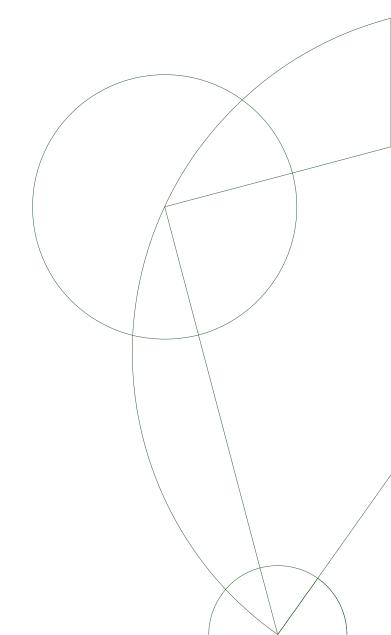


G-assignment in Compilers

Simon Shine, Kristoffer Søholm, Mathias Svensson

A Compiler for Janus



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Introduction

Our additions to the partially complete compiler are divided into four files, Parser.grm, Lexer.lex, Type.sml and Compiler.sml. This report documents our additions in chapters corresponding to this division.

Lexer

The missing lexical tokens were generated either directly by regular expression rules ([,], ==, <, !, && and ||), or as return values from the keyword function that gathers all possible tokens matching the regular expression [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]*. This simplifies separation of keywords from identifiers which otherwise share the same namespace. Keywords thus get precedence over identifiers of similar names, making them "reserved".

Parser

Tokens were added with their corresponding type. Token types have constructors of int*int except for tokens NUM and ID that are of int*(int*int) and of string*(int*int), respectively. These numbers denote position (line, column) for debugging purposes.

Ambiguity is resolved through operator precedence cf. [?, ch. 18.2.2, p. 33]. That is, precedence between syntactic elements of same associativity is handled by the order in which they are listed, highest precedence at the bottom.

Productions described in the Janus grammar are added. In particular, the following:

• Array definitions (for declaring array variables as input, intermediate and output):

• Calling and uncalling statements:

```
Stat : Stat SEMICOLON Stat
                            { Janus.Sequence ($1, $3, $2) }
     | Lval ADD Exp
                            { Janus.AddUpdate ($1, $3, $2) }
     | Lval SUBTRACT Exp
                            { Janus.SubUpdate ($1, $3, $2) }
     | SKIP
                            { Janus.Skip $1 }
     I CALL ID
                            { Janus.Call (#1 $2, $1) }
                            { Janus.Uncall (#1 $2, $1) }
     | UNCALL ID
     | IF Cond THEN Stat ELSE Stat FI Cond
                            { Janus.If ($2, $4, $6, $8, $1) }
     | FROM Cond DO Stat LOOP Stat UNTIL Cond
                            { Janus.Loop ($2, $4, $6, $8, $1) }
```

• Left-side values for assignments (using the += and -= operators):

```
Lval : ID { Janus.IntVar $1 } 
| ID LBRACK Exp RBRACK { Janus.ArrayIndex(#1 $1, $3, #2 $1) }
```

• Conditions:

The parser-syntactic methods used here are primarily: using \$1, \$2, ... to refer to enumerated tokens of a production and #1, #2, ... to refer to the Standard ML macro-functions Also, constructing values recursively by referring to an enumeration that points to a non-terminal (as seen in Defs.)

Type check

Pseudo-code for type check

```
checkExp(Exp, vtable, avoid) = case Exp of
   num => ok
  | id => v := lookup(vtable, name(id))
           if type(v) is not integer
             then error (Array variable used as integer)
             else
           if name(v) = avoid
             then error (LHS variable used on RHS)
             else ok
  | id '[' Exp1 ']' =>
           checkExp(Exp1, vtable, ftable, avoid)
           v := lookup(vtable, name(id))
           if type(v) is not array
             then error (Integer variable used as array)
             else
           if name(v) = avoid
             then error (LHS variable used on RHS)
             else ok
  | Exp1 '+' Exp2
  | Exp1 '-' Exp2 =>
           checkExp(Exp1, vtable, avoid)
           checkExp(Exp2, vtable, avoid)
  | Exp1 '/2' =>
           checkExp(Exp1, vtable, avoid)
checkStat(Stat, vtable, pnames) = case Stat of
   Stat1 ';' Stat2 =>
           checkStat (Stat1, vtable, pnames)
           checkStat (stat2, vtable, pnames)
  | id '+=' Exp2
  | id '-=' Exp2 =>
           v := lookup(vtable, name(id))
           if type(v) is not integer
             then error (Array variable used as integer)
             else checkExp(Exp2, vtable, name(id))
  | id '[' Exp1 ']' '+=' Exp2
  | id '[' Exp1 ']' '-=' Exp2 =>
           checkExp(Exp1, vtable, none)
           v := lookup(vtable, name(id))
           if type(v) is not integer
             then error (Integer variable used as an array)
             else checkExp(Exp2, vtable, name(id))
```

Compiler

It iz so fun!