Let them consider how dangerous it was to give up power without knowing fully what was the necessity of granting it, and for what purpose it would be The House had a right to inforused! mation, and, as a matter of common decency, the Government ought to

The PROVINCIAL SECRETARY. The Government were not disposed to withhold information. He had stated that the Bill only carried out the resolution passed by the House. It gave the Governor and Council authority to make use of every means to defend the Province by employing armed vessels.
If any attack was made, it would likely be by sea. In Nova Scotia, it had been thought necessary to pass a similar Bill. It might not be necessary to use the necessary to give the power. The time they must take every precautionary measure to meet any danger. If any expense for naval defence was called for, he was disposed to be as prudent as possible in expenditure from the general revenue, and to use all proper economy. He assured the hon, member for St. John (Mr. Wetmore) that the Government did not refuse and were always willing to give the most ample information.

Ms. MccLELAN quite agreed with the remarks of the Provincial Secretary ; the House had already given the Go-vernment full authority to take every precautionary measure for the defence of the Province, but he hoped, that in exercise the most rigid economy. There was a danger, at this time, that the resources of the Province would be drawn

upon too largely.

MR. CONNELL said he was going to vote for every Bill regarding the army and navy. It was time to give the Government all the authority and all the means they required, and to show that they were determined to defend their homes and firesides. But when he said that the Government should have the fullest authority, he wished to be understood they must exercise proper ecoresponsible for the expenditure of every dollar. If there was great alarm in the country, he thought that it had been created, in a great measure, by the Government. It was reported that the Government were taking active measures for the protection of St. John, that the militia were called out there. That was right; but why all these preparations at St. John, when the country of the Upper River was most exposed to danger? As he had said before, he did not fear an invasion from a large force, but from incursions from small bands of marauders upon the border; and the Government had fallen very far short of their duty when they neglected to protect the frontier. Ms. LEWIS said, that the Bill ought

the country was in great alarm about the Fenian movement. He hoped the Government would take every precau-tionary measure for its defence, and that the country would sustain them, Mr. BOYD said, that this was the first time when such a Bill had been introduced into the House. He did not fear that the Government would expend a

to be passed unanimously. He felt that

and he had every confidence in them. He would not support a paltry, cheese-The Bill was necessary, if for no other paring Government. When he supported purpose than the protection of the a Government, he must be sure when they Fisheries. He did not doubt that the were born somebody must characteristic. Imperial Government would order here but the country ought to show that it was willing to do something.

Mr. McMillian, quoting the first

section of the Bill, wished to have information how the Government were going to make use of the power when they got hold of it. Did they intend to purchase or build gun vessels for the defence of the country and the Fisheries?
PROVINCIAL SECRETARY .- The

member of Bestigouche knew that it could not be the intention of the Governmen' to purchase or build armed vessels of war. It was not the object to employ the vessels in the protection of the Fish MR. NEEDHAM spoke of the cause

sitement.

citement. As regarded the alarm, he confessed it had made no impression upon him. It appeared to him mere nonzense; and he would prophesy that at the end of this time next year, it would be found that there had been a great deal more smoke than fire about the Fenian alarm-The House had already given the Government all the resources the Province, and authority to take every measure for its defence. Then what was the use of ask-ing them to explain a part? The meming them to explain a part? The memthe Government had credited the slarm; but if he could believe his ears, that hon, member had done more to create alarm than any one else, and had been himsel most frightened of any. Mr. Connell said that Woodstock was absolutely undefended; but he (Mr. N.) (here the hon men ber gave the details of the information he had received from an individual from that part of the country,) knew that in Woodstock, Florencevill., Hardscrabble, &c., there wer geven or eight companies, and a home guard fully armed and equipped. As to the Bill, it was all nonsense to suppose that the Government were going to build or purchase war vescels. All they asked power to do was to hire them if necessary. The Bill gave the Government no more authority than the Imperial Act. If the Government thought it absolutely necessary to have a portion of a navy, they ought to have the power. The moment the Bill was passed the Government must go to work and show that they were determined to do some-With regard to economy, that thing. was all very fine; but were he in a Government, he would do what was right, irrespective of what might be said, no matter whether he might be kicked out or kicked in. He was perfectly willing to vote for the Bill, and had every faith that the Government would exercise Government. Let the hon, members take up the public accounts now published, and examine for themselves, and see if from first to last the most rigid economy had not been exercised. Never, until this year, had the public accounts been put forth in such a simple manner of Dr. and Cr., showing what was received, exnended, and what was owed, so that every man, of whatever capacity, in the country from the old hugger-mugger system, that only made multiplication more mystified. that the Government would expend a Economy, he went on to say, was all very would have to support a navy. It ap-great deal of money for naval defence, well; but he did not like cheese-paring peared by the Bill that we were going to

With regard to the Bill, if there was at armed vessels to protect the Fisheries, expectation of serious trouble, he was but the country much to show that it prepared to give the Government all the power that was necessary, and would put the country in a proper state of defence.
If Carlet in and Woodstock were unprotected, he would protect them; and if St. Stephen and St. Andraws were unpro-tected, he would also protect them. If they were not now protected, they ought to be. Mr. Needham then proceeded to read an extract concerning Fenishism and the contempt in which it was held in the States, from the New York Times, copied into the Globe.

MR. LINDSAY.—The Globe is—no

authority.
Ma. NEEDHAM.—The Globe was good authority. It had never been bought that had produced all the alarm and exand sold. He read the whole of the extract from it, and commented upon it. As regarded the alarm, he following passage:

> "But should the necessity arise for the United States Government to assert the supremacy of the municipal law of the country, that duty will be loyally performed, even if our lately neutral friends are the first to profit thereby.'

He said he had read that sentiment with an immense amount of pleasure, Those words ought to be engraven in gold, and hung up in the most consoleuous places in the halfs of every Provin-cial Legislature, and in the House of Commons in England; and they ought to be engraven in the heart of every true man. Here was a great nation that had been deluged in blood, and been overwhelmed with taxation, and all this to work out and prove to the World that glorious principle of self-government; and in that mighty struggle to stay rebellion, he must say that they received anything but sympathy from these Colonies. Here was that great nation proclaiming that, though its "neutral friends" would be the first to share the benefit, it was determined to assert the supremacy of its municipal law, and proteet these Colonies from any raid from American territory. He rejoiced that he was here to pay to the men-of that great nation a just tribute to their nobleness. This great Northern American Continent had the salvation of many a cro ... head in Europe. Many of them would have been tottered to the centre long before this. had not this great Continent received their disaffected subjects as free men, who otherwise would, by rebellion, have obtained the glorious privilege of freedom. These men looked across the broad Atlantic to this great, glorious and free land, and when they landed on North American soil they breathed the air of pure and unalloyed freedom. It had been said that the Antis were disloyal, but be flung back the charge with contempt. He was loyal to his Queen; he was loyal to his country; he loved the British law and he loved the British Constitution. These were the honest sentiments of his

MR. LINDSAY said that this Bill was working out one thing. One of the greatest bugbears held up by the Antis was if the Province went into Confederation we