COMP9318: Assignment 1

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Question 1

1.1

Location	Time	Item	Quantity
ALL	2006	PS2	1500
ALL	2006	Wii	500
ALL	2006	ALL	2000
ALL	2005	PS2	1400
ALL	2005	XBox 360	1700
ALL	2005	ALL	3100
ALL	ALL	PS2	2900
ALL	ALL	Wii	500
ALL	ALL	XBox 360	1700
ALL	ALL	ALL	5100
Melbourne	2005	XBox 360	1700
Melbourne	2005	ALL	1700
Melbourne	ALL	XBox 360	1700
Melbourne	ALL	ALL	1700
Sydney	2006	PS2	1500
Sydney	2006	Wii	500
Sydney	2006	ALL	2000
Sydney	2005	PS2	1400
Sydney	2005	ALL	1400
Sydney	ALL	PS2	2900
Sydney	ALL	Wii	500
Sydney	ALL	ALL	3400

1.2

SELECT Location, Time, Item, SUM(Quantity)
FROM Sales
GROUP BY Location, Time, Item
UNION ALL
SELECT NULL, Time, Item, SUM(Quantity)
FROM Sales
GROUP BY Time, Item

UNION ALL

SELECT Location, NULL, Item, SUM(Quantity)

FROM Sales

GROUP BY Location, Item

UNION ALL

SELECT Location, Time, NULL, SUM(Quantity)

FROM Sales

GROUP BY Location, Time

UNION ALL

SELECT NULL, NULL, Item, SUM(Quantity)

FROM Sales

GROUP BY Item

UNION ALL

SELECT NULL, Time, NULL, SUM(Quantity)

FROM Sales

GROUP BY Time

UNION ALL

SELECT Location, NULL, NULL, SUM(Quantity)

FROM Sales

GROUP BY Location

UNION ALL

SELECT NULL, NULL, NULL, SUM(Quantity)

FROM Sales

ORDER by Location, Time, desc;

1.3

Location	Time	Item	Quantity
Sydney	2006	ALL	2000
ALL	2005	ALL	3100
Sydney	ALL	ALL	3400
Sydney	ALL	PS2	2900
ALL	ALL	PS2	2900
ALL	2006	PS2	2000
ALL	ALL	ALL	5100

1.4

We have original value mapping:

Sydney	1	2005	1	PS2	1
Melbourne	2	2006	2	Xbox 360	2
ALL	0	ALL	0	wii	3
				ALL	0

I choose the function as

f(Location, Time, Item) = Location*4*3 + Time*4 + Item Thus, we transfer the table into

Location	Time	Item	Quality	Offset
0	2	1	1500	9
0	2	3	500	11
0	2	0	2000	8
0	1	1	1400	5
0	1	2	1700	6
0	1	0	3100	4
0	0	1	2900	1
0	0	3	500	3
0	0	2	1700	2
0	0	0	5100	0
2	1	2	1700	30
2	1	0	1700	28
2	0	2	1700	26
2	0	0	1700	24
1	2	1	1500	21
1	2	3	500	23
1	2	0	2000	20
1	1	2	1400	18
1	1	0	1400	16
1	0	2	2900	14
1	0	3	500	15
1	0	0	3400	12

Quality	Offset	Quality	Offset	Dense MD array
1500	9	5100	0	5100
500	11	2900	1	2900
2000	8	1700	2	1700
1400	5	500	3	500
1700	6	3100	4	3100
3100	4	1400	5	1400
2900	1	1700	6	1700
500	3	2000	8	2000
1700	2	1500	9	1500
5100	0 =====>	500	11 =====>	500
1700	30	3400	12	3400
1700	28	2900	14	2900
1700	26	500	15	500
1700	24	1400	16	1400
1500	21	1400	18	1400
500	23	2000	20	2000
2000	20	1500	21	1500
1400	18	500	23	500
1400	16	1700	24	1700
2900	14	1700	26	1700
500	15	1700	28	1700
3400	12	1700	30	1700

Question 2

2.1

Based on the Bayes rule , the classifer NB can been wirtten as follow

$$NB(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \frac{P(y=1|x)}{P(y=0|x)} \ge 1\\ 0, & \frac{P(y=1|x)}{P(y=0|x)} < 1 \end{cases}$$

now, We can determine the value of $\frac{P(y=1|x)}{P(y=0|x)}$, according to the formula below

$$P(y = 1|x) = \frac{P(x|y = 1)P(y = 1)}{P(x)}$$

$$P(y = 0|x) = \frac{P(x|y = 0)P(y = 1)}{P(x)}$$

then ,we can get

$$\frac{P(y=1|x)}{P(y=0|x)} = \frac{P(x|y=1)P(y=1)}{P(x|y=0)P(y=1)}$$

$$= \frac{P(y=1)\prod_{i=0}^{d} P(x_i|y=1)}{P(y=0)\prod_{i=0}^{d} P(x_i|y=0)}$$