from him. In regard to this Delega- England, we will have the Quebec cessities of Canada, I think it will not be clared that if they got a better scheme it is. The Legislature was not called made this declaration before going together. Why? It was not called there, do you suppose the Canadian tagether because Confederation was not politicians will give them a better when passed in this Province, and that Govern-they know they will accept the present? ment was like a rope of sand unless Con- If you want to buy a farm you will not federation was carried. I speak, feeling say to the owner, if you will not take that my voice will be entirely powerless; £450 I will give you £500. The delestill, I feel it my duty both to myself and gates have been telling the people, that country, to express my views. I know under the Quebec Scheme the Lower that the Legi-lature of Canada was post- Provinces have a decided advantage poned from time to time, and their Gov- over the Canadas, how then can our ernment undertook to dictate to us when delegates ask for better terms than the cessity of Canada has given birth to the such an advantage over the Canadas. committed to it.

a certain extent, relieved my mind. I the favorable consideration of a mabelieve Prince Edward Island will not jority of the House. If the desire of come into this scheme of Union, neither the Government is to obtain a good will Newfoundland. By the terms of scheme of Union, they will not object this resolution, the delegates, unless to receiving instruction from this met in London by other Delegates from House. If the delegates proceed to all these Provinces, wi'l have no power England with these instructions given the arguments are weakened and fail, I trust I may be mistaken, and that the have done so. I stall take the liberty

driven to appeal to his name as an are because the influence of the Maritime great interests of the country may be gument to show why he is right and his Provinces is reduced to that extent, advanced; but these are my views. I adversary wrong, he must feel that his Therefore I am glad the Government do not believe there are ten men here ease is weak. I will show how frail have said they are unwilling to go into who will not resign their seats at once his memory was. He said he addressed a confederation unless all the other it confederation is carried. Whether I letter to me, and before handing it to Maritime Provinces enter into Union at shall make any effort to go to Ottawa one, he put a date to it. The latter the same time. That is the only inter remains in the fature. It has been no bears no date at all! That shows he is pretation that can be put upon the resonadvantage to me to be a member of this lightle to err. His memory has failed lution. It is not necessary for me to House, but, on the contrary, it has been him often and often in many material argue that point, for any person will a pecuniary loss. I have been a mempoints. I could say a great deal, but I understand that if an agent is appointed ber of the House for fourteen years, and forbear. I wish to speak respectfully to act with other agents, that agent can one-half of that time has been given to of the representative of Her Majesty, not act without the other agents acting the public for which I have practically but he is a man like ourselves, and with him. Unless the House restrain received nothing. There are others we should have fair play and justice these delegates when they proceed to here who have given their time to the tion, I do not know when it is to be Scheme upon us. No doubt but it will My hon, friend Mr. Kerr has never resent, but from indications which I see be the authors of the scheme who will ceived a dollar; what object can be have around, and from what I know of the ne- be sent, and these gentiemen have de- in continuing a member of a Legislature long before it goes. I know the Gov- they will take it, if not they will take the corporation of the City of St. John. round of Canada cannot last long as the Quebec Scheme. As they have our Legislature should meet. The ne- terms which they have said gave them whole scheme, and I can prove this by If we are going to have confederation, her leading statesmen, Mr. McGee and we should do everything we can to obothers. This measure did not emanate tain a scheme that will be an advantage from the British Government, but they to the Province and not a destruction have approved of the Scheme, and are to it. If this confederation is to be accomplished, I shall move a resolu ion When I examined this resolution to restraining the power of these delegates, appoint delegates, I found in it what, to which, I think, will commend itself to to make an arrangement. Unless this by this House, and the Canadians find delegation be full they have no power that the delegates have no power to to act. This is intended by the hon consent to a Union, unless that scheme mover. It is not necessary to argue embraces certain provisions necessary that if you delegate men to act with for the country, they, rather than not that if you designed men to the interests, have confederation—for I know their not they proceed on the same principle their power ceases unless met by those anxiety for it—will make those concestheir power ceases unless meet by those they were appointed to meet. This sions. If our delegation goes, home through the Legislature without any ap-Quebec Scheme was prepared upon the without those instructions, you agree peal to the prople at all? Did they enter assumption that all these Lower Pro- to the scheme, believing it to be a good into an agreement different from the line assumption to the prople at all? Did they enter assumption that all these Lower Pro- to the scheme, and you need not said any line as a green and the line as the line vinces are to come in. It has been said scheme, and you need not seek any of action to be adopted by the Delegates vinces are to come in. It has been said sensing and the thing the first state of these Lower Pro-inces are identical, and they would is brought about, how utterly this Par-they would act unitedly in the means and vinces are menucal, and they would be oblight on the protection of the interests of the Maritime Provinces. If Prince worthy of the best minds of our country of the Maritime Provinces. If Prince worthy of the best minds of our country of the Maritime Provinces. Therefore I consider that if they Edward Island and Newfoundland are to come here, for this Assembly will had thought it possible to put that meanot embraced within this confederation, dwindle down to a mere municipality sure through our Legislature they would

views upon the action of the Legislative Council. I predicted from the beginning that this scheme was prepared with all the elements necessary to give it vitality. Out of the Legislative Council there are ten members to go to Ottawa. We all have our ambitious feelings; if fifteen of the members of this House were to be provided with sents at Ottawa for life, do you not think it would have an influence this House? upon the vote of We know that personal interest blinds the eyes and warps the judgment, and the person under its influence is not conscious of it. There is no doubt but that the deliberations of the Legislative Counail have been influenced by the fact that ten of their number are to be appointed to seats in the Legislative Council at Ottawa for life. That makes ten vacancies for ten hon, members of this House, if those seats are worthy of their ambition. This is part of the machinery to facilitate the passage of the Scheme through the Legislature. It was agreed at the conference at Quebec that it was to be passed through the Legislature without any appeal to the people. (Cries of no, no.) Whether there was a positive agreement I know not, but there was an understanding that it was to be done if practicable. (No; no.) Why then have they attempted to do so in Nova Scotia? Why did