

# Assignment 2: Optimization

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**Due:** October 3rd, 11:59pm

## Introduction

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This assignment will introduce you to the basics of gradient-based continuous optimization. The optimization we will solve leverages the fact that our parametric shapes are represented implicit surfaces, functions that are  $< 0$  inside the object surface and  $> 0$  outside. We can formulate the problem of deforming our object such that the nearest surface point ends up at a particular point in space as an optimization. In this assignment you will:

1. Formulate the point targetting problem as a continuous optimization.
2. Implement a gradient descent optimization to solve this problem.
3. Implement backtracking line search to automatically choose the gradient descent step length.
4. Implement finite differences to compute the second derivatives, the Hessian, of the objective function.
5. Implement Newton's method using your backtracking linesearch
6. Produce convergence plots for all implemented algorithms.

## Part A: Setup Assignment Code Base

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Once you have completed the setup for A1, setting up A2 is substantially easier.

1. Run 'cd {SRC\_DIRECTORY}/A2'
2. Run 'mkdir ./build'
3. Run 'cd ./build'
4. Run 'cmake .. -DCMAKE\_BUILD\_TYPE=RELEASE' to build the project Makefile.
5. Run 'make -j8'
6. This should build an executable named **./bin/CompFabA2**.

## Part B: Formulate the cost function and gradient [4 marks]

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1. Let  $p$  and  $y$  be points in  $\mathcal{R}^3$  and let  $f(y)$  be the value of the implicit function representing your shape, evaluated at  $y$ . Keeping in mind that  $f=0$  on the surface, write a least squares cost function that is minimized when  $p$  lies on the surface. **Include your derivation in the assignment writeup.** [2 marks]
2. Derive the gradient for your cost function. **Include your derivation in the assignment writeup.** [2 marks]

## Part C: Implement Gradient Descent [7 marks]

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1. Implement basic gradient descent as described in lecture. Function prototypes have been provided in `{SRC_DIRECTORY}/A2/include/Optimization.h` and `{SRC_DIRECTORY}/A2/src/Optimization.inl`. [2 marks]
2. Modify the file `{SRC_DIRECTORY}/A2/scripts/robotArm.cpp` to use your gradient descent method to move the robot arm so it touches the specified target point,  $p$ . You can use the member functions **value** and **jacobian** of the **Shape** class to access  $f(y)$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$  respectively. Here  $z$  are the parameters of a parameterized shape, in this case the angles of the robot arm. [2 marks]
3. Run gradient descent with the step sizes  $1$ ,  $0.5$  and  $0.1$ . Make a single plot showing cost (y-axis) vs number of iterations (x-axis) for all step sizes. [3 mark]. \*\* Include this plot in the assignment writeup\*\*.

## Part D: Backtracking Linesearch [7 marks]

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1. Implement backtracking linesearch as described in lecture [5 marks].
2. Add a version of gradient descent to `Optimization.hpp` that uses linesearch rather than a step-length parameter. [1 mark].
3. Include the convergence of this new method to your plot from part B. [1 mark].

## Part E: Finite Differences and Newton's Method [5 marks]

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1. Implement a centered finite difference approach to compute the Hessian matrix of your cost function. This hessian will be a dense, 2 by 2 matrix. Store it in an `Eigen::MatrixXd` variable. [2 marks]
2. Use your finite difference hessian to implement Newton's method with backtracking linesearch in `Optimization.hpp` and `Optimization.cpp` [2 marks].
3. Include the convergence of this new method to your plot from part B. [1 mark].

## Hand In [1 mark]

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Collect all required images into a PDF report which must include your full name and student number. Submit this PDF and a zip file containing your A2 source code via **email** to **diwlevin@cs.toronto.edu**. The subject of the email must be **CompFabA2\_LASTNAME\_STUDENTNUMBER**.