

Stock Market Trading with LSTM Analysis

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I. DATASET CREATION

II. TRAINING

A. Config

- 1) *Load*: Load config as json object with path from positional arg
- 2) *Unpack*: Unpack config keys into variables

B. Load dataset

- 1) *Init dataset object*: The dataset object is initialized and given config. Then the load dataset method is called which does the following.

2) *Verify files*: Loads all csvs in dataset and verifies a minimum length. A legacy feature at this point.

3) *Split files into task groups*: List of valid files is split into groups to have each group loaded with threads.

4) *Open dataset thread pool*: Open thread pool to load files.

5) *Load csv files*: Open every file from directory listed in config. Load as pandas dataframe with date index column and put them all in a list.

6) *Calculate indicators*: Calculate all additional features listed in configs. Cut out any data at the front of the dataframes that is missing these features (e.g. for rolling avg's).

7) *Create date feature*: 1hot encode day of the week and add the new weekday features to all dataframes.

8) *Slice data into training examples*: Use rolling window to cut each dataframe into training example dataframes with n day history. All examples get added to a list and labels are made into a dataframe of their own.

9) *Normalize examples*: Each dataframe training example is normalized using norm function from config.

10) *Create tensor input*: Each dataframe is converted to numpy then a tensor with the datatype and device listed in the config. All labels are converted a single tensor as well.

C. Load Model

1) *Dynamically load model class*: The Python file containing the model class is loaded by name using importlib.

2) *Call init*: Init custom model class. The custom model class is passed a name, starting LR, and input feature count from dataset. The model inherits from torch.nn.Module which is also initied.

3) *Setup pytorch objects*: Model class init sets up LSTM object and Sequential object for forward passes, a default optimizer, a null loss func and an empty history.

- 4) *Set optimizer*: Call model set optim method to initialize and save optimizer to model class.

- 5) *Send to device*: Set model to device specified in config.

D. Scheduler

- 1) *Init scheduler*: Pass optimizer from model. Give it kwargs from config

E. Dataloader

- 1) *Check for test set*: Check's to see if the model save config contains test set indices. For loading a partially trained model. Indices get set after init if none are there. Pretty much a vestigial feature.

- 2) *Call init*: Init object and pass in dataset object (and test set indices if applicable)

- 3) *Pick test indices*: If not test set indices were passed, create list of indices and either random sample indices (legacy) or slice chunk off the front to create test set indices.

- 4) *Separate test set*: Use indices to make a mask and remove test examples from all indices to get training set indices

- 5) *Shuffle train set*: random.shuffle train set indices

- 6) *Split batches*: Split train set indices into batches using a list comprehension and slicing with option to drop last partial batch. Transforms list[int] -> list[list[int]]. Casts result to tensor.

- 7) *Setup first inputs*: Create empty list for inputs and labels. Prefetch first n batches by indexing them out of dataset and adding them to inputs and labels. Remove these indices from batch indices.

III. EVALUATION