Skip to conten

Freestyle Shaders (freestyle.shaders)

This module contains stroke shaders used for creation of stylized strokes. It is also intended to be a collection of examples for shader definition in Pythor

User-defined stroke shaders inherit the freestyle.types.StrokeShader class.

```
class freestyle.shaders.BackboneStretcherShader
```

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > BackboneStretcherShader
```

[Geometry shader]

```
__init__(amount=2.0)
```

Builds a BackboneStretcherShader object.

PARAMETERS:

amount (*float*) – The stretching amount value.

shade(stroke)

Stretches the stroke at its two extremities and following the respective directions: v(1)v(0) and v(n-1)v(n).

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.BezierCurveShader

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > BezierCurveShader
```

[Geometry shader]

__init__(error=4.0)

Builds a BezierCurveShader object.

PARAMETERS:

error (*float*) – The error we're allowing for the approximation. This error is the max distance allowed between the new curve and the original geometry.

shade(stroke)

Transforms the stroke backbone geometry so that it corresponds to a Bezier Curve approximation of the original backbone geometry.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke) – A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.BlenderTextureShader

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > BlenderTextureShader
```

[Texture shader]

```
__init__(texture)
```

Builds a BlenderTextureShader object.

PARAMETERS:

texture (bpy.types.LineStyleTextureSlot or bpy.types.ShaderNodeTree) – A line style texture slot or a shader node tree to define a set of textures.

shade(stroke)

Assigns a blender texture slot to the stroke shading in order to simulate marks.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke) - A Stroke object
```

class freestyle.shaders.CalligraphicShader

Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > CalligraphicShader

[Thickness Shader]

__init__(thickness_min, thickness_max, orientation, clamp)

Builds a CalligraphicShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- **thickness min** (*float*) The minimum thickness in the direction perpendicular to the main direction.
- thickness max (float) The maximum thickness in the main direction.
- orientation (mathutils.Vector) The 2D vector giving the main direction.
- **clamp** (*bool*) If true, the strokes are drawn in black when the stroke direction is between -90 and 90 degrees with respect to the main direction and drawn in white otherwise. If false, the strokes are always drawn in black.

shade(stroke)

Assigns thicknesses to the stroke vertices so that the stroke looks like made with a calligraphic tool, i.e. the stroke will be the thickest in a mai direction, and the thinnest in the direction perpendicular to this one, and an interpolation in between.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.ColorNoiseShader

Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > ColorNoiseShader

[Color shader]

init (amplitude, period)

Builds a ColorNoiseShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- amplitude (float) The amplitude of the noise signal.
- **period** (*float*) The period of the noise signal.

shade(stroke)

Shader to add noise to the stroke colors.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.ConstantColorShader

Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > ConstantColorShader

[Color shader]

init (red, green, blue, alpha=1.0)

Builds a ConstantColorShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- red (float) The red component.
- **green** (*float*) The green component.
- **blue** (*float*) The blue component.
- alpha (float) The alpha value.

shade(stroke)

Assigns a constant color to every vertex of the Stroke.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke) - A Stroke object.
```

${\color{blue} \textbf{class} freestyle.shaders.} \textbf{ConstantThicknessShader}$

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > ConstantThicknessShader
```

[Thickness shader]

init (thickness)

Builds a ConstantThicknessShader object.

PARAMETERS:

thickness (float) - The thickness that must be assigned to the stroke.

shade(stroke)

Assigns an absolute constant thickness to every vertex of the Stroke.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.ConstrainedIncreasingThicknessShader

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > ConstrainedIncreasingThicknessShader
```

[Thickness shader]

init (thickness min, thickness max, ratio)

Builds a ConstrainedIncreasingThicknessShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- thickness min (float) The minimum thickness.
- thickness max (float) The maximum thickness.
- ratio (float) The thickness/length ratio that we don't want to exceed.

shade(stroke)

Same as the IncreasingThicknessShader, but here we allow the user to control the thickness/length ratio so that we don't get to short lines.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

${\bf class}\ freestyle. shaders. {\bf Guiding Lines Shader}$

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > GuidingLinesShader
```

[Geometry shader]

```
_init__(offset)
```

Builds a GuidingLinesShader object.

PARAMETERS:

offset (*float*) – The line that replaces the stroke is initially in the middle of the initial stroke bounding box. offset is the value of the displacement which is applied to this line along its normal.

shade(stroke)

Shader to modify the Stroke geometry so that it corresponds to its main direction line. This shader must be used together with the splitting operator using the curvature criterion. Indeed, the precision of the approximation will depend on the size of the stroke's pieces. The bigger the pieces are, the rougher the approximation is.

```
PARAMETERS:
```

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.IncreasingColorShader

```
{\bf Class\; hierarchy:}\; {\tt freestyle.types.StrokeShader} > {\tt IncreasingColorShader}
```

[Color shader]

init (red min, green min, blue min, alpha min, red max, green max, blue max, alpha max)

Builds an IncreasingColorShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- red min (float) The first color red component.
- **green_min** (*float*) The first color green component.
- blue min (float) The first color blue component.
- alpha min (float) The first color alpha value.
- red_max (float) The second color red component.
- green max (float) The second color green component.
- blue_max (float) The second color blue component.
- alpha max (float) The second color alpha value.

shade(stroke)

Assigns a varying color to the stroke. The user specifies two colors A and B. The stroke color will change linearly from A to B between the fir and the last vertex.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.IncreasingThicknessShader

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > IncreasingThicknessShader
```

[Thickness shader]

__init__(thickness_A, thickness_B)

Builds an IncreasingThicknessShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- thickness A (float) The first thickness value.
- thickness_B (float) The second thickness value.

shade(stroke)

Assigns thicknesses values such as the thickness increases from a thickness value A to a thickness value B between the first vertex to the midpoint vertex and then decreases from B to a A between this midpoint vertex and the last vertex. The thickness is linearly interpolated from to B.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.PolygonalizationShader

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > PolygonalizationShader
```

[Geometry shader]

```
init (error)
```

Builds a PolygonalizationShader object.

PARAMETERS:

error (*float*) – The error we want our polygonal approximation to have with respect to the original geometry. The smaller, the closer the new stroke is to the original one. This error corresponds to the maximum distance between the new stroke and the old one.

shade(stroke)

Modifies the Stroke geometry so that it looks more "polygonal". The basic idea is to start from the minimal stroke approximation consisting in line joining the first vertex to the last one and to subdivide using the original stroke vertices until a certain error is reached.

```
PARAMETERS:
```

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke) - A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.RoundCapShader

```
round cap thickness(x)
```

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.SamplingShader

```
{\bf Class\; hierarchy:}\; {\tt freestyle.types.StrokeShader} > {\tt SamplingShader}
```

[Geometry shader]

__init__(sampling)

Builds a SamplingShader object.

PARAMETERS:

sampling (*float*) – The sampling to use for the stroke resampling.

shade(stroke)

Resamples the stroke.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.SmoothingShader

```
Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > SmoothingShader
```

[Geometry shader]

__init__(num_iterations=100, factor_point=0.1, factor_curvature=0.0, factor_curvature_difference=0.2, aniso_point=0.0, aniso_normal=0.0, aniso_curvature=0.0, carricature_factor=1.0)

Builds a SmoothingShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- num_iterations (int) The number of iterations.
- **factor_point** (*float*) 0.1
- factor_curvature (float) 0.0
- factor_curvature_difference (float) 0.2
- aniso point (float) 0.0
- **aniso_normal** (*float*) 0.0
- aniso curvature (float) 0.0
- carricature_factor (float) 1.0

shade(stroke)

Smooths the stroke by moving the vertices to make the stroke smoother. Uses curvature flow to converge towards a curve of constant curvature. The diffusion method we use is anisotropic to prevent the diffusion across corners.

PARAMETERS:

```
stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
```

class freestyle.shaders.SpatialNoiseShader Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > SpatialNoiseShader [Geometry shader] __init__(amount, scale, num_octaves, smooth, pure_random) Builds a SpatialNoiseShader object. **PARAMETERS:** • amount (*float*) – The amplitude of the noise. • scale (*float*) – The noise frequency. • num octaves (int) – The number of octaves • **smooth** (*bool*) – True if you want the noise to be smooth. • **pure random** (*bool*) – True if you don't want any coherence. shade(stroke) Spatial Noise stroke shader. Moves the vertices to make the stroke more noisy. **PARAMETERS:** stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke) - A Stroke object. class freestyle.shaders.SquareCapShader shade(stroke) class freestyle.shaders.StrokeTextureStepShader Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > StrokeTextureStepShader [Texture shader] __init__(step) Builds a StrokeTextureStepShader object. **PARAMETERS: step** (*float*) – The spacing along the stroke. shade(stroke) Assigns a spacing factor to the texture coordinates of the Stroke. **PARAMETERS:** stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object. ${\bf class}\ free style. shaders. {\bf Thickness Noise Shader}$ Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > ThicknessNoiseShader [Thickness shader] __init__(amplitude, period) Builds a ThicknessNoiseShader object.

PARAMETERS:

- amplitude (float) The amplitude of the noise signal.
- **period** (*float*) The period of the noise signal.

shade(stroke)

Adds some noise to the stroke thickness.

```
PARAMETERS:
             stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke)-A Stroke object.
class freestyle.shaders.TipRemoverShader
    Class hierarchy: freestyle.types.StrokeShader > TipRemoverShader
    [Geometry shader]
     init (tip length)
        Builds a TipRemoverShader object.
        PARAMETERS:
             tip length (float) – The length of the piece of stroke we want to remove at each extremity.
    shade(stroke)
        Removes the stroke's extremities.
         PARAMETERS:
             stroke (freestyle.types.Stroke) - A Stroke object.
class freestyle.shaders.py2DCurvatureColorShader
    Assigns a color (grayscale) to the stroke based on the curvature. A higher curvature will yield a brighter color.
    shade(stroke)
class freestyle.shaders.pyBackboneStretcherNoCuspShader
    Stretches the stroke's backbone, excluding cusp vertices (end junctions).
    shade(stroke)
class freestyle.shaders.pyBackboneStretcherShader
    Stretches the stroke's backbone by a given length (in pixels).
    shade(stroke)
class freestyle.shaders.pyBluePrintCirclesShader
    Draws the silhouette of the object as a circle.
    shade(stroke)
class\ free style. shaders. py Blue Print Directed Squares Shader
    Replaces the stroke with a directed square.
    shade(stroke)
class freestyle.shaders.pyBluePrintEllipsesShader
    shade(stroke)
class freestyle.shaders.pyBluePrintSquaresShader
    shade(stroke)
class freestyle.shaders.pyConstantColorShader
    Assigns a constant color to the stroke.
```

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyConstantThicknessShader

Assigns a constant thickness along the stroke.

shade(stroke)

${\bf class}\ free style. shaders. {\bf py Constrained Increasing Thickness Shader}$

Increasingly thickens the stroke, constrained by a ratio of the stroke's length.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyDecreasingThicknessShader

Inverse of pyIncreasingThicknessShader, decreasingly thickens the stroke.

shade(stroke)

${\bf class}\ free style. shaders. {\bf py Depth Discontinuity Thickness Shader}$

Assigns a thickness to the stroke based on the stroke's distance to the camera (Z-value).

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyDiffusion2Shader

Iteratively adds an offset to the position of each stroke vertex in the direction perpendicular to the stroke direction at the point. The offset is scaled the 2D curvature (i.e. how quickly the stroke curve is) at the point.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyFXSVaryingThicknessWithDensityShader

Assigns thickness to a stroke based on the density of the diffuse map.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyGuidingLineShader

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyHLRShader

Controls visibility based upon the quantitative invisibility (QI) based on hidden line removal (HLR).

shade(stroke)

$class\ free style. shaders. py Importance 2DT hickness Shader$

Assigns thickness based on distance to a given point in 2D space. the thickness is inverted, so the vertices closest to the specified point have the lowest thickness.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyImportance3DThicknessShader

Assigns thickness based on distance to a given point in 3D space.

shade(stroke)

${\bf class}\ free style. shaders. {\bf pyIncreasingColorShader}$

Fades from one color to another along the stroke.

shade(stroke)

class treestyle.shaders.pyIncreasingThicknessShader

Increasingly thickens the stroke.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyInterpolateColorShader

Fades from one color to another and back.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyLengthDependingBackboneStretcherShader

Stretches the stroke's backbone proportional to the stroke's length NOTE: you'll probably want an I somewhere between (0.5 - 0). A value that is too high may yield unexpected results.

shade(stroke)

$class \ {\it freestyle.shaders.} py Material Color Shader$

Assigns the color of the underlying material to the stroke.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyModulateAlphaShader

Limits the stroke's alpha between a min and max value.

shade(stroke)

${\bf class}\ free style. shaders. {\bf pyNonLinearVaryingThicknessShader}$

Assigns thickness to a stroke based on an exponential function.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyPerlinNoise1DShader

Displaces the stroke using the curvilinear abscissa. This means that lines with the same length and sampling interval will be identically distorted.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyPerlinNoise2DShader

Displaces the stroke using the strokes coordinates. This means that in a scene no strokes will be distorted identically.

More information on the noise shaders can be found at: https://freestyleintegration.wordpress.com/2011/09/25/development-updates-on-septembe 25/

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pyRandomColorShader

Assigns a color to the stroke based on given seed.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pySLERPThicknessShader

Assigns thickness to a stroke based on spherical linear interpolation.

shade(stroke)

class freestyle.shaders.pySamplingShader

Resamples the stroke, which gives the stroke the amount of vertices specified.

shade(stroke) class freestyle.shaders.pySinusDisplacementShader Displaces the stroke in the shape of a sine wave. shade(stroke) class freestyle.shaders.pyTVertexRemoverShader Removes t-vertices from the stroke. shade(stroke) class freestyle.shaders.pyTVertexThickenerShader Thickens TVertices (visual intersections between two edges). shade(stroke) class freestyle.shaders.pyTimeColorShader Assigns a grayscale value that increases for every vertex. The brightness will increase along the stroke. shade(stroke) class freestyle.shaders.pyTipRemoverShader Removes the tips of the stroke. shade(stroke) Undocumented class freestyle.shaders.pyZDependingThicknessShader Assigns thickness based on an object's local Z depth (point closest to camera is 1, point furthest from camera is zero). shade(stroke)

Previous Freestyle Chaining Iterators (freestyle.chainingiterators) Report issue on this page Copyright © Blender Authors Made with Furo Freestyle Utilities (freestyle.ut