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The Internet Of Things C7: LoRaWAN Physical Layer

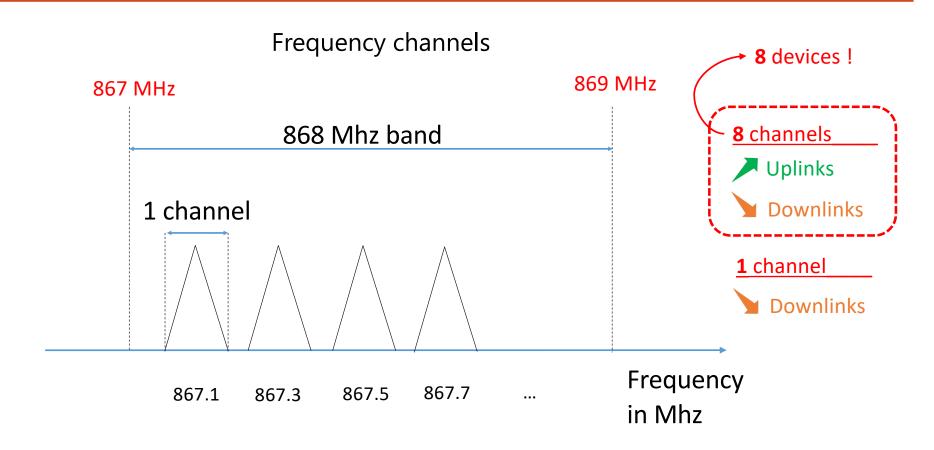
Introduction to what is the Internet of Things, why does it change the world where we live, what are the technologies behind the scene?

How des it apply to your domain?

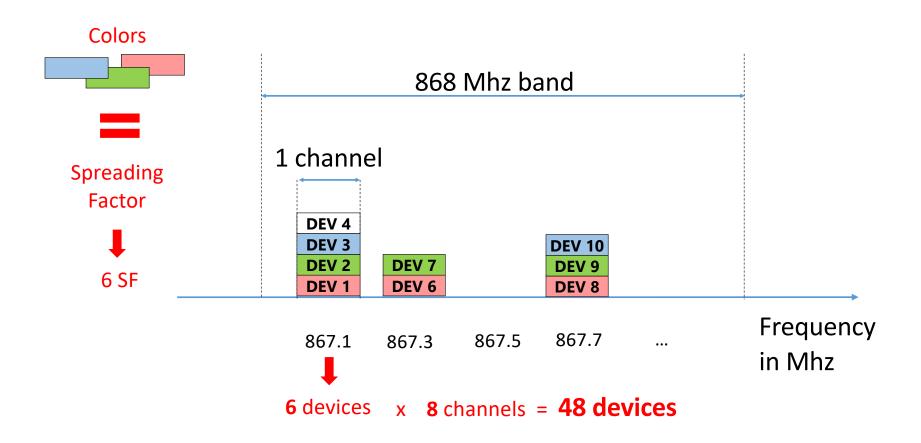
LoRa modulation Physical Layer

- ✓ The LoRa frame
- ✓ LoRa bitrate: Spreading Factor, Coding Rate, Bandwidth, Time-On-Air and Duty-Cycle
- ✓ The simulation of a LoRa transmission
- ✓ The consumption and the autonomy of a LoRa device

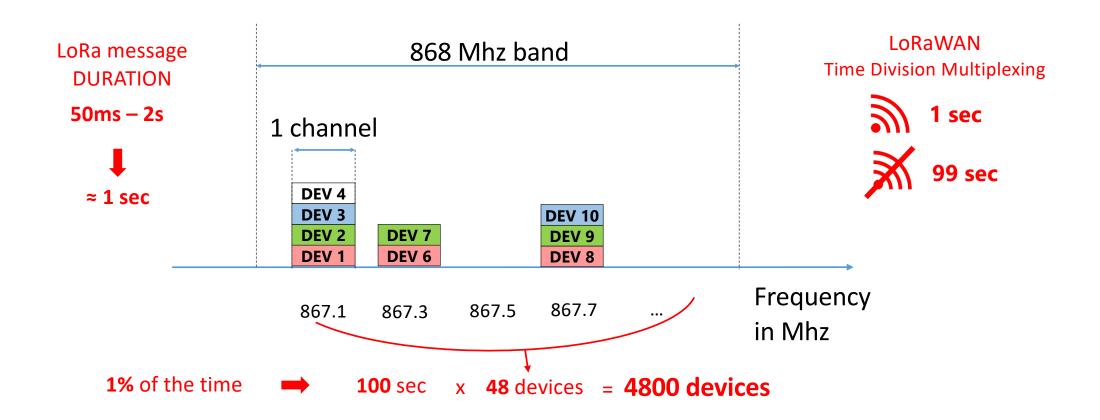
Frequency Division Multiplexing



Spread Spectrum



Time Division Multiplexing



LET'S RECAP

- ☐ LoRa is a "**long distance**" and "**low speed**" protocol
- ☐ It transmits on **channels** in the **868 MHz** band
- ☐ LoRa uses Spreading Factors :

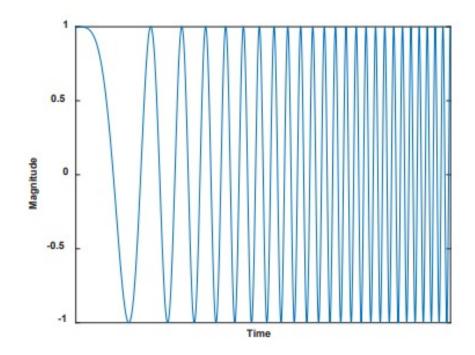


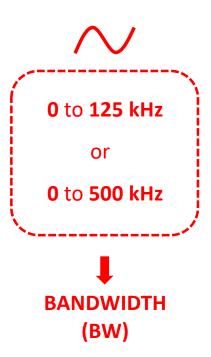
If two LoRa devices are using different SF:

> They can transmit at the same time on the same channel

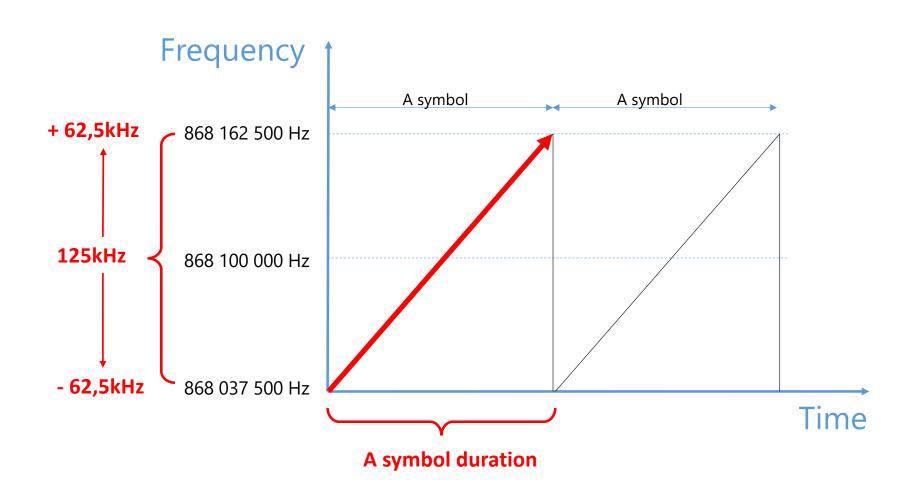
The Chirp (symbol) - 1

Chirp Spread Spectrum Modulation

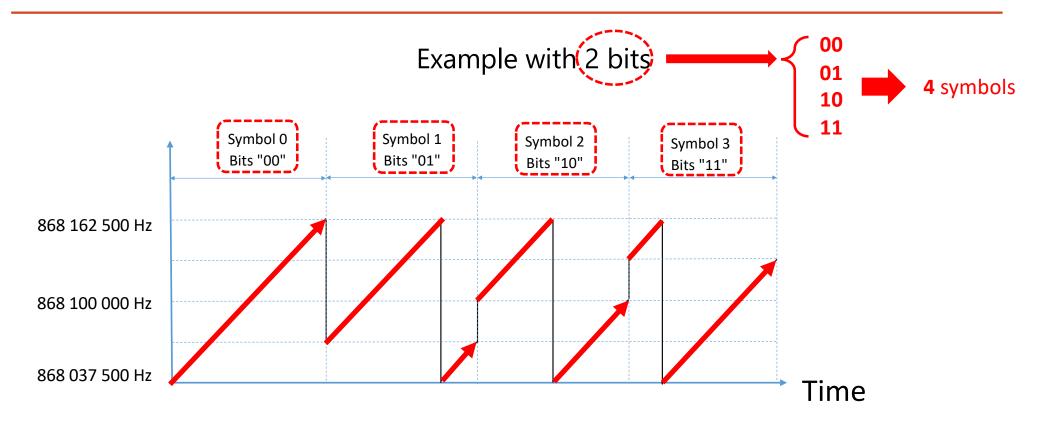




The Chirp (symbol) - 2

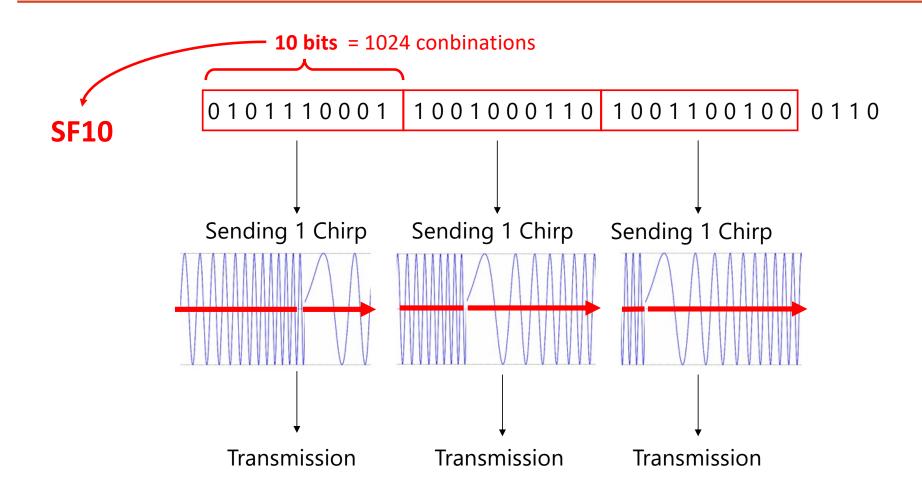


The Chirp (symbol) - 3

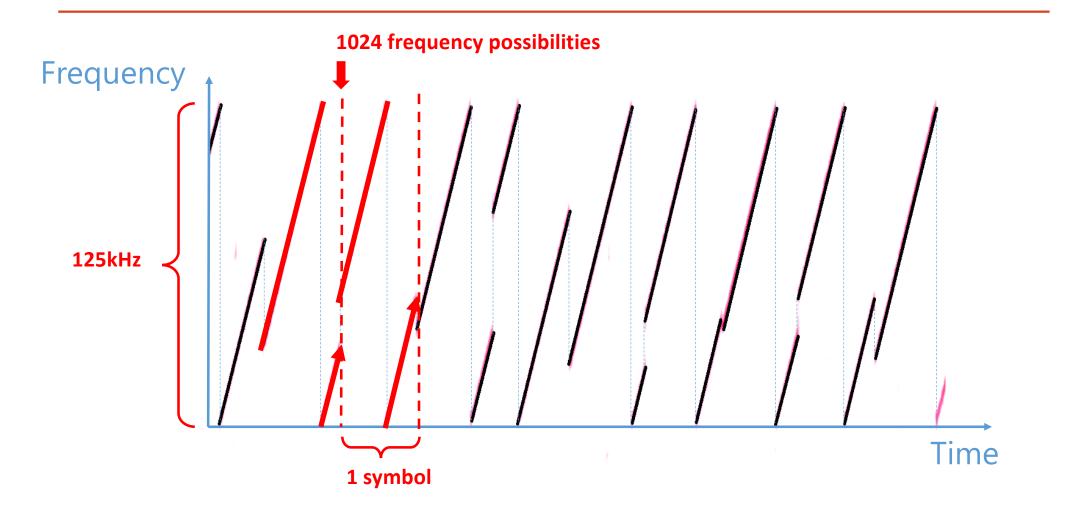


X-bits representation → SFX (5 to 12)

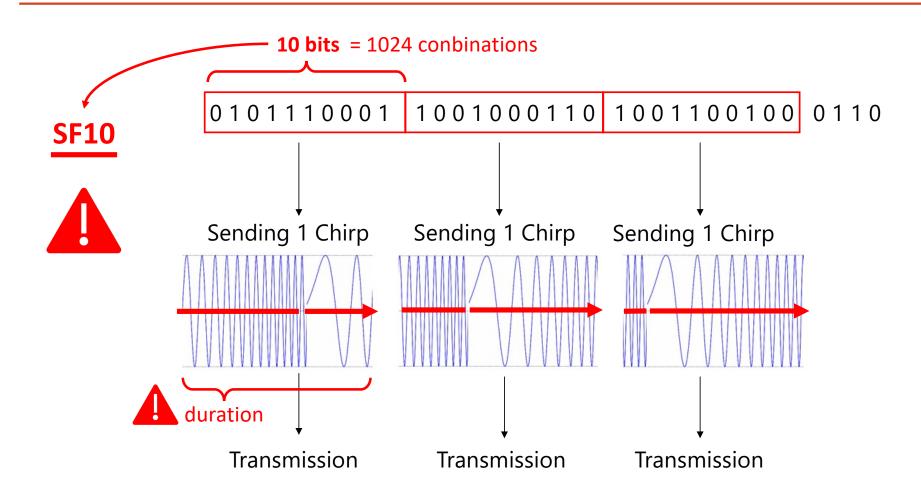
The LoRa frame - 1



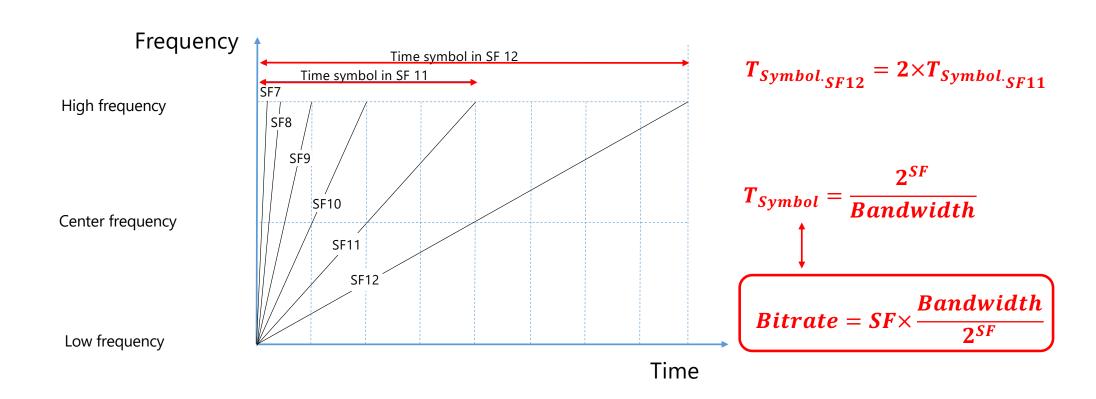
The LoRa frame - 2



The LoRa frame - 1



Symbol duration



LoRa bitrate

□ Case 1: For SF7, 125 kHz > Bit Rate =
$$SF \frac{Bandwidth}{2^{SF}} = 7 \frac{125.10^3}{2^7} = 6,836 \text{ kbps}$$

□ Case 2: For SF12, 125 kHz > Bit Rate =
$$SF \frac{Bandwidth}{2^{SF}} = 12 \frac{125.10^3}{2^{12}} = 366 bps$$

$$SF/ \leftrightarrow BR$$

Bit rate

□ Case 1: For SF7, 125 kHz > Bit Rate =
$$SF \frac{BW}{2^{SF}} = 7 \frac{125.10^3}{2^7} = 6,836 \text{ kbps}$$

□ Case 2: For SF12, 125 kHz > Bit Rate =
$$SF \frac{BW}{2^{SF}} = 12 \frac{125.10^3}{2^{12}} = 366 bps$$

$$BR = f(SF, BW, ...?)$$

Coding Rate

Bit Rate = f(SF + BW + CodingRate)

CodingRate (RegModemConfig1)	Cyclic Coding Rate	Overhead Ratio	
1	(4/5)	1.25	4 5
2	4/6	1.5	
3	4/7	1.75	
4	(4/8)	2	4 8

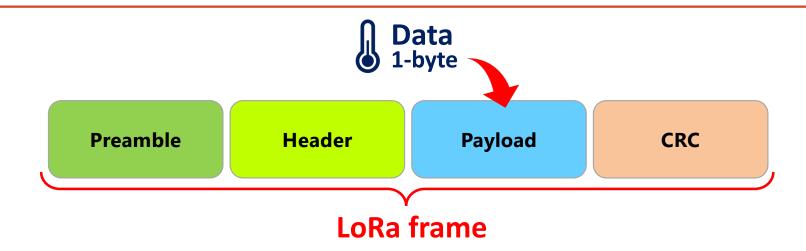


Additional bits Detect and correct errors



□ Case 1: For SF7, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate =
$$\frac{6,836 \text{ kbps}}{1,25} = 5469 \text{ bps}$$

□ Case 2: For SF12, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate =
$$\frac{366 \text{ bps}}{1,25}$$
 = 293 bps



Previously, Bit Rate was:

$$Bit Rate = \frac{SIZE_{payload}}{TIME_{payload}}$$

Real Bit Rate is:

$$Bit \ Rate = \frac{SIZE_{payload}}{TIME_{frame}}$$

$$TIME \ ON \ AIR$$

Previously, Bit Rate was:

$$Bit Rate = \frac{SIZE_{payload}}{TIME_{payload}}$$

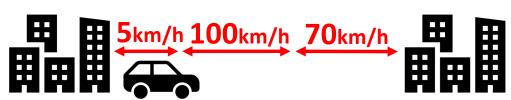
Real Bit Rate is:

$$Bit\ Rate = \frac{SIZE_{payload}}{TIME_{frame}}$$

$$TIME\ ON\ AIR$$



Speed capacity



Average speed =
$$\frac{Journey \ distance}{Journey \ time}$$

LoRa Air Time Calculator : https://loratools.nl/#/airtime

Previously, Bit Rate was:

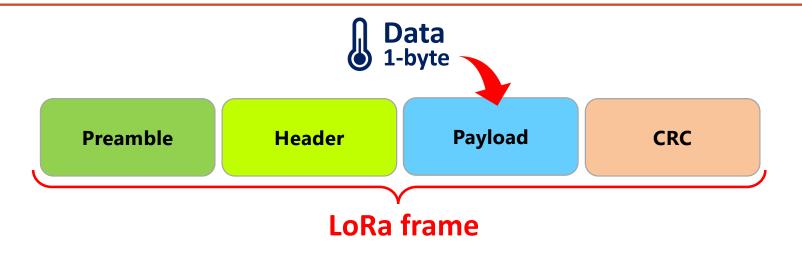
$$Bit Rate = \frac{SIZE_{payload}}{TIME_{payload}}$$

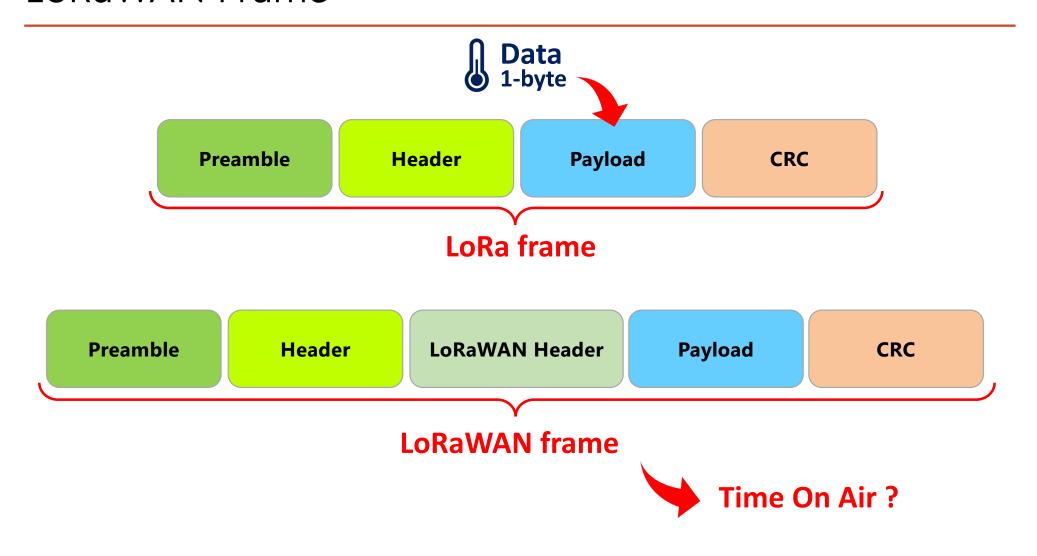
Real Bit Rate is:

$$Bit Rate = \frac{SIZE_{payload}}{TIME_{frame}}$$
TIME ON AIR

□ Case 1: For SF7, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate =
$$\frac{8}{25,85.10^{-3}} = 309,3 \text{ bps}$$

□ Case 2: For SF12, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate =
$$\frac{8}{827,39,10^{-3}}$$
 = 9,6 bps





IoRaWAN Air Time Calculator : https://www.thethingsnetwork.org/airtime-calculator

Preamble Header LoRaWAN Header Payload CRC

LoRaWAN frame

Time On Air

46,3 ms (SF7) 1155,1 ms (SF12)

- □ Case 1: For SF7, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate = $\frac{8}{46, 3.10^{-3}} = 172,7$ bps
- □ Case 2: For SF12, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate = $\frac{8}{1155, 1.10^{-3}} = 6,9$ bps

Duty-cycle in LoRaWAN (EU868)

LoRa transmission



Limit the transmission time \longrightarrow 1% of the time

- □ Case 1: For SF7, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate = $\frac{172,7}{100}$ = 1,73 bps
- □ Case 2: For SF12, 125 kHz and CR4/5 > Bit Rate = $\frac{6,9}{100}$ = 0,07 bps

Energy consumption



Energy consumption

Online Energy calculator:

https://dramco.be/tools/lora-calculator/