Skip to content BlendDataLibraries(bpy_struct)

```
base class — bpy_struct

class bpy.types.BlendDataLibraries(bpy_struct)

Collection of libraries

tag(value)

tag

PARAMETERS:

value (boolean) – Value

remove(library, *, do_unlink=True, do_id_user=True, do_ui_user=True)

Remove a library from the current blendfile
```

PARAMETERS:

- library (Library, (never None)) Library to remove
- do_unlink (boolean, (optional)) Unlink all usages of this library before deleting it
- do id user (boolean, (optional)) Decrement user counter of all datablocks used by this library
- do ui user (boolean, (optional)) Make sure interface does not reference this library

classmethod bl rna get subclass(id, default=None)

PARAMETERS:

id (str) – The RNA type identifier.

RETURNS:

The RNA type or default when not found.

RETURN TYPE:

```
bpy.types.Struct subclass
```

classmethod bl_rna_get_subclass_py(id, default=None)

PARAMETERS:

id (str) – The RNA type identifier.

RETURNS:

The class or default when not found.

RETURN TYPE:

type

load(filepath, link=False, relative=False, assets_only=False, create_liboverrides=False, reuse_liboverrides=False, create_liboverrides_runtime=False)

Returns a context manager which exposes 2 library objects on entering. Each object has attributes matching bpy.data which are lists of strings be linked.

PARAMETERS:

- **filepath** (*str* | *bytes*) The path to a blend file.
- link (bool) When False reference to the original file is lost.
- **relative** (*bool*) When True the path is stored relative to the open blend file.
- assets only (bool) If True, only list data-blocks marked as assets.
- create_liboverrides (bool) If True and link is True, liboverrides will be created for linked data.
- reuse_liboverrides (bool) If True and create liboverride is True, search for existing liboverride first.
- create liboverrides runtime (bool) If True and create liboverride is True, create (or search for existing) runtime

liboverride.

```
import bpy
filepath = "//link library.blend"
# load a single scene we know the name of.
with bpy.data.libraries.load(filepath) as (data from, data to):
    data to.scenes = ["Scene"]
# load all meshes
with bpy.data.libraries.load(filepath) as (data_from, data_to):
    data_to.meshes = data_from.meshes
# link all objects starting with 'A'
with bpy.data.libraries.load(filepath, link=True) as (data from, data to):
    data to.objects = [name for name in data from.objects if name.startswith("A")]
# append everything
with bpy.data.libraries.load(filepath) as (data_from, data_to):
    for attr in dir(data to):
        setattr(data to, attr, getattr(data from, attr))
# the loaded objects can be accessed from 'data to' outside of the context
# since loading the data replaces the strings for the datablocks or None
# if the datablock could not be loaded.
with bpy.data.libraries.load(filepath) as (data from, data to):
    data to.meshes = data from.meshes
# now operate directly on the loaded data
for mesh in data to.meshes:
    if mesh is not None:
        print (mesh.name)
```

write(filepath, datablocks, path_remap=False, fake_user=False, compress=False)

Write data-blocks into a blend file.

Note

Indirectly referenced data-blocks will be expanded and written too.

PARAMETERS:

- **filepath** (*str* | *bytes*) The path to write the blend-file.
- datablocks (set[bpy.types.ID]) set of data-blocks.
- path_remap(str) -

Optionally remap paths when writing the file:

- NONE No path manipulation (default).
- RELATIVE Remap paths that are already relative to the new location.
- RELATIVE_ALL Remap all paths to be relative to the new location.
- ABSOLUTE Make all paths absolute on writing.

- fake_user (bool) When True, data-blocks will be written with fake-user flag enabled.
- **compress** (*bool*) When True, write a compressed blend file.

```
import bpy
filepath = "//new library.blend"
# write selected objects and their data to a blend file
data blocks = set(bpy.context.selected objects)
bpy.data.libraries.write(filepath, data blocks)
# write all meshes starting with a capital letter and
# set them with fake-user enabled so they aren't lost on re-saving
data_blocks = {mesh for mesh in bpy.data.meshes if mesh.name[:1].isupper()}
bpy.data.libraries.write(filepath, data blocks, fake user=True)
# write all materials, textures and node groups to a library
data blocks = {*bpy.data.materials, *bpy.data.textures, *bpy.data.node groups}
bpy.data.libraries.write(filepath, data blocks)
```

Inherited Properties

• bpy struct.id data

Inherited Functions

- bpy_struct.as_pointer
- bpy struct.driver add
- bpy struct.driver remove
- bpy struct.get
- bpy struct.id properties clear
- bpy struct.id properties ensure
- bpy struct.id properties ui
- bpy struct.is property hidden
- bpy_struct.is_property_overridable_library bpy_struct.property_unset
- bpy struct.is property readonly
- bpy struct.is property set

- bpy struct.items
- bpy struct.keyframe_delete
- bpy struct.keyframe insert
- bpy struct.keys
- bpy struct.path from id
- bpy struct.path resolve
- bpy struct.pop
- bpy struct.property overridable library set
- bpy struct.type recast
- bpy struct.values

References

• BlendData.libraries