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# Volume Scatter

The *Volume Scatter* node allows light to be scattered as it passes through the volume. Typical usage would be to add fog to a scene. It can also be used with the [Volume Absorption](#) node to create smoke.

## Inputs

### Color

Scattering coefficients per color channel.

### Density

The density of the scatter effect.

### Anisotropy **Henye**y-Greenstein **Draine**

Controls the relative amount of backward and forward scattering.

### IOR **Fournier-Forand**

Refractive index of the scattering particles relative to water. Common ocean waters range between 1.0 and 1.2, while turbid waters with higher density of particles have higher IORs.

### Backscatter **Fournier-Forand**

Fraction of light that is scattered backwards. Most oceanic particles have backscatter values between 0.001 (e.g., very large phytoplankton) and 0.1 (e.g., very small mineral particles), pure water has a backscatter of 0.5. Values taken from [Ocean Optics Web Book](#).

### Alpha **Draine**

Blending factor between Henye

### Diameter **Mie**

Diameter of the scattering particles in  $\mu\text{m}$ .

## Properties

### Phase

Volume scattering phase function.

#### Henye

Simple and widely used phase function, useful for approximating scattering in biological tissues.

#### Fournier-Forand:

Cycles Only Suitable for modeling the scattering of light in underwater environments.

#### Draine:

Cycles Only Suitable for modeling the scattering of interstellar dust.

#### Rayleigh:

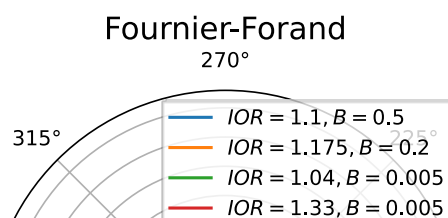
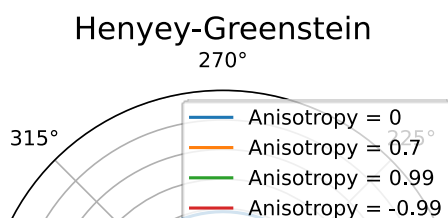
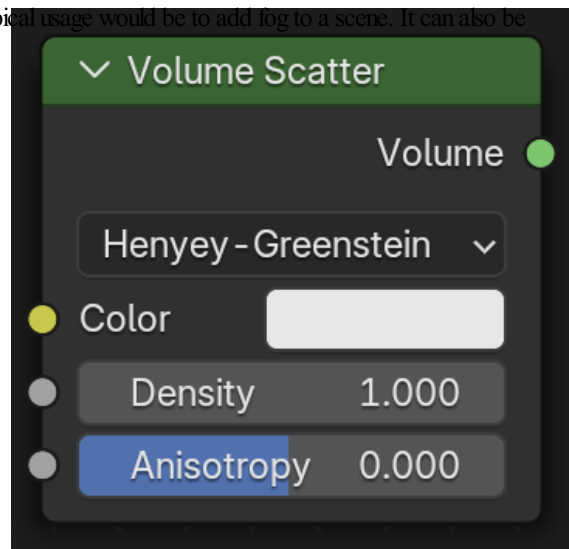
Cycles Only Describes the scattering by particles with a size smaller than the wavelength of light, such as the scattering of sunlight in earth's atmosphere.

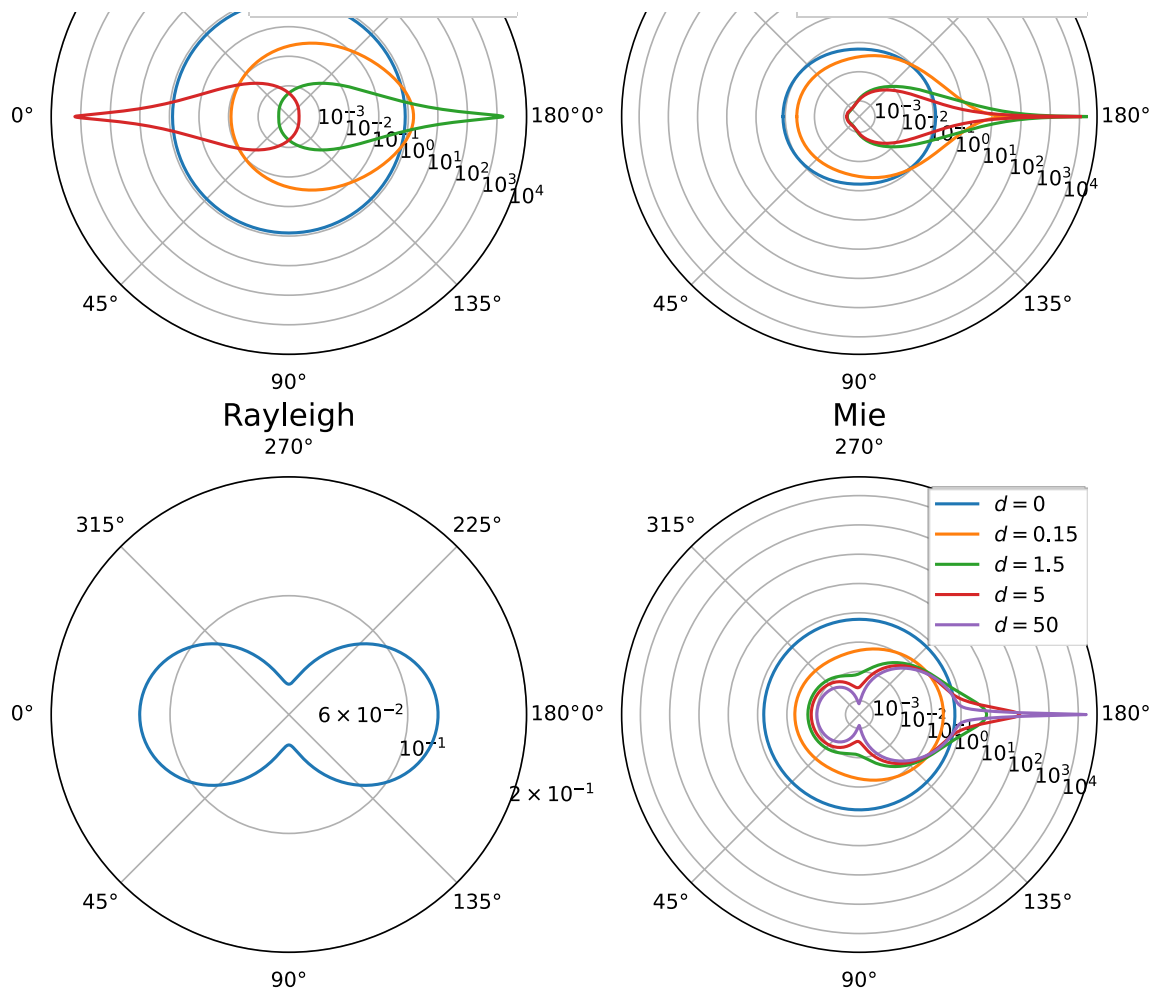
#### Mie:

Cycles Only Describes the scattering by particles with a size larger than the wavelength of light, such as cloud and fog.

### Tip

These phase functions can be combined using a [Mix Shader](#).





Volume scattering phase as a function of angles between the incoming and the outgoing direction, in logarithmic scale. Light comes from the left side.

## Outputs

### Volume

The Volume Shader output must be plugged into the *Volume Input* of the [Material](#) or [World](#) Output node.

## Examples



Example of Volume Scatter.

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