affairs. He (Mr. Rymal) believed that his course would show that he had advocated economy whenever it was in the interest of the public, and he had no desire that every man's utterances should be fully reported in the case. He had no desire that a column should be given to his own speech, though the hon. member for Leeds might. Whether that hon, gentleman was reported in the regular way or not, he (Mr. Rymal) could not say, but he had frequently noticed that if the hon. member only spoke for five minutes in the House, a column report of it, at least, appeared in the papers. (Laughter.) No doubt the hon. member engaged a special reporter to record his wise sayings. As for the charge of inconsistency and want of independence, he (Mr. Rymal) left it to those who had known them to say whether he or the hon. member for Leeds was the more deserving of the charge. The hon, member's course had been what Wm. Lyon Mackenzie had said of such members—that those who boasted of independence in the House were those who never could be depended on. (Laughter.)

WEST INDIES MAIL

Mr. FORBES asked whether, in view of the business between the Dominion and the British and Foreign West Indies, it is the intention of the Government to increase the mail accommodation during this year between those countries so as to give greater advantage and larger development to this important trade.

Hon. Mr. TUPPER said the attention of the Government had been drawn to the importance of establishing such a service, but considered it not advisable to undertake it yet.

PROMISSORY NOTES

Mr. KIRKPATRICK asked whether it is the intention of the Government to issue stamped paper for the purposes of the Promissory Notes Stamp Act?

Hon. Mr. MORRIS replied that the subject was at this moment under the consideration of the Government.

ST. CLAIR FLATS CANAL

On the order for Mr. Mackenzie's resolution for the correspondence relative to the canal built by the United States Government at St. Clair Flat,

Mr. MACKENZIE said the first Minister of the Crown had promised a portion of this correspondence, and he wished to know if that correspondence could be brought down now.

Hon. Sir GEORGE-É. CARTIER said it would not be conducive to public interests to bring down any portion of the

correspondence. The correspondence was still going on between the Canadian and Imperial Governments and the Government of the United States. He hoped the hon gentleman would accept his declaration, that it would not be in the public interest to bring any of it down.

Mr. MACKENZIE said he was of course bound to accept the assurance of the Government.

ADMISSION OF RUPERT'S LAND AND THE NORTH-WEST

Mr. BLAKE moved that this House do resolve itself into a Committee of the whole to consider the following resolutions:—

- 1. That the sense of the Houses of the respective Legislatures of the Provinces *Canada*, *Nova Scotia* and *New Brunswick* was taken as to, and formed the basis of the Imperial Legislation under which the said Provinces were federally united into the Dominion of *Canada*.
- 2. That it was by the *British North America* Act (1867) enacted that it should be lawful for the Queen, by and with the advice of the Privy Council, on Addresses from the Houses of Parliament of *Canada*, to admit *Rupert's Land* and the North Western Territory, or either of them, into the Union by the said Act created, on such terms and conditions as the Queen should think fit to approve subject to the provisions of the said Act, and that the provisions of any such Order in Council should have effect as if they had been enacted by the Parliament of the United Kingdom.
- 3. That Addresses have been passed by both Houses of Parliament of *Canada* touching the admission of the said Territories into the Union, and *Canada* has paid large sums, and incurred large liabilities in order to accomplish such admission, and an Order in Council has been made by the Queen for such admission.
- 4. That the Parliament of *Canada* has assumed to exercise jurisdiction over the said Territories and to make provision for the erection of part of the said Territories into the Province of *Manitoba* and for the establishment of federal relations between the said Provinces and *Canada*.
- 5. That it has been made to appear to this House that the Canadian Government has requested the Government of the United Kingdom to submit to the Parliament of the United Kingdom a Bill touching the said North Western Territories or some part thereof; and that the Government of the United Kingdom in consequence of such request has proposed to the Canadian Government to submit a Bill, a draft of which it has forwarded to the Canadian Government.
- 6. That in the opinion of this House the sense of both Houses of the Parliament of *Canada* should be taken as to and should form the basis of such proposed Legislation.
- Mr. BLAKE said that he proposed in these resolutions to establish the principle that legislation on matters affecting this