



Statement S

Submissions Questions

Monokeros

Time limit: 2500 ms Memory limit: 256 MB

The true tyrant, mr. W has given Tiranca a new problem: you are given an initially empty binary search tree and a sequence of numbers $(x_1, x_2, ..., x_N)$. A binary search tree is a binary tree, that stores a value in each node and respects the following rules:

- the value stored in its left child is smaller or equal to the value of the node
- the value stored in its right child is strictly greater than the value of the node

Your task is to insert these numbers in the binary search tree (in the given order) and output the depth (edge-distance from the node to the root) of the newly added node after each insertion. An insertion goes like this:

```
insert_value(current_node,
         new_value):
 2
         if new_value <= value</pre>
             (current_node):
 3
             if the left child of
                 current_node exists:
 4
                 insert_value
                      (left_child
                      (current_node),
                     new_value)
 5
             else:
 6
                 // create a new node
                     with the
                     new_value and
                     place it as
                      current_node's
                      left child
 7
         else:
 8
             if the right child of
                 current_node exists:
 9
                 insert value
                      (right child
                      (current node),
                     new value)
10
             else:
11
                 // create a new node
                     with the
                     new value and
                     place it as
                     current node's
                     right child
12
```

Standard input

The first line will contain N, the number of elements in the sequence.

The second line will contain N numbers: $x_1, x_2, ..., x_N$.

Standard output