an effect upon the elections.

The Paragraph in the Speech attaches in and take the Government of the conn- of the Confederacy. no constitutional responsibility upon the try, or in other words that we should Hon. Mr. FISHER- A large portion late Government. The answer to the Le- prove recreant to our trust, and to every of the speech of my hon, friend is more gislative Council was the subject of much principle of honor which bound na faith adapted to another time and another ocdebate, His Excellency wished to put something in it in reference to Union, but we said No, and he g-ve way. They say we were committed to Union. I say I stated in my place in the late House that I was for Union provided we could get a Union advantageous for this Province, for it was my country and I would conall my intercourse with the Governor I ulways maintained the same principle. When the Provincial Secretary said that I had pledged myself to Union and consulted my friends upon the su ject he did not do us just ce. I ask him if he knows that Mr. Mitchell was sent for a few days before the House met. (Mr. Tilley. I do.) The first time he was sent for I was in the United States, and not a single member of the Government knew that he was sent for. The second time he was sent for the Provincial Secretary knew of it. Does that look as if the Governor was acting bona fide with us, when he concealed from us the fact that he had sent for a member of the Opposition? Was such conduct justifiable? I protested from time to time against the Governor's acting with the members of the Opposition. The Provincial Secretary knew " he would send the coaches down for them to come up." I said they could not men to proceed to England who were de- ery man was told that his horses, cows, leave the House. He replied, "I suppose not;" he then left me but before he did so, he said very cooly, if you do not like the answer you can relieve yourselves of the responsibility. I asked him if this was fair. He said had we not better tesign, and get it out of the way. 1 am informed that the Clerk of the Exein a new Government. It was a proposition nade by this man who boats of his were not committed to the Schemo so culated over the Pravince, and that indi-

the and sent over the country to have good name, that we should resign the that we may get a Scheme under which seals of office and let our enemies come justice would be done to every member.

fully to fulfil that trust... The Provincial casion. We are not here to discuss the S cretary says I was to consult my qu stion of the position of the late friends about Union, he knows that is Government in all its hearings. not correct. He knows that I was to He complains that the subject was consult my friends about the appointment dragged in by the Provincial Secreof a committee to take the subject of tary. I think he himself was the first Union into consideration. I said I could aggressor. He objects to the mode of not pledge myself as to what the Comcatrying this Union measure, and says it mittee were to do. They might autho- was aided by the treacherous conduct of give protection to the rights and interests rise another Conference or authorize a the Governor. I do not intend to follow of the people of this Province. This is Conference of the Lower Colonies. I him to but very few of his objections. He also stated in the correspondence, and in ask the Attorney, General whether it is referred to cur position when the Hause the intention of the Government to unite was dissolved by the late Governor New Brugswick with Nova Scotia and Manners Sutton, and compared it with Canada, or whether they intend to make the action of His Excellency, but there is it a sine qua non that all British North a great difference between the two. He America shall be united. He declines to and I were in the Government at that answer the question. I made certain ob- time, and one ground of our complaint jections to the Quebec Scheme, viz. ;

1. Representation by Population.
2. That each Province should have an

ney and other expenditures connected with the North West Territory.

the support of the General Government,

legates at the Quebec Conference, and as hens, dogs, and every thing he had, would the Provincial Secretary has undertaken be taxed if he went for this Union. Men to dissipate every objection made to the went from hustings to hustings proclaim-Scheme, when this is known to the Cana- ing everywhere that we would be toxed to ian delegates they will not consent to death, nave it modified. Therefore I ask them Conference at Quebec. I do not think it dogs and hens. cutive Council was there ready to swear would be right to take men from the Og. Hon. Mr. FISHER-Writings putting

was that the Governor had allowed the members to return to their ordinary busipess before the question was raised reequal number of Legislative Councillors.

3. That the Lower Provinces should be raised an objection to it during the Sesexempt from texation for the Cana's of sion of the Legislature, the dissolution Upper Canade, and for the purchase mo- might have been avoided. His great paramount object was to oust his Govern-4. That the Revenues collected in the ment, and the Prohibitory Liquor Law Provinces should be for the brackt was made the stalking horse to accomof each Province wh'n collected, ex-cept a certain amount to be given for low him through the masses of his corres-The Governor asknowledged that the reading it and reading the speech, I objections were reasonable, but now he is came to the conclusion that my hon. willing to go for the Quebec Scheme. I friend's Government had agreed with the every thing that did take place. When told him that if I went into political ob- Governor upon some question of Union. the Governor sent for me about twenty livion for ever, I would never consent to I have not had much to do with the back minutes before three, he had his answer representation by population, unless it stairs influence to which he has referred. prepared for the Legislative Council. I was neutralized by some checks. This I From the time the Governor came to the was neutratose by some checks. This I brown to the mean the first of the flower several times during I have never had been assisted to the House several times during I have never had five minutes conversation. Legislative Council severe for the Legislative Council, he address. No said I, but we are not responsible for the Legislative Council, he side of Union this address. No said I, but we are not responsible for the Legislative Council, he side of Union we were to get, but I must did not pretend to deep that he violated he arrangement, but tried to insife u he will be arrangement, but tried to insife u he will be a trangement, but tried to insife u he will be a trangement. The tried to insife u he will be a trangement, but tried to insife u he will be a trangement. The tried to the tried tried to the tried to the tried to the tried tried to the tried to the tried tried tried to the tried to the tried tri the arrangement, but tried to justify it, before I would agree to it. I will be hed ment to carry that Union. I come to the He then 1 id me he would give me half, at all times to raise my voice in vindica. an-hour to consult my colleagues. I los of the people arights and interest, heved they acquired power unfairly, and told him, no, the debate on the want of and I plead for them that the Scheme their opp-altion was an opposition confidence motion was going on, and they may be altered, because I think the count to the Government more than an would have to be in the House; he said try is opposed to it. I think it is the in- opposition to Union. It was not distention of the Government to appoint cussed fairly before the country. Ev-

> Mr. SMITH-I said taxation would be to send some men who were not at the increased. I said nothing about taxing

> position, but they should take men who forth propositions of that kind were cir-