Sales 130

D Finance 40 HR 45 Sales 36

(E) I don't know

Employee			
Employee_ld	First_Name	Last_Name	Department
10001	Linda	Mojito	Sales
10002	Chuck	Powers	Finance
10003	Heartless	John	HR
10004	Indiana	Jones	Sales
Wages			
Wage_ld	Employee_ld	HourlyRate	TaxRate
1	10001	25	20%
2	10002	20	25%
3	10003	25	15%
4	10004	30	20%
HoursWorked			
TimeCard_ld	Employee_ld	NormalHours	OvertimeHours
1	10001	36	0
2	10002	40	0
3	10003	45	5
4	10004	50	10
5	10001	44	4

✓ 11. True or False? A Foreign Key column cannot contain the same value in more than one row (i.e. values must be unique).

(A) True

B False

(c) I don't know

✓ 12. INSERT INTO person ( person\_id, first\_name, middle\_name, last\_name ) VALUES ( 101, 'Emerson', 'Ralph', 'Waldo' );

SELECT first\_name FROM person WHERE person\_id = 101;

What value would be returned by the SELECT statement?

(A) Ralph

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(B) Waldo



D I don't know

✓ 13. Assume the data pictured was stored in a table named "president".

If the following series of statements were run:

**BEGIN TRANSACTION;** 

UPDATE president
SET number = number \* 2;

**ROLLBACK**;

What value would be returned by the following SELECT statement?

SELECT last\_name FROM president WHERE number = 4;

Madison

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	NUMBER	TERM_BEGIN	TERM_END
George	Washington	1	1789-04-30	1797-03-04
John	Adams	2	1797-03-04	1801-03-04
Thomas	Jefferson	3	1801-03-04	1809-03-04
James	Madison	4	1809-03-04	1817-03-04
James	Monroe	5	1817-03-04	1825-03-04

- ✓ 14. For a given column in a database row, it is acceptable to hold multiple values.
  - (A) True
  - B False
- ✓ 15. When normalizing a database table, any column that is not dependent on the primary key should be broken out into its own table.
  - A True
  - B) False

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