Calculations as to the Revenue, Expenditure, Debt, Imports, &c., per head of the Population in each Province.

	the soutre	per head of	the	Debt per head of the population.	the	the	the
Newfourdland, Nova Scotta New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Canada,	18.72 10.06 40.95	\$ ets. 3 50 3 39 3 29 2 29 3 51	\$ cts. 3 49 3 10 3 24 2 00 3 86	8 cts. 6 90 13 91 20 91 2 79 21 69	38 27 29 20 28 46 17 61 16 51	8 cts. 3 53 2 46 2 81 1 69 1 85	8 cts. 43 81 24 11 32 86 18 93 15 03
Average,	8.32	3 45	3 68	19 83	19 18	2 04	18 42
Canada, 1864,	. 8.60	3 79	3 67	20 93	18 23	2.30	13 42

My object in making use of these figures is to lay a fair statement before the country, and I believe in reviewing these figures it shows that if we connect ourselves with Canada, we go with a We are curtailed, circumscribed and fenced round. We are told that our market is the United States: that aroument is put forth in favor of Western Extension. Of course it is very desira-ble that we should be able to buy in the cheapest market and sell in the dearest, but this is not all. We should look at the sition to which we should arrive under Union with Canada that we cannot attain without it. These are some of my ideas on Confederation and why we should not send a delegation to England to tell the people what they already know. Very great stress has been laid on the 14th Section of the Resolutions adopted by the delegates at Quebec, and although it has been said in this connection that no movement dare to be made towards the carrying out of the Scheme in Nova Sco tia; yet I have no doubt that the whole proposition will be laid before that people and they be allowed to express an opinion upon it. The 14th Section reads thus; "The first selection of the members of the Legislative Council, shall be made, except as regards Prince Edward Island. from the Legislative Council of the various Provinces, so far as a sufficient number be found qualified and willing to serve; such members shall be appointed by the Crown at the recommendation of the General Executive Government, upon the nomination of the respective local Governments, and in such nomination due regard shall be had to the claims of the members of the Legislative Council of the opposition in each Province, so that all political parties may, as nearly as possible, be fairly rethe Legislative Council thus, and in making them permanent, the delegates had them. I look upon this as a safeguard against any encroachments that might be made. I would not go into Confederation unless the building of the Intercolonial Railway was guaranteed and prosecuted, and what an advantage it would be to this country to have \$16,000,000 laid out on this work; the majority of which would be spent here. A few days ago the Mili-tia Bill passed, and we granted \$30,000 tis Dill passed, and we grante 200,000 street for the form a Cump of Instruction, and or sponsibility, and want that recent? They made it public It is said that Confederal neath great have now us to show our law generated others have raken their ration would have had an highright inflation of the Cump of the Royal Grante calls the Miltha out in clift, and the host local Commissioner of our country, but its opposite the Royal Grante calls the Miltha out in clift, and the host Cult Commissioner of our country, but the comparison of the control of the contro

the midst of hyging, withdrawing the la- of authority, and I take sides with the bor from farms and increasing the rates [board of Works on that point. That of wages, and injuring other Agricultural lon, gentleman made up his inind that he products. Perhaps this is done that the would not hold office unless it was sub-delegates, who I suppose are also be initted to the people. This was done, and this House to ask us to appoint delegates? Why not appoint them themselves? have the power. I want to know if, when delegations have been appointed before, the Government has pursued such a course? When Messrs. Howe, Tilley, and others, went to Canada, did the Government then bring down a measure to relieve them of all responsibility in the matter? And the same will apply to our Railway delegates; the President of the Council being then a member of the Govcouncil being user a memore of the Octanged now. Yes, a change has taken place, but one I think that does not add to the dignity of the Executive. They are ex-pected to initiate measures and being them before this House for an expression of an opinion, but now they strive to get the opinion of the House without commiting themselves to any measures, as is evi-dent by these Resolutions, and by those that are to be brought in by the hon. member for St. John (Mr. Cudlip) with regard to Western Extension. The hon. President of the Council says the delegates to the Quebec Conference had no authority to meet. I say they had.

Hon. Mr. SMITH .- I said they had no

authority from the people.

Mr. CONNELL.—The delegates who are people, and the decision for the present force it through the Legislature is adverse to it. Hon. Mr. Smith.—They were invited such were the case, it was carried on by by the Governor General to meet, but those of whom he seems to have the most

they bound thenselves to the provisions of knowledge. With regard to the confer-Scheme Mr. Connell. Yes, they bound thom: I think, although such is the usual course, selves; they did not shrink from the re- that it would have been better to have

delegates, who I suppose are also to be intent to one propie. It is about, and seen in like hate, may convey to be fig.; the Gorenment suffered by it. The hon-lish people a report of what we are doing 'Chief Commissioner took ground against to show our loyalty. The flon. Fresident the Scheme as early as the first of No of the Council brought in a Resolution yember; but he does not tell or and the 19th with regard to; a Maritime Union, but place between that their on the 19th with regard to a narrium of the place occurrent that time and the 18th there was "no debate upon it. I think January, when he resigned his office. He that subject should have been thoroughly does not say why he did not resign before said on that it might have some [fore, altituogh I believe he acted conscicurcussed, so that it might have some jore, although t believe he neted conseive whighton the delegates who are now to eleminously in the matter. It is not a mathe sent home, and that it might be exter of any great importance, however, plained for the benefit of the country; He complains that a despatch was report that did not soit their purpose. But existed in 1864 that he did not see till a why need the Government come down to long time after, although he was a memof the Government. He was busy. ber no doubt, about his office duties when it was received, and it was known that he was not opposed to any action with regard to Railways; but I will not go into as the hon, member opposite (Mr. Mc-Millan) will doubtless take it up and explain it satisfactorily. Some observations have been made by the hon member from Victoria, (Mr. Costigan) and the hon, member from the County of St. John, (Hon. Mr. Anglin), with regard to the hardware and stoyes in Canada. It is well known that the iron of this Province is not fit for the manufacture of hollows ware and stoves; but that of Canada, from the Marmora Mines, is just suited for that purpose. But this fact is no argument atall, as those who know anything about the subject, are aware that the iron for farm implements, and most other purposes, is ow imported from Scotland at considerable cost, whilst in Canada the iron for hollow-ware is found on their own soil and manufactured. In this respect, there-fore, they have the advantage of us. But it is no argument against Confederation that we have to import iron. member for St. John, (Mr. Anglin), sava the delegates were not sanctioned; but it is well known that they were sanctionnow to be appointed will have no authority from the people either. The matter of
the Home Government. He says, also
Confederation was brought. hefore the that scheming measures were employed to norce it through the Legislature. There might have been scheming, but I think if

ence being conducted with closed doors.