plishment of this work. Mr. CORAM .- The City of St. John have not pledged themselves to take stock to the amount of \$400,000.

Hon. Mr. SMITH - It is under the con sideration of the Corporation, therefore it

they have a right to do it.

Mr. WETMORE.—I should like to be set right. My impression was, that this think I am correct.

Hon. Mr. Anglin .- the matter was re ferred to a Committee to prepare a Bill authorizing them to take that amount of

Mr. CORAM .- The Committee never Hen.Mr. Satrut.—If the Council Board of Hen.Mr. Satrut.—If the Council Board affermed the proposition, and appointed a committee to apprecia Bull, it is one as a substantial bull of the constructed by the legislation of the control larger amount will be given for that puriarger amount will be given for that pur-pose than will be necessary under all the circumstances. In Nova Scotia they have given \$81,000. It is expected by the British Government that we should de-something for Militia defence. If a few thousand pounds will satisfy the British Government that we feel our responsibili-ty, and try to do what we can to prepare our country to defend the honor of the Empire, we should cheerfully give it. But I, as a member of the Government, will not give my sanction to devote a larger not give my sanction to devote a larger sum of money for that purpose than is absolutely required. I reel satisfied, that when the correspondence with the Impe-rial Government upon this question is laid

pared to give them a fair, honest support upon their measures and acts, aided by

my best judgment.
Mr. McMillan stated that according to the way is understood the fifth section of the Address, the only difficulty in the way for the immediate construction of the k, for the completion of the European work, for the completion of the European and North American Railway, was the ex-isting laws; he denied that there was any such laws in existence; he stated that Mr. Livesey had not fulfilled the requirements of that act, consequently was not entitled to its privileges; therefore, the Govern-ment were free to build that portion of ne work, and had pledged themselves to the work, and had pleaged incomselves to do so immediately, but he believed that the finances of the country did not justife them in giving such a pleage; he would declare his opposition to the completion of this ratiroad as a Government work. His hon, friend, Mr. Smith, had opposed the Government because they pledged the Province for £20,000 a year, to construct the Intercolonial railroad, and now he, as a leader of the Government, according to his own announcement, would pledge the Province to the extent of £97,000 annually, on the lines of road authorised to be

whole money required in the construction of the work." That is, he was prepared to make Western Extension a Government work, besides giving the £20,000 subsidy for the construction of the Intercolonial railway. If my hon, friend, the ex-Sur-reyor General, is opposed to Western Extension, why did he not tender his re-Extension, why did he not tender his re-signation when a Bill for that purpose was brought in from St. John, and a pressure was brought to hear against the Govern-ment to compel them to adopt it. I would like to call his attention to the course pursued by the late Government, in refe ence to the route of the Intercolonial railroad. One day they would be telling the people of the North Shore the road would rist Correnties upon this contion is lied people of the North Shore the road would below you. The abonet we may reade go by that rust, and the sext they would be at a me confident it will throughout the sountry.

Mr. GLERKET—The opposition I made should not have taken my hon, colleague by Superies. After heading the raise would come by this route, and this very the sufferent elections throughout the different elections throughout the Province, it was fall to be instrained with the children of the Province, it was fall to be instrained with the children of the Postmaster General with the children of the Postmaster General with

we must have a new Government. I my office. Why not impose upon me the them stated distinctly what my triese during of Attorney General like rise. We would be in regard to the point of the in-would like to know whather the office of coming Government. The rise of the principles which take hid down to Government only want a fair trial; they for the principles with day. I amounced to the constituency of ion one wish, to make use of any sades we weetned and, in his hearing, what were suces they do not wish to tell the psoils of my form of the property o western extension will vote against the paragraph, for it is a side question. Sup-pose the paragraph is rejected, the effect of it will amount to nothing. I feel bound to defend the late Government from any charge brought against them from any charge brought against them for their extravagance. The only act of that Government, for which I do not hold myself responsible, is their action in Can-ada, for I recommended the appointment of Delegates to go there. There are other or Delegates to go there: There are other men in the country, who, if they had adopted as independent a course as I have done, they might have been in the same proud position that I am, that is, members of the present Government. The people of the country expect us to get through with the business, and pass the necess

Bill as quickly as possible.

Mr. McMillan.-I deny that there were any pledges made that the Inter-colonial railroad would go by the North Shore. No candidate ever stated such a thing at all. He says, if other members had adopted the same independent course as he had, they might have been in the from them on one point, and one only, that is, representation by population, but I considered the matter well, and believing that other interests should be understoo and to depart from that basis the difficulty was where to stop, outside of that, my voice was for it from the very first.

AFTERNOON SESSION-2 P. M.

Mr. McCLELLAX.—Some explanation should be given by the Government in reference to this project concerning rail says: "You will do well to enquire whether it is possible to afford further facilities for the development and im-provement of the railway system, &c." It is desirable those roads should be undertaken by companies. If there has been a proposition made, and accepted by the Government, the result of this announcement in the speech, will be to embarrass

those companies.
Col. BOYD.—We would like to hear what the delegation, appointed for the purpose of considering the practicability of effecting a Legislative Union of the Maritime Provinces, have done? We have got no report of their doings. The peo-ple do not care about having their money equandered away, without having something to show for it. Why is not this report brought before us at once? That delegation was sent the 9th April last, to nerform certain duties, which duties they did not discharge. They then went to Canada, and allowed the Canadians to Canada, and allowed the Canadiane to haul the wool over their eyes, by giving balls and parties, until, I believe, they got be bounded to be people, they said, No! we don't want your Confederation Scheme, you only want to aggrandize yourselves at the ex-pense of the people of this Province. Having told you in an that I thread to pense of the people of this Frovince. Having told you I am opposed to this Scheme, I now tell you that I intend to yote for this address, paragraph by para-

Mr. Lindsay.-I have heard a great