

# UVs & Texture Space

## UV Maps

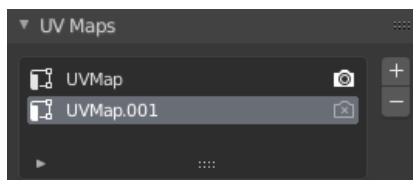
### Reference

**Mode:**

All Modes

**Panel:**

Properties ▸ Data ▸ UV Maps



The UV Maps panel in the Data tab.

If you have a mesh object selected, you'll find its UV maps in the Data tab of the [Properties editor](#). After selecting a map, you can view and edit it in the [UV editor](#).

One mesh can have multiple UV maps (e.g. one map per texture), although it's also possible to reuse a UV map for multiple textures.

**Active Render**

Click the camera icon to make a certain UV map the default one for rendering. This will be the map that's output by the [UV Pass](#) for compositing and the [Texture Coordinate Node](#) for material shading. Use the [UV Map Node](#) to access any other UV maps in shaders.

**Add +**

Duplicates the selected UV map, or creates a new one if the list is empty.

**Remove -**

Removes the selected UV map.

## Texture Space

### Reference

**Mode:**

All Modes

**Panel:**

Properties ▸ Data ▸ Texture Space

This panel lets you configure the object's [Texture Space](#), which is a 3D box used for generating texture coordinates without the use of a UV map. You can visualize the texture space using the option in the [Viewport Display](#) panel.

**Auto Texture Space**

Calculates the texture space automatically.

**Location, Size**

Lets you define the texture space manually, relative to the object. Note that you can also edit it in the 3D Viewport – see [Editing](#) below.

**Texture Mesh Mesh objects**

Use another mesh for texture indices. The vertices of the two objects must be perfectly aligned or the UV map will be distorted.

**Match Texture Space Curve objects**

Modifies the *Location* and *Size* to match the object's bounding box. This disables Auto Texture Space.

## Editing

Reference
<b>Mode:</b> Object Mode and Edit Mode
<b>Menu:</b> Object ▸ Transform ▸ Move/Scale Texture Space

Click one of these menu items, then move the mouse to adjust the texture space and press `LMB` to confirm. While transforming, you can use keyboard shortcuts to lock certain axes; see the status bar.

## Accessing

When setting up a material shader, you can use the *Generated* output of the [Texture Coordinate Node](#) to read the 3D coordinate inside the object's texture space. You can then pass this coordinate to a texture node.

Tip

Texture spaces do not have rotation support. You can use a [Mapping Node](#) to manually rotate the coordinate in the material shader instead.

[Previous UVs](#)

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