the impression that they were waiting in order to sell their country. Even if disposed to take such action on Confederation, they would first have had to submit it to the Legislature; and I therefore do not see that they were in a position to act as traitors, even were they so inclined. Much, Mr. Chairman, has been said about the Opposition's having chosen the hon member for Georgetown, (Mr. Haviland) who is a Confederate, as their leader, but I cannot think if consistent in the lion member for Bellast to condern them for doing so when the party of which he is a member offered the highest honor in this House which they could confer upon the same Confederate gentleman, namely, the Speaker's Chair. And has not the Government of which he is a member appointed a gentleman who is a strong Confederate to the most lucrative office in their gift? That gentleman has since lost his Election, and I am sorry that such is the case. The Queen's Printer has always been a credit to the House and I would not have the slightest objection to seeing him now on the floor, for I have always respected him, strongly though he has denounced the policy of the Conservative party. I consider that the Liberal party of such a party, exists—acted rightly in appointing Mr. Whelse, I merely object to the inconsistency of hon members who made that appointment, now finding fault with the Opposition for selecting their ablest and most experienced member as Leader, even though he be a Confederate.

Hon. Mr. DAVIES .- The hon, member who has just spoken considers that I cannot, with any degree of consistency, approve of Mr. Whelan's appointment as Queen's Printer, and yet condemn the Opposition for choosing the hon, member for Georgetown (Mr. Haviland) as their Leader. It is well-known that Mr. Whelan had strong elaims upon the Liberal party. He ran his election, was returned, and thon applied for the Printership; but, before that office was given him, he renounced his former opinions in favor of Confederation, and promised to oppose the measure in the House, if again elected. It appears, however,

member for Georgetown, a red bot Unionist, as their leader, thus showing their leading thus showing their leading the confederation of the probability of the months of the confederation of the probability of the clearly expected to carry all Bolfast.

Mr. BRECKEN,—In the explanation which I gave of the probability of the class of the confederation of the probability of the carry of the probability of the probability of the carry of the probability o retarried by his consituents. Regarding the delay in the Elections, Mr. Chairman, as I said before, I do not think that, the Coussevaitive party delayed them, in order to sail the people, or that they had the jower or included the control of the wishes of the Imperial Government.

Hon. ATTORNEY GENERAL .- I did not, Mr. Chairman, think that the Tenant League and Confed-Chairman, think that the remain rought when I eration would be brought up for discussion, when I moved the clause now under consideration. Nothing of the sort was mentioned in the clause; and, in or the sore was mentioned in the classe; and, in moving it, I merely stated that no blame was cast upon the late Government, as they were probably able to give good reasons for their acts. It was reported that the late Government desired to sacrifice the Island on the altar of Confederation, and therefore delayed the dissolution of the Assembly; but, as a proof that this could not be the case, I alluded to the fact that the hon. members opposite, for Belfast and Murray Harbor, both strong anti-Confederates, were in the Executive up to and after the time at which the dissolution would ordinarily have taken place. But, if the dissolution was delayed to enable the people to obtain more information on Confederation, that they might thereby linformation on Confederation, that they might thereup form a more correct opinion on the subject, I am willing to concede the wisdom of the delay. Regarding the case of the flow. Leader of the Opposition, and the control of the Confederation of the Confederation of the Confederation of the Confederation of the House, I am perfectly at liberty to accept him as an officer, either of the Government er of this House, I look upon the biom. number of upon the Allender of the House, I am berfectly at liberty upon the confederation of the House, I look upon the biom. number of the House, I look upon the biom. number of the House, I look upon the biom. number of the House of the Confederation of the until he shall again appeal to his constituents on the subject. It was not at all unparliamentary for the the House, if again elected. It appears, however, subject. It was not at all unparliamentary for the that, on his returning to his constituents, they were that on the interesting to his constituents, they were the not satisfied with his promise, and rejected him; and I am proud, as a politician, they did so, though I myself believe that, had Mr. Whelan been again returned, he would have opposed Confederation. But the case in his world have opposed Confederation. But the case in his world have opposed Confederation. But the case in his world have only the case in the confederation of the case in the confederation of the case in the confederation. But were now in the his did not confederation. It was probably delayed, in order to afferd time to receive department of the confederation. It was probably of advantage to the confederation. It was probably of advantage to the confederation in the confederation of the confederation in the confederation of the confederation in the confederat