

Ex.No: 10

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Running and Analyzing HIVE Queries on a Hadoop Cluster**Aim:**

To create a table and run queries using Hive on a Hadoop cluster to analyze structured data stored in HDFS.

Procedure:**1. Create an Input file:**

A CSV or text file (e.g., students.csv) containing structured data:

101,John,IT,85

102,Mary,CSE,90

103,Steve,ECE,78

2. Start Hadoop Services:

start-dfs.sh

start-yarn.sh

3. Start Hive Command Line Interface (CLI):

hive

4. Create a Hive Database:

```
CREATE DATABASE studentdb;
```

```
USE studentdb;
```

5. Create a Table in Hive:

```
CREATE TABLE students (
```

```
id INT,
```

```
name STRING,
```

```
department STRING,
```

```
marks INT
```

```
)
```

```
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
```

```
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
```

```
STORED AS TEXTFILE;
```

6. Load Data into Hive Table:

First, upload the CSV file to HDFS:

```
hdfs dfs -mkdir /user/hive/input
```

```
hdfs dfs -put students.csv /user/hive/input/
```

Then load data into the table:

```
LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/hive/input/students.csv' INTO TABLE students;
```

7. Run HiveQL Queries:

View all records:

```
SELECT * FROM students;
```

Find students with marks > 80:

```
SELECT name, department FROM students WHERE marks > 80;
```

Count total number of students:

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM students;
```

8. **Exit Hive CLI:**
exit;

Program:

-- Start Hadoop services

start-dfs.sh

start-yarn.sh

-- Start Hive CLI

hive

-- Create and use database

CREATE DATABASE studentdb;

USE studentdb;

-- Create table

CREATE TABLE students (

id INT,

name STRING,

department STRING,

marks INT

)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

STORED AS TEXTFILE;

-- Upload data to HDFS

hdfs dfs -mkdir /user/hive/input

hdfs dfs -put students.csv /user/hive/input/

-- Load data into table

LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/hive/input/students.csv' INTO TABLE students;

-- Run queries

```
SELECT * FROM students;
```

```
SELECT name, department FROM students WHERE marks > 80;
```

```
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM students;
```

-- Exit

```
exit;
```

Output:

```
hive> SELECT * FROM students;
```

```
OK
```

```
101 John IT 85
```

```
102 Mary CSE 90
```

```
103 Steve ECE 78
```

Result:

Hive queries were successfully executed on a Hadoop cluster. The student data was analyzed using HiveQL, demonstrating Hive's ability to perform SQL-like operations over data stored in HDFS.