

# **AGENDA**

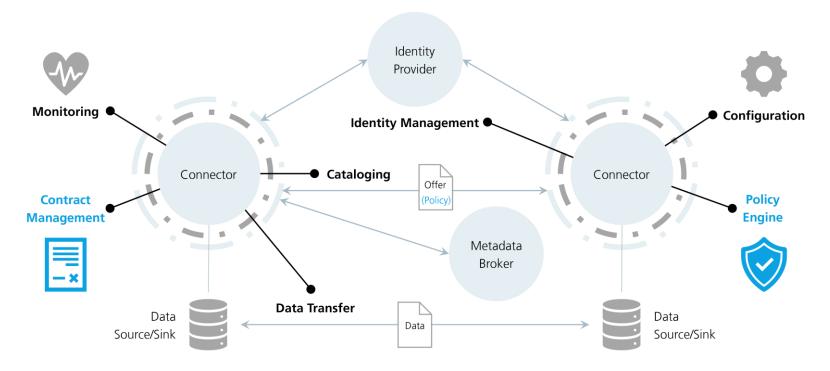
- Overview
- Contract Management
- Policy Enforcement
- Outlook



# **ECLIPSE DATASPACE CONNECTOR**OVERVIEW

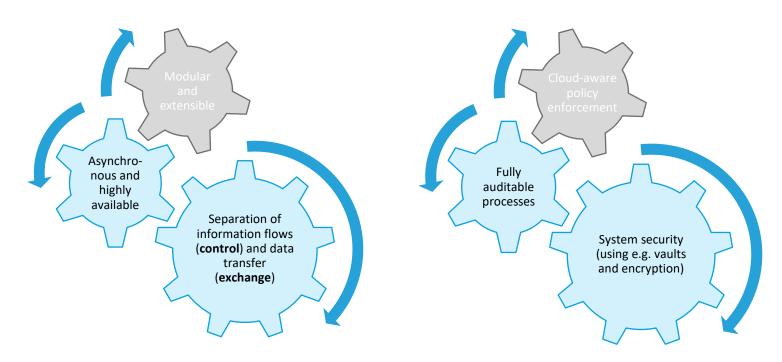


# **TECHNICAL CAPABILITIES**





## **DESIGN PRINCIPLES**





# **ECLIPSE DATASPACE CONNECTOR**CONTRACT MANAGEMENT

# **COMMUNICATION PROCESS**

#### **Provide Offer**

- Define asset
- Create contract definition with policies
- Make offer available

### Initiate Contract Negotiation

- Create request (adopt or new)
- Select protocol (e.g., IDS)

#### **Negotiation Phase**

- Validate contract and policies
- Interception by systems/users

#### Agreement

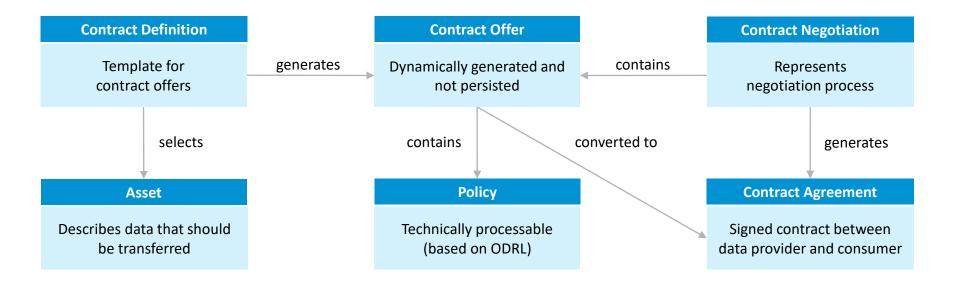
- Agree on policy
- Sign contract
- Persist contract
- Optionally involve 3<sup>rd</sup> party

#### **Data Transfer**

- Transfer data (via IDS or outof-band)
- Enforce policies of agreement



## **DOMAIN MODEL**





### **CONTRACT DEFINITION**

### **Unique Identifier**

### **Access Policy**

Non-public requirements for accessing a set of assets

#### **Contract Policy**

Data usage and access policies

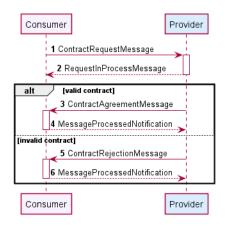
**Asset Selector** 

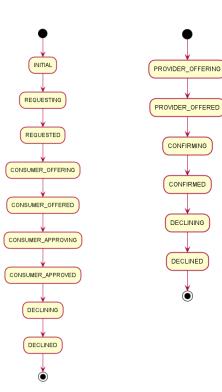
- Not part of the data/contract offer
- Used for implementing access control on metadata level
- Represents the same structure as a contract policy
- E.g., this may require another connector to be in a business partner tier
- Defines the requirements a data consumer must follow when using (e.g., processing) the data
- Advertised to other connectors as part of a contract
- The final contract is agreed upon during a negotiation process
- Follows the structure of ODRL: target, assigner, assignee, rules, constraints, etc.



# **CONTRACT NEGOTIATION**

- State machine architecture (asynchronous processing)
- Protocol: IDS multipart
- Following the sequences defined in RAM v4.0





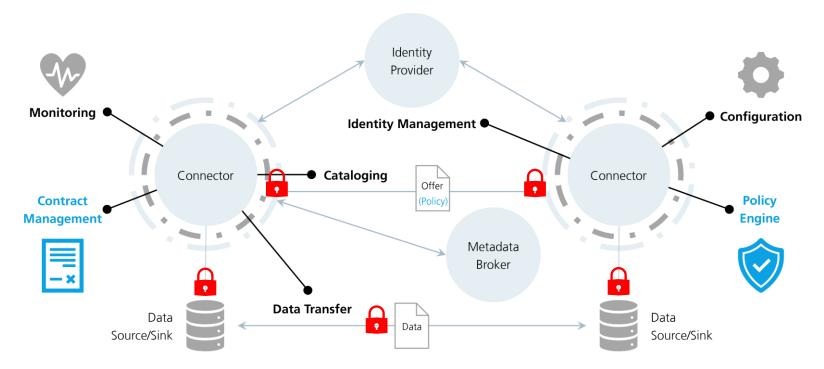
```
"id": "1:3a75736e-001d-4364-8bd4-9888490edb58".
 "uid": "956e172f-2de1-4501-8881-057a57fd0e69".
  "permissions": [
      "edctype": "dataspaceconnector:permission"
      "uid": null.
      "target": "test-document",
      "action": {
       "type": "USE",
       "includedIn": null,
       "constraint": null
      "assignee": null.
      "assigner": null,
     "constraints": [],
     "duties": []
  "prohibitions": [],
  "obligations": [],
  "extensibleProperties": {},
  "inheritsFrom": null.
  "assigner": null,
  "assignee": null,
  "target": null,
  "@type": {
    "@policytype": "set"
"asset": {
  "properties": {
   "ids:byteSize": null,
   "asset:prop:id": "test-document",
    "ids:fileName": null
"provider": "urn:connector:provider",
"consumer": "urn:connector:consumer",
"offerStart": null,
"offerEnd": null.
"contractStart": null.
"contractEnd": null
```



# **ECLIPSE DATASPACE CONNECTOR**POLICY ENFORCEMENT



## **INTERFACES**





## DSC VS. EDC

#### **Dataspace Connector**

- Fixed implementation (and interpretation) of selected IDS usage control classes
- Restriction: data cannot leave the connector

### **Eclipse Dataspace Connector**

- Modular implementation
- Policy engine with fixed interfaces
- Supported policies depend on the deployment/setup/extensions
- · Easily replaceable and expandable



# POLICY SCOPES DEFINITION

- Assumption 1: Policy rules may only be applicable in certain runtime contexts.
  - Example: "Data must be anonymized."
  - May be applicable to policy evaluation when a resource is provisioned
  - May not be applicable during data transfer
- Assumption 2: Policy rules may have different implementation semantics in certain runtime contexts.
  - Example: "Data must remain in EU-based compute environments."
  - When this rule is evaluated during authorization, a verifiable credential may be checked.
  - When data transfer occurs, this rule may require data to be stored in a particular cloud region.

**Policy Scopes** = runtime visibility and semantic boundaries for policy rules

- Hierarchical and expressed using dot notation (e.g., "provision.verify")
- If a rule is visible in a given scope, it will be included in policy evaluations for that scope; otherwise, it will be omitted.

Rule Binding = makes a rule type visible in a policy scope

# POLICY SCOPES APPLICATION

1. Define policy scope in service extension

```
public interface ContractDefinitionService {
    @PolicyScope
    String NEGOTIATION_SCOPE = "contract.negotiation";
```

- 2. Add RuleBindingRegistry to ServiceExtensionContext
- 3. Bind policy with scope

```
bindingRegistry.bind(USE_ACTION.getType(), ALL_SCOPES);
bindingRegistry.bind(ABS_SPATIAL_CONSTRAINT, ALL_SCOPES);
```

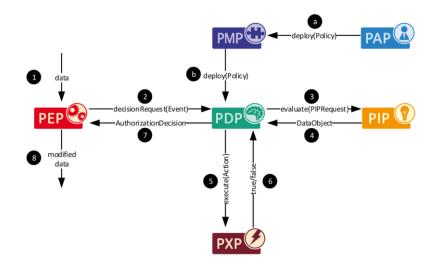
4. During execution: ScopeFilter filters a policy for a scope. This involves recursively removing rules and constraints not bound to the scope and returning a modified copy of the unfiltered policy. (applicable to policy, permission, duty, prohibition, condition)

# **ECLIPSE DATASPACE CONNECTOR** OUTLOOK



### **NEXT STEPS**

- Design policy engine, perhaps oriented towards
  - eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML)
  - and its interpretation and extension by IDS
- Implement policy enforcement for selected attributes



#### **Discussion points**

- What kinds of policy need to be supported?
- How to connect standardized interfaces and use external tools (e.g., OPA)?
- How to provide standardized interfaces for extensions?
- How to ensure policy enforcement for data that leaves the connector?

## **EVENTS**

#### 2nd Gaia-X Hackathon (12/2021)

- Bringing Usage Control (UCON+) into the EDC
- Provide extension (EDC-UCS) that extends the default policy behavior of the EDC
- Add custom PEPs and obligations for two samples (file transfer, streaming): anonymize e-mail address with a regex
- More information here

### 3rd Gaia-X Hackathon (03/2022)

- Understand the mapping between the ODRL and XACML models
- Implement a PoC that outputs ALFA policies based on ODRL policies
- Demonstrate this with the EDC-UCON integration results from the previous hackathon
- More information here

Contributions from German Research Center, Huawei Technologies (Munich) and Security Forge (Pisa)

# **WORKSHOP**

olicy <u> </u>	lose case		<u>                                    </u>	Parameter .	IIII JELA	Conditions/Obligations	ligating.
access & usage	Add a geographic usage restriction on some assets currently exposed by the partners in order to limit their consumption to partners located in EU. Scenario: Log as a partner located in EU, shows that all assets can be consumed. Logout, Log as a partner not located in EU, shows that data request is refused.    As a Data Provider I want to offer my data within a specified region for legal reasons.	central entity (e.g., government); location of the data not important, but the participant's location	1	?	access (p)	How to check the location? (centralized authorization server); PIP that provides location to PDP; relates to participant-restricted access (below), not expressable by ODRL right now; https://www.w3.org/TE/odrl-model/pparty-partof; https://docs.oasis-open.org/xacml/3.0/xacml-3.0-administration -v1-spec-en.html;	EONA-
participant-based access & usage	Data can only be used within the data consumer's company.    As a Data Provider I want to restrict the access to a data offer to a specificly named participant.    The data consumer is allowed to use the data without any time limit. Under the conditions that the data provider has not left the Catena-X network.	organization-based access (participant in the data space); Role for organisation e.g. OEM, supplier	1	x	access (p), processing (c)	Group and role equal (in ODRL)? Left-operand restriction: Give users attributes/properties that are validated	Catena
	As a Data Owner I want to share my data only with a team or organizational group from another company (or scientific institute) to keep my data secret.	group-based access	2	x			MDS
	As a home patient, I want to send my continuous vitals readings to the hospital to have my personal doctor review them only from the hospital lab (within the hospital IP range).   ] As a Data Provider I want to restrict the access to a data offer to a specific role in an organization.	role-based access	2	X			MDS, Catena
	As a Data Owner I want to share my data only with certain individuals from another company (or scientific instititute) to keep my data secret.	person-based access	2	x			MDS
	As a home patient, I want to give (or deny) consent for requests by pharmaceutical companies to process my data, and revoke this access whenever I wish.					obligation (obtain a consent)	Healti
estrict distribution to rd parties	The data consumer is not allowed to transfer the data received from the data provider to any 3rd party (as in another company).		?	x	access (c), processing (c)		Cater
nonymize before listribution	As a hospital patient, I want my medical data to be anonymized before being shared with local officials.		2	X	access (c)	anonymization as one example, privacy-preserving function; implemented as obligations or duties; include external tools	Healt
efine distribution to rd parties	As a Data Provider I want to be able to create Usage Policies for third-party Data Consumers in case the Data Consumer transfers data to them to control the usage of my data by third-party Data Consumers		2	x	access (c)	Delegation, limited capabilities in ODRL? Next policy	MDS
elegation of uthority	As a home patient, I want to send my continuous vitals readings to the hospital to have my personal doctor review them only from the As an admitted patient, in emergency cases, I want to authorize (delegate) my emergency contact to allow/deny usage requests on my medical data.	Pass rights on provider side	4		access (p)	Scenario: emergency in health	Healt
ime-based access	As a home patient, I want to send my continuous vitals readings to the hospital to have my personal doctor review them only within working hours.	Restrict data access to a repetitive time interval	2	x	access (c), usage (c)		Healt
lelete after duration	As a volunteer, I want to participate in research clinical trials only if my data is deleted after 3 months.		1	x	storage (c)	Logging/Auditing, How to ensure the deletion?	Healt
ardware-restricted torage	As a volunteer, I want to participate in research clinical trials only if my data is stored on a secure hardware in my city.		2	x	storage (c)	Custom attributes to check, system device (ODRL attribute), Intel SGX	Healt
pp-restricted usage	The data consumer is allowed to use the data is within all Catena-X applications, but not outside of Catena-X applications (e.g., in internal applications of the data provider).    As a Data Provider   want my data to be processable by IDS-certified apps only.	Under the conditions that the data provider has not left the Catena-X network.	?	(x)	processing (c)	leftOperand in IDS, not in ODRL; alternative: system device (ODRL attribute)	Cater
urpose-restricted	As a Data Provider I want to offer my CO2 data to downstream users in the production line	Share data for a specific computation	3	x	processing (c)	leftOperand "purpose"; problem with enforcement (How to get	MDS
sage	only for the use of calculating the CO2 footprint of a product to follow regulations.					information about purpose, how to trust it?)	
remote attestation	As a Data Provider I want a "Remote Attestation Result" for the integrity of the IDS instance	If the Remote Attestation fails I want to deny usage	3	x	access (p),	state-restriction (in case something changed/failes after data	MDS
	that processes my data (also if processed in a chain with many pocessors).	of/access to my data.			processing (c)	sharing); security vs usage control? Continuity of control	
artial access	As a Data Provider I need authorization profiles for partial graphs stored in triple-store/graph-databases to describe access policies to my stored data.	E.g. In the field of materials research, data is stored in graph databases. There is a need to define access rules that allow access to certain parts of that graph.	3	ж	access (p)	modify-data in transit; define data structure in ODRL; What is the target?	MDS



## JOIN THE DISCUSSION ON GITHUB

#### Issues and discussions

- https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/discussions/878
- https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/discussions/1229
- <a href="https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/discussions/792">https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/discussions/792</a>
- https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/discussions/447
- https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/discussions/742
- <a href="https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/issues/857">https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/issues/857</a>

### **Existing documentation**

- https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/blob/main/docs/Policies.md
- <a href="https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/blob/main/docs/domain-model.md">https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/blob/main/docs/domain-model.md</a>
- <a href="https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/blob/main/docs/architecture/contracts.md">https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/blob/main/docs/architecture/contracts.md</a>
- <a href="https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/tree/main/docs/developer/decision-records/2022-03-15-policy-scopes">https://github.com/eclipse-dataspaceconnector/DataSpaceConnector/tree/main/docs/developer/decision-records/2022-03-15-policy-scopes</a>





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