FRC 2018 Software Documentation

Team 5572: The ROSBOTS

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Namespace Documentation

4.1 drivetrain Namespace Reference

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- class differential_curve

  Instructions for following an arc given a differential drive.
- class differential_drive

Functions

- template<typename... VAROPT>
  bool driveto (drivetrain::differential_drive &drive, drivetrain::differential_curve &curve_geometry, double left_distance, double right_distance, VAROPT...varopts)

  Update drivetrain to follow curve geometry.

4.1.1 Function Documentation

4.1.1.1 template<typename... VAROPT> bool drivetrain::driveto (drivetrain::differential_drive & *drive,* drivetrain::differential_curve & *curve_geometry,* double *left_distance,* double *right_distance,* VAROPT... *varopts*) [inline]

Update drivetrain to follow curve geometry.

Parameters

drive	drivetrain to control
curve_geometry	differential curve geometry for the drivetrain to follow
left_distance	current distance of the left encoder. Should be in same units as curve_geometry
right_distance	current distance of the right encoder. Should be in same units as curve_geometry

Optional Parameters

max_velocity	maximum velocity to apply
min_velocity	minimum velocity to apply
curve_p	aggressiveness of corrections

4.2 math Namespace Reference

Functions

- double wrapping_limit (double value, double min, double max)

  Enforces a wrapping limit on value.
- double smoothstep (double x)

  Smooth interpolation function Applys a smooth interpolation, such that at t=0 and t=1 the derivative of the interpolation equals 0.
- double smootherstep (double x)

  Smooth interpolation function Applys a smooth interpolation, such that at t=0 and t=1 the 1st and 2nd derivative of the interpolation equals 0.

4.2.1 Function Documentation

4.2.1.1 double math::smootherstep (double *x*) [inline]

Smooth interpolation function Applys a smooth interpolation, such that at t=0 and t=1 the 1st and 2nd derivative of the interpolation equals 0.

This is done using the function $6x^5 - 15x^4 + 10x^3 | 0 \leq x \leq 1$.

4.2.1.2 double math::smoothstep (double *x*) [inline]

Smooth interpolation function Applys a smooth interpolation, such that at t=0 and t=1 the derivative of the interpolation equals 0.

This is done using the function $3x^2 - 2x^3 | 0 \leq x \leq 1$.

4.2.1.3 double math::wrapping_limit (double *value,* double *min,* double *max*) [inline]

Enforces a wrapping limit on value.

Wrapping is a constraint in which a minimum is equal to a maximum, and values exceeding either limit "wraps" to the other extremum. An example is angles. The angles 0, and 2π are equal, but if stored as a double, checking if they are equal will not produce the desired effect, so you may enforce a wrapping limit when checking for a value such as π.

Parameters

value	value to limit
min	minimum value
max	maximum value

Chapter 5

Class Documentation

5.1 drivetrain::differential_curve Class Reference

Instructions for following an arc given a differential drive.

`#include <drivetrain.h>`

Public Member Functions

- differential_curve (double x, double y, double w)
  Constructor with point and drivetrain width.
- ~differential_curve ()
  Default destructor.
- double operator() ()
  Gets ratio of short edge to leading edge.
- bool left ()
  Gets the side which is supposed to be the leading edge (true if left, false if right).
- double length ()
  Gets overall length of leading edge.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Instructions for following an arc given a differential drive.

5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.1.2.1 drivetrain::differential_curve::differential_curve (double *x*, double *y*, double *w*)

Constructor with point and drivetrain width.

5.1.2.2 drivetrain::differential_curve::~differential_curve ( ) [inline]

Default destructor.

5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

5.1.3.1 bool drivetrain::differential_curve::left ( ) [inline]

Gets the side which is supposed to be the leading edge (true if left, false if right).

5.1.3.2 double drivetrain::differential_curve::length ( ) [inline]

Gets overall length of leading edge.

5.1.3.3 double drivetrain::differential_curve::operator() ( ) [inline]

Gets ratio of short edge to leading edge.

Always between 0 and 1, and doubles for position ratio and velocity ratio.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/drivetrain/drivetrain.h

5.2 drivetrain::differential_drive Class Reference

`#include <drivetrain.h>`

Public Member Functions

- ~differential_drive ()
  Default destructor.
- void set (double, double)
  Set motor speeds.
- template<typename T >
  drivetrain::differential_drive fromMotors (std::vector< unsigned > left, std::vector< unsigned > right)
  creates differential drive given a motor-type and ids

Static Public Member Functions

- template<typename T >
  static differential_drive fromMotors (std::vector< unsigned > left, std::vector< unsigned > right)
  creates differential drive given a motor-type and ids

5.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.2.1.1 drivetrain::differential_drive::~differential_drive ( ) [inline]

Default destructor.

5.2.2 Member Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 template<typename T > static differential_drive drivetrain::differential_drive::fromMotors (std::vector< unsigned > *left*, std::vector< unsigned > *right*) [static]

creates differential drive given a motor-type and ids

5.2.2.2 template<typename T > drivetrain::differential_drive drivetrain::differential_drive::fromMotors (std::vector< unsigned > *left*, std::vector< unsigned > *right*) [inline]

creates differential drive given a motor-type and ids

5.2.2.3 void drivetrain::differential_drive::set (double , double)

Set motor speeds.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/drivetrain/drivetrain.h

5.3 FRC5572Controller Class Reference

Logitech Game Controller.

`#include <controller.h>`

Public Member Functions

- FRC5572Controller (int x)

  Constructor Sets up game controller and communication with the Driverstation.
- ~FRC5572Controller ()

  Default destructor.
- double LT ()

  Returns the value of the left trigger The value returned will be between 0 and 1, with 0 being fully depressed and 1 being fully pressed.
- bool LB ()

  Returns the value of the left bumper The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- double RT ()

  Returns the value of the right trigger The value returned will be between 0 and 1, with 0 being fully depressed and 1 being fully pressed.
- bool RB ()

  Returns the value of the right bumper The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- bool X ()

  Returns the value of the blue X button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- bool Y ()

  Returns the value of the yellow Y button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- bool A ()

Returns the value of the green A button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

- bool B ()

  Returns the value of the red B button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- std::pair< double, double > L ()

  Returns the values from the left joystick The value returned is a pair, with the first value being the x-coordinate of the joystick and the second value being the y-coordinate.
- std::pair< double, double > R ()

  Returns the values from the right joystick The value returned is a pair, with the first value being the x-coordinate of the joystick and the second value being the y-coordinate.
- int POV ()

  Returns the values from the D Pad.
- bool start ()

  Returns the value of the start button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- bool back ()

  Returns the value of the back button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- bool Lbutton ()

  Returns the value of the left button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- bool Rbutton ()

  Returns the value of the right button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.
- void rumble (double, double)

  Non-functional member function, which doesn't do anything.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Logitech Game Controller.

5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.3.2.1 FRC5572Controller::FRC5572Controller (int *x*)

Constructor Sets up game controller and communication with the Driverstation.

Parameters

x	The value associated with the controller. To determine this, open the drivestation and go to the controllers tab. Press any button on the controller. Whichever controller on the list highlights green is the controller, and the number next to it is the one you should insert here.

5.3.2.2 FRC5572Controller::~FRC5572Controller ( )

Default destructor.

5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

5.3.3.1 bool FRC5572Controller::A ( )

Returns the value of the green A button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.2 bool FRC5572Controller::B ( )

Returns the value of the red B button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.3 bool FRC5572Controller::back ( )

Returns the value of the back button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.4 std::pair<double, double> FRC5572Controller::L ( )

Returns the values from the left joystick The value returned is a pair, with the first value being the x-coordinate of the joystick and the second value being the y-coordinate.

The coordinates can be any value from -1 to 1, with 1 being fully up/right, -1 being fully down/left, and 0 being untouched.

5.3.3.5 bool FRC5572Controller::LB ( )

Returns the value of the left bumper The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.6 bool FRC5572Controller::Lbutton ( )

Returns the value of the left button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.7 double FRC5572Controller::LT ( )

Returns the value of the left trigger The value returned will be between 0 and 1, with 0 being fully depressed and 1 being fully pressed.

5.3.3.8 int FRC5572Controller::POV ( )

Returns the values from the D Pad.

The value returned is an integer value which describes the location being pressed on the D Pad, with 0 being the upwards direction, and each other value may be taken as the degrees (from 0 to 360). If none of the buttons are being pressed, -1 is returned instead.

5.3.3.9 std::pair<double, double> FRC5572Controller::R ( )

Returns the values from the right joystick The value returned is a pair, with the first value being the x-coordinate of the joystick and the second value being the y-coordinate.

The coordinates can be any value from -1 to 1, with 1 being fully up/right, -1 being fully down/left, and 0 being untouched.

5.3.3.10 bool FRC5572Controller::RB ( )

Returns the value of the right bumper The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.11 bool FRC5572Controller::Rbutton ( )

Returns the value of the right button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.12 double FRC5572Controller::RT ( )

Returns the value of the right trigger The value returned will be between 0 and 1, with 0 being fully depressed and 1 being fully pressed.

5.3.3.13 void FRC5572Controller::rumble (double , double)

Non-functional member function, which doesn't do anything.

It may do something in the future, with a different controller possibly.

5.3.3.14 bool FRC5572Controller::start ( )

Returns the value of the start button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.15 bool FRC5572Controller::X ( )

Returns the value of the blue X button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

5.3.3.16 bool FRC5572Controller::Y ( )

Returns the value of the yellow Y button The value returned will be true if the button is pressed, and false otherwise.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/controller.h

5.4 varopt_empty_list Class Reference

an empty list of variadic options

`#include <varopt.h>`

Public Member Functions

- template<typename D , typename dT >
  dT get (dT _default)
  gets option given type.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

an empty list of variadic options

5.4.2 Member Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 template<typename D , typename dT > dT varopt_empty_list::get (dT *_default*) [inline]

gets option given type.

Always returns _default.

Parameters

_default	default value for when no option is found to match the type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/util/varopt.h

5.5 varopt_helper< A, B > Struct Template Reference

generic helper for determining whether or not to use the varopt value or the default

`#include <varopt.h>`

Static Public Member Functions

- template<typename aT , typename bT >
  static bT get (__attribute__((unused)) aT value, bT _default)

5.5.1 Detailed Description

template<class A, class B>
struct varopt_helper< A, B >

generic helper for determining whether or not to use the varopt value or the default

5.5.2 Member Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 template<class A , class B > template<typename aT , typename bT > static bT varopt_helper< A, B >::get (__attribute__((unused)) aT *value,* bT *_default*) [inline], [static]

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/util/varopt.h

5.6 varopt_helper< A, A > Struct Template Reference

type-specialized helper for determining whether or not to use the varopt value or the default

`#include <varopt.h>`

Static Public Member Functions

- template<typename aT , typename bT >
  static bT get (aT value, __attribute__((unused)) bT _default)

5.6.1 Detailed Description

template<class A>
struct varopt_helper< A, A >

type-specialized helper for determining whether or not to use the varopt value or the default

5.6.2 Member Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 template<class A > template<typename aT , typename bT > static bT varopt_helper< A, A >::get (aT *value,* __attribute__((unused)) bT *_default*) [inline], [static]

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/util/varopt.h

5.7 varopt_list< T, K > Class Template Reference

list of variadic options

`#include <varopt.h>`

Public Member Functions

- varopt_list (T t, K...k)

  constructor which takes a list of varopt_val
- template<typename D , typename dT >
  dT get (dT _default)

  gets option given type

5.7.1 Detailed Description

template<typename T, typename... K>
class varopt_list< T, K >

list of variadic options

5.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.7.2.1 template<typename T , typename... K> varopt_list< T, K >::varopt_list (T *t,* K... *k*) [inline]

constructor which takes a list of varopt_val

5.7.3 Member Function Documentation

5.7.3.1 template<typename T , typename... K> template<typename D , typename dT > dT varopt_list< T, K >::get (dT *_default*) [inline]

gets option given type

Parameters

_default	default value for when no option is found to match the type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/util/varopt.h

5.8 varopt_list< T > Class Template Reference

list of variadic options

`#include <varopt.h>`

Public Member Functions

- varopt_list (T t)

  constructor which takes a list of varopt_val
- template<typename D , typename dT >
  dT get (dT _default)

  gets option given type

5.8.1 Detailed Description

template<typename T>
class varopt_list< T >

list of variadic options

5.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.8.2.1 template<typename T > varopt_list< T >::varopt_list (T *t*) [inline]

constructor which takes a list of varopt_val

5.8.3 Member Function Documentation

5.8.3.1 template<typename T > template<typename D , typename dT > dT varopt_list< T >::get (dT *_default*) [inline]

gets option given type

Parameters

_default	default value for when no option is found to match the type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

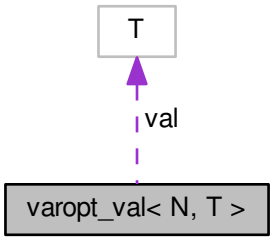
- src/util/varopt.h

5.9 varopt_val< N, T > Struct Template Reference

value type for varopt

`#include <varopt.h>`

Collaboration diagram for varopt_val< N, T >:



Public Types

- typedef N name
  referencable alias for template parameter N
- typedef T type
  referencable alias for template parameter T

Public Member Functions

- varopt_val (T t)
  constructor initializing val

Public Attributes

- T val
  stored value

5.9.1 Detailed Description

template<typename N, typename T>
struct varopt_val< N, T >

value type for varopt

5.9.2 Member Typedef Documentation

5.9.2.1 template<typename N , typename T > typedef N varopt_val< N, T >::name

referencable alias for template parameter N

5.9.2.2 template<typename N , typename T > typedef T varopt_val< N, T >::type

referencable alias for template parameter T

5.9.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.9.3.1 template<typename N , typename T > varopt_val< N, T >::varopt_val (T *t*) [inline]

constructor initializing val

5.9.4 Member Data Documentation

5.9.4.1 template<typename N , typename T > T varopt_val< N, T >::val

stored value

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/util/varopt.h

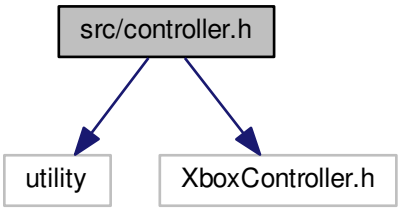
Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 src/controller.h File Reference

```
#include <utility>
#include <XboxController.h>
```

Include dependency graph for controller.h:



Classes

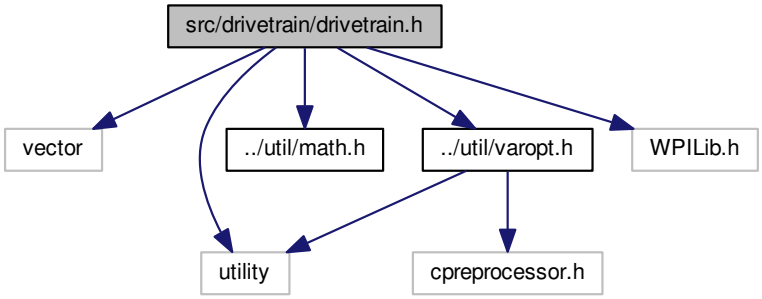
- class FRC5572Controller

  Logitech Game Controller.

6.2 src/drivetrain/drivetrain.h File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include <utility>
#include "../util/math.h"
#include "../util/varopt.h"
#include "WPILib.h"
```

Include dependency graph for drivetrain.h:



Classes

- class drivetrain::differential_curve

  Instructions for following an arc given a differential drive.
- class drivetrain::differential_drive

Namespaces

- drivetrain

Functions

- varopt_def (curve_p)
- varopt_def (max_velocity)
- varopt_def (min_velocity)
- template<typename... VAROPT>
  bool drivetrain::driveto (drivetrain::differential_drive &drive, drivetrain::differential_curve &curve_geometry, double left_distance, double right_distance, VAROPT...varopts)

  Update drivetrain to follow curve geometry.

6.2.1 Function Documentation

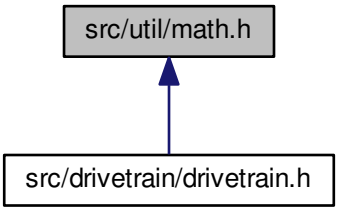
6.2.1.1 varopt_def (curve_p)

6.2.1.2 varopt_def (max_velocity)

6.2.1.3 varopt_def (min_velocity)

6.3 src/util/math.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Namespaces

- math

Macros

- #define PI 3.141592654

Functions

- double math::wrapping_limit (double value, double min, double max)

  Enforces a wrapping limit on value.
- double math::smoothstep (double x)

  Smooth interpolation function Applys a smooth interpolation, such that at t=0 and t=1 the derivative of the interpolation equals 0.
- double math::smootherstep (double x)

  Smooth interpolation function Applys a smooth interpolation, such that at t=0 and t=1 the 1st and 2nd derivative of the interpolation equals 0.

6.3.1 Macro Definition Documentation

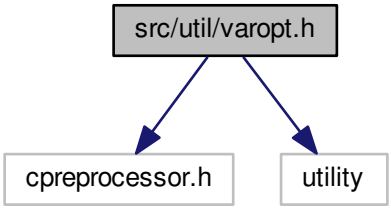
6.3.1.1 #define PI 3.141592654

6.4 src/util/varopt.h File Reference

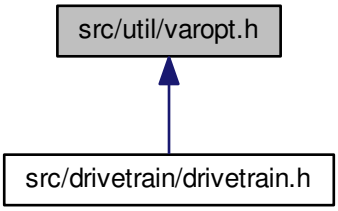
A set of tools to allow for optional parameters to be unordered.

```
#include "cpreprocessor.h"
#include <utility>
```

Include dependency graph for varopt.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- struct varopt_val< N, T >

  value type for varopt
- struct varopt_helper< A, B >

  generic helper for determining whether or not to use the varopt value or the default
- struct varopt_helper< A, A >

  type-specialized helper for determining whether or not to use the varopt value or the default
- class varopt_list< T, K >

  list of variadic options
- class varopt_list< T >

  list of variadic options
- class varopt_empty_list

  an empty list of variadic options

Macros

- #define varopt_def(v)

  define variadic option type
- #define varopt_eval(v, t, d) auto t = v.template get<varopt_def::_##t>(d);

  evaluate variadic option

Functions

- template<typename... T>
  auto varopt (T...t)

  return varopt list or empty_varopt_list given arguments
- template<>
  auto varopt ()

  return varopt list or empty_varopt_list given arguments

6.4.1 Detailed Description

A set of tools to allow for optional parameters to be unordered.

Developers planning on using this should look at varopt(), varopt_def(), and varopt_eval()

6.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

6.4.2.1 #define varopt_def(*v*)

Value:

```
namespace varopt_def { struct _##v {\
  template <typename T> inline varopt_val<_##v, T> operator=(T t){\
    return varopt_val<_##v, T>(t);\
  }\
};} __attribute__((unused)) static varopt_def::_##v v;
```

define variadic option type

Parameters

v	name of option type to use

6.4.2.2 #define varopt_eval(*v, t, d*) auto t = v.template get<varopt_def::_##t>(d);

evaluate variadic option

Parameters

v	name of variadic list
t	name of variadic type. The type must be passed through varopt_def().
d	default value if variadic option is not explicitly defined

6.4.3 Function Documentation

6.4.3.1 template<typename... T> auto varopt (T... *t*) [inline]

return varopt list or empty_varopt_list given arguments

6.4.3.2 template<> auto varopt ( ) [inline]

return varopt list or empty_varopt_list given arguments

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