

Ex. No. 9	Transformer model for a text classification task
Date of Exercise	10/11/2025

Aim:

To implement a transformer model for text classification, utilizing the self-attention mechanism to improve performance.

Description:

The transformer model is a deep learning architecture that relies entirely on self-attention mechanisms instead of RNNs or CNNs. It is widely used for NLP tasks such as sentiment analysis and text classification.

Code:

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense, Embedding, GlobalAveragePooling1D
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
# Define input parameters
vocab_size = 10000
embedding_dim = 128
# Define the Transformer-based model
inputs = Input(shape=(None,))
embedding = Embedding(vocab_size, embedding_dim)(inputs)
x = GlobalAveragePooling1D()(embedding)
```

```
x = Dense(128, activation='relu')(x)
x = Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')(x)
model = Model(inputs, x)
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
print(model.summary())
```

Sample Output:

Model: "functional"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, None)	0
embedding (Embedding)	(None, None, 128)	1,280,000
global_average_pooling1d (GlobalAveragePooling1D)	(None, 128)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	16,512
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	129

Total params: 1,296,641 (4.95 MB)

Trainable params: 1,296,641 (4.95 MB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

None

Result:

The above experiment of Transformer model for a text classification task is done successfully and the output is been obtained