Results

# Test 01

## Data

### Degree

Samuel\_I\_18,David,1.0

Samuel\_I\_18,Saul,1.0

Samuel\_I\_19,Saul,1.0

Samuel\_I\_19,David,1.0

Samuel\_II\_06,YHWH,1.0

Samuel\_II\_06,David,1.0

### Eigenvector

Samuel\_I\_18,David,0.66648

Samuel\_I\_18,Saul,0.66423

Samuel\_I\_19,David,0.62854

Samuel\_I\_19,Saul,0.61236

Samuel\_II\_06,David,0.62726

Samuel\_II\_06,YHWH,0.62598

## Explanation

David is not clearly the highest ranking person. In 1 Samuel 18-19, he has to share first place with Saul, and in 2 Samuel 6 with YHWH. Looking at the text, this is what one would expect: in 1 Samuel 18-19, everything David does has to do with Saul, he is just as prominent in the text. David is friendly with Saul and makes as covenant with his son, Saul gets angry at David, David marries Sauls daughter, Saul tries to kill David, and David flees from Saul. In 2 Samuel 6, David wants to bring the ark of YHWH to his city, which goes wrong and YHWH gets angry.

## Conclusion

False

# test 02

## data

1 Samuel 18

David – Michal: 2.31

Saul – Michal: 4.52

1 Samuel 19

David – Michal: 2.91

Saul – Michal: 2.74

2 Samuel 6

David – Michal: 3.43

Saul – Michal: 3.13

## Explanation

Michal does not have a much stronger connection to David than to Saul in 1 Samuel 19. She is identified as ‘his wife’, but only once, and has a conversation with Saul in which both persons are mentioned twice, which more than makes up for this.

She is strongly connected to Saul in 1 Samuel 18 though, where she is constantly mentioned as ‘daughter of Saul’, which is logical given the story is about David becoming son in law of Saul.

But she is not strongly connected to Saul in 2 Samuel 6, even though the text repeatedly calls her ‘Sauls daughter’. But those are the only times Saul is mentioned. David is mentioned constantly, also in context with Michal.

**Normalize for better results? How?**

## Conclusion

False