sing us. We have men of character read the document, which was an op-going about the country as between the despatch received from Eng-prejudicing the minds of the people land, and which he said he did not see against us. The Press is eather that the said as did not see against us. The Press is eather that the said as did not see a said that the said as the said as the said as the said as did not see fraul, and is carrying abuse and slauder us of not having published the despatch to every handle. We challenge thou We were commadded to communicate it fraud, and is cerrying aware. We were crammaded to communere as to every handle. We challenge this to the Legislature at their next meeting to prove it; and we challenge this to the Legislature at their next meeting of House to put their finger, upon an act, We did, not wait for the next meeting of of fraud, or an act of mad-administra- the Legislature before communicating it is thand after. Let us bring in our; to the public. I was arraprised to hear their think of their communications are the second of frend, or an act of mat-diministration of the properties. I was surprised to bear accounts before the properties of t triend that the Surveyor General has the public when he was a member of the been here but a few days. The reason Government before the Legislature as-is, that affection for an indisposed, sembled. Deepatch after despitch was daughter has called him to his home. was never communicated to the people at daughter has called him to his home, was never communicated to the prophest It may be very well for my learned all. This desputed was written on the friend, who resides at Fredericton, to 2 the of June, and gualidade in July. This talk about the unmembers of the Govern-desputed was the against of 'it's helperment staying here. No man would be supported by the contraction to the contraction of the contraction of the contraction to the contraction of the contraction tenure of an office in the Government. My blue, from a collection of the contraction tenure of an office in the Government. My blue, from a collection of the contraction tenure of the contraction tenure of the contraction tenure of the contraction tenure. has done his duty in that office, and not, have a country here whose interests are condemn him observe you know what he not identical with those of England. I has done. It is an attribute of a just told Mr. Cardwell that the people of has done. It is an attribute of a just told Mr. Cardwell that the people of his before he is heard. The hon, mover this question than the people of England; and he provision, and he provises we refer, when the people of England; to be centrely, unsalinh, but if the first him to the converse we can be a first to the converse were the converse when the most in the converse were the converse were the most in the converse were the converse were the most interest and most interest and the converse were the converse were the converse were the converse were the converse that the converse were the converse that the converse were the converse that the converse were the converse the converse that the converse were the converse that the converse were the converse that the converse the converse that the converse the converse the converse that the converse the converse that the converse the converse that the converse that the converse that the converse the converse that speech is made up in setting forth that our Government had made a tremen-dous attack upon Her Majesty, the Queen. I cannot tell whether a tear dropped from his eye or not. Something had been said by the Government, insulting to Her Majesty. He spoke of Her Majesty's Ministers as if they were superior to the men of this country. respect a man occupying a high posi-tion; but we must not forget, in our admiration for a great name and high sounding titles, that the holders of those titles are but men. I have, by the kindness of the people, been in communication with these men, and, while I paid them every respect, I never forgot that I was a man myself. A man is not regard to this Minuto & Connell which such terms as would be promotive of the he says, is insuling to the Queens. welfare had proposedly of this country. We will be the promotive of the connell will be connected to the connected with the connected with the connected will be connected to give the proposery of my rately insulting the Queen, we throw it looks upon him. I can speak women littical necessities of Canada, My Carpfreely about this, because I was no play and the connected with the connected wit ad tadw to taperes at

has done. A majority of the Press, for approbation. I am prepared to take some reasons, are against us, and abuthe responsibility of it. Mr. Smith then sing us. We have men of character read the document, which was an an-

ter wait and see whether my colleague the same time we must not forget that we has done his duty in that office, and not have a country here whose interests are him with wishing to prejudge the Go-more competent to judge in regard to this verment. The Commissioner of the mitter, for our people had grown up with Board of Works has occupied that posi-the country, and we kase least what would not for many years, and is related, as present our realists. There is not a any times, to resign the office up to the mesher of the Chalmet of England that appeared to show that he has discharged no discrepent for, the people and has done it; and he has there has not even to this country, and it is pared to show that he has discharged no discrepent for, the people above to see the people and the people above to see the people and the people above to see the second of the people above to see a side many of colority longs to see the people above to see a side many of colority longs to see that above the last colority to an arrange outlink the Consaid many offensive taming to us, which is about only found two persons outside the Cay-mean, low, and decency. I do not wish ernment that had exer read the Scheme; mean, low, and ucennry, 1 on not wish jermment that had are read the Schemer's beat that greatman up as a trainfact and we stribute a great dead of the feet-of decease, propriety, and housely like the propriety of the country, and the tendency of the country, and the tendency of the tendency of the propriety of the country, and tell them into in a carried they will be reliefued from judge, for it is not for us to sound our some of their taxes; but Mr. Carteell over trumpted, A. great, part of this way to the propriety of the wint that way the only reason for their opinion. Intelligent men out of the Government supposed that a Legislative Union, pure and simple, was contemplated, and they ex-pressed astonishment that men could agree to such a Schene as the one proposed. Mr. Cardwell himself acknowledged that there were mapy objections to the scheme; but said it was the best scheme which could be got now. We said we did not think it right to accept a thing we did not want, because it is the best thing that could be got; we wanted to be let alone. No man denied that it originated in the necessities of Canada. The people of this country have meanon with these, men, and, waits | 1 ne people of this country have yaid them every respect, Inverte fropt right to be made subservent to that I was a man myself. A man, is not the political necessities, of Canada a man who forgets hispaelf, and will if we could get a scheme of union upon fall down and worship any man, ...la such terms as a free fact and equal to the country of the country o

not be said that it emanated from them. My hon friend has a great opinion of the Canadian politicians; but I can recollect the time when I tried to defend and vindicate the honor of Canadian statesmen when they were assailed by him, and were charged with being guilty of a vio-lation of public taith. The Government had no more right to go to Canada and agree upon a scheme to change the Constitution than the Government of Great Britain has to go to France and barter away their Government. The people decided that they had proved recreant decided that they had proved recreant to their trust, and hurled them from power. The hon, gentleman talks about silent grumbling. I thought grumbling was a noise and not silent. He says silent grumbling was going on, and increasing in power, and would hurl this Government to the ground. When he says this House could not be dissolved if the Government were ousted, I do not say it will be, but I think the Gover not say it was oe, but I think the Gover-nor has a right to appeal to the people under the Constitution. We are pre-pared to go before the people of this country and let them decide whether our country and let them decide whether our administration has not been in accord-ance with their interests; and if they decide against us we will resume on occupations. We will not circle this country and hold meetings in every school house. We are not professional politicians, and if I may be allowed to give my opinion my judgment is that the less professional politicians we have in this country the better for its welfare. It is put forth in the Times that not only the Cabinet are in favor of the scheme, but the whole united body of England; and thus this eroneous information is disseminated to the people of England. They suppose that the two Canadas are now about to be united for the first time. forgetting that they had formerly been charged with being a Government of traitors, with no spirit of loyalty, that we are willing to submit ourselves to a man who is a notorious traitor; these are the sen-timents put forward in the Times, and I ask whether these sentiments receive your approbation. We wish to draw closer the ties which

bind us to the Mother Country, although we are charged with being disloyal by those who take a different flew of things to what we do. That is one of the agen-cies employed against us throughout the country; but I trust the intelligence of the people will resist any such deluof the people will resign any such defision as that we are dialoyal and want to weaken the ties that bind us to the Mother Country. We are not sympathizers with the Fenians, we are ready ready to defend our country fresides and homes. We are assailed for not adopting sufficient precautionary nor anophing sufficient precautionary measures for our defence. We are pre-pared to bay down every available dol-lar for the defence of this country, for we expect to live and die, here. Why should this loyalty and love of country be peculiar to the gentlemen who occu-We are as ready py the other benches. We are as ready and willing to defend our country as they are, and I ask, why is it that this hon, mover of the amendment-in view of the circumstances existing now when we are in hourly expectation of dangerseeks to throw the country into utter confusion by leaving it without a Par-liment at all. One of the charges made against us was, that the Legislature was called logether too late, and there was a